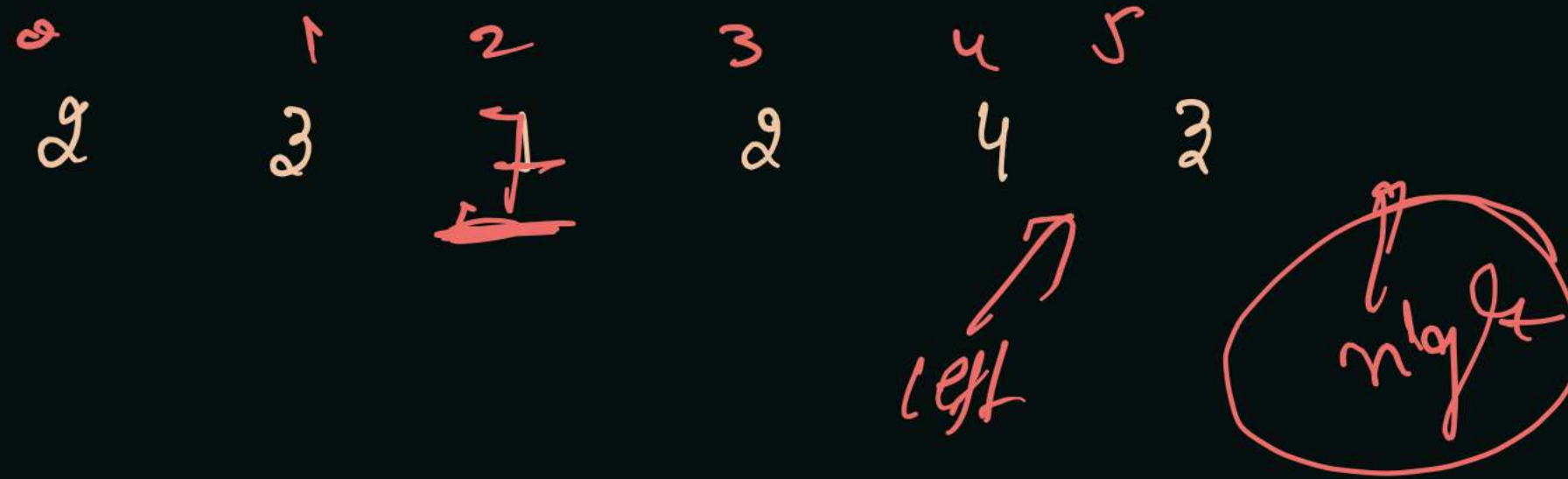


Minimum Size Subarray Sum

Saturday, 18 September 2021 10:31 AM

target = 7, nums = [2, 3, 1, 2, 4, 3]



left pointer

right pointer =

result = ~~0~~ 4 ~~3~~ 2

sum = ~~0~~ ~~2~~ ~~5~~ ~~6~~ ~~7~~ ~~11~~ 15 ~~19~~ ~~22~~ ~~25~~

if skipable -

- get result - with sum
- reduce current sum
- move left pointer

① check if element is greater than target? → if yes return it.

② If not then add it in current sum.

③ Check if left most element is skipable, so that subarray length will reduce.

Maximum Average Subarray I

Saturday, 18 September 2021

10:31 AM



$k=4$

calculate avg
add next
remove prev

make a check for
left window

- ① add new
Elem
 - ② calculate after
 - ③ remove last
Elem
- $i++$
 $j++$

no extra
check is
required

① sum of initial $(k+1)$ size window

while (i < length)

sum += arr[i];

cur. Avg = sum / (i - j + 1);

res = Math.max(res, cur. Avg);

sum -= arr[j];

$i++$
 $j++$

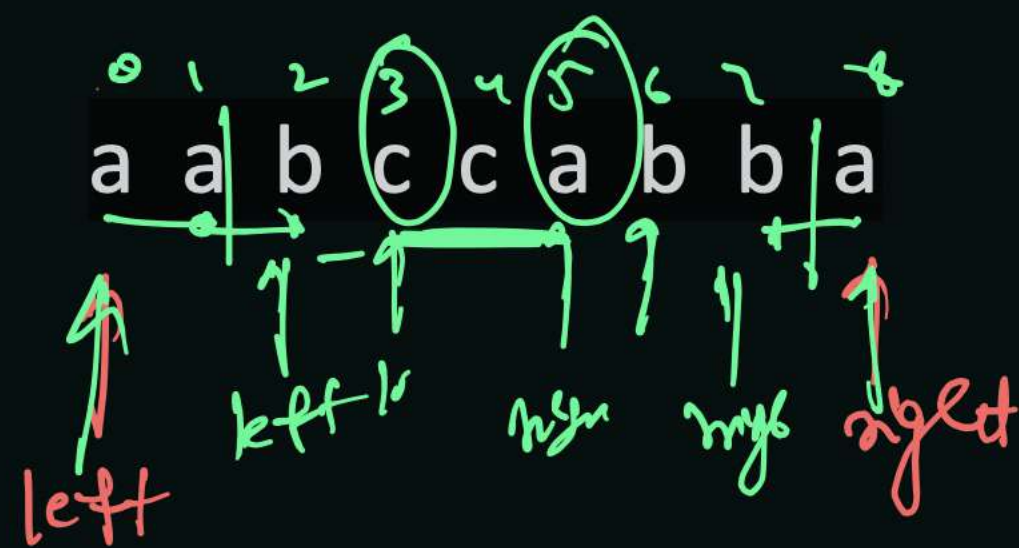
return res

Minimum Length of String After Deleting Similar Ends

Saturday, 18 September 2021

10:31 AM

ch = 'a'



left = 0
right = n-1

while (left < right &
ch = str[left])

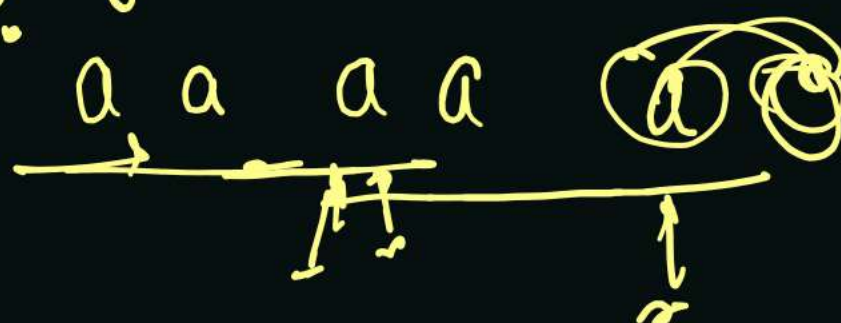
str[left] == str[right])

// move left ahead

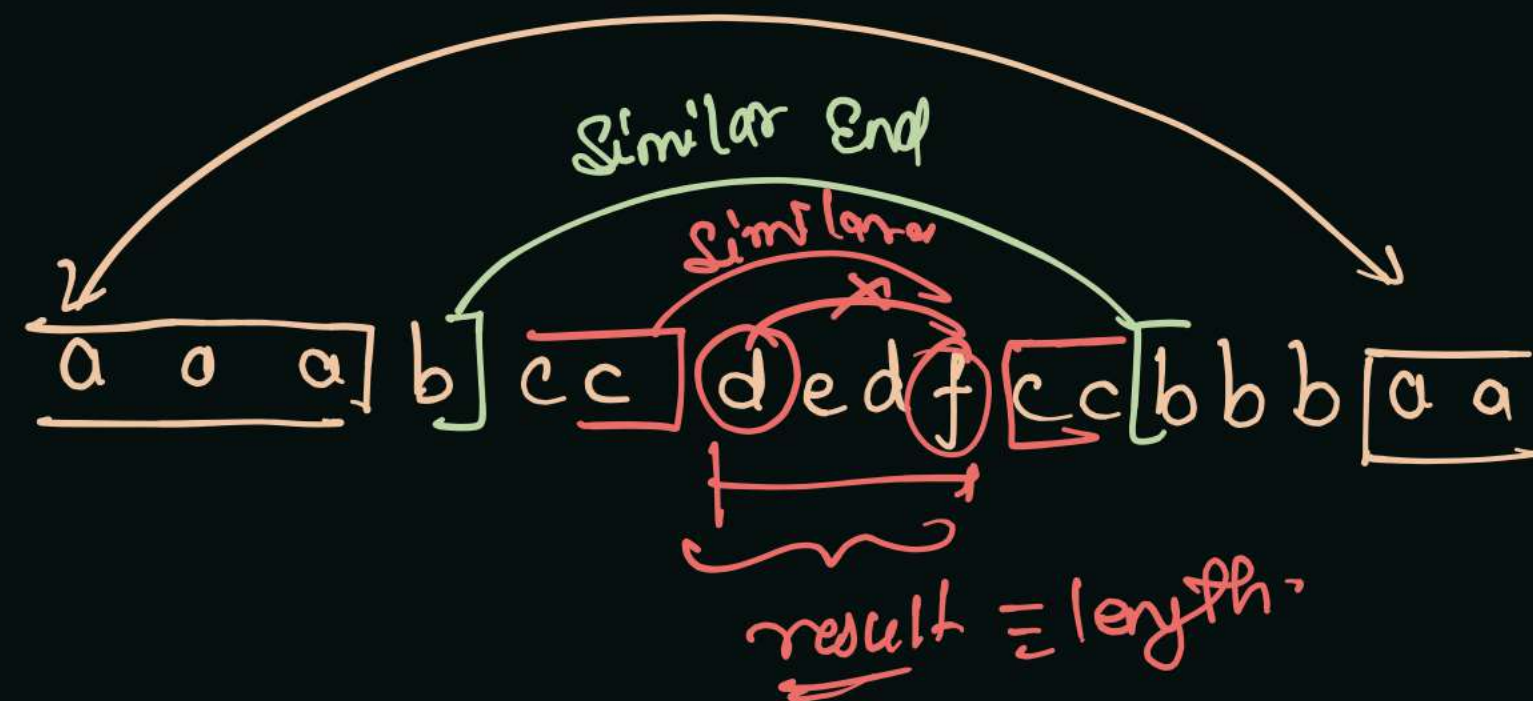
// move right in backwards

(left < right
str.charAt(left) == ch)

while (left == right)



similar ends



ch = 'b'

return right - left + 1

min length = 0

right - left + 1 == 0

Find All Duplicates in an Array

Saturday, 18 September 2021

10:31 AM

elements \rightarrow

$[1 \text{ to } n]$

val = true

single

or

twice

$O(n^2)$ \rightarrow Brute force

$O(n \log n)$ - sorting
Brute force

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4	3	2	7	8	<u>2</u>	3	1
-4	-3	-2	-7			-3	-1

optimized soln

index

3 2 1 6 7 1 2 0

[1, 2] \rightarrow result

indx = Math.abs(nums[i]) - 1;

val = nums[indx]

if (val < 0) {

\swarrow add (indx + 1) in result
res = add(indx + 1);

} else { \swarrow val, i }

}