🛡️ Self-Healing Infrastructure with Chaos Engineering

Project Goal:

This project demonstrates an industry-ready, automated Kubernetes platform that ensures application availability and resilience by:

- **Automatically recovering from failures (Self-healing infrastructure)**
- **Actively monitoring critical microservices (Prometheus/Grafana)**
- **Simulating and learning from real failures (LitmusChaos chaos engineering)**
- **Delivering observability and hands-off reliability (Zero-touch, minimal manual intervention)**

Key Components and Technologies

- **Go Microservice: Runs a sample "Voting App" tracked by real-time metrics**
- **PostgreSQL Database: Backend datastore for the application**
- **Prometheus & Grafana: For application/process health monitoring and visualization**
- **LitmusChaos: For orchestrating chaos experiments in Kubernetes to test failure recovery**
- **Kubernetes (via Minikube/Docker): Container orchestration and automation platform**
- **Automated Recovery - CronJob: For auto-restarting apps based on Prometheus alerts**

What the System Can Do

- **Detects application/database failures automatically**
- **Recovers by restarting failed pods without manual effort**
- **Provides dashboard views for real-time health and metrics**
- **Allows safe, controlled “chaos” experiments for reliability analysis**
- **Enables SRE/DevOps best practices for cloud infrastructure**

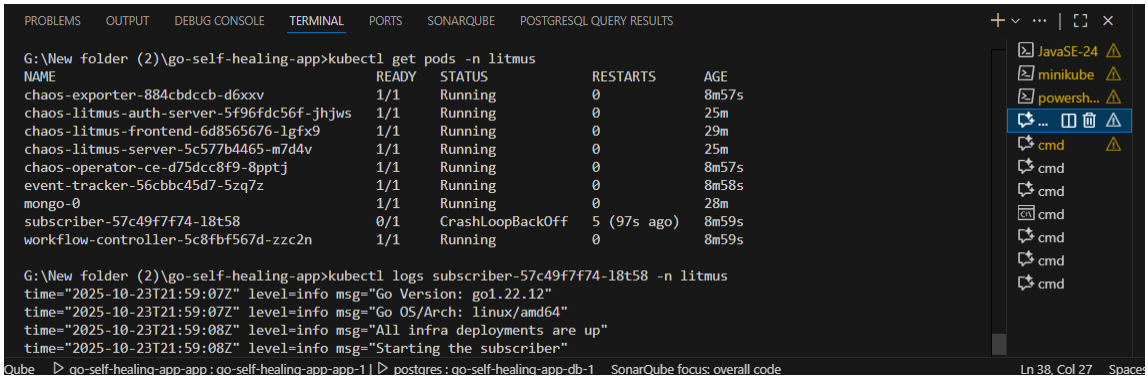
Step-by-Step Technical Flow:

1. Environment Preparation

- **Kubernetes Cluster launched with Minikube (using Docker driver)**
- **Helm 3 and kubectl installed for package and cluster management**

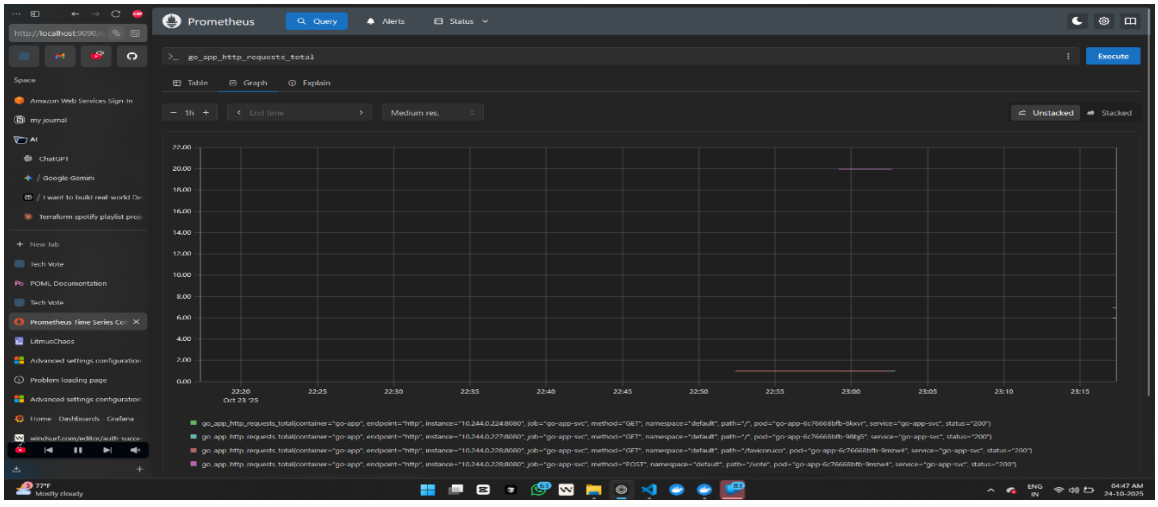
2. App & Database Deployment

- **Go Voting Application built and containerized (image hosted on GHCR)**
- **PostgreSQL deployed via Bitnami Helm Chart; DB secrets handled with K8s secrets**



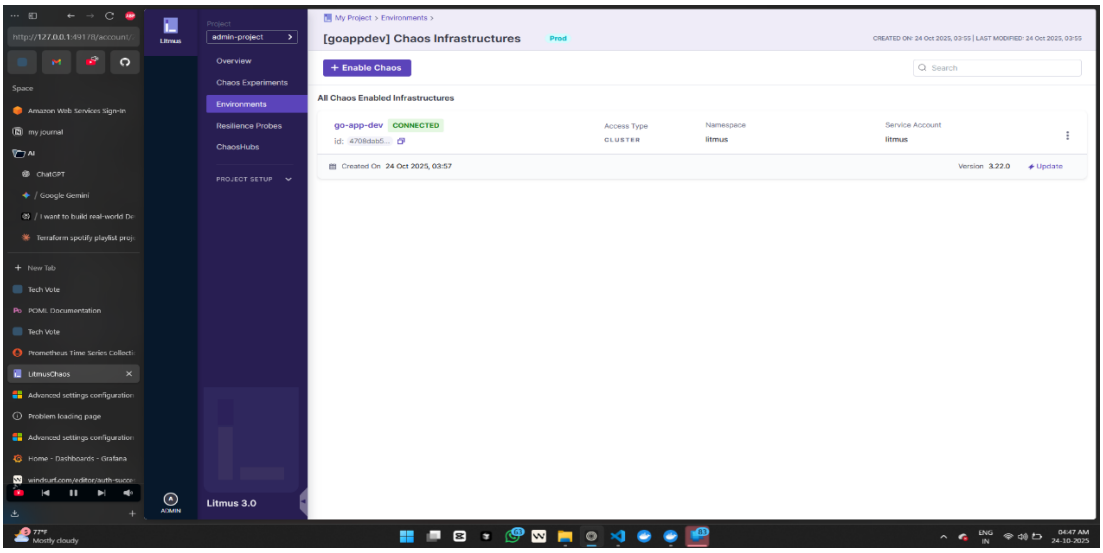
3. Service Exposure & Monitoring

- **Application exposed via Kubernetes Service (see VS Code/Minikube dashboard in screenshot)**
- **Prometheus and Grafana installed to monitor custom app metrics like go_app_http_requests_total**
- **Dashboard created for real-time requests and health status**



4. Chaos Engineering Integration

- **LitmusChaos portal and agent deployed, infrastructure registered with self-agent**



- **Experiments prepared to simulate failures (pod kill, network delay, DB outages, etc.)**

5. Automated Remediation

- **CronJob implemented to auto-restart stuck apps on Prometheus alert triggers (entirely hands-off recovery)**

Key Screenshots

1. Secrets & Authentication Loops

- **Mismatched DB passwords led to app CrashLoopBackOff; fixed by aligning Kubernetes secrets with real DB creds.**
- **Litmus MongoDB pod user mismatch (admin/root) caused initialization/auth issues; solved through deployment/env patch and secret reset.**

2. Pod Failure & Log Analysis

- **Used kubectl logs and describe pod commands to diagnose container config errors, stuck initialization, and permission denials.**

3. Chaos Agent Stuck in Pending

- **Registration issues with Litmus agent (PENDING infra) resolved by proper YAML application and ensuring correct namespace/cluster context.**

4. Monitoring Integration

- **Ensured /metrics endpoint exposed by Go app and correct Prometheus service discovery config.**

5. Automated Remediation Setup

- **Alertmanager and CronJob failures required proper RBAC setup and pod label targeting for reliable remediation actions.**

Professional Outcomes

- **Demonstrated DevOps, SRE, and Cloud-Native production-readiness.**
- **Automated real-time resilience for a microservice stack.**
- **Hands-on expertise with cloud-native tools and industry-standard incident recovery workflows.**

Key Takeaway for Recruiters/HR

This project bridges theory and practice.
It not only runs a microservice reliably, but proves it will stay available with real monitoring, chaos tests, and zero-touch recovery exactly what modern software teams expect!