

Git Commands

Here are some important Git commands that are essential for managing version control:

1. Clone a repository:

Clones a repository into a new directory.

2. Check the status:

- Shows the working tree status, including changes to be committed, untracked files, and changes not staged for commit.

3. Add files to staging:

- Adds changes in the working directory to the staging area. Use `.` to add all changes.

4. Commit changes:

- Records changes to the repository with a descriptive message.

5. Push changes to a remote repository:

- Uploads local repository content to a remote repository.

6. Pull changes from a remote repository:

- Fetches and integrates changes from a remote repository to your local branch.

7. Check the commit history:

- Shows the commit history for the repository.

8. Create a new branch:

- Creates a new branch but does not switch to it.

9. Switch branches:

- Switches to the specified branch.

10. Create and switch to a new branch:

- Creates a new branch and switches to it immediately.

11. Merge branches:

- Merges the specified branch into the current branch.