



ADVANCING
PUBLIC
TRANSPORT

EV BUS CHARGING STANDARDS - INDIA

Supported by



Local Host



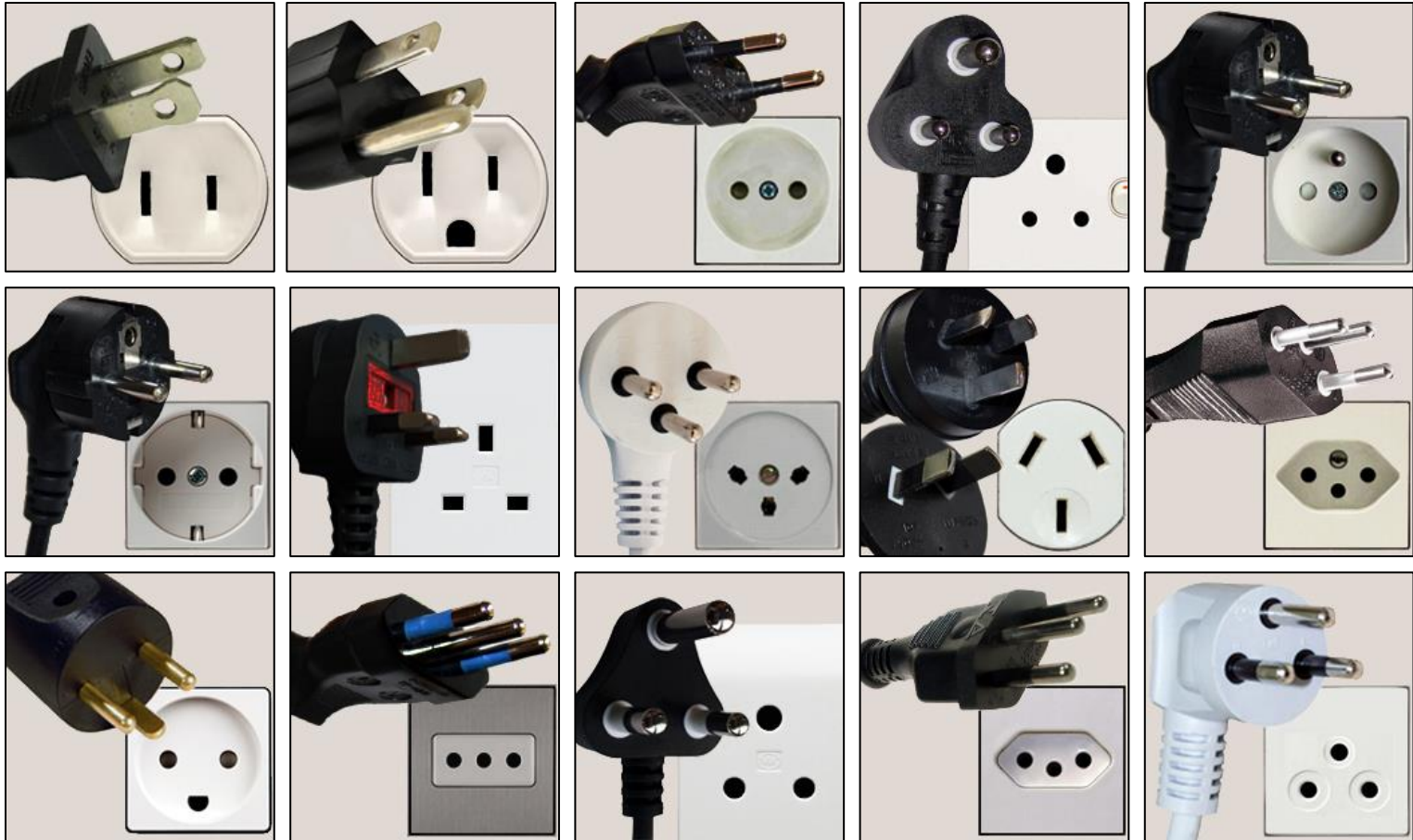
Sajid Mubashir, Dept. Science & Technology

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UITP – DIMTS Bus Seminar
11-12 May 2018, Delhi

UITP

ESTABLISHED BEST PRACTICE



THE MENU (IEC COMPLIANT)

Electric cars' plug types

Carmakers have come up with different standards for the type of plug used to recharge their electric cars.

**TYPE 1
PLUG**



Single-phase plug used in car models from the Asian region.

**TYPE 2
PLUG**



Triple-phase plug considered to be the standard model in Europe

**GB-T
PLUG**



Similar to the Type 2 plug but with additional male connectors.

**COMBINATION
PLUGS**



Enhanced version of the Type 2 plug, with additional power contacts for quick charging.

**CHADEMO
PLUGS**



Quick charging system developed in Japan.

**TESLA SC
PLUG**



Modified version of the Type 2 Mennekes plug

Source: The Mobility House.

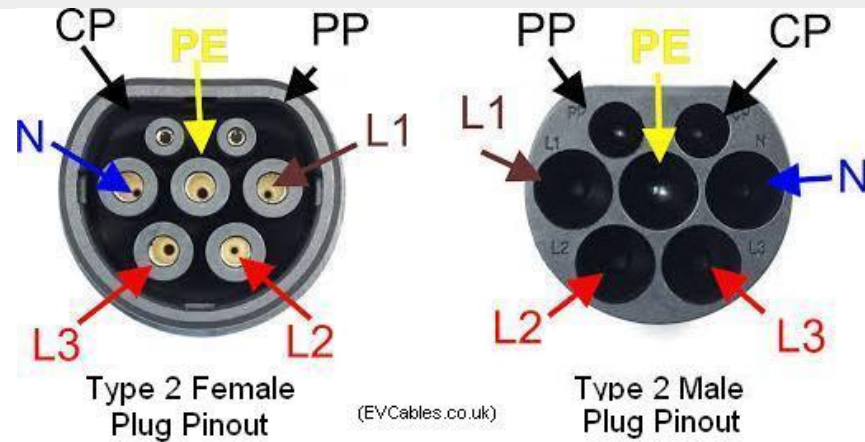
G. Cabrera, 17/01/2018

 **REUTERS**

AC COUPLER

AC & DC Ladesteckvorrichtungen Typ 2

	AC ein - bis dreiphasig	max. 500V AC 3 x 63A oder 1 x 80A
	AC ein - bis dreiphasig DC-Low	max. 500V AC/DC 3 x 63A AC oder 1 x 70A AC oder 1 x 80A DC
	DC-Mid	max. 500V DC 1 x 140 A
	DC-High	≥ 500 V DC 1 x 200A



DC COUPLERS



DESIGNS



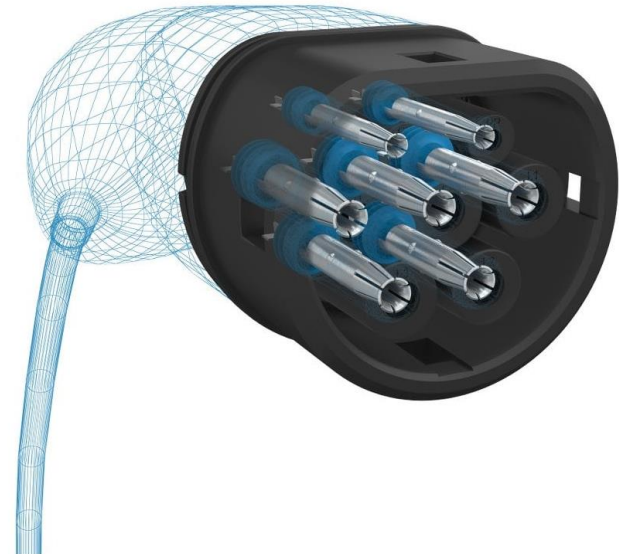
J1772
Combo



CHAdeMO



Tesla
Combo



ALTERNATE EV BUS

- **BYD Electric Buses**

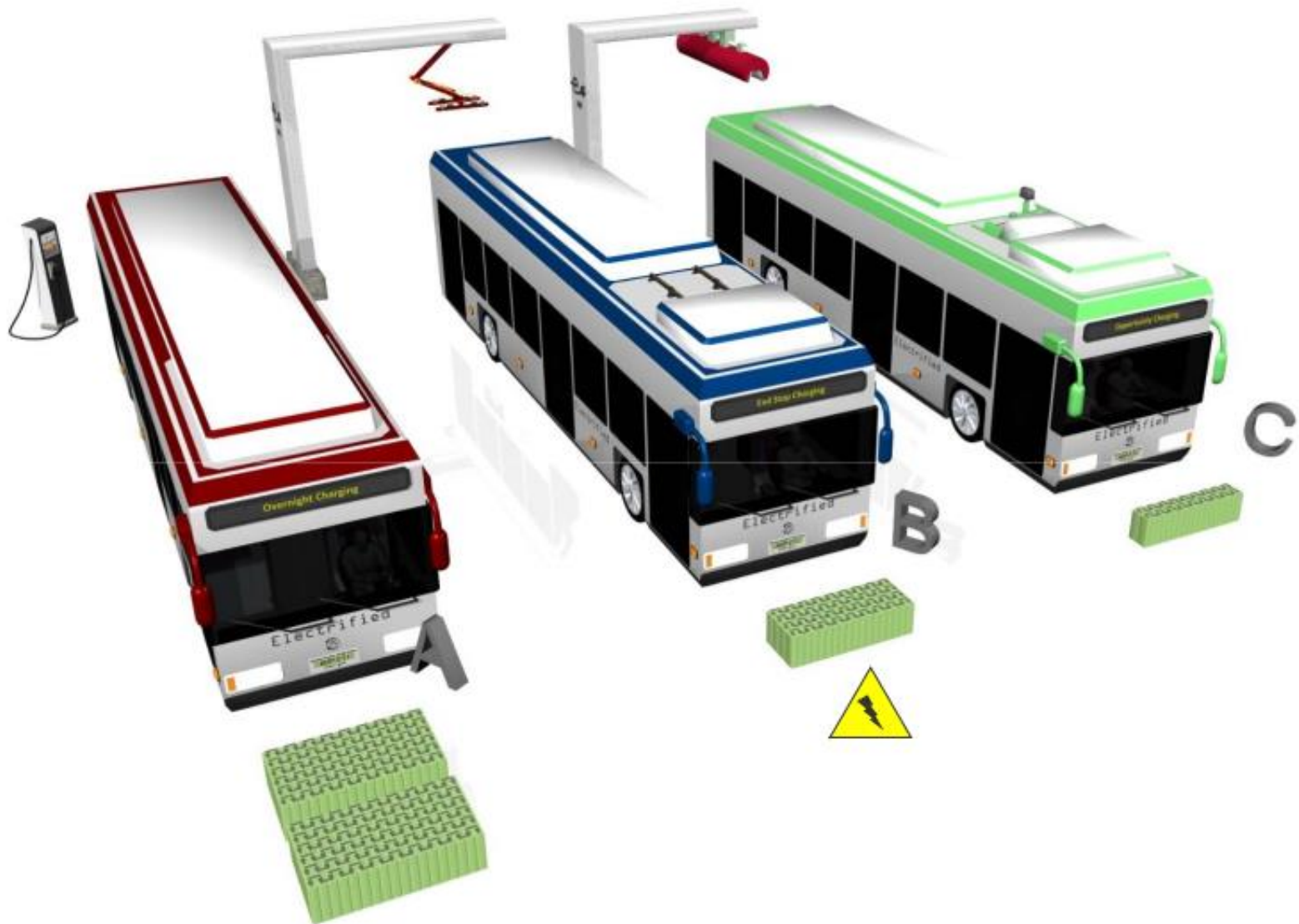
- Plug-In charging, 1.5 to 5 hours in bus yard. Proprietary Iron-Phosphate battery, meets roughly 80% of urban transit needs with typical range of 200+ km



- **Proterra Electric Buses**

- Light body reduces weight (<20-40%), crash resistant and designed for the battery-electric drive technology. Terra-Volt charging system under 10 minutes





There's a new patent-free fast charging system for electric buses

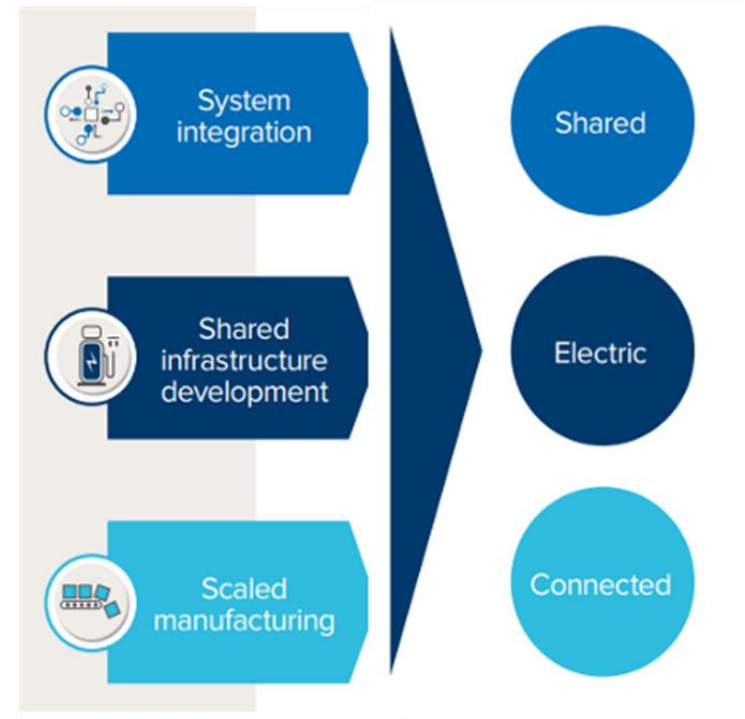
Recharging an electric bus can be as fast as refilling a diesel one, apparently.

JONATHAN M. GITLIN - 7/9/2016, 12:50 AM



INDIA EV MISSION

- Aim: Improve air quality in India's high pollution cities, bring zero emission mobility to India, introduce manufacturing of global size and scale and reduce oil import dependence.
- Method: Making India's passenger mobility shared, electric and



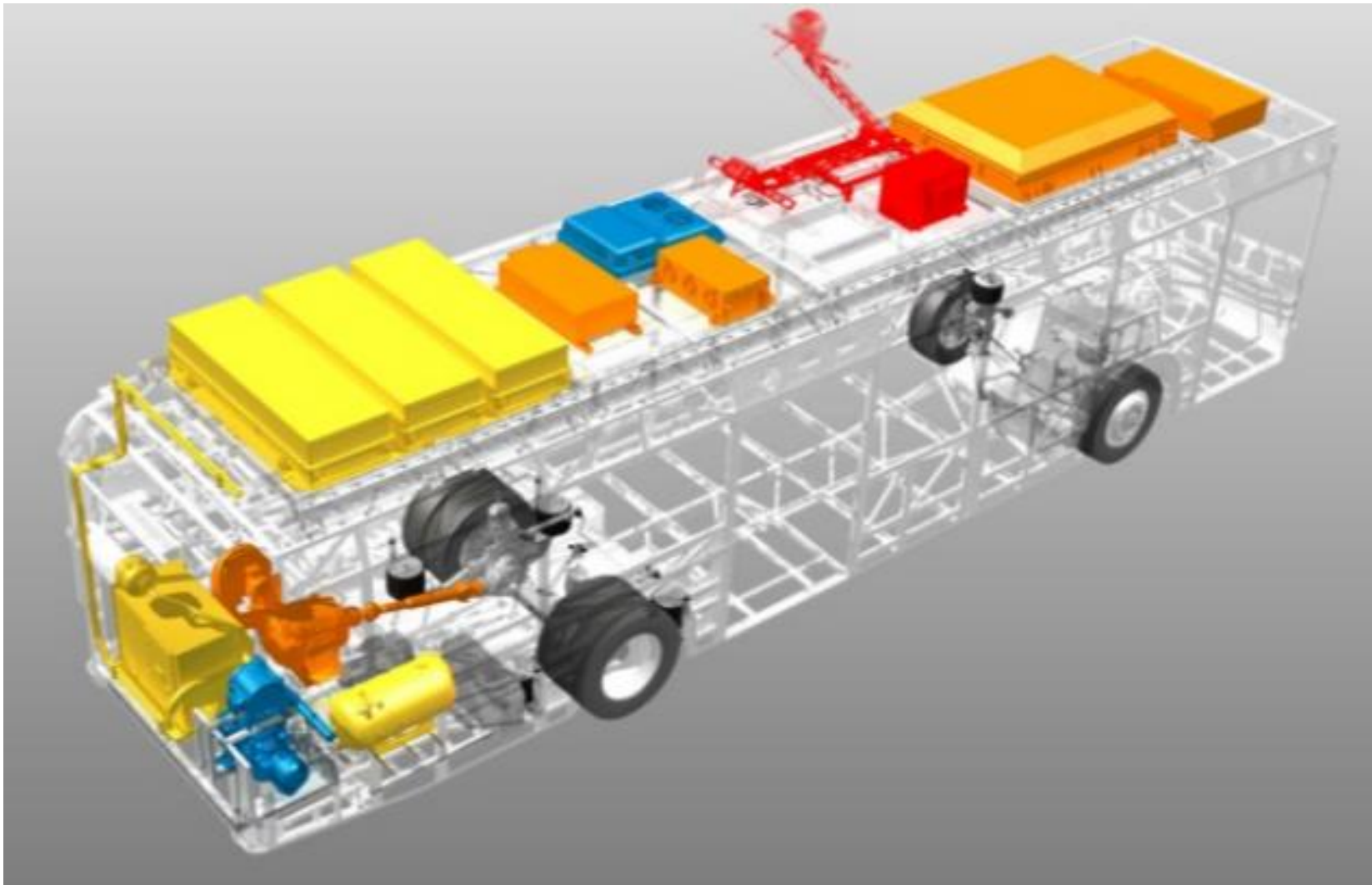
NEED FOR INDIA STANDARDS

- The Niti Aayog is the nodal agency.
- **Aim**: Improve air quality in India's high pollution cities, bring zero emission mobility to India, introduce manufacturing of global size and scale and reduce oil import dependence.
- **Method**: Making India's passenger mobility shared, electric and connected can cut its energy demand by 64% and carbon emission by 37%.

INDIA SPECIFIC

- Low Voltage (Small Vehicles – 2W, 3W, 4W)
- Medium Voltage (Cars, SUV, intra-city trucks- 4W)
- High Voltage (Buses, Trucks – 6W or more)

TECHNOLOGY TO EXPLORE



FRAUNHOFER PPP IN R&D

- Charging Station
- Electrical Contact System
- Safety Concept
- Communication between Charging Station and Vehicle
- Batteries for High Charging Capacity
- Modified Traction Equipment

THE PROJECT

- Fast Charging Systems for Electric Buses in Public Transport, funded by the German Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF).
- Pantograph: Schunk Bahn- und Industrietechnik GmbH and the Fraunhofer IVI.
- Charging station: M&P motion control and power electronics GmbH in Dresden.
- Energy storage 85 kWh for 12-meter electric bus: HOPPECKE Advanced

THANK YOU!! IS A DIMTS-UITP DESIGN TEAM POSSIBLE FOR INDIA EV BUS STANDARDS?

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