## BACHELOR'S DEGREE PROGRAMME

## Term-End Examination

June, 2016

04715

ELECTIVE COURSE : COMMERCE ECO-2 : ACCOUNTANCY-I

Time: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 50

Weightage: 70%

Note: Attempt any four questions, including question no. 1 which is compulsory.

- Attempt any two questions from the following: 7+7
  - (a) State the essential features of Receipts and Payments Account.
  - (b) Discuss the drawbacks of Single Entry System of accounting.
  - (c) Distinguish between 'consignment' and 'Joint Venture'.
  - (d) Describe briefly the procedure for locating errors.

- On 1st April, 2010, Gama Ltd. purchased a 2. machine for ₹ 3,90,000 and spent ₹ 10,000 for its installation. On 1st November, 2011, company purchased another machine for ₹ 1,00,000 and spent ₹ 20,000 on its overhauling. 30th September, 2012, the machine purchased in 2010 was sold at a loss of ₹1,27,800. The company charges depreciation @ 10% p.a. on written down value basis. Accounts are closed on 31st March every year. Prepare machine account up to 31st March 2013.
- Why is provision for doubtful debts 3. (a) created? How is it shown in the Balance Sheet if it is given in (i) Adjustments and (ii) in trial balance?
  - Explain the role of Suspense Account in (b) rectifying one sided errors with suitable examples.
- On 1st September, 2013 Shri Gupta of Delhi sent 8+4 4. 500 cases of goods @ ₹ 150 each to Shri Jha of Ranchi to be sold on his account at his risk for 7.5% commission and 2.5% del-credere commission and incurred ₹ 5,500 as expenses. ₹ 20,000 advance has been received on 31st December, 2013. Shri Jha sent an account sales disclosing that 300 cases have been sold for ₹ 230 each for cash and another 100 cases at ₹ 220 each on credit. He incurred ₹ 1,750 as selling expenses. He sends a bank draft for the net amount due. Prepare Consignment Account and Consignee Account in the books of Shri Gupta.

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5. Siyaram keeps incomplete records from the following, calculate total sales made during the period from 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2013 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2013:

	₹
Bills Receivables in the beginning	7,800
Bills Receivables encashed during the year	20,900
Debtors (1.1.2013)	30,800
Cash received from debtors	70,000
Bad-debts written off	2,800
Return inwards	8,700
Bills Receivables dishonoured	1,800
Bills Receivables at the end	25,500
Cash sales	40,900
Closing balance of Debtors	6,100

- 6. (a) What is Trial Balance? Explain how is it 6+6 prepared.
  - (b) State any six reasons of disagreement between the balances shown by Cash Book and Pass Book.