

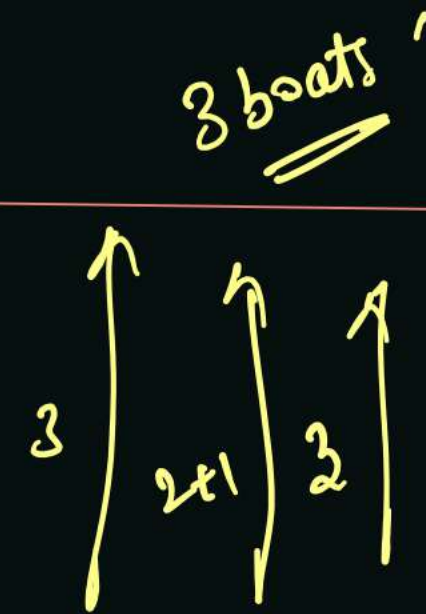
Min Number of boats

Sunday, 12 September 2021 6:51 PM

weight of person will never cross the limit boat++

Cap = 10

sum > 11



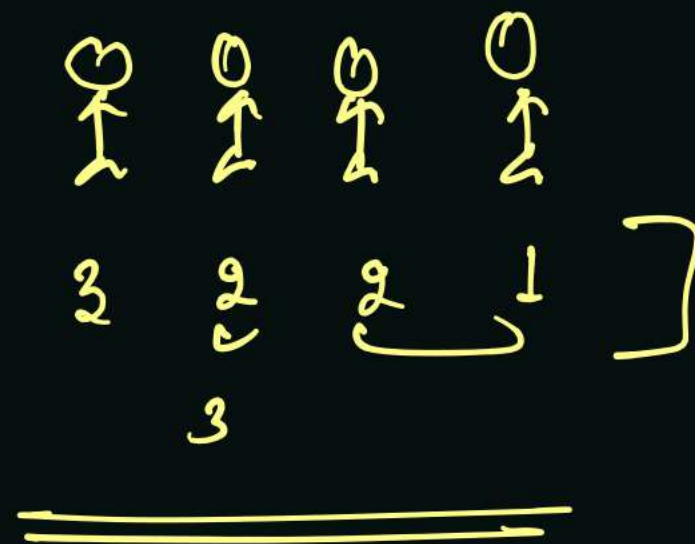
	7	2	3	4	7	6	2	1	4	5	6	10
<u>boat</u>	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	10
	↑	↑								↑	↑	

Boats - infinite

wt. limit

limit = 3

max seat = 2



Min no. of boat = 3

sum = arr[left] + arr[right]

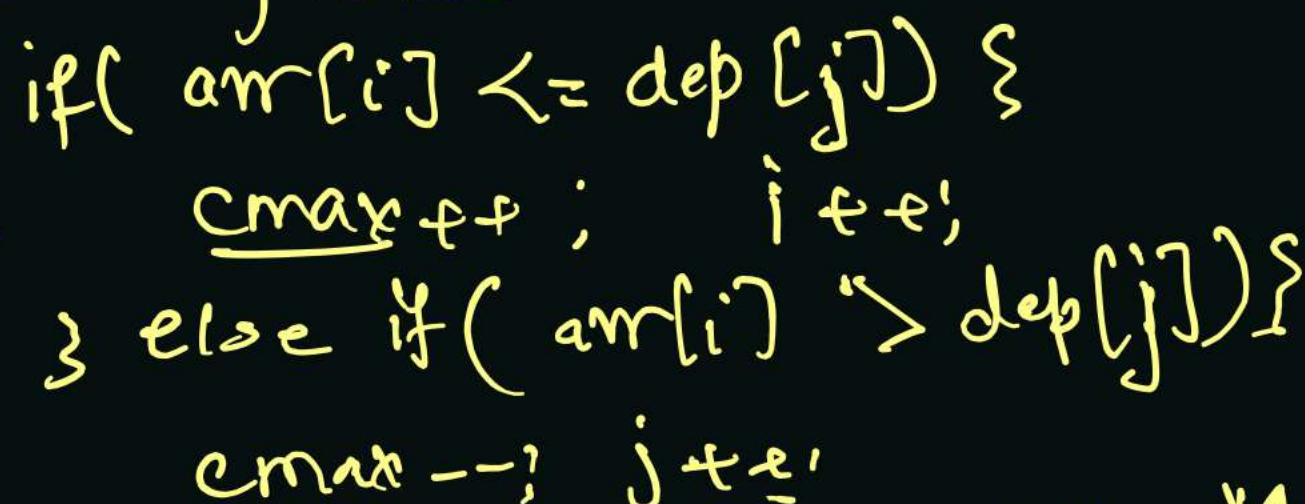
```

if (sum <= cap) {
    boat++; left++; right--;
} else {
    boat++; right--;
}
    
```

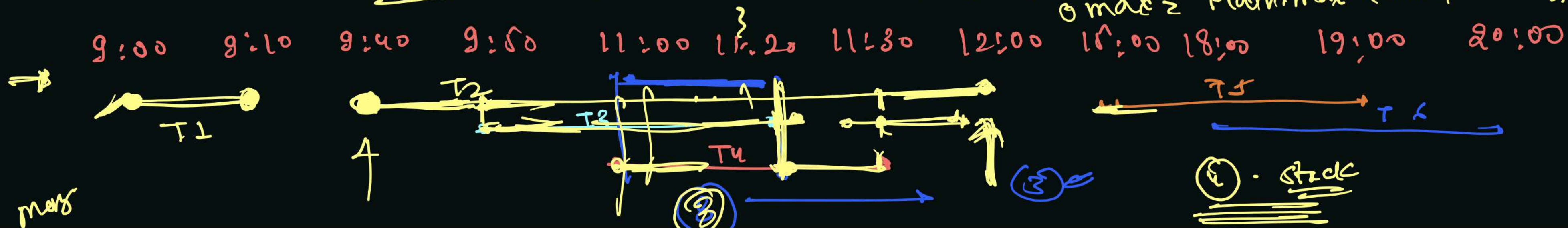

occupy platform

Min Platform Required
for time table management
of trains??

→ Max. no. of trains
at a particular time
is equal to no. of
platforms required.



③ $\max z = \max(\max, \max)$!

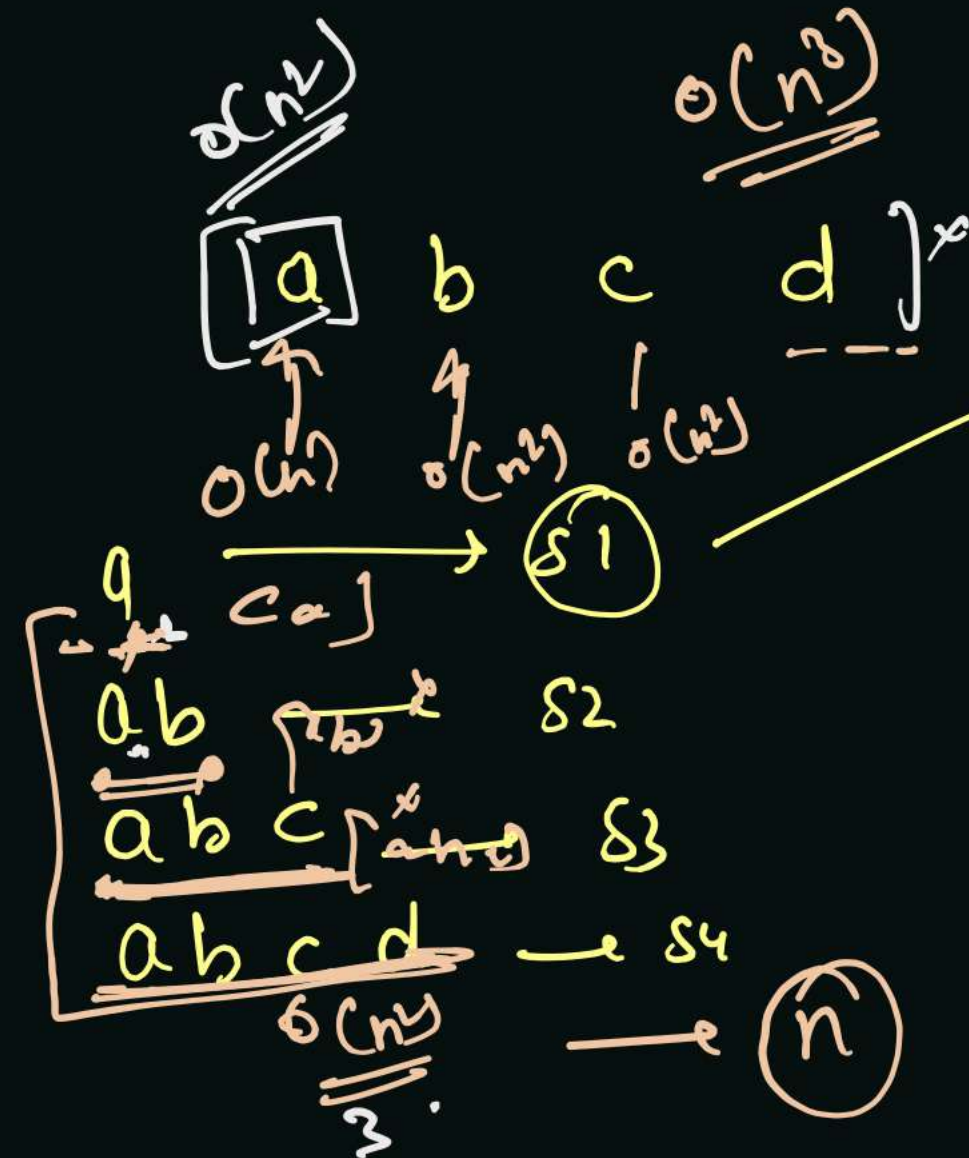


Time - $O(n^3)$

array -

Subarray

Kadane's Algorithm



$b \rightarrow s_2$

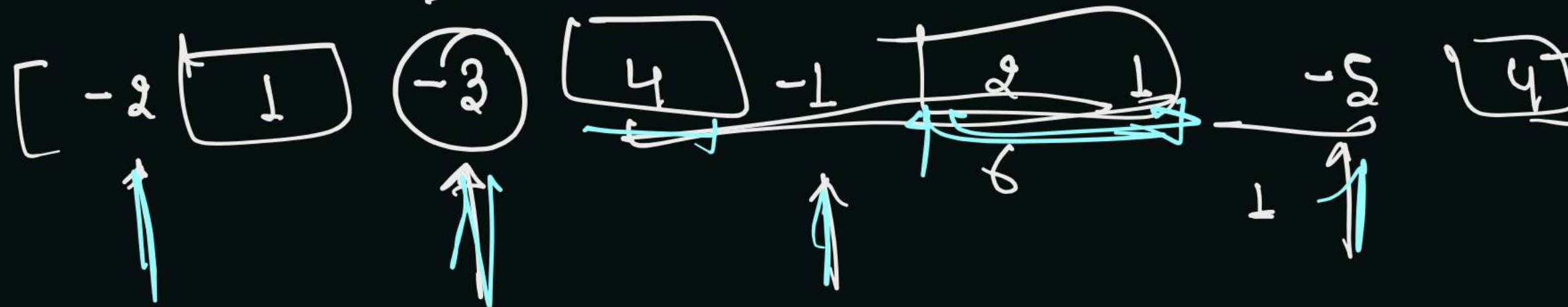
$bc \rightarrow s_6$

$bcd \rightarrow s_7$

$c \rightarrow s_3$

$cd \rightarrow s_9$

$d \rightarrow s_{10}$



max sum subarray

Maximum
Sum Subarray
All elements
are +ve
Take all
elements in
a single subarray



Sum of subarray

→ add in sum of subarray in previous part
→ start from itself.

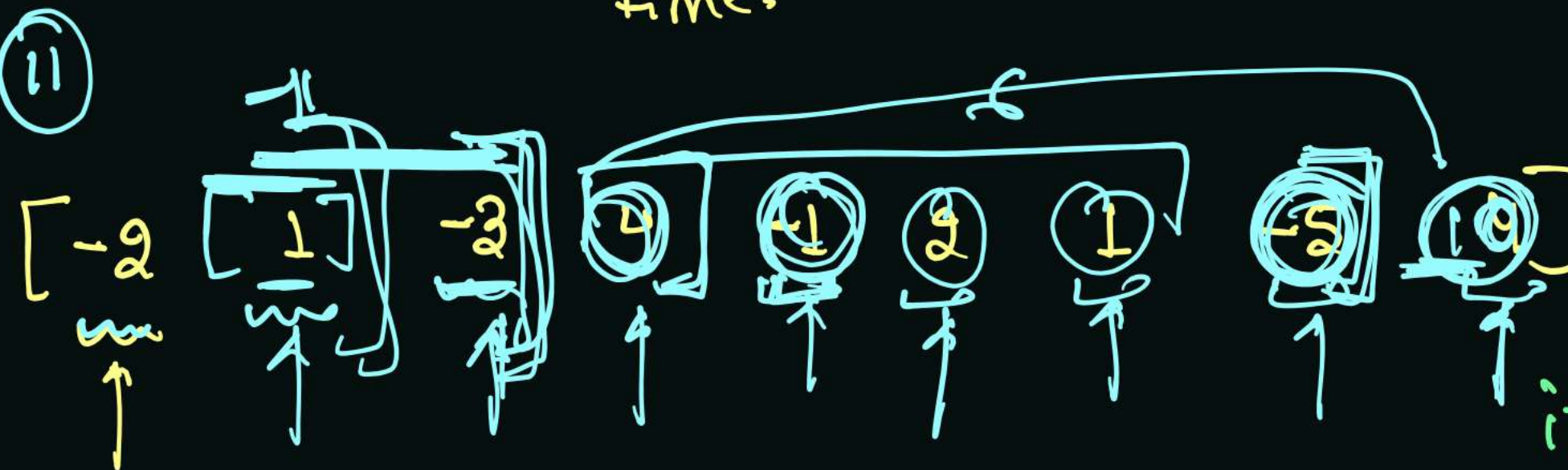
current sum,
deal in running
time.

o sum → max sum in a subarray

$o_{max} = -\infty$
 $csum = 0$

~~-2~~ ~~1~~ ~~4~~ ~~5~~ ~~11~~

~~-2~~ ~~1~~ ~~-2~~ ~~4~~ ~~3~~



for () {

if ($csum < 0$) {
 $csum = arr[i];$

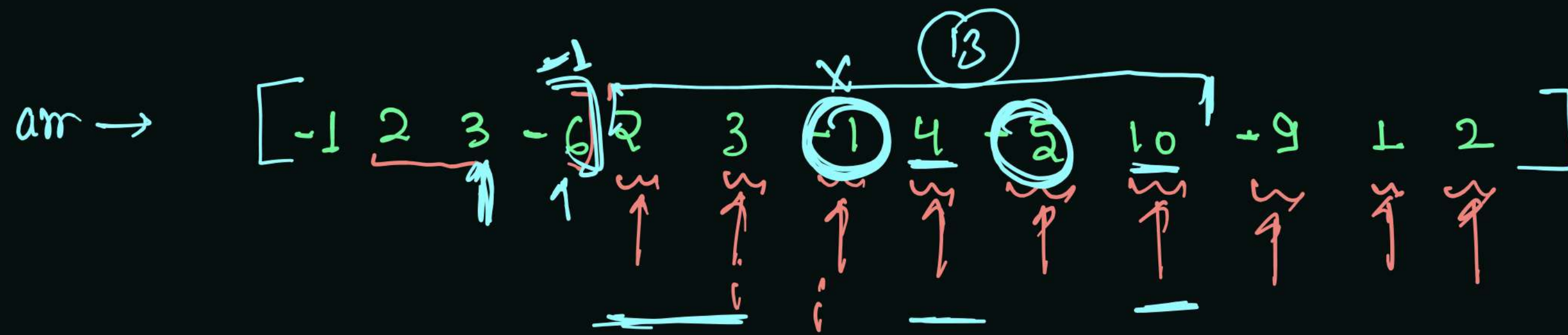
} else {
 $csum += arr[i];$

}
 $o_{max} = \max(o_{max}, csum)$
}

-ve

↓ tve
-ve

start from self



csum = 0 ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ ~~4~~ ~~5~~ ~~6~~ ~~7~~ ~~8~~ ~~9~~ ~~10~~ ~~11~~ ~~12~~

o max = -∞ ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ ~~4~~ ~~5~~ ~~6~~ ~~7~~ ~~8~~ ~~9~~ ~~10~~ ~~11~~ ~~12~~ 13

cstart
cend

ostart

oend

start to end subarray

```
if (csum > osum) {
    osum = csum;
    ostart = cstart;
    oend = cend;
}
```

Start

Increment

```
for (i = 0 to i < len) {
    if (csum < 0) {
        csum = arr[i];
        cstart = i;
    } else {
        csum += arr[i];
        cend = i;
    }
}
```

max
o max = (csum > o max)

arr = $\{1, 2\}$, $k = 3$
 k times

find max. sum subarray with k-concatenated array.

~~virtual~~ $B =$

$\{1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2\}$

→ Max. sum subarray??

k times arr

constraints

- ① A size of array = 10^5
- ② range of $k = \underline{10^5}$.

⇒ we can't make an array with concatenation.

③ Time limit = 1 sec.

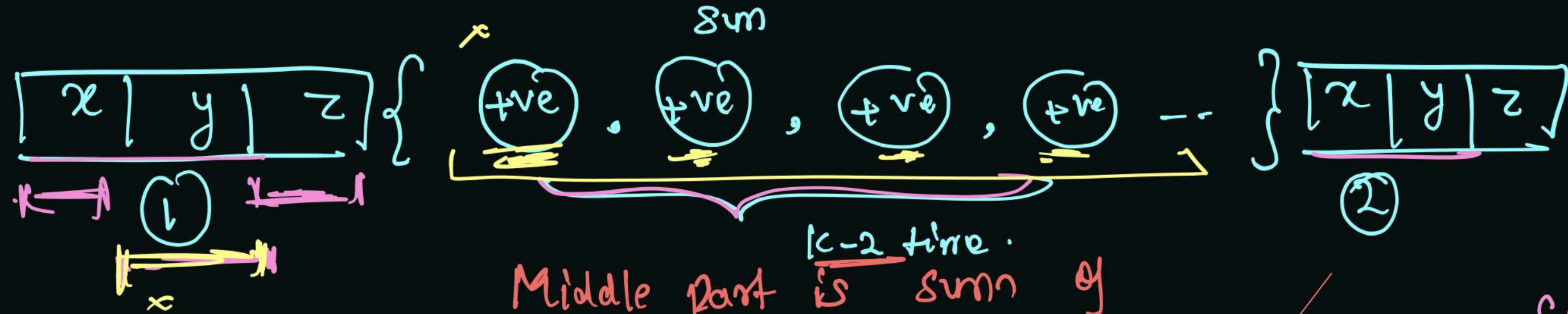
⇒ in 1 sec. we can do 10^9 operation.

→ cyclic loop of k-concatenated array will not work.

Find Total sum of array ?? significance?
Tsum

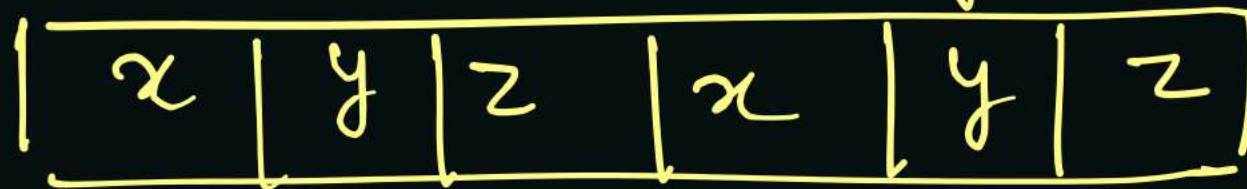
Case-I if (Tsum >= 0)

Tsum = +ve

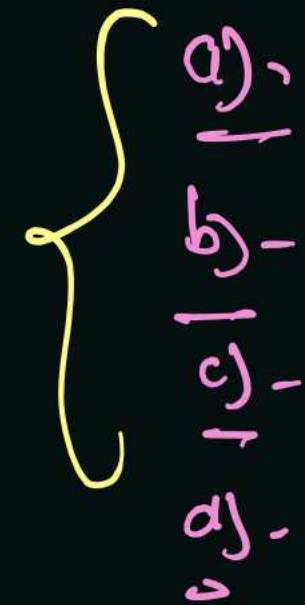


Middle part is $k-2$ times.
+ve, so always
contribute in
sum of subarray

concatenate array



Sub
Case-3



Case-II if (Tsum < 0)

Kadane's

