
VICTOR

Premium HTML5 / Web Template

User Manual



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01

Read This First

Thank you for purchasing our product.

We hope you have enjoyed the template's live preview. This guide can help you to setup your perfect website using our template. Kindly take your time to read this user manual. Even a single line of code can do wonders (in all senses), so **kindly follow each and every instructions properly** as described in this user guide.

Licenses, Purchase Code & Support

Licenses & Validity

We appreciate your purchase and we expect you have understood the different types of license and usage permissions. FYI, a Regular License should be used only for a single application (single website / single client project) on which your end-users are not charged for. For all other cases, you have to buy Extended License from themeforest. For complete & precise information about licenses, please see: <http://themeforest.net/licenses>

Rating & Reviews

If you like our design, kindly rate it on Themeforest. If you don't know how to rate items on Themeforest, please [click here](#) to see a demonstration

Theme Support System

We offer dedicated support for our verified buyers and support is provided exclusively via our theme support system website <http://designnova.net/support.html>

Our support is applicable only for issues and bugs within our products. We do NOT provide free customisation services in the scope of free support. If you request any free customisation via support system, we are sorry, but such tickets may not be answered (This will help us serve all proper support tickets without any additional delay). Support is not applicable for third party jQuery plugins and GPL code components (because they are not created or maintained by us).

Refund:

If you are having any issues within our themes we recommend you to contact our support team via our dedicated support system website: <http://designnova.net/support.html>

In most of the cases, your technical issues can be easily solved via our support system, we have developers ready to assist you on any issues or difficulties related to the usage of our themes. Still If you are looking for a refund or exchange on any of your purchased items from themeforest, please open a refund request via Themeforest website: https://themeforest.net/refund_requests/new Refund will be approved if your reason does not violate Envato's Refund Policy, for complete details please visit: https://themeforest.net/page/customer_refund_policy#not-refundable

Replacement:

Digital goods once purchased and downloaded can NOT be replaced for all cases except when you have made a mistaken purchase (for example: you bought HTML version instead of WordPress theme) where you can request a refund for the mistaken purchase under the case that you have purchased another version of same theme from our product lineup (that means, replacement of a variant of particular theme with another variant of the same theme). In such cases, please open a Refund Request stating mistaken purchase and be sure to include **Purchase Code** for both items when you send a refund request. Once we verify your case, we will approve refund for the mistaken purchase.

Finding your Purchase Code

- ➡ Log into your Envato Market account.
- ➡ Hover the mouse over your username at the top of the screen.
- ➡ Click 'Downloads' from the drop down menu.'
- ➡ Click 'License certificate & purchase code' (available as PDF or text file).

Once again, we thank you for purchasing our product. If you like our design, kindly rate it high on themeforest.

02

Basics of HTML Template

So you've just purchased this HTML template and now you have to customise it before you can put it online, but you're not experienced with code so you're not sure how to go about it. Well, rest easy, because in this tutorial we're going to step you through the entire process.

Beginner's Guide to Edit HTML

We're going to be working off the assumption you've never seen a line of HTML before, let alone edited one, so no matter how new you are to working with code you'll be shown exactly what to do every step of the way.

Let's start at the very beginning.

What is HTML?

Technically speaking the answer to this question is "Hyper Text Markup Language". However, for the purposes of customising a template, you can consider HTML as a series of opening and closing tags like this:

```
<h1> </h1>
```

Tags are indicated with < and > signs, and the closing tag always includes a /. Pairs of tags have content in between them like this:

```
<h1>John Smith, Front End Developer</h1>
```

Sometimes, however, there are also stand alone tags, with no closing partner, like this:

```

```

Different HTML tags make different types of content appear on a web page. The above example of `<h1></h1>` tags would create a large heading reading “John Smith, Front End Developer”, and the example `` tag would make the image file “mypic.jpg” appear on the page.

To edit an HTML template all you need to know is which tags represent the parts of the page you want to change, how to find them in the code, and how to edit them so they show what you want.

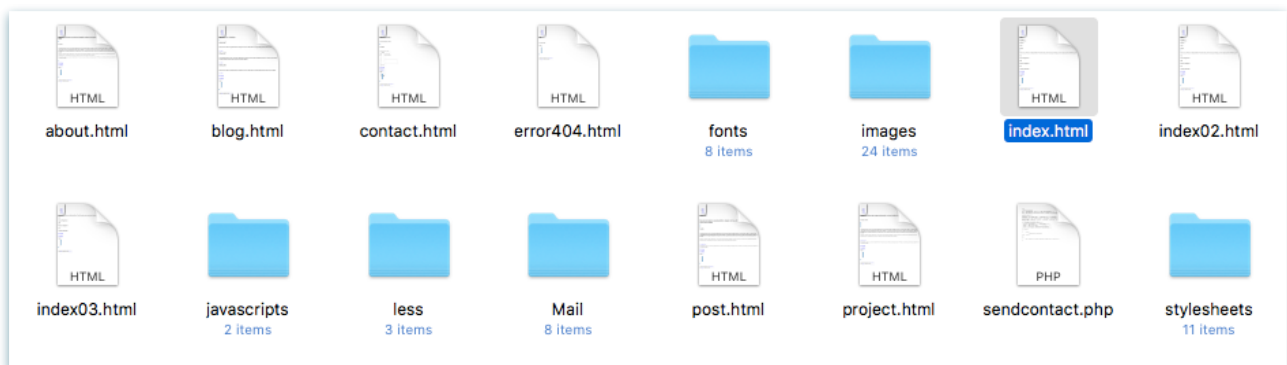
Get Yourself a Code Editor

Yes, it’s completely possible to edit HTML in Notepad or a similar program, but things will go much more smoothly for you if you use a proper code editing app. One of the main reasons is you’ll get coloured highlighting of your code, as you’ll see shortly, which will make it much easier to read and edit.

We recommend Sublime Text, which you can download here: <https://www.sublimetext.com/3>

Download and View Your HTML Template

Download the template you’ve purchased. Our HTML templates will come in a ZIP file - if so, go ahead and extract yours now. Then look around inside the template’s folders until you find the “index.html” or “index.htm” file. For example:



Now, open that file up in Chrome. Even if Chrome isn't your default or preferred browser please use it anyway, because we're going to be working with some tools it has in-built to help you with the editing process.

Identify the Parts You Want to Change

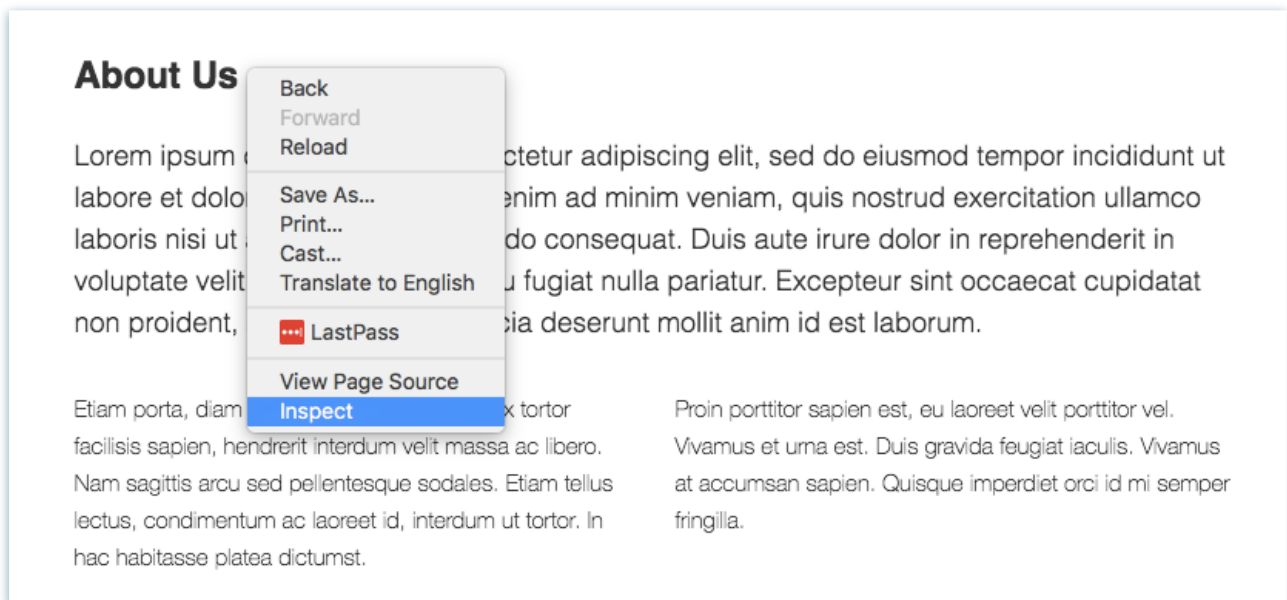
If this is your first time editing a template, try not to get drawn into the idea of tweaking the colours and layout just yet. To do that you have to dig into CSS, the language responsible for page styling. It's a good idea to focus on one thing at a time when you're new to template customisation, and HTML is the best place to start.

To get the ball rolling, take a look at your template in Chrome and figure out which written elements and images on the page you need to change. If you'd like, you can prepare a list so you can go through and check each item off as you make your edits.

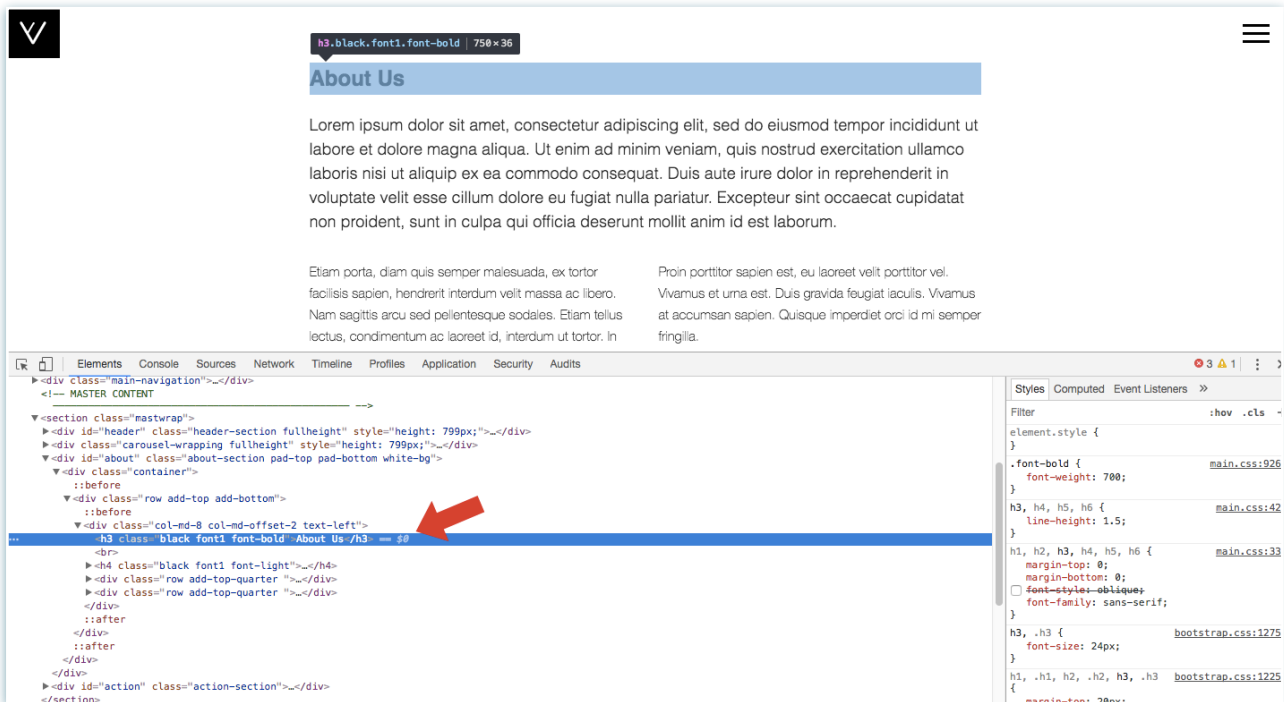
Now we have a list of items to change, we can set about locating those corresponding HTML tags in the code.

Find the Tag in the Inspector

Right-click on any heading and select Inspect, for example:



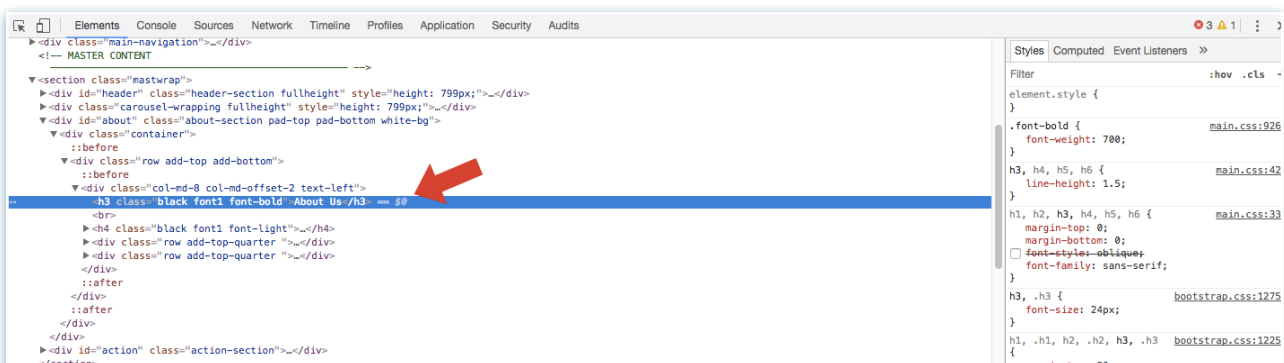
A panel like this should open in your browser, for example:



This panel gives you an interactive way of looking at the code. Hover your mouse over the line that shows `<h3>...</h3>` (heading level 3 tags) and you should see the name section of the template highlighted as you see in the screenshot above.

By hovering your mouse over different lines of code and seeing which areas of the page light up, this panel helps you to figure out which code corresponds with what element. You just keep hovering over different lines of code until the part you're looking for lights up.

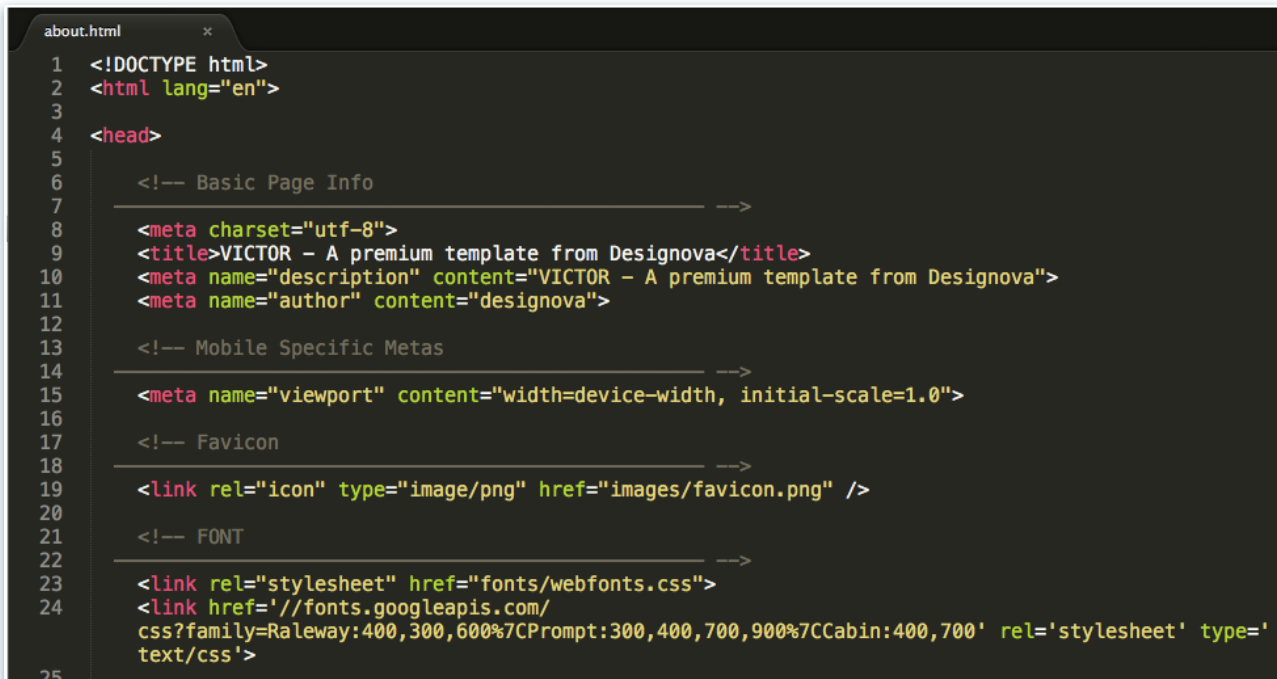
Now expand the `h3` tags by clicking the little triangle to their left and you should see the content in between them, for example: `<h3 class="black font1 font-bold">About Us</h3>`



This wording matches up with what you see on screen, so you know you have found the right part of the code.

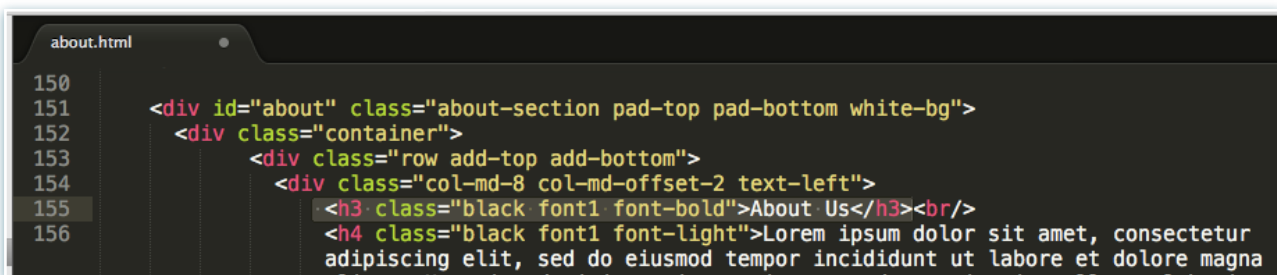
Edit the Tag in HTML Editor

It's now time to open up your HTML file for editing. Open the "index.html" file in Sublime Text and you should see something like this:



```
about.html
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3
4 <head>
5
6   <!-- Basic Page Info
7
8   <meta charset="utf-8">
9   <title>VICTOR - A premium template from Designova</title>
10  <meta name="description" content="VICTOR - A premium template from Designova">
11  <meta name="author" content="designnova">
12
13  <!-- Mobile Specific Metas
14
15  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
16
17  <!-- Favicon
18
19  <link rel="icon" type="image/png" href="images/favicon.png" />
20
21  <!-- FONT
22
23  <link rel="stylesheet" href="fonts/webfonts.css">
24  <link href="//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Raleway:400,300,600%7CPrompt:300,400,700,900%7CCabin:400,700" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
25
```

You want to find the code in here that matches what you saw in the Chrome inspector. Scroll through until you find it.



```
about.html
150
151 <div id="about" class="about-section pad-top pad-bottom white-bg">
152   <div class="container">
153     <div class="row add-top add-bottom">
154       <div class="col-md-8 col-md-offset-2 text-left">
155         <h3 class="black font1 font-bold">About Us</h3><br/>
156         <h4 class="black font1 font-light">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur
          adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna
```

Now you can edit the content in between the tags to change the name and profession to your own. Save your file then refresh (reload) the template in Chrome. You should see your changes appear exactly as you edited.

Repeat to Edit Other Content

Now you have the basic process down:

1. *Inspect the content you want to change*
2. *Identify the corresponding tags*

3. *Locate those tags in your HTML file*
4. *Edit the code to suit*

You can repeat the process to edit the rest of the content you want to customise. Just inspect the template and identify the code for the part you want to change, then find that code in your HTML file and edit it. When you're editing, if you see an HTML tag you don't understand, don't let that hold you back. There's endless amounts of information online to help you learn what each and every one does.

For some extra help along the way, check out these great learning guides:

- Your First HTML Document in 60 Seconds: <https://webdesign.tutsplus.com/tutorials/your-first-html-document-in-60-seconds--cms-25232>
- 30 Days to Learn HTML & CSS: <https://webdesign.tutsplus.com/courses/30-days-to-learn-html-css>
- The Best Way to Learn HTML: <https://webdesign.tutsplus.com/tutorials/the-best-way-to-learn-html--webdesign-10144>
- Introduction to HTML: <https://code.tutsplus.com/courses/introduction-to-html>

Publishing of Web Pages

In order to make your website functional with this template you have to edit the web pages, add your own content and media, upload all these files to a web server

Step 1: Editing template web pages

The template consists of HTML5 files that can form a collection of web pages linked in between which is called as a Site. The site is initially loaded from a main web page (index.html) and linked to other pages or sections.

As mentioned in previous chapter, in order to edit a web page you have to use any standard code editor where you should be familiar of editing general HTML5 markup.

Once you opened the editor, you can view and edit HTML5 files, for example the root HTML5 file:

```
[ROOT]/index.html
```

You can now add / remove contents by modifying the markup inside this HTML5 document (this is completely explained from next chapter onwards).

Step 2: Editing template style (look and feel)

The template consists of CSS files along with the associated resources such images linked within. You can use the same code editor for editing the CSS rules. Don't worry, if you are not planning to change the look and feel of this template you don't have to edit any CSS. But in other case, you must be familiar of advanced CSS rules in order to modify this template's look and feel. Similarly, you have to know JS in order to control the interactions defined in this template (JS knowledge is not needed for basic users to edit the site content).

Step 3: Finalising the website editing

Once everything is edited and content is added you may combine multiple CSS files as well as multiple JS files to separate files. This will increase overall loading response of the website.

Step 4: Publishing the website online.

The final step is to upload all files to web server (we mean all files as explained in previous chapter). The server is actually a web-hosting provider, which can store your files, and anyone can access the site across the globe.

If you don't have a web server space, it is time to get one. That means you need a working web hosting account to be purchased from any of the hosting providers. If you don't have it yet, we recommend purchasing hosting from MediaTemple <http://goo.gl/Gl9rm1> as it is the best option from our experience - we use it for powering our templates live preview (perfectly as you see).

An ideal configuration of web server needed for this website will be:

1. Should be able to run PHP. (Most web hosting has it ready)
2. Should permit PHP email sending functions.
3. Should support AJAX. (All web hosting has it if they are able to run PHP)

03

Grid, Layout & Sections

This web template is completely built with Bootstrap 3 responsive (Mobile First) framework, which is the best front-end development framework available at present.

Essentials of Bootstrap 3

It is very easy to edit the layout as well as for making any advanced customisation. Kindly note, you have to familiarise Bootstrap's native arrangements (it is easy) and short codes before you proceed to advanced editing of markup. The default Bootstrap files are kept inside:

```
[ROOT]/bootstrap/
```

This directory contains CSS, JS, FONTS , etc.

Bootstrap's grid system



Bootstrap includes a responsive, mobile first fluid grid system that appropriately scales up to 12 columns as the device or viewport size increases. It includes Grid Options with predefined classes for easy layout options.

Grid options

See how aspects of the Bootstrap grid system work across multiple devices with a handy table.

	Extra small devices Phones (<768px)	Small devices Tablets (≥768px)	Medium devices Desktops (≥992px)	Large devices Desktops (≥1200px)
Grid behavior	Horizontal at all times	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints		
Max container width	None (auto)	750px	970px	1170px
Class prefix	<code>.col-xs-</code>	<code>.col-sm-</code>	<code>.col-md-</code>	<code>.col-lg-</code>
# of columns	12			
Max column width	Auto	60px	78px	95px
Gutter width	30px (15px on each side of a column)			
Nestable	Yes			
Offsets	N/A	Yes		
Column ordering	N/A	Yes		

Setting up the Bootstrap 3 grid via HTML

Using a single set of `.col-md-*` grid classes, you can create a basic grid system that starts out stacked on mobile devices and tablet devices (the extra small to small range) before becoming horizontal on desktop (medium) devices.

.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1	.col-md-1
.col-md-8									.col-md-4			
.col-md-4					.col-md-4					.col-md-4		
.col-md-6							.col-md-6					

```
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
  <div class="col-md-1">.col-md-1</div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-8">.col-md-8</div>
  <div class="col-md-4">.col-md-4</div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-4">.col-md-4</div>
  <div class="col-md-4">.col-md-4</div>
  <div class="col-md-4">.col-md-4</div>
</div>
```

Bootstrap 3 for Offsetting columns

Offsetting columns

Move columns to the right using `.col-md-offset-*` classes. These classes increase the left margin of a column by `*` columns. For example, `.col-md-offset-4` moves `.col-md-4` over four columns.

`.col-md-4`

`.col-md-4 .col-md-offset-4`

`.col-md-3 .col-md-offset-3`

`.col-md-3 .col-md-offset-3`

`.col-md-6 .col-md-offset-3`

```
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-4">.col-md-4</div>
  <div class="col-md-4 col-md-offset-4">.col-md-4 .col-md-offset-4</div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-3 col-md-offset-3">.col-md-3 .col-md-offset-3</div>
  <div class="col-md-3 col-md-offset-3">.col-md-3 .col-md-offset-3</div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-6 col-md-offset-3">.col-md-6 .col-md-offset-3</div>
</div>
```

More Info About Bootstrap:

We are having page limitation to explain everything about Bootstrap here. So for more information we refer to original documentation for Bootstrap, found here:

<http://getbootstrap.com/>

Upgrading Bootstrap on Future:

As Web is always changing day by day, we would like to keep our themes expandable and adaptable to innovations. We have kept all assets and files related to Bootstrap framework on a separate folder called ASSETS found on the following location:

[ROOT FOLDER]/BOOTSTRAP

Please replace the following files contained in this 'ASSETS' folder with your new files coming from Bootstrap's newly downloaded ZIP pack or the pack generated by customisation options at Bootstrap website:

<http://getbootstrap.com/customize/>

04

Managing Colors & Fonts

We use LESS technology to implement and modify the colours used in this template, LESS gives possibility to add Unlimited Colours to this template along with in-depth colour scheme setup option.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

In order to ensure stability on production purpose LESS is disabled in this template by default. But in order to work with LESS, it requires you to enable it and then upload your edited site to a web server (or) you have to upload the site to a local host (for example, MAMP or WAMP) setup in your system order to work properly. Instead if you check it by just opening static HTML files in local browser you may not be able to see colours and background colours. This is not a bug of template.

This template features LESS for changing colour schemes with a single line of css. For example, please see the following file:

```
[ROOT]/LESS/COLOR.LESS
```

In this file you can see the following 4 Colour controllers along with 3 Grey-scale controllers:

In this file you can see the following 4 Colour controllers along with 3 Greyscale controllers (shown here). These values will hold colour schemes for entire layout. If you

```
color.less
1 @color:#005dff;
2 @white:#FFFFFF;
3 @silver:#F1F1EF;
4 @grey:#CCCCCC;
5 @dark:#292929;
6 @black:#121212;
7
```

like to create a new colour scheme simply change to your preferred colour value or font name (we mean HEX values for colours and font family names in standard CSS rules) to any Controller variable. After editing it you have to save the file. Please make sure that you have active LESS files and JS engine by loading it via markup for initialisation on HEAD tag of HTML5 page, example as shown below:

For more info about LESS technology, please see original documentation: <http://lesscss.org/>

Setting Up Colours & Fonts:

Step by step instructions on setting colours with LESS stylesheets:

Step 1: Enabling LESS:

LESS is disabled in this template by default. But in order to work with LESS, it requires you to enable it. Please do the following:

Activate the following code segment by removing the symbols `<!--` and `-->` found within the beginning and end regions of highlighted code below:

```
about02.html
40
41 <!-- LESS
42 ----- -->
43 <!-- <link rel="stylesheet/less" type="text/css" href="less/color.less">
44 <link rel="stylesheet/less" type="text/css" href="less/fonts.less">
45 <script src="less/less.min.js"></script> -->
46
```

Now you will get the following code:

```
about02.html
40
41 <!-- LESS
42 ----- -->
43 <link rel="stylesheet/less" type="text/css" href="less/color.less">
44 <link rel="stylesheet/less" type="text/css" href="less/fonts.less">
45 <script src="less/less.min.js"></script>
46
```

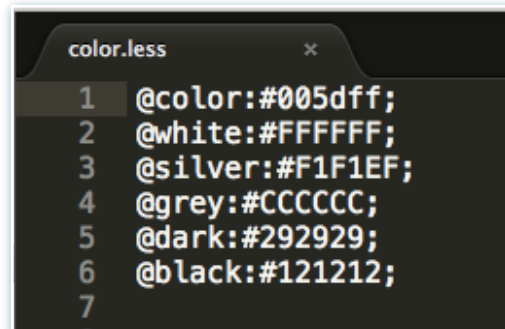

Now you should clear / remove any existing CSS rules (shown below highlighted code) that is generated by LESS (we used these CSS for preview purpose, you can remove them once LESS is activated), found in MAIN.CSS, for example:

Step 2: Setting colours with LESS stylesheets:

Open the following file:

[ROOT]/LESS/COLOR.LESS

And set your colour value inside Colour Controller variable, for example:

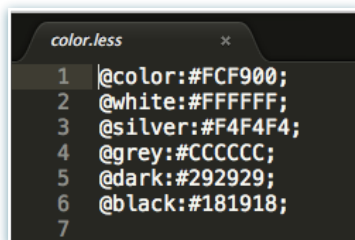


```
color.less
1 @color:#005dff;
2 @white:#FFFFFF;
3 @silver:#F1F1EF;
4 @grey:#CCCCCC;
5 @dark:#292929;
6 @black:#121212;
7
```

Step 3: Setting font styles with LESS stylesheets:

Open the following file:

[ROOT]/LESS/FONTS.LESS



```
color.less
1 @color:#FCF900;
2 @white:#FFFFFF;
3 @silver:#F4F4F4;
4 @grey:#CCCCCC;
5 @dark:#292929;
6 @black:#181918;
7
```

And set your font preference inside Fonts Controller variable, for example:

Step 4: Compiling LESS to CSS:

Most modern browsers and servers can handle LESS rendering perfectly. But there may be some exceptions. So we recommend you to use LESS on development environment only. This means, you can use LESS to edit colours or fonts in this website and once all editing is finished you have to compile LESS rules to CSS rules and add it to website stylesheet. The procedure is explained as below:

Step 4.1:

Once your LESS file is all set with your preferred modifications or additions, you should save the file on your system. Now Go to any online LESS compiler tools such as <http://winless.org/online-less-compiler>

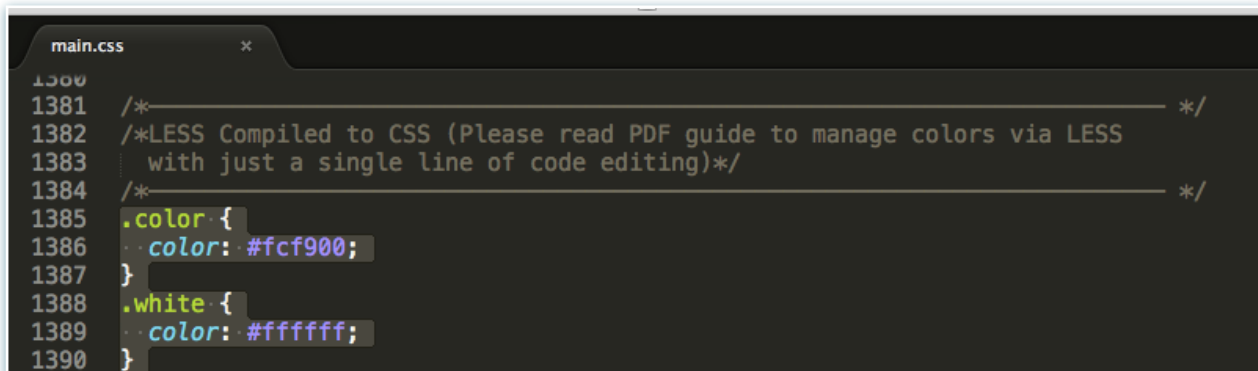
Step 4.2:

You can copy all rules from your LESS files (such as COLOR.LESS and FONT.LESS) and paste these LESS rules in the compiler window. Then generate the CSS equivalent rules using the compiler.

Step 5: Copying Generated CSS

Copy the generated CSS rules and paste it inside the following CSS file: [ROOT]/STYLESHEETS/MAIN.CSS

Please note: you MUST paste them at the end of file, that is after all rules present inside this file, for example the default code should look like below:



```
1380
1381 /*----- */
1382 /*LESS Compiled to CSS (Please read PDF guide to manage colors via LESS
1383    with just a single line of code editing)*/
1384 /*----- */
1385 .color{
1386     color: #fcf900;
1387 }
1388 .white{
1389     color: #ffffff;
1390 }
```

You can replace the highlighted code segment with newly generated CSS obtained from LESS compiler.

Setting Google Web Fonts:

This template is powered by **Google Web Fonts** library to execute fonts rendering. So, in order to setup font families you have to choose it from Google Web Fonts. You can learn more about this from online tutorial:

https://developers.google.com/fonts/docs/getting_started

05

Replacing Images

Our templates comes with extensive application of images for various scenarios of usage. You can locate most of the images under the following directory:

```
[ROOT]/IMAGES
```

There may be some additional images mostly used as graphical components associated with certain plugins and stylesheets which will be located under different locations (rather than IMAGES directory) defined in such JS / CSS files.

IMPORTANT:

PREVIEW IMAGES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE PACK:

Once you download the template from Themeforest, you may notice that Live preview images (as you see in our demo) is not included in the pack. This is because live preview images are properties of their owners and photographers, we are unable to redistribute them. We have provided dummy placeholder images instead of such stock images, we have actually included real image files designed as dummy / heavily blurred images with same dimensions. You can easily replace those dummy images with your own images.

Simply replace these dummy images with your own image having similar dimensions and file format. Also keep them in the same directory structure if specified in the markup or CSS rules for such images.

Background Images

Images are usually supplied via HTML markup itself, for example tag. So please locate such images in source markup of HTML files. BG Images are usually supplied via CSS file, in this template we have arranged the BG images in the following CSS file:

```
[ROOT]/STYLESHEETS/MAIN-BG.CSS
```

But in some cases the images will be supplied by JS files, for example in Fullscreen BG Slideshows. So please read the documentation information related to each module to locate the actual images supplied via their code.

Retina Ready (High Resolution) Images:

The template is High Resolution Ready means it features a script known as Retina.JS which makes it easy to serve high-resolution images to devices with retina displays. When your users load a page, retina.js checks each image on the page to see if there is a high-resolution version of that image on your server. If a high-resolution variant exists, the script will swap in that image in-place. The script assumes you use Apple's prescribed high-resolution modifier (@2x) to denote high-resolution image variants on your server. For example, if you have an image on your page that looks like this:

```

```

The script will check your server to see if an alternative image exists at this path:

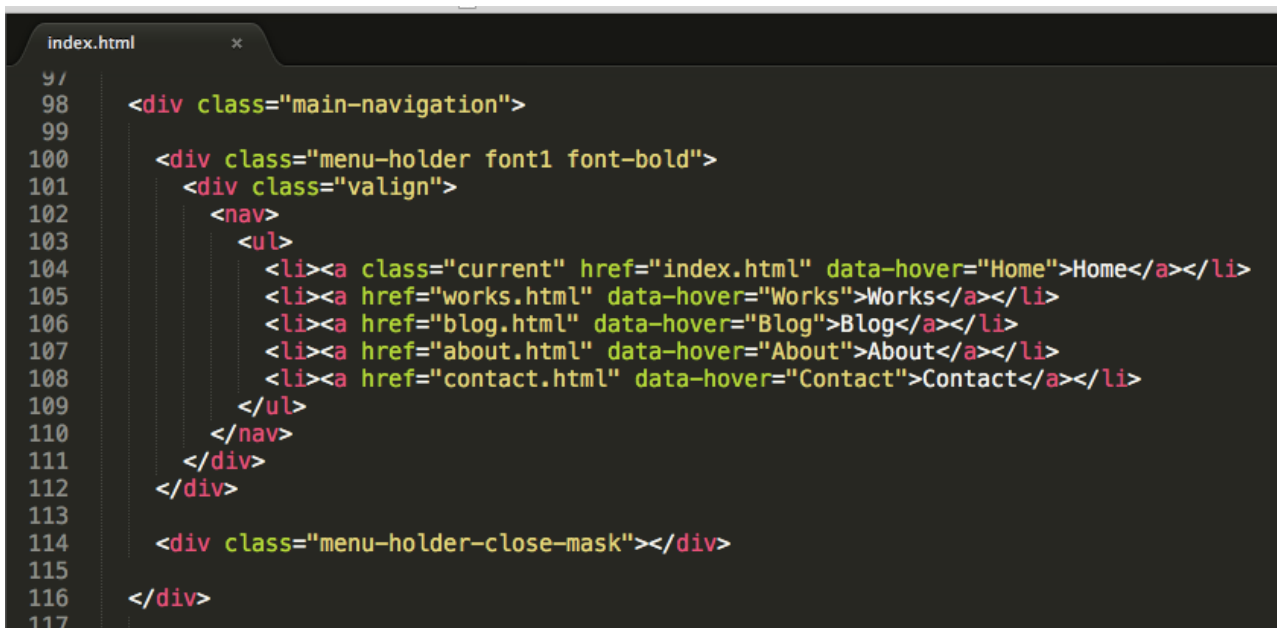
```
"/images/my_image@2x.png"
```

You have to supply high definition (@2x variation) images which should have Double Width and Double Height of your original image dimensions. Once such @2x images are located, the plugin will render it. If the markup has “**data-no-retina**” attribute associated with any IMG tag found in this template, you should remove this “data-no-retina” to enable Retina rendering for that element.

06

Setting Up Navigation

The responsive navigation menu used in this template is a custom developed one and the code is displayed as below:

A screenshot of a code editor window titled 'index.html'. The code is HTML for a navigation menu. It starts with a <div class="main-navigation"> tag. Inside, there's a <div class="menu-holder font1 font-bold"> tag, followed by a <div class="valign"> tag. Inside the valign div is a <nav> tag containing a list. The list has five items: 'Home' (with class="current" and href="index.html"), 'Works' (href="works.html"), 'Blog' (href="blog.html"), 'About' (href="about.html"), and 'Contact' (href="contact.html"). Each item is wrapped in <a> and tags with a data-hover attribute. The list is closed with , the nav with </nav>, the valign div with </div>, the menu-holder div with </div>, and finally the main-navigation div with </div>. There is also a <div class="menu-holder-close-mask"></div> tag at the end of the menu-holder div.

```
97
98 <div class="main-navigation">
99
100   <div class="menu-holder font1 font-bold">
101     <div class="valign">
102       <nav>
103         <ul>
104           <li><a class="current" href="index.html" data-hover="Home">Home</a></li>
105           <li><a href="works.html" data-hover="Works">Works</a></li>
106           <li><a href="blog.html" data-hover="Blog">Blog</a></li>
107           <li><a href="about.html" data-hover="About">About</a></li>
108           <li><a href="contact.html" data-hover="Contact">Contact</a></li>
109         </ul>
110       </nav>
111     </div>
112   </div>
113
114   <div class="menu-holder-close-mask"></div>
115
116 </div>
117
```

You can set navigation links within <a> tags found inside each list item as shown above. The menu will be automatically optimised on mobile devices to make it responsive by default.

07

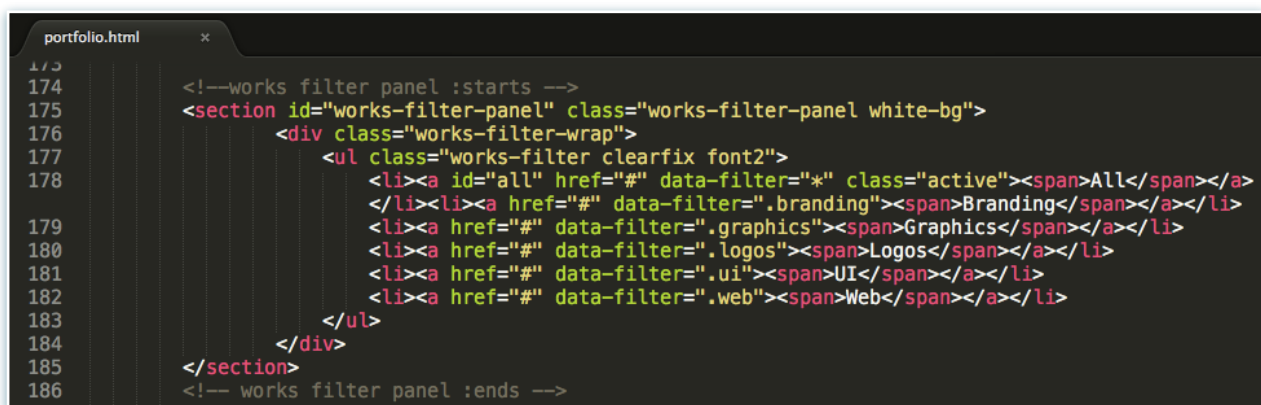
Page Sections & Plugins Setup

This template features some interactive components powered by jQuery and CSS3. If you have fair understanding of these technologies (advanced users) you can modify the modules to any levels as you like.

Works / Portfolio Module

Isotope Masonry Layout, Filterable Portfolio & Integrated Lightbox

You can display all of your works via this filter portfolio modules that can contain any number of thumbnails. The filters are shown below:



```
173
174
175 <!--works filter panel :starts -->
176 <section id="works-filter-panel" class="works-filter-panel white-bg">
177   <div class="works-filter-wrap">
178     <ul class="works-filter clearfix font2">
179       <li><a id="all" href="#" data-filter="*" class="active"><span>All</span></a>
180       </li><li><a href="#" data-filter=".branding"><span>Branding</span></a></li>
181       <li><a href="#" data-filter=".graphics"><span>Graphics</span></a></li>
182       <li><a href="#" data-filter=".logos"><span>Logos</span></a></li>
183       <li><a href="#" data-filter=".ui"><span>UI</span></a></li>
184       <li><a href="#" data-filter=".web"><span>Web</span></a></li>
185     </ul>
186   </div>
187 </section>
188 <!-- works filter panel :ends -->
```

The DATA-FILTER attribute contains Filter Category Name. You have to specify these category names as class in related Portfolio Thumbnail Blocks such as shown in the highlighted area:

```

198 <!-- start : works-item -->
199 <div class="works-item works-item-one-third zoom ui web">
200   
202   <a class="venobox" data-gall="portfolio-gallery" href="images/works/small/01.
203     jpg">
204     <div class="works-item-inner">
205       <h3><span class="white font2bold">Work Title</span></h3>
206       <p><span class="white font1">Category</span></p>
207     </div>
208   </a>
  </div>
  <!-- end : works-item -->

```

You can specify multiple categories in any thumbnail, the filtering will happen according to that. In order to learn more about the Filtering and additional options please see original plugin documentation: <http://isotope.metafizzy.co/>

LIGHTBOX IMAGES:

The lightbox in the featured thumb carousel is a simple plugin, Venobox. You can easily supply a big image to any of the thumbnails and the plugin will open this as a Lightbox (full size image) on click. In order to supply images please edit the following highlighted code:

The attribute **data-gall="portfolio-gallery"** should be attached on each instance if you need to show all images in this lightbox as a slider, say a gallery kind of appearance.

```
<a class="venobox" data-gall="portfolio-gallery" href="images/works/01.jpg">
```

LIGHTBOX VIDEO:

You can also display Youtube or Vimeo streaming Video in this lightbox region. This plugin is same Venobox as we mentioned in previous sections. In order to set the video please see the markup and modify the highlighted area:

```
<a class="venobox" data-type="vimeo" href="http://vimeo.com/75976293">
```

More options can be found on original plugin site: <http://lab.veno.it/venobox/>

PLEASE NOTE: YOU HAVE TO TEST YOUR WEBSITE FROM A LOCAL HOST SERVER OR REAL WEB SERVER TO DISPLAY STREAMING VIDEO PROPERLY WITHIN LIGHTBOX VIEW.

Contact Form & Email Sending

You can use this contact form send emails, the Email Sending feature is already implemented using PHP along with client side Form Validations using jQuery.

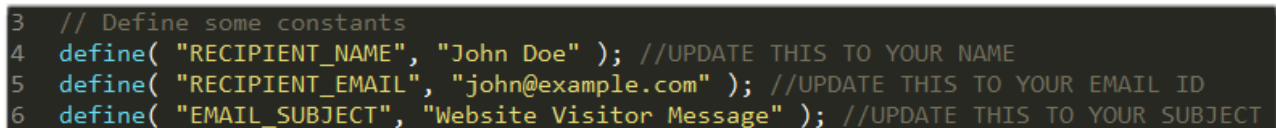
The template is featuring a fully working contact form with PHP mail sending ready. We have kept everything ready, you have to only provide your own email id instead of the predefined demo email id. This can be done by simply modifying the email id, as shown in the SENDCONTACT.PHP file, located in root directory.

[ROOT]/SENDCONTACT.PHP

Setting Up Email Credentials

Open this file via a code editor / text editor and now go to the code segment: Line 4 to 6.

Please see the screenshot:



```
3 // Define some constants
4 define( "RECIPIENT_NAME", "John Doe" ); //UPDATE THIS TO YOUR NAME
5 define( "RECIPIENT_EMAIL", "john@example.com" ); //UPDATE THIS TO YOUR EMAIL ID
6 define( "EMAIL_SUBJECT", "Website Visitor Message" ); //UPDATE THIS TO YOUR SUBJECT
```

The value “**john@example.com**” should be replaced with your own email so that the emails will be sending to this email id. The value inside ‘subject’ should be changed to something meaningful since this will be displayed as the subject of the email message send via the contact form. That is the basic setup.

All PHP mail sending library files and server scripts are stored in MAIL folder in the root. For advanced users who need in-depth customisations, the PHP script can be modified appropriately. The PHP file is:

[ROOT]/SENDCONTACT.PHP

PLEASE NOTE:

You Have To Test Your Website From A Local Host Server Or Real Web Server To Display Streaming Video Properly Within Lightbox View.

Google Maps (Optional):

For setting up Google Map, please follow the original guide from Google: <https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript/tutorial>

Custom Styling for Google Maps:

We used a free plugin SnazzyMaps JS for styling the Google Map in this template. You can get more styles / colour presets from the original plugin website: <https://snazzymaps.com/> For additional help please follow original plugin documentation provided on their website. More info: <https://snazzymaps.com/about>

Parallax Images (optional)

This template features some parallax layers across various sections in multiple web pages. The parallax functionality is implemented via JS but you don't have to worry about any of the complex code editing.

In order to set parallax action on any region (for example, DIV) you have to simply do the following 2 steps:

Step 1: Set a BG image for the region

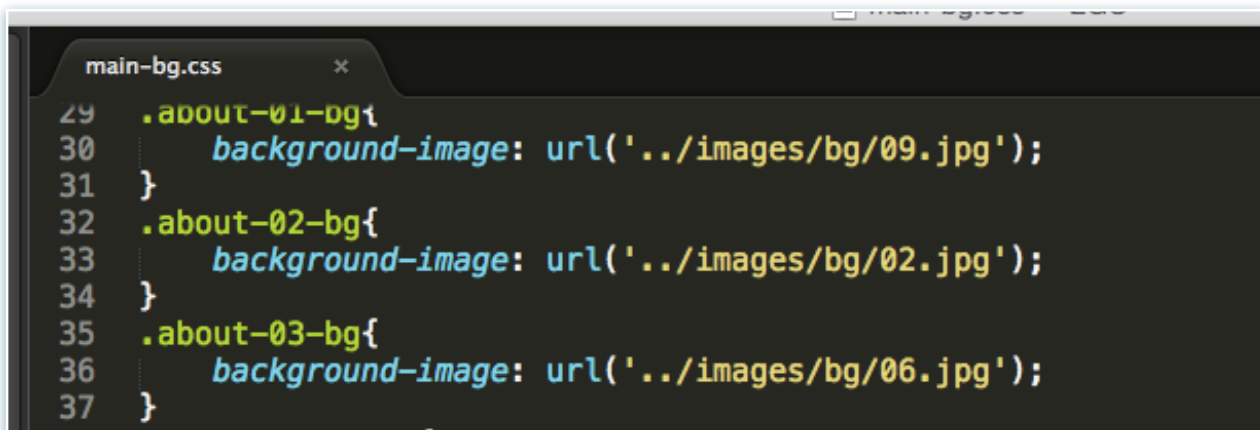
In this step, you simply set a background image for the layer via CSS. For example,

```
150  
151 <section class="about-01 about-01-bg pad-top pad-bottom parallax" data-stellar-background-ratio="0.5">  
152
```

Here the class "process" is actually used for setting a BG Image via CSS. In order to set this image just open the following CSS file:

```
[ROOT]/STYLESHEETS/MAIN-BG.CSS
```

And see the highlighted area which relates to the above mentioned class name.



Step 2: Activate Parallax action for the region

Activating parallax action to the region is very simple, just add a single class name “***parallax***” (or) “***parallax-layer***” to the region, and the parallax action will be activated for that particular region. For example:

```
150 <section class="about-01 about-01-bg pad-top pad-bottom parallax" data-stellar-background-ratio="0.5">
151
152
```

If you want an element's background image to reposition on scroll, simply add the following attribute:

```
<div data-stellar-background-ratio="0.5">
```

As with parallax elements, the ratio is relative to the natural scroll speed. For ratios lower than 1, to avoid jittery scroll performance, set the element's CSS 'background-attachment' to fixed.

If you want elements to scroll at a different speed, add the following attribute to any element with a CSS position of absolute, relative or fixed:

```
<div data-stellar-ratio="2">
```

The ratio is relative to the natural scroll speed, so a ratio of 0.5 would cause the element to scroll at half-speed, a ratio of 1 would have no effect, and a ratio of 2 would cause the element to scroll at twice the speed. If a ratio lower than 1 is causing the element to appear jittery, try setting its CSS position to fixed.

We use Stellar Parallax JS plugin for rendering parallax action in this template. Original plugin website: <https://github.com/markdalgleish/stellar.js>

```
120 //PARALLAX
121 //Initialize Each Parallax Layer
122 function parallaxInit() {
123     $.stellar({
124         positionProperty: 'transform',
125     });
126 }
127
128 if (!device.tablet() && !device.mobile()) {
129
130     //Activating Parallax effect if non-mobile device is detected
131     $(window).bind('load', function() {
132         parallaxInit();
133     });
134
135 } else {
136
137     //Deactivate Parallax effect if mobile device is detected (bg image is displayed)
138     $('.parallax, .parallax-layer').addClass('no-parallax');
139
140 }
141 }
```

If you want to further modify / customise the parallax engine and additional options of parallax function you have to manually modify the Parallax Initialisation JS file:

[ROOT]/JAVASCRIPTS/CUSTOM/MAIN.JS

Fullscreen Background Images and Slideshow

This template features a fullscreen background image / slideshow module which is present within header section (first fold region) of most of the pages. This module can be used to show a single image or multiple images as a slideshow.

Single BG Image

```
254 <script>
255
256     $(window).load(function() {
257         //BG IMAGES for this page header
258         $.backstretch([
259             "images/bg/04.jpg"
260         ], {duration: 3000, fade: 750});
261     });
262
263 </script>
```

Image is supplied via Javascript coding (this code can be found at the bottom area within markup of each HTML file) as shown here.

Background Image Slideshow

Multiple Images are supplied via Javascript coding (this code can be found at the bottom area within markup of each HTML file) as shown here. For mor

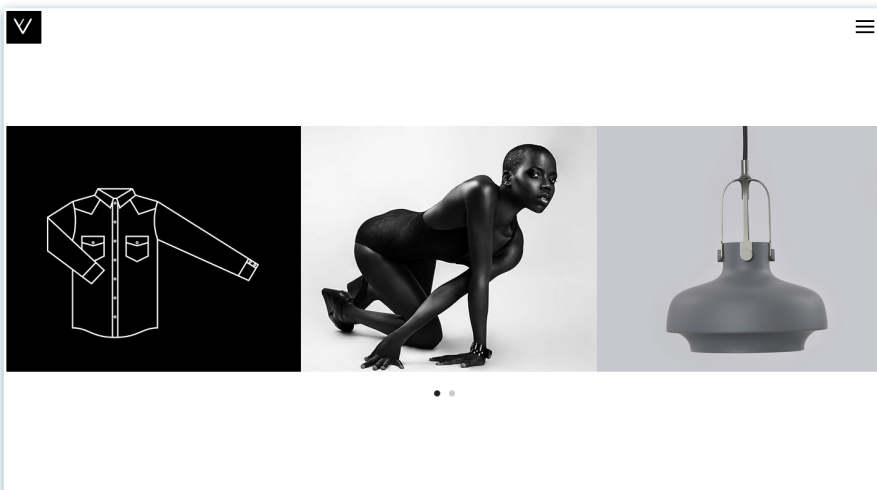
```
253 <script>
254
255     $(window).load(function() {
256         //BG IMAGES for this page header
257         $.backstretch([
258             "images/bg/01.jpg"
259             , "images/bg/02.jpg"
260             , "images/bg/03.jpg"
261         ], {duration: 3000, fade: 750});
262     });
263
264 </script>
```

For more information and options regarding this plugin, please see original plugin documentation here: <http://www.jquery-backstretch.com/>

Advanced Carousels and Content Sliders

This template features a highly advanced carousel module which can be altered / customised to showcase any kind of carousel, image sliders, content switchers, feed rotators etc.

We have used different kind of applications of this plugin in this template and all of them are powered by Owl Carousel v2 plugin. For example:



This kind of slider is powered by the same carousel module where markup is given as:

```
index.html
163
164 <div class="carousel-wrapping halfheight">
165   <div class="owl-carousel halfheight featured-carousel">
166     <div class="featured-carousel-item featured-carousel-item-01 halfheight">
167     </div>
168     <div class="featured-carousel-item featured-carousel-item-02 halfheight">
169     </div>
170     <div class="featured-carousel-item featured-carousel-item-03 halfheight">
171     </div>
172     <div class="featured-carousel-item featured-carousel-item-04 halfheight">
173     </div>
174   </div>
175 </div>
176
```

Here BG images of each carousel slide is supplied via CSS rules, containing within MAIN-BG.CSS file. You can see the code:

```
main-bg.css
16
17
18
19
20 /*HOME PAGE*/
21 .featured-carousel-item-01{
22   background-image: url('../images/featured/01.gif');
23 }
24 .featured-carousel-item-02{
25   background-image: url('../images/featured/02.jpg');
26 }
27 .featured-carousel-item-03{
28   background-image: url('../images/featured/03.jpg');
29 }
30 .featured-carousel-item-04{
31   background-image: url('../images/featured/04.jpg');
32 }
```

For more info about this plugin and for options and settings please check official plugin documentation: <https://owlcarousel2.github.io/OwlCarousel2/>

Ripple Effect / Circle Animation

This template features a highly unique CSS transition effect within some home variants. This circle effects are powered by CSS animations and you can easily deactivate it if you like, please remove the following code from a particular web page's HTML markup:

```
index.html
61
62 <!-- Circle Ripple Effect
63 ----->
64 <div class="circle one"></div>
65 <div class="circle two"></div>
66 <div class="circle three"></div>
67
```

You can customise the circle animations, colours and dimension via modifying CSS rules within the following region:

```
main.css
88  /*CIRCLE EFFECTS ANIMATION */
89  @keyframes circle {
90      from {
91          transform: scale(0)
92      }
93      to {
94          transform: scale(6)
95      }
96  }
97  .circle {
98      opacity: 0.3;
99      margin: 0 auto;
100     width: 300px;
101     height: 300px;
102     border: 25px solid #000;
103     border-radius: 50%;
104     position: fixed;
105     top: 50%;
106     margin-top: -150px;
107     left: 50%;
108     margin-left: -150px;
109     z-index: -1;
110  }
111  .one {
112     animation: circle 8s infinite linear;
113  }
114  .two {
115     animation: circle 6s infinite linear;
116  }
117  .three {
118     animation: circle 4s infinite linear;
119  }
120  }
```

Page Preloader

This template features a simple Page Preloader which can be turned off by removing the following markup:

```
index.html
53
54  <!-- Preloader
55  ----->
56  <div id="preloader">
57      <div id="status"></div>
58  </div>
59  <!-- end : preloader -->
60  </div>
```

You can locate and replace the GIF file for 'loading icon' under following directory:

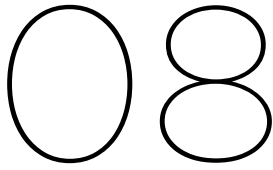
[ROOT]/IMAGES/LOADER.GIF

Fullscreen Background Video

This template allows you to display a fullscreen BG video under any web page. The video is supplied via Javascript code within HTML markup contained in respective HTML file where you have to show the video. For example:

```
249 <script>
250
251 $(function ($) {
252
253     if( !device.tablet() && !device.mobile() ) {
254
255         /* plays the BG Vimeo or Youtube video if non-mobile device is detected*/
256         $('body').umbg({
257             ..... 'mediaPlayerType': 'Vimeo', // YouTube, Vimeo, Dailymotion, Wistia, HTML5, Image,
258                 ..... or Color.
259             ..... 'mediaId': '152596313', // Use the video id . For HTML5 use the location and video
260                 ..... filename.
261             ..... 'mediaOverlay': 0, //Overlay
262             ..... 'displayControls': 0
263         });
264     } else {
265
266         /* displays a static image / poster image if mobile device is detected. This is due to
267            limitation of mobile browsers which can not display fullscreen BG videos.*/
268         $('body').addClass('poster-img');
269     }
270 }
```

You have to set video source type (supported sources: vimeo / youtube / dailymotion / Wistia / HTML5) and video ID as shown in the highlighted code above. For more information and additional options please see: <http://designnova.net/guides/umbg/guide.pdf>



Theme Support & Updates

This user manual covers everything you need to setup the website. For majority of the users, this guide itself can solve any of the faced issues. Still if you find any bugs and issues related to this theme, kindly contact our support team via our **official support system website**.

Support System Website:

<http://designova.net/support.html>

We will usually make a response within 24 to 48 hours except for weekends and holidays. Due to complex nature of support requests we are unable to promise a specific turn around time – but we will surely make a response in all cases if your query comes under our support policy.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

We provide 100% support via our Support System Website only.

Any requests / messages sent via other medium such as emails or item comments (themeforest message form) may not be answered. So please use support system for receiving theme support services.

Theme Updates:

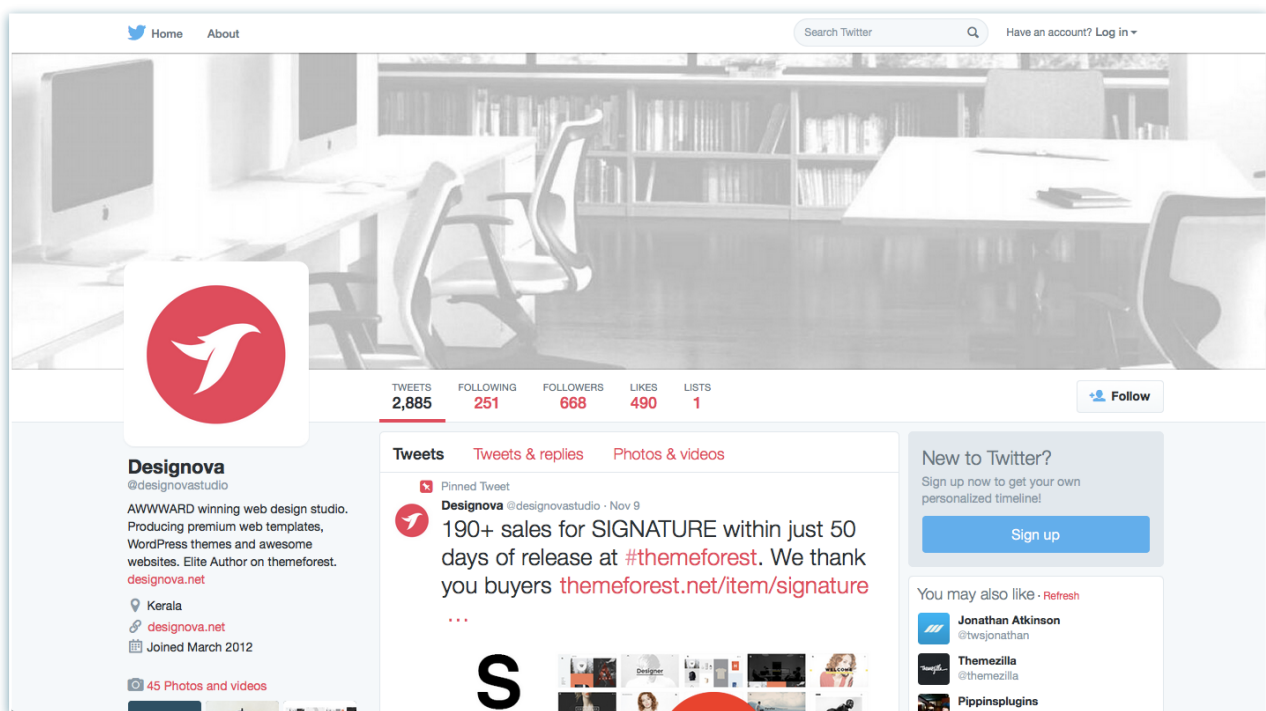
We will regularly release updates and bug fixes on our themes and we will send notifications via newsletters. You may subscribe to our weekly newsletter by visiting the following link:

Subscribe to Theme Updates & Notifications:

http://eepurl.com/xDO_v

We also use Twitter to announce the latest news and updates to our customers. Please follow us **@designovastudio**

<https://twitter.com/designovastudio>



09

Theme Ratings & Reviews

We expect sincere feedback from our users and we are seriously taking care of their opinion and suggestions. We would like to know your comments, suggestions and feedback in any sense.

So kindly consider rating our product on themeforest. It will NOT take even a couple of minutes for you to rate our template, but it will be a great motivation for our developers.

How to rate a product?

If you don't know how to rate items on themeforest, please click here to see a demonstration: <http://goo.gl/iWbKi3>

Kindly consider rating our work. We thank you in advance.

10

Vote of Thanks

Once again, we thank you for purchasing our product.

We hope you like our product as well as this documentation. We have done our level best to make things pretty clean and clear. Anyway if you have queries, support requests or something to know more from us, kindly contact us via support system:

<http://designova.net/support.html>

About Us:

We are Designova, a small team of young web designers and developers and we are good people to work with. We are from Kerala – the God's own country and we work on UTC +5.30, Monday to Friday.

We have more premium themes exclusively available via Themeforest, please visit our portfolio: <http://themeforest.net/user/designova/portfolio>

Designova Official Website:

<http://designova.net/>

VICTOR

Premium HTML5 Template **User Manual**

Version: 1.0

Build: Apr 15, 2017



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