

## Assignment-01 Reporting Macros

### 1. Hello World Using UVM\_INFO

Assume that you have a UVM testbench environment.

#### Tasks:

1. Create a UVM test named hello\_test
2. Use uvm\_info to display “**Hello World from UVM**”
3. Print message at **time = 0 ns**
4. Use **UVM\_MEDIUM** verbosity
5. Stop simulation at **100 ns**

### 2. Timed Hello World Messages

Assume a UVM test is running.

#### Tasks:

1. Print “Hello World – Start” at 0 ns
2. Print “Hello World – 50 ns Reached” at 50 ns
3. Use UVM\_LOW verbosity
4. Generate a warning at 75 ns
5. Stop simulation at 150 ns

### 3. Hello World with Severity Levels

#### Tasks:

1. Print “Hello World – INFO” using uvm\_info at 10 ns
2. Print “Hello World – WARNING” using uvm\_warning at 40 ns
3. Print “Hello World – ERROR” using uvm\_error at 80 ns
4. Observe simulator behavior
5. Stop simulation at 120 ns

#### 4. Variable Initialization and Hex Display

Assume that you have four variables initialized to the constant values as mentioned below:

1. reg [3:0] a = 4'b1010
2. reg [15:0] b = 16'h1122
3. integer c = 12
4. reg d = 1'b1

##### Tasks:

1. Use uvm\_info to display all variable values
2. Display values in **hexadecimal format**
3. Print messages at **time = 0 ns**
4. Generate a uvm\_warning at **50 ns**
5. Generate a uvm\_error at **100 ns**
6. Forcefully stop the simulation at **200 ns** from testbench top

#### 5. Timed Reporting with UVM Severities

Assume a UVM testbench environment.

##### Tasks:

1. Display “**Simulation Started**” using uvm\_info
2. Use **UVM\_MEDIUM** verbosity
3. Generate a warning at **40 ns**
4. Generate an error at **80 ns**
5. Stop the simulation at **150 ns**

#### 6. Loop-Based UVM Reporting

Assume an integer variable count.

##### Tasks:

1. Use a for loop from `count = 0` to `count = 9`
2. Print each value using `uvm_info`
3. Generate `uvm_warning` when `count == 5`
4. Generate `uvm_error` when `count == 8`
5. Stop the simulation after loop execution

## 7. Multiple Severity Scheduling

### Tasks:

1. At **30 ns** → print `uvm_info`
2. At **60 ns** → generate `uvm_warning`
3. At **90 ns** → generate `uvm_error`
4. At **120 ns** → call `$fatal`
5. Observe severity handling in simulator