VadaTech MicroTCA

ScorpionWare® System Manager

Interface Reference Manual

September 20, 2009

Version 1.1



Copyright

© 2009 VadaTech Incorporated

All rights reserved

VadaTech and the globe image are trademarks of VadaTech Incorporated.

All other product or service names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

Notice

While reasonable efforts have been made to assure the accuracy of this document, VadaTech, Inc. assumes no liability resulting from any omissions in this document or from the use of the information obtained herein. VadaTech reserves the right to revise this document and to make changes periodically and the content hereof without obligation of VadaTech to notify any person of such revision or changes.

Electronic versions of this material may be read online, downloaded for personal use, or referenced in another document as a URL to the VadaTech Incorporated Web site. The text itself may not be published commercially in print or electronic form, edited, translated, or otherwise altered without the permission of VadaTech, Inc.

It is possible that this publication may contain reference to or information about VadaTech products (machines and programs), programming, or services that are not available in your country. Such references or information must not be construed to mean that VadaTech intends to announce such products, programming, or services in your country.

Trademarks

The VadaTech, Inc name and logo are registered trademarks of VadaTech Incorporated in the U.S.A. All other product or service names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

© 2009, VadaTech Incorporated. Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

Revision History

Doc	Description of Change	Revision Date
Rev		
1.0.0	Preliminary document for VadaTech System Manager	09/20/2009
1.1.0	Scorpion Ware version 1.1	02/30/2010



Table of Contents

1	Over	erview	9
	1.1	Applicable VadaTech Products	
	1.2	Document References	9
	1.3	Acronyms Used in this Document	10
2	Insta	tallation	12
	2.1	Linux	12
	2.2	Windows	12
3	Gett	tting Connected	13
	3.1	UTC001 Interfaces	13
	3.2	Configuring the Shelf Manager IP Connections	13
	3.3	Server Connection	14
	3.4	Starting the Application	
	3.4.:		
	3.4.2		
	3.5		
	3.5.:	G. T. T.	
	3.5.2	5.2 Login	18
	3.5.3	5.3 Keep Alive	19
	3.5.4		
4	Syst	stem Manager Interface	20
	4.1	Main Menu	
	4.2	Toolbar Options	
	4.3	Status	
	4.4	Connection Status	
	4.5	Management Resource Tabs	
	4.5.		
	4.	4.5.1.1 Shelf Tab Overview	
	4.	4.5.1.2 Shelf Alarm Panel	
		4.5.1.3 Chassis Temperature Panel	
		4.5.1.4 Chassis Voltage Panel	
		5.2 Carrier Manager	
		4.5.2.1 Carrier Tab Overview	
		4.5.2.2 Carrier Alarm Panel	
		4.5.2.3 Chassis Temperature Panel	
		4.5.2.4 Chassis Voltage Panel	
		4.5.2.5 Carrier Telco Alarms	
		Shelf Virtual View	
	4.6.3		
	4.6.2		
	4.6.3		
	4.7.:	7.1 FRU Active Status	28

4.7.2 Ca	rier Manager FRU	.28
4.8 Resource	e and Entity Navigation	.29
4.8.1 Tre	e Hierarchy	.29
4.8.2 Re	source/Entity Icons	.30
4.8.3 Exp	pand and Collapse	.31
4.8.4 Sh	elf/Carrier Commands	.31
4.9 Shelf M	anager Commands	.36
4.9.1 FR	U Management	.36
4.9.1.1	FRU Info	.36
4.9.2 Ale	rting	.37
4.9.2.1	Get PEF Configuration	.37
4.9.2.2	Set PEF Configuration	.38
4.9.2.3	SNMP Trap Information	.39
4.9.2.4	SNMP Trap Test	
4.9.3 Co	oling	.41
4.9.3.1	Parameters	
4.9.3.2	Get Fan Geography	.43
4.9.4 LA	N	
4.9.4.1	Get Channel Access	.44
4.9.4.2	Get Channel Cipher Suites	.45
4.9.4.3	Get Channel Information	
4.9.4.4	Get LAN Configuration Parameters	
4.9.4.5	Set LAN Configuration Parameters	
4.9.4.6	Shelf IP Connection	
4.9.4.7	List Active Sessions	
4.9.5 Ad	ministration	
4.9.5.1	User Access	
4.9.5.2	List Users	
_	stem Management	
4.9.6.1	Chassis Controls	
4.9.6.2		
	FRU Information	
	er Manager	
	U Management	
4.11.1.1	FRU Info	
4.11.1.2	FRU Activate	
4.11.1.3	FRU Deactivate	
4.11.1.4	FRU Cold Reset	
4.11.1.5	FRU Warm Reset	
4.11.1.6	FRU Graceful Reboot	
4.11.1.7	FRU Diagnostic Interrupt	
4.11.1.8	FRU Activation Policy	
4.11.1.9	FRU Temperature	
4.11.1.10	·	
4.11.1.11		
	Set Extracted	
4.11.2 Ale		

4.11.3	Coo	ling	56
4.11.3	3.1	Parameters	56
4.11.3	3.2	Get Fan Geography	57
4.11.4	E-Ke	eying	58
4.11.4	4.1	Get Carrier Point to Point	58
4.11.4	4.2	Get Clock Point-to-Point	60
4.11.5	LAN		60
4.11.6	Adm	ninistration	60
4.11.7	Pow	er	61
4.11.	7.1	Get Power Distribution	61
4.11.	7.2	Get Power Policy	63
4.11.8	Syst	em Management	64
4.11.8	3.1	Chassis Controls	64
4.11.8	3.2	Carrier Information	65
4.11.8	3.3	Address Table	_
4.11.8	3.4	Activation Sequence	66
4.11.8		Failover	
4.12 N	ЛСМС	, EMMC and MMC	68
4.12.1	FRU	Management	68
4.12.	1.1	FRU Info	
4.12.2	1.2	Activate	68
4.12.	1.3	Deactivate	68
4.12.	1.4	Set Extracted	69
4.12.3	1.5	Cold Reset	69
4.12.	1.6	Warm Reset	69
4.12.:	1.7	Graceful Reboot	
4.12.3	1.8	Diagnostic Interrupt	
4.12.3		Activation Policy	
4.12.3	1.10	Temperature	69
4.12.3	1.11	Event Receiver	
4.12.3		Power Levels	
		eying	
4.12.2	2.1	Get AMC PTP	
4.12.2	2.2	Get Clock Configuration	
4.12.2		Get Clock State	
4.12.2		Get Port State	
		ling	
4.12.3	-	Get Fan Level	
		er	
4.12.4		Channel Status	
4.12.4		Power Up	
4.12.4		Power Down	
4.12.4		Hard Reset	
4.12.4		Diagnostic Interrupt	
4.12.4	-	Soft Shutdown	
4.12.4		Power Feed Reset	
413 T	പ്ര		79

4.13.1 Capabilities	79
4.13.2 State	
4.14 Sensors	81
4.14.1 Sensor Classes	81
4.14.2 Threshold Sensors	81
4.14.2.1 Settable/Readable Parameters	83
4.15 LEDs	84
4.16 Carrier FRU Information	85
4.16.1.1 Upload	85
4.16.1.2 Download	85
4.17 Sensor Data Record Repository	86
4.17.1 Get SDR Information	86
4.17.2 Get SDR	
4.18 System Event Log	88
4.18.1 Get SEL Information	88
4.18.2 Get SEL	88
4.18.3 Clear SEL	89
4.19 Alarm Panel	90

Tables

Table 1: Acronyms	11
Table 2: Main Menu Description	
Table 3: Tool bar Description	20
Table 4: Server Connection Status	
Table 5: Carrier Addressing	
Table 6: Shelf Tree Hierarchy	
Table 7: Resource/Entity Icons	
Table 8: Resource/Entity Commands	
Table 9: Shelf Chassis Controls	
Table 10: Carrier Chassis Controls	
Table 11: Fan Tray Controls	
Table 12: Sensor Classification	
Table 13: Threshold Sensor Controls	
Table 14: LED Controls	
Table 15: Alarm Classification	
Table 16: Alarm Panel Controls	91

1 Overview

ScorpionWare® is a VadaTech System Management Software Application used to Control, Manage and Monitor AdvancedTCA and MicroTCA platforms. Telecom, Military and Aerospace projects are increasingly using AdvancedTCA and MicroTCA platforms. Integration and testing of these complex platforms are one of the stumbling blocks to integrators and add delays to final deployment. ScorpionWare® provides an easy to use Graphical User Interface with several features for monitoring, trouble shooting and easy integration of these platforms.

ScorpionWare® is a cross-platform application. The application interfaces with any ATCA and UTCA Platform Management Interface Compliant Management Software using RMCP+ to establish a secure connection.

ScorpionWare® provides an interface to the VadaTech MicroTCA Shelf Manager or the Carrier Manager. The interface is based on IPMI 2.0, AdvancedTCA™ PICMG 3.0, and MicroTCA 1.0 specifications and can be used to access information about the current state of the Shelf or the Carrier, obtain information such as the FRU population, or monitor alarms, power management, current sensor values, and the overall health of the Shelf. The interface can also be used to update Shelf and Carrier configurable parameters.

The information provided in this document is the interface to MicorTCA systems using the ScorpionWare® GUI and is a supplement to the information found in the <u>MicroTCA Base Specification</u>.

1.1 Applicable VadaTech Products UTC001, UTC002, UTC003, VT85x

1.2 Document References

- Intelligent Platform Management (IPMI) Interface Specification v2.0
- PICMG® 3.0 Revision 3.0 AdvancedTCA® Base Specification
- PICMG® AMC.0 R2.0 Advanced Mezzanine Card Base Specification
- PICMG® Specification MTCA.0 R1.0 (MicroTCA)
- VadaTech MCH Software Management Manual
- <u>UTC001 Getting Started Guide</u>

1.3 Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
IPMI	Intelligent Platform Management Interface. A specification and mechanism for providing inventory management, monitoring, logging, and control for elements of a computer system as defined in intelligent Platform Management Interface Specification.
MicroTCA	MicroTelecommunication Computing Architecture
FRU Device ID	A value that uniquely identifies a FRU relative to an IPM Controller. In MicroTCA the most frequent use of FRU Device ID is to uniquely identify a FRU within a MicroTCA Carrier relative to the Carrier Manager.
FRU information	Data that describes a FRU with an emphasis on data that characterizes the FRU. Format for this data is described in IPMI Platform management FRU information Storage Definition and extended herein.
Hot Swap	To remove a component (e.g., an AdvancedMC Module) from a system (e.g., an MicroTCA Shelf) and plug in a new one while the power is still on and the system is still operating
LED	Light Emitting Diode
Link	 One or more Ports aggregated under a common protocol. Links are groups of Ports that are enabled and disabled by Electronic Keying operations. A group of Lanes which operate together to connect two devices. The number of Lanes used is negotiated.
Managed FRU	Either an Intelligent FRU or a FRU that is represented by an Intelligent FRU via a FRU Device ID
Module	Refers to any MicroTCA Module types, including CU, PM, MCH, OEM Module, or AdvancedMC
Payload	The primary function that a FRU provides. This includes all the hardware on the FRU except that associated with management. It may also include the firmware, operating system and application software running on the Payload hardware.
Shelf	An electronic assembly consisting of the Subrack, Backplane, Modules, cooling Devices, power subsystems, etc. Also historically known as a chassis. Shelves are usually mounted in Frames.
Shelf Manager	The entity responsible for managing the cooling in a MicroTCA Shelf. It also routes messages between the System Manager Interface and the Shelf-Carrier Manager Interface, provides interfaces to system repositories, and responds to event messages.
System Manger	A level of management functionality above the Shelf Manager charged with the management of an entire system, whatever that may mean in a specific Implementation
System Manager Interface	The communication interface between Shelf Manager and System Manager
PEF	Platform Event Filter(ing)
SDR	Sensor Data Record
SDR Repository	Sensor Data Record Repository
SEL	System Event Log
MicroTCA Carrier	An assembly providing MicroTCA Carrier functions needed to support up to

Hub (MCH)	twelve Hub (MCH) AdvancedMCs including MCMC, optional ShMC, optional Fabric switch, and clock.
MicroTCA Carrier Management Controller (MCMC)	Management controller on the MCH. The required management controller that interfaces to AdvancedMC MMCs via IPMB-L and to CU, PM, and OEM Module EMMCs via IPMB-O.
MMC	The required management controller on an AdvancedMC Module the MicroTCA Carrier Manager on the MCH via IPMB-L
EMMC	Management Controller on PMs, OEM Modules, and CUs.

Table 1: Acronyms



2 Installation

The ScorpionWare® System Manager Application is available for Linux and Windows Operating Systems for 64-bit and 32-bit architectures.

2.1 Linux

The ScorpionWare® Linux package requires Fedora 10 or later.

To install the x86_64 or i386 RPM package

```
#rpm --install sysmanager-x.x.x.x.86_64.rpm
#rpm --install sysmanager-x.x.x.x.i386.rpm
```

If an earlier version of ScorpionWare® is already installed, then use the upgrade option.

```
#rpm --upgrade sysmanager-x.x.x.x.86_64.rpm
#rpm --upgrade sysmanager-x.x.x.i386.rpm
```

2.2 Windows

The ScorpionWare® Windows packages are available for 64-bit and 32-bit architectures running Windows XP or Vista.

3 Getting Connected

The information provided in this section is supplemental to the information found in the UTC001 Getting Started Guide

3.1 UTC001 Interfaces

The various VadaTech MicroTCA Shelf Managers support the following front panel interfaces:

- Two Ethernet connections via an RJ-45 connector
- An RS-232 serial management port interface via an RJ-45 connector

Any of these interfaces can be used to log in to the Shelf Manager or the Carrier Manager. To configure the system IP address the first time, log in using the serial port console.

3.2 Configuring the Shelf Manager IP Connections

On the MCH side, if the system IP address is not configured / not configured properly for its network, logging onto the UTC001 console the first time must be done via the serial port console.

The default administrative user name and password are 'root' and 'root', respectively, for console authentication.

Please refer to the <u>VadaTech UTC001 Getting Started Guide</u> for more information on how to configure the UTC001 Shelf or Carrier Manager out of band interfaces.

If the MicroTCA Shelf Manager IP address is configured properly, the user can communicate with the Shelf Manager over the network. The ScorpionWare® can run on a Remote Management Console and connect to the Shelf Manager through the RMCP interface to send IPMI messages. The Shelf Manager is configured with a system manager default user account with administrative privileges.

There are two Shelf Manager IP Connection addresses as defined by the MicroTCA Specification. The Vadatech default setting for the Shelf Manager IP Connection addresses are "192.168.1.230" and "192.168.1.231". This can be changed during the initial configuration via the serial console.

View the available IP connections to the MicroTCA Shelf Manager:

```
# get_ip_connection

Shelf Manager IP Address 0 : 192.168.1.230
Shelf Manager Gateway Address 0 : 192.168.1.1
Shelf Manager Netmask 0 : 255.255.255.0
Shelf Manager IP Address 1 : 192.168.1.231
Shelf Manager Gateway Address 1 : 192.168.1.1
Shelf Manager Netmask 1 : 255.255.255.0
```

To change the IP connections to the Shelf Manager, use the set_ip_connection CLI command. The changes take effect on the next power cycle.

Please refer to the <u>VadaTech MicroTCA Shelf Manager Command Line Interface Reference</u> <u>Manual</u> for more information on how to configure the UTC001 Shelf or Carrier Manager IP Connections.

3.3 Server Connection

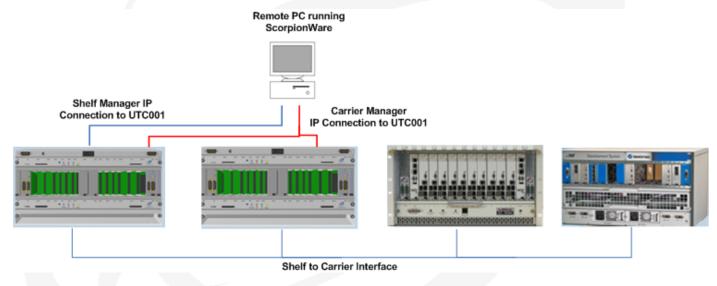


Figure 1: System Manager Connection

After the Shelf and the Carrier Manager IP Connections are configured properly on the VadaTech UTC001 MCH, the Remote PC running ScorpionWare® and the MCH must be on the same network.

From the Remote PC, ping the Shelf or Carrier Manager IP Connection address to verify communication between the MCH and the remote PC has been established. If there is a problem with the communication check your network connection.

With the network connection verified, ScorpionWare® should be able to open a session and get connected to the Shelf.

The following shows the list of default IP addresses assigned on a UTC001 that is running as a Shelf Manager.

```
[root@vtipmi root]# ifconfig
         Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:88
eth0
          inet addr:192.168.1.252 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:547940 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:871209 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:42654453 (40.6 MiB) TX bytes:63517831 (60.5 MiB)
          Base address:0xb000
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:88
eth0:1
          inet addr:192.168.16.1 Bcast:192.168.16.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          Base address:0xb000
eth0:8
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:88
                    addr:192.168.16.17
          inet
                                                     Bcast:192.168.16.255
Mask:255.255.25.0
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         Base address:0xb000
eth0:9
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:88
          inet addr:192.168.1.230 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU: 1500 Metric: 1
         Base address:0xb000
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:88
eth0:10
          inet addr:192.168.1.231 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          Base address: 0xb000
eth1
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:13:3A:00:24:89
                   addr:192.168.40.250
          inet
                                                    Bcast:192.168.40.255
Mask: 255.255.25.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:2 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:104 (104.0 B)
10
         Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
          RX packets:15788775 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:15788775 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
```

Figure 2: Shelf Manager Default IP Address assignements

The following illustrates the use of each of the above listed IP addresses.

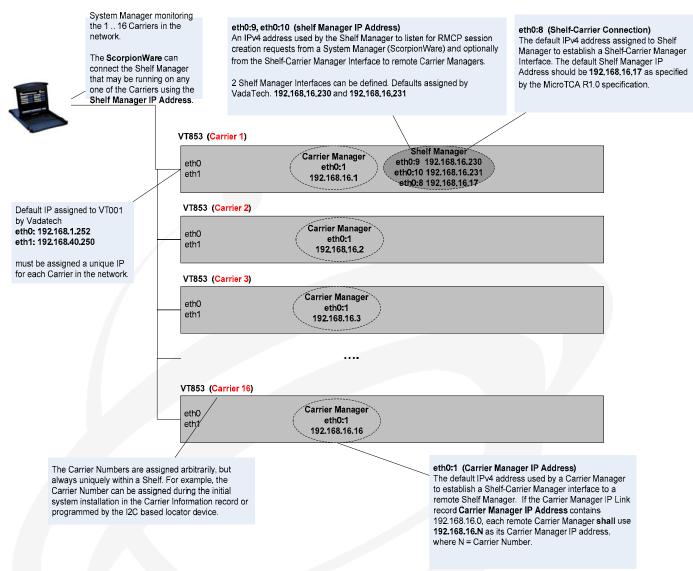


Figure 3: Shelf/Carrier Interconnection

3.4 Starting the Application

3.4.1 Linux

After completing the installation on the remote PC running Linux, ScorpionWare® can be started by issuing the following from the Linux prompt:

sysmanager

3.4.2 Windows

After installing the ScorpionWare® Windows package the System Manager Application short cuts are available in the Windows Start Menu and Desktop.

3.5 Session

When the ScorpionWare® System Management application is started the Session Configuration screen allows the user to configure a session with UTC001 Shelf Manager or the Carrier Manager.

There are two types of connections on the UTC001 depending on its configuration:

- Carrier Manager using the Carrier Manager IP Address
- Shelf Manager using the Shelf Manger IP Address

3.5.1 Configuration

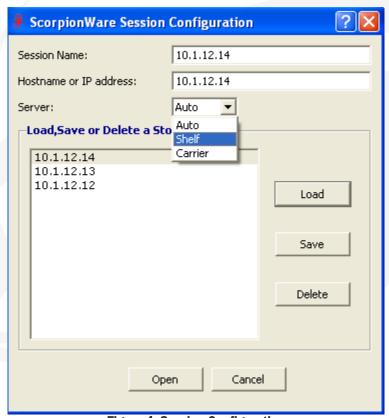


Figure 4: Session Configuration

The **Session Configuration** dialog allows the user to configure, save and load session connections with the UTC001 Shelf or the Carrier. There are two types of Server Interfaces, namely Carrier and Shelf. The destination Sever Interface depends on the mode the UTC001 is currently configured. If the Server Type is set to "Auto", the System Manager will automatically detect a Server Interface to get connected.

In the auto Interface detect mode the System Manager will always try to first establish connection with the Shelf, failing which it will then try to connect to the Carrier at the specified IP address. The user can also select the server type to selectively connect to the Shelf or Carrier Interface.

3.5.2 Login



Figure 5: Login

When the System Manager initiates a connection, the user will be prompted to enter the User Name and Password to the destination server.

The default Shelf Manager User Name is "shelf" and the Password is "shelf". The default Carrier Manager User Name is "carrier" and the Password is "carrier".

In auto server detect mode the User Name and Password entered by the user will be attempted on both Shelf and Carrier Interfaces.

3.5.3 Keep Alive

The **Keep Alive** option allows the user to remain connected with the server when there is no user activity. When enabled during login, the System Manager keeps the session alive by sending a heart beat message to the server periodically. If the Keep Alive option is not selected during log in the System Manager will close the session after 60 seconds of inactivity. The user may enable or disable Keep Alive at any time when the System Manager is running.

3.5.4 Virtual Shelf/Carrier

The **Virtual Shelf/Carrier** option allows the user to view the end system and FRUs using the System Manager. If this option is selected the System Manager will contruct the Chassis and the FRUs populated and display the virtual status of the Shelf or Carrier.

<u>Note</u>: By default Virtual Shelf/Carrier display is supported on all VadaTech Chassis and FRUs. All other types of Vendor Chassis will require Images of the Chassis and FRUs to be loaded and configured on the System Manager.

If Vendor Chasiss images are not available, this option can be disabled during log in.

System Manager Interface

4.1 Main Menu

Main Menu	Sub-menu	Hot Keys	Description
File	Log out	CTRL+L	Log out from current open session
View	Sensor		The list of sensor monitor sub
	Monitor		windows open
Tools	Refresh	CTRL+R	Refresh Shelf Information
	Pase Auto-	CTRL+P	Enable/Disable Auto refresh
	Refresh		
	Setting	CTRL+S	Custom ScorpionWare® settings
	Logger	CTRL+G	View System Manager Log file
	Chassis View	CTRL+H	Enable/Disable Chassis View
	Rotate	CTRL+O	Rotate Chassis
	Chassis		
	Trap Listener	CTRL+T	Open SNMP Trap Listener
	Sensor	CTRL+M	Open Sensor Monitor Instance
	Monitor		
Help	About		Information about ScorpionWare®

Table 2: Main Menu Description

4.2 Toolbar Options

ICON	Description
2	Refresh Shelf Information on demand
	Pause Auto Refresh
3	Custom ScorpionWare® settings
	Open ScorpionWare® log file
	Chassis View enable/disable
6	Chassis Rotate
	Open SNMP Trap Listener
Ass.	Open Sensor Monitor Instance
1	Logout from the current open session
Carriers ▼	Open a Carrier tab

Table 3: Tool bar Description

4.3 Status

The System Manager Status bar (bottom left) is used to report activities and command completion status.

4.4 Connection Status

Server Connection: 10.1.12.14/623 🌒 Copyright 2004-2010 VadaTech Inc.

The System Manager Server connection status bar presents the Server IP address/Port number of the current open session. An indicator is provided to present the user with the status of the server connection.

Color	Description
GREEN	Shelf Manager session is active and healthy
BLINK GREEN	System Manager is sending a heart beat to the remote server to keep session alive
RED	Shelf Manager session is Inactive
BLINK RED	System Manager lost connection with remote server and trying to reestablish connection.

Table 4: Server Connection Status

4.5 Management Resource Tabs

4.5.1 Shelf Manager

The Shelf Tab represents the Shelf resource at event receiver address 0x20.

4.5.1.1 Shelf Tab Overview

Selecting the Shelf Tab presents the Shelf Virtual Display, the Navigation Tree, the Resource/Entity Information and the FRU View.

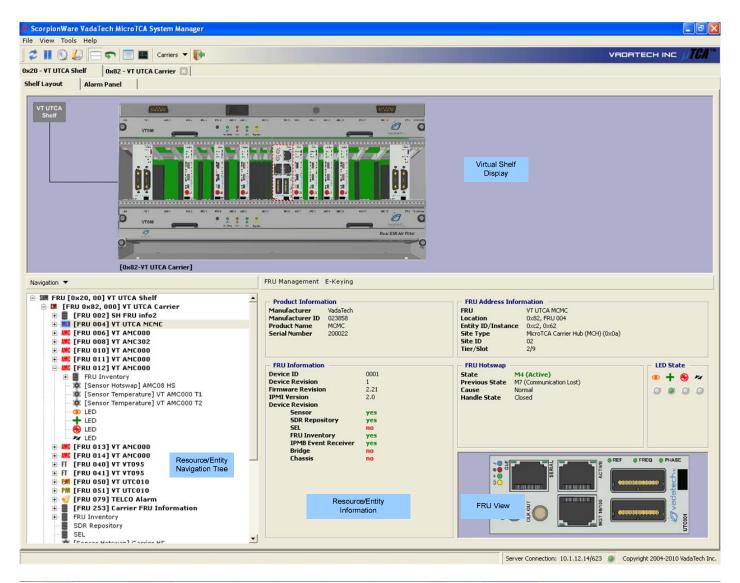


Figure 6: Shelf Layout

- <u>Virtual Shelf View</u> A virtual representation of the Shelf connected to the various Carriers as described in the MicroTCA Shelf Information Record. The Shelf View shows all the Carriers that are active and connected to the Shelf and the location of the Shelf FRU Information.
- Navigation A tree representing the Shelf as the root node and the Carriers managed by the ShMC. Only the Carriers currently connected to the Shelf are displayed. The resources and entities behind the Carriers are presented under the Carrier node. The navigation tree is used to traverse down the Shelf resource hierarchy.
- <u>Resource/Entity Information</u> Presents the information of the selected Resource or Entity. Product, FRU Address, Hotswap, and other detail information of the Resource/Entity are displayed in this section.
- <u>FRU View</u> Presents the image of the selected FRU.

4.5.1.2 Shelf Alarm Panel

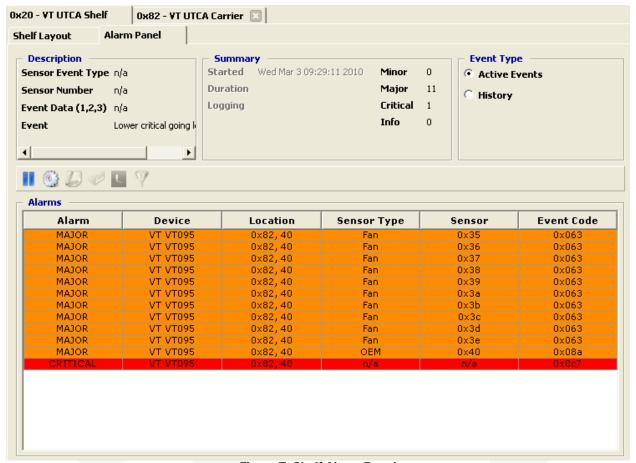


Figure 7: Shelf Alarm Panel

The Shelf Alarm Panel displays all the active alarms on the Shelf as well the option to view the history of alarms that occurred since system startup.

4.5.1.3 Chassis Temperature Panel

The Chassis Temperature Panel is used to view the temperature status of the Carriers installed in the Shelf.

(Note: Chassis Temperature Panel is not available in System Manager V1.1)

4.5.1.4 Chassis Voltage Panel

The Chassis Temperature Panel is used to view the voltage status of the Carriers installed in the Shelf.

(Note: Chassis Temperature Panel is not available in System Manager V1.1)

4.5.2 Carrier Manager

The **Carrier Tab** represents a remote Carrier connected to the Shelf. Up to 16 Carriers can be connected to a Shelf Manager.



Figure 8: Carrier List

A new Carrier Tab can be added using the "Carrier" drop down list in the System Manager Tool bar option. The drop down list will contain all the Carriers currently connected to the Shelf. The user can select a Carrier by name to open its Carrier Tab. If a Carrier loses communication with the Shelf Manager, the respective Carrier entry will be grayed out and disabled.

A Carrier Tab can be closed by the user at anytime.

4.5.2.1 Carrier Tab Overview

The Carrier Tab presents the Virtual Carrier View, the Navigation, the Resource/Entity, and FRU Information.

- <u>Virtual Carrier View</u> A virtual representation of the Carrier chassis and the FRUs installed in it.
- <u>Navigation</u> A tree representing the Carrier as the root node and the FRUs managed by the MCMC. Only the FRUs currently installed to the Carrier are displayed. The resources and entities behind the Carriers are presented under the Carrier node. The navigation tree is used to traverse down the Carrier resource hierarchy.
- Resource/Entity Information Presents the Information of the selected Resource or Entity.
- FRU View Presents the image of the selected FRU.

4.5.2.2 Carrier Alarm Panel

The Carrier Alarm Panel displays all the active alarms on the Carrier as well the option to view the history of alarms that occurred since system startup.

4.5.2.3 Chassis Temperature Panel

The Chassis Temperature Panel is used to view the temperature of the Carrier and the FRUs installed.

(Note: Chassis Temperature Panel is not available in System Manager V1.1)

4.5.2.4 Chassis Voltage Panel

The Chassis Temperature Panel is used to view the voltage of the Carrier and the FRUs installed.

(Note: Chassis Temperature Panel is not available in System Manager V1.1)

4.5.2.5 Carrier Telco Alarms

The Carrier Telco Alarms shows the current state of the Minor, Major and Critical alarms. These Carrier Alarms are reported by the Carrier TELCO FRU. If the TELCO FRU is not discovered or is not present for a Carrier, the Carrier Alarms will remain inactive and grayed out.



Controls:

1	Telco Cut-off Disabled
×	Telco Cut-off Enabled

4.6 Shelf Virtual View

The Virtual Shelf View provides a pictorial representation of the Shelf and its connections to the various OEM Carriers.

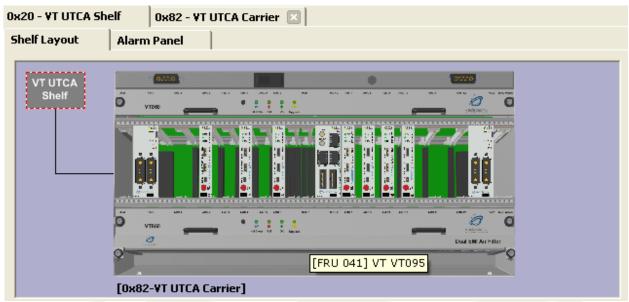


Figure 10: Shelf View

The Carriers front or back can be viewed using the Shelf/Chassis roate option.

The following table lists the Carrier IDs and access addresses in the Shelf domain:

Carrier ID	Address
1	0x82
2	0x84
3	0x86
4	0x88
5	0x8a
6	0x8c
7	0x8e
8	0x90
9	0x92
10	0x94
11	0x96
12	0x98
13	0x9a
14	0x9c
15	0x9e
16	0xa0

Table 5: Carrier Addressing

4.6.1 Shelf FRU Information

The Shelf FRU Information can be located on any one of the Carriers connected to the Shelf. During startup the Shelf Manager will discover the Shelf FRU Information. Based on this data the Shelf Manager will initialize the Shelf Cooling Management, Shelf Activation, IP connections, etc.

The Carrier that contains the Shelf FRU Information is indicated by a 'm' tag under the Carrier image.

4.6.2 Carrier Active Status

When the Shelf detects a Carrier, the respective Carrier image is added to the Shelf View. If communication is lost with a Carrier, the respective Carrier image is grayed out until the communication is re-established. If a Carrier is removed or extracted from the Shelf then the Carrier image is removed from the Shelf View.

4.6.3 Carrier Resource

The Shelf View can also be used to navigate to the selected Carrier resource. Any of the installed and active Carriers can be selected to view that Carrier's Tab.

4.7 Carrier Virtual View

The Carrier Layout provides a pictorial representation of the Carrier and the FRUs installed in the Carrier Chassis. The Carriers are identified by their Manufacturer ID and Part Number provided by the Vendor and the System Manager will load the respective Carrier image if one is available. The example shows a VadaTech VT860 Chassis Virtual front view.

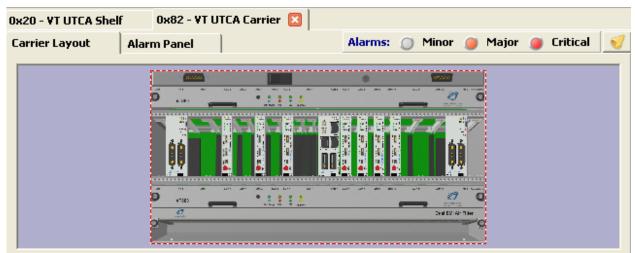


Figure 11: Carrier View

The Carriers front or back can be viewed using the Chassis roate option.

4.7.1 FRU Active Status

When the System Manager detects a FRU installed in the Carrier, the respective FRU image is populated in the Carrier View. If communication is lost with a FRU, the respective FRU image is grayed out until the communication is re-established. If a FRU is removed or extracted from the Carrier then the FRU image is removed from the Carrier View.

4.7.2 Carrier Manager FRU

The Carrier View can also be used to navigate to the selected Carrier FRU. Any of the installed FRU can be selected to view its entities.

4.8 Resource and Entity Navigation

Resources actually represent the managed elements, called Entities, and the management instruments associated with these entities. In other words, resources are a logical representation of a piece of managed hardware and the management capabilities and methods for that hardware.

4.8.1 Tree Hierarchy

The Shelf and Carrier navigation tree presents the all the resources and entities in a hierarchal tree with the Shelf and Carrier as the root node and all the managed resources and entities under it.

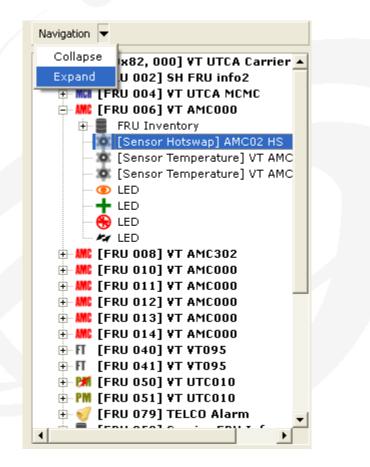


Figure 12: Navaigation with Expand/Collapse Option

The following table represents the FRUs and entities under the Shelf navigation tree.

Shelf/Carrier Resource	Level
Shelf Manager	1
Carrier 116	2
Shelf FRU Inventory	2
Shelf Sensor Data Repository (SDR)	2
Shelf System Event Log (SEL)	2
Shelf Hot swap Sensor	2
Shelf FRU Information (FRU 254)	2
Carrier FRUs	3
Carrier Sensors	3
Carrier FRU Inventory	3
Carrier Sensor Data Repository (SDR)	3
Carrier System Event Log (SEL)	3

Table 6: Shelf Tree Hierarchy

4.8.2 Resource/Entity Icons

The navigation tree presents each resource or entity using an Icon which enables the user to easily identify its type. The following table lists the Icons and its type.

ICON	Resource / Entity
SHM	Shelf Manager
CM	Carrier Manager
	FRU Inventory
	Shelf Sensor Data Repository (SDR)
	Shelf System Event Log (SEL)
0	Sensors
AMC	AMC
MCH	мсн
. 🥑	Telco
FT	Fan Tray
PM	Active Power Module
PM	Passive Power Module
ra	Hotswap LED
⊕	Error LED
+	Health LED
•	User LED

Table 7: Resource/Entity Icons

4.8.3 Expand and Collapse

The navigation tree can be fully expanded and collapsed using the navigation menu. Individual resource nodes can be expanded or collapsed using the + or - buttons.

4.8.4 Shelf/Carrier Commands

Selecting an entry in the navigation tree will provide details about the resource or entity.

Using the right mouse button, click on the resource or entity to obtain the list of commands available for that resource.

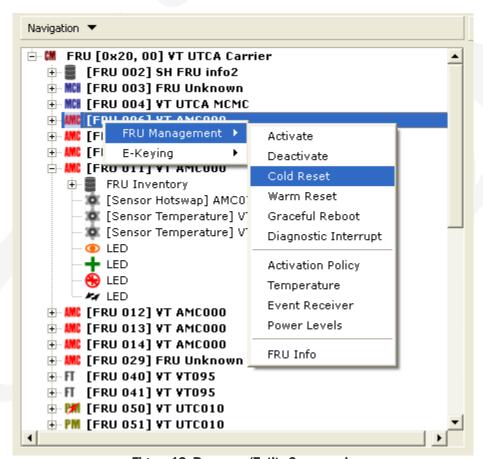


Figure 13: Resource/Entity Commands

The command options for a FRU are also be accessed using the resource or entity information menu or the Virtual Shelf/Carrier View.

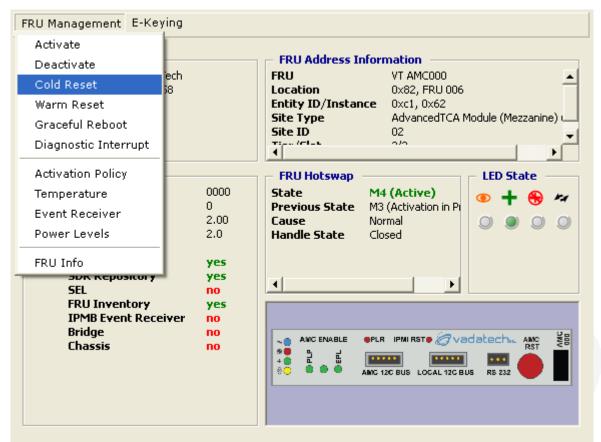


Figure 14: Resource/Entity Command Menu

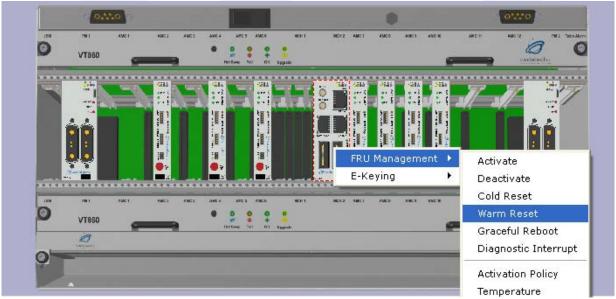


Figure 15: FRU Command selection using the Shelf/Carrier View

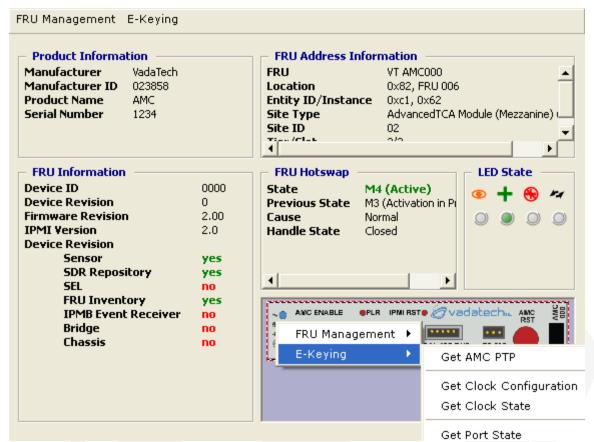


Figure 16: FRU Command selection using the FRU Image

The following table presents the list of commands that are applicable for each Resource or Entity.

Main Menu	Functions
FRU Management	FRU Info
Alerting	Get PEF Configuration
	Set PEF Configuration
	SNMP Trap Information
	SNMP Trap Test
Cooling	Parameters
	Get Fan Geography
LAN	Channel Access
	Get Channel Cipher Suites
	Get Channel Information
	Get LAN Configuration
	Set LAN Configuration
	Get/Set Shelf IP
	Connection
	List Active Sessions
Administration	User Access
	List Users
System Management	Chassis Control Up
	Chassis Control Down
	FRU Management Alerting Cooling LAN Administration

		Obsessio Control Decet
		Chassis Control Reset Chassis Control Soft
		Shutdown
		Chassis Control Diagnostic
		Interrupt
		Shelf Information
Carrier Manager	FRU Management	Activate
		Deactivate
		Set Extracted
		FRU Info
	Alerting	Get PEF Configuration
		Set PEF Configuration
		SNMP Trap Information
		SNMP Trap Test
	Cooling	Parameters
		Get Fan Geography
	E-Keying	Get Carrier PTP
		Get Clock PTP
	LAN	N/A in 1.0
	Power	Get Power Distribution
		Get Power Policy
	Administration	N/A in 1.0
	System Management	Chassis Control Up
	System management	Chassis Control Down
		Chassis Control Reset
		Chassis Control Soft
		Shutdown
		Chassis Control Diagnostic
		Interrupt
		Carrier Information
		Activation Sequence
		Failover
Shelf FRU Information	N/A	Upload
Shell I No illioilliation	14/ A	Download
MCH, AMC, OEM	FRU Management	Activate
WICH, AWIC, OLIVI	i Ko Management	Deactivate
		Cold Reset
		Warm Reset
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver Power Levels
		Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver Power Levels FRU Info
	E-Keying	Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver Power Levels FRU Info Get AMC PTP
	E-Keying	Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver Power Levels FRU Info Get AMC PTP Get Clock Configuration
	E-Keying	Warm Reset Graceful Reboot Diagnostic Interrupt Activation Policy Temperature Event Receiver Power Levels FRU Info Get AMC PTP

Fan Tray	FRU Management	Activate
		Deactivate
		Cold Reset
		Warm Reset
		Graceful Reboot
		Diagnostic Interrupt
		Activation Policy
		Temperature
		Event Receiver
		Power Levels
		FRU Info
	Cooling	Fan Level
Power Module	FRU Management	Activate
		Deactivate
		Set Extracted
		Cold Reset
		Activation Policy
		Temperature
		Event Receiver
		FRU Info
	Power	Channel Status
		Power Up
		Power Down
		Hard Reset
		Diagnostic Interrupt
		Soft Shutdown
		Power Feed Reset
Telco	Alarm Management	Telco Capabilities
		State
Carrier Information	N/A	Upload
		Download
FRU Inventory	N/A	Upload
		Download
SDR	N/A	Get SDR Info
		Get SDR
SEL	N/A	Get SEL Info
		Get SEL
		Clear SEL
Sensor	N/A	N/A

Table 8: Resource/Entity Commands

Each entry in the navigation tree provides a specific set of commands that can be used to obtain information, current status of the resource or entity. The following sections will describe these commands in detail.

4.9 Shelf Manager Commands

4.9.1 FRU Management

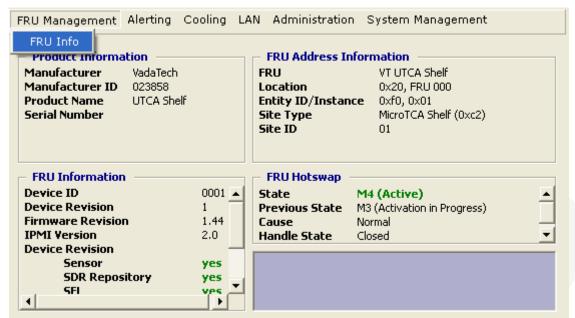


Figure 17: Shelf Manager FRU Management Commands

4.9.1.1 FRU Info

This command is used to obtain the following information about the ShMC:

- Product information
- FRU Information as described by the Get Device ID Command
- Address information
- Current hot swap state
- LED State
- FRU Image (if one is available)

4.9.2 Alerting

This Shelf FRU command set is used to program the Platform Event Filters (PEF) and Configure and test SNMP Traps.

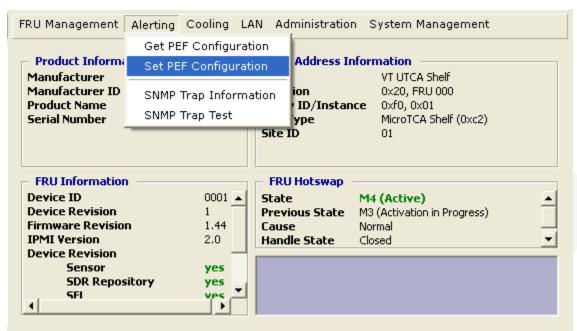


Figure 18: Shelf Manager Alerting Commands

4.9.2.1 Get PEF Configuration

This command is used to get the Shelf Manager Platform Event Filter Configuration.

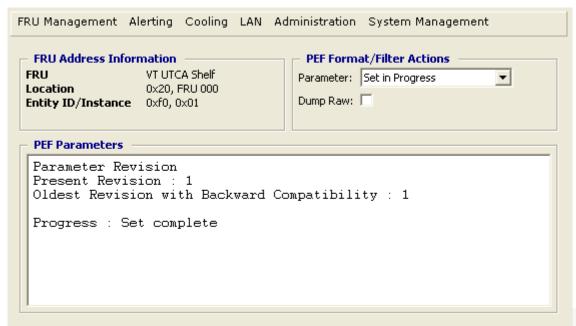


Figure 19: Get PEF Configuration

The PEF Parameters can be slected using the PEF Format/Filter actions. For more information on PEF Parameters refer to IPMI 2.0 Specification.

4.9.2.2 Set PEF Configuration

This command is used to set the Shelf Manager Platform Event Filter Configuration.

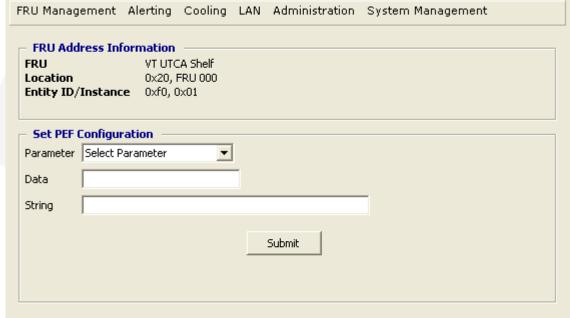


Figure 20: Set PEF Configuration

4.9.2.3 SNMP Trap Information

This command is used to get the SNMP Trap destination addresses currently programmed in the Shelf Manager SNMP Configuration.

For each SNMP Trap destination address a table of IPMI channel and its alerting state is displayed.

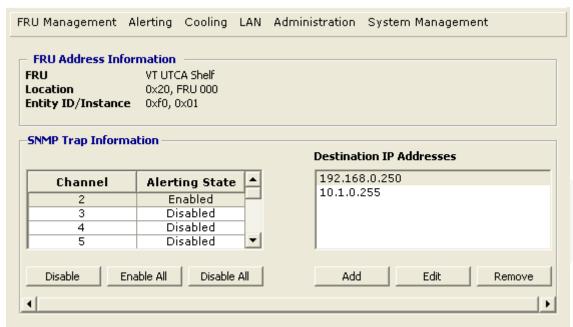


Figure 21: SNMP Trap Information

Controls:

- SNMP traps can be enabled or disabled per IPMI channel.
- Destination IP Addresses can be added, removed or edited.

4.9.2.4 SNMP Trap Test

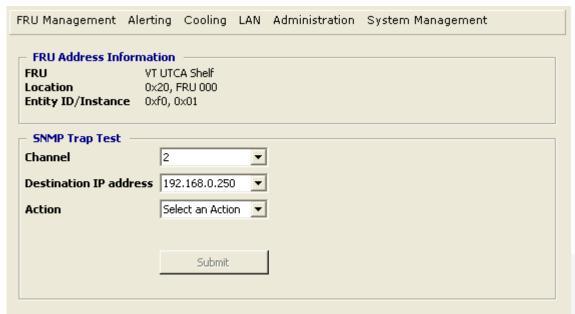


Figure 22: Shelf SNMP Trap Test

This command can be used to select an IPMI Channel, a Destination IP Address and an Action to perform on the selected parameters. To use the SNMP Trap Test the IPMI Channel on the selected Destination IP Address must be at enabled state.

Actions:

- Get the status of the SNMP Trap Test issued previously to the server.
- Clear the status of the SNMP Trap Test issued previously to the server.

4.9.3 Cooling

The cooling commands are used to configure the Shelf Manager cooling management and to obtain the Shelf cooling geography information.

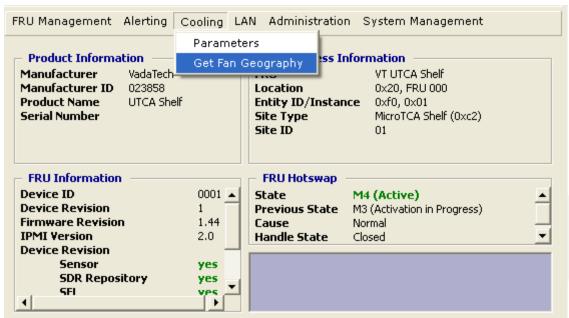


Figure 23: Shelf Manager Cooling Commands

4.9.3.1 Parameters

This command is used to configure the Shelf cooling parameters stored in the ShMC FRU Inventory.

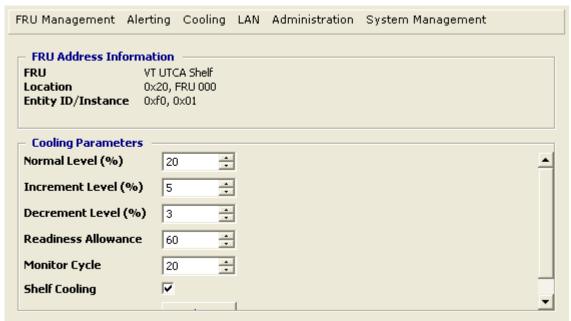


Figure 24: Shelf Cooling Parameters

Configurable Parameters:

- Fan Normal Operating Levels, Increment and Decrement Levels, Cooling Readiness Allowance, and Monitor Cycle can be set.
- The Shelf cooling management can be enabled or disabled.

4.9.3.2 Get Fan Geography

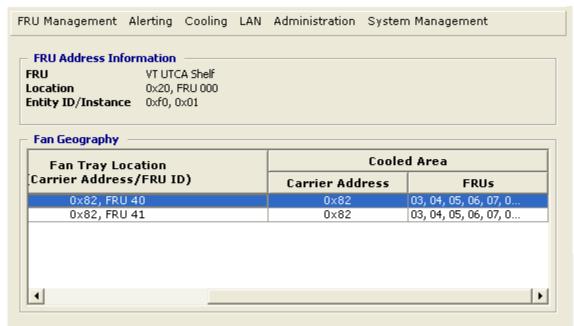


Figure 25: Shelf Fan Geography

This command is used to obtain the Shelf Fan Geography Information.

Shelf Manager will manage the Shelf-level cooling, based on the MicroTCA Fan Geography record(s) stored in the Shelf FRU Information. Shelf Managers must interact with a Carrier Manager for any Cooling Unit that is part of that Carrier Manager's MicroTCA Carrier. The mapping between FRUs and the Cooling Units that cool those FRUs is defined by the MicroTCA Fan Geography record(s). Each Cooling Unit FRU entry associates a list of FRU Device IDS and the Carrier Number the FRUs are in with the Carrier Number and FRU Device of the Cooling Unit that covers them.

4.9.4 LAN

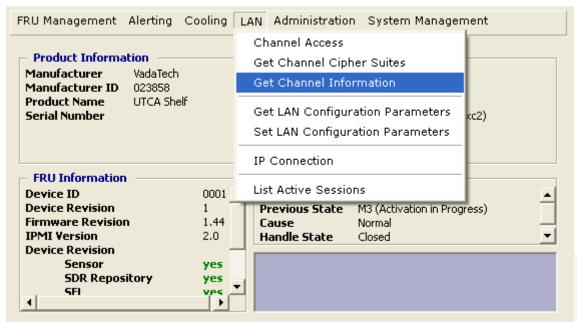


Figure 26: Shelf Manager LAN Configuration Commands

4.9.4.1 Get Channel Access

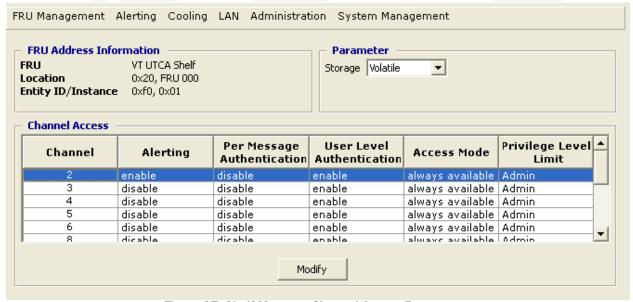


Figure 27: Shelf Manager Channel Access Parameters

4.9.4.2 Get Channel Cipher Suites

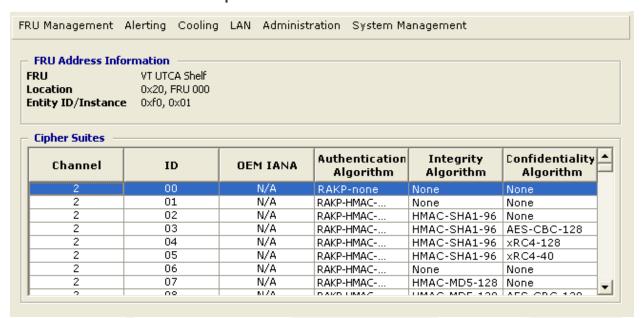


Figure 28: Shelf Manager Channel Cipher Suites

4.9.4.3 Get Channel Information

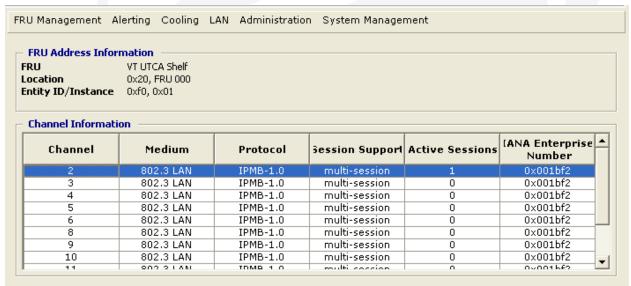


Figure 29: Shelf Manager Channel Information

4.9.4.4 Get LAN Configuration Parameters

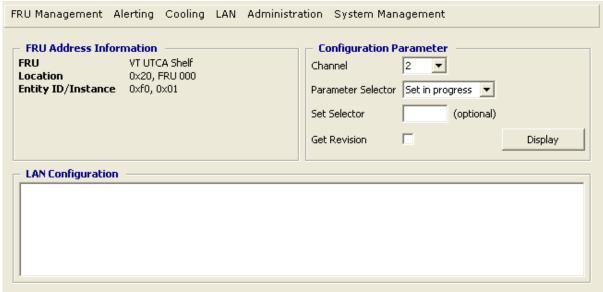


Figure 30: Shelf Manager LAN Configuration Parameters

4.9.4.5 Set LAN Configuration Parameters

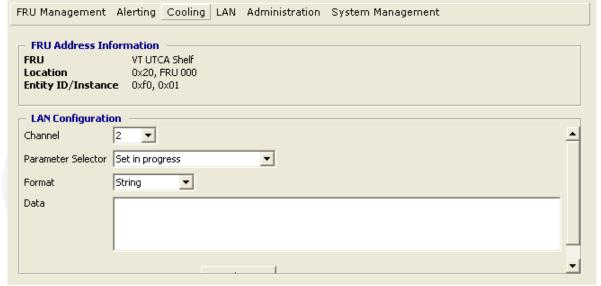


Figure 31: Shelf Manager Set LAN Configuration Parameters

4.9.4.6 Shelf IP Connection

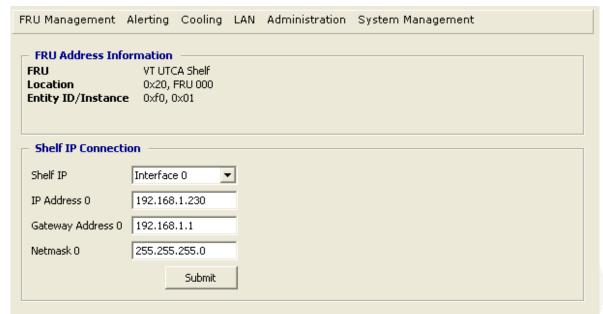


Figure 32: Shelf Manager Self IP Connection

There are two Shelf Manager Interfaces defined by the MicroTCA Speficification. These Interfaces are the out of band connection to the Shelf Manager. This command is used to setup these two IP Connections to the Shelf Manager.

4.9.4.7 List Active Sessions

This command lists all the currently active sessions to the Shelf Manager.

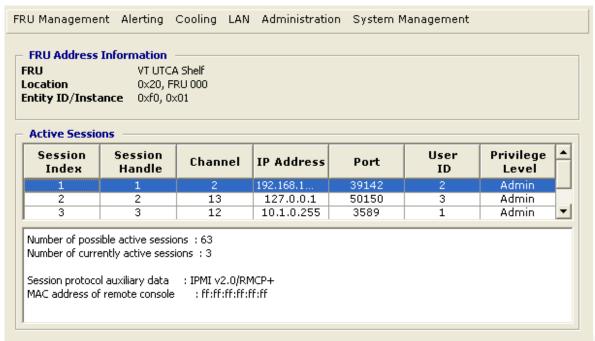


Figure 33: Shelf Manager List Active Sessions

4.9.5 Administration

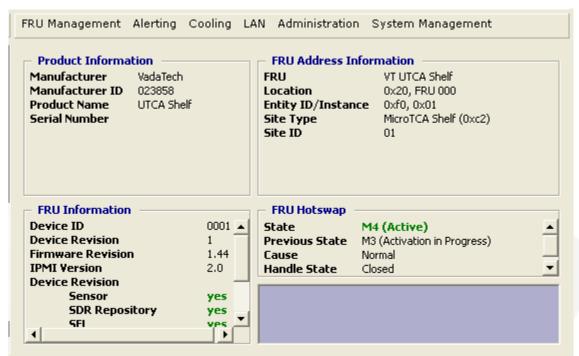


Figure 34: Shelf Manager Adminstration Commands

4.9.5.1 User Access

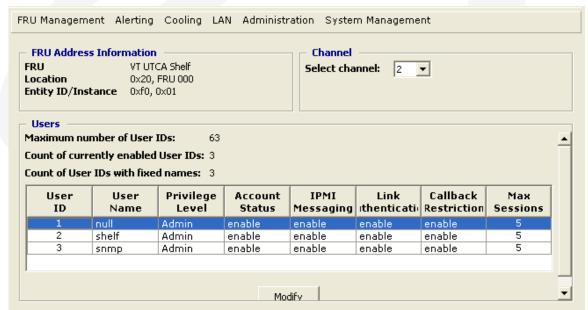


Figure 35: Shelf Manager User Access

4.9.5.2 List Users

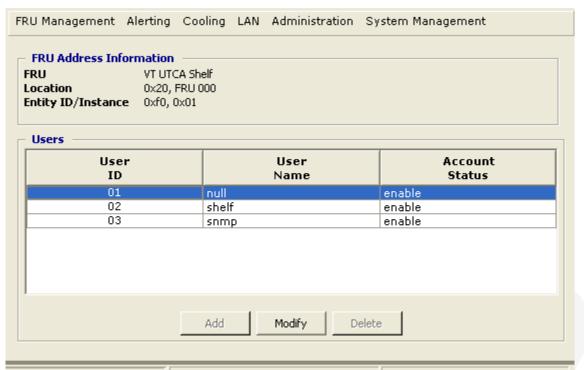


Figure 36: Shelf Manager List of Users

4.9.6 System Management

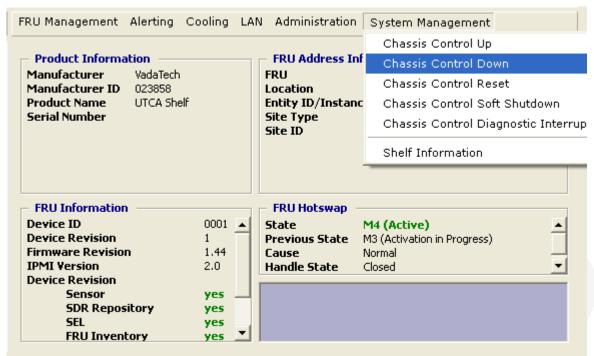


Figure 37: Shelf Manager System Management Commands

4.9.6.1 Chassis Controls

Command	Description
Up	Activates all the FRUs in the specified
	Carrier
Down	Deactivates all the FRUs in the specified
	Carrier
Reset	Issue cold reset on all the powered FRUs in
	the Carrier
Soft Shutdown	Deactivates all the FRUs in the specified
	Carrier
Diagnostic Interrupt	Pulse diagnostic interrupt on all the FRUs in
	the Carrier

Table 9: Shelf Chassis Controls

4.9.6.2 Shelf Information

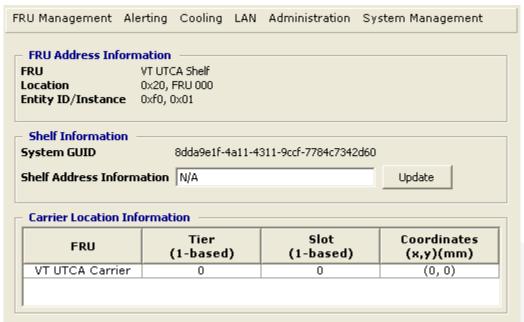


Figure 38: Shelf Information

The location of the MicroTCA Carrier within a Shelf is implementation-defined by the system integrator. The MicroTCA Shelf Information record as described in the Shelf FRU Information contains mapping information used to describe the physical location of Carriers and Modules in the Shelf.

4.10 Shelf FRU Information

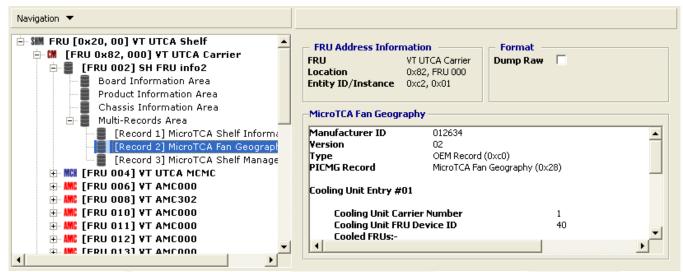


Figure 39: Shelf FRU Information

The MicroTCA Shelf FRU Information is specified as a logical entity and can be located in the Carrier FRU Information device. The Shelf FRU Information is located in one of the Carrier FRU Information Device.

The contents the Shelf FRU Information can be viewed by navigating further into the Board, Product, Chassis and Multi-Record sections of the FRU Inventory.

4.11 Carrier Manager

4.11.1 FRU Management

4.11.1.1 FRU Info

This command is used to obtain the following information regarding the MCMC:

- Product information
- FRU Information as described by the Get Device ID Command
- Address information
- Current hot swap state
- FRU Image (if available)

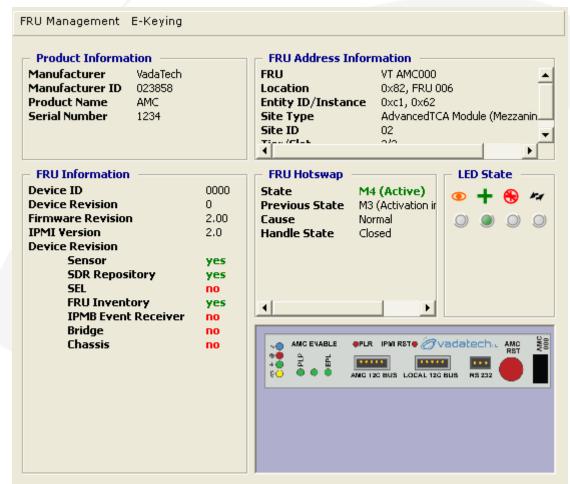


Figure 40: FRU Information

4.11.1.2 FRU Activate

This command is used to activate all the FRUs in the Carrier.

4.11.1.3 FRU Deactivate

This command is used to deactivate all the FRUs in the Carrier.

4.11.1.4 FRU Cold Reset

FRU Control (Cold Reset)" command shall cause a hardware reset to its payload, similar to a power on reset.

4.11.1.5 FRU Warm Reset

FRU Control (Warm Reset) command shall cause the Module's payload to be reset to a stable condition, attempting to preserve its operational state. If this command variant is unsupported, the MMC shall return the "Invalid data field in Request (CCh)" Completion Code.

4.11.1.6 FRU Graceful Reboot

FRU Control (Graceful Reboot) command on a Module which supports this command shall initiate a graceful shutdown and reboot of its payload operating system. If this command variant is unsupported, the MMC shall return the "Invalid data field in Request (CCh)" *Completion Code*.

4.11.1.7 FRU Diagnostic Interrupt

FRU Control (Issue Diagnostic Interrupt) command on a Module which supports this command shall trigger a diagnostic interrupt to the Module's payload. If this command variant is unsupported, the MMC shall return the "Invalid data field in Request (CCh)" *Completion Code*.

4.11.1.8 FRU Activation Policy

The Set FRU Activation Policy command modifies the way a FRU's operational state transitions behave. The policy bits indicate whether the FRU is Locked or not and whether the FRU is Deactivation-Locked or not. Conceptually, the Locked bit is like a software equivalent of the Handle Switch. Similar to the situation with the hardware Handle Switch, the FRU cannot proceed from state M1 to M2 if the Locked bit has a value 1b. The Deactivation-Locked bit indicates whether the Extraction Criteria Met condition exists. The FRU can only proceed from M4 to M5 if the Deactivation-Locked bit is cleared.

4.11.1.9 FRU Temperature

The FRU temperature command is used to obtain the current status of all the temperature sensors that are present on the target FRU.

4.11.1.10 FRU Event Receiver

This command is used to obtain the the slave address and LUN of its Event Receiver. The command is also used to set the receiver addresss.

4.11.1.11 FRU Power Levels

If the Carrier Manager has the power budget to allow the FRU to change power levels, up or down, it sends a Set Power Level command. This command can be used to obtain the current FRU power level or to change the power level.

4.11.1.12 Set Extracted

This command is used to set the Carrier has been removed or extracted from the Shelf. Normally this command is used if a Carrier was removed from a Shelf domain, and currently remains at a Communication Lost state.

4.11.2 Alerting

These set of commands is used to configure and enable Carrier Alerting.

The Carrier Manager Alerting is similar to the Shelf Manager. Please refer to Section 4.9.2

4.11.3 Cooling

4.11.3.1 Parameters

This command is used to configure the Carrier cooling parameters.

The Shelf cooling parameters is stored in the MCMC FRU Inventory. The VadaTech Carrier cooling parameters is similar to the VadaTech Shelf Manager. Please refer to Section 4.9.3

4.11.3.2 Get Fan Geography

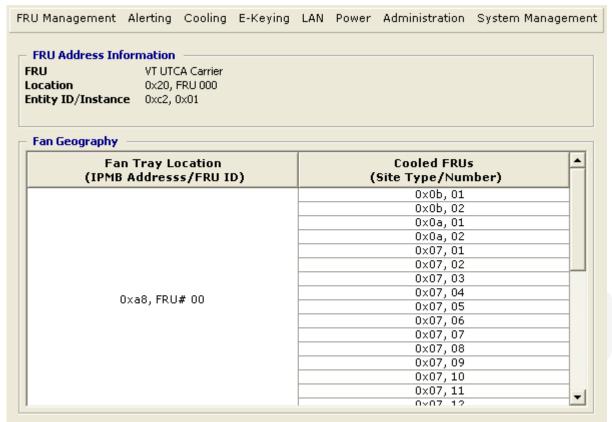


Figure 41: Carrier Fan Geography

This command is used to obtain the fan geography information for the VadaTech Carrier Manager.

This command is only available when connected to the VadaTech Carrier Manager. The VadaTech Carrier Manager is capable of managing its chassis cooling provided one or more Fan Tray(s) are available in the chassis. When a Shelf Manager is absent or communication is lost with the Shelf Manger the Carrier Manager will automatically take over its cooling. This is so the Carrier cooling is not compromised if the Shelf Manger communication was lost.

4.11.4 E-Keying



Figure 42: Carrier Fan Geography

4.11.4.1 Get Carrier Point to Point

This command is used to obtain the Carrier Point-to-Point Information.

The Carrier Point-to-Point Connectivity record contains information about the MicroTCA Carrier physical connections, as defined by the Backplane implementation. The Carrier Point-to-Point Connectivity record is located in the Carrier FRU Information. The fields in these records describe how Fabric connectivity is routed.

The System Manager lists the Carrier PTP records as defined in the Carrier FRU Information. The record information can be viewed by selecting the respective record in the Record/Descriptor Table.

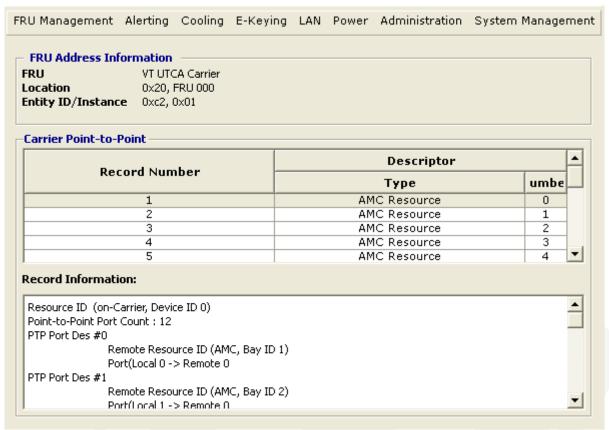


Figure 43: Carrier Point-to-Point

4.11.4.2 Get Clock Point-to-Point

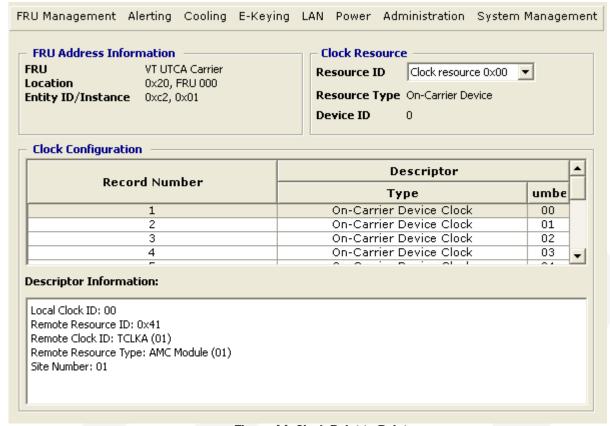


Figure 44: Clock Point-to-Point

This command is used to obtain the Carrier Clock Point-to-Point information.

4.11.5 LAN

These Commands are similar to Shelf Manager. Please Refer to Section 4.9.4

4.11.6 Administration

These Commands are similar to Shelf Manager. Please Refer to Section 4.9.5

4.11.7 Power



Figure 45: Carrier Power Distribution Commands

4.11.7.1 Get Power Distribution

This command is used to obtain the Carrier Power Distribution.

MicroTCA Carrier Activation and Power Management Records describe the Maximum Channel Current that the backplane is capable of delivering to a module.

The Carrier Manager will obtain the Module's current requirement from its FRU Information and then validate it against the Maximum Channel Current data defined in the MicroTCA Carrier FRU Activation and Power Management Record. The current delivered to a Module cannot exceed the Maximum Channel Current.

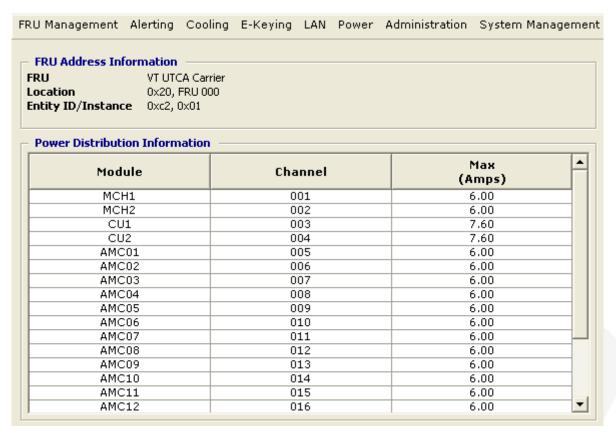


Figure 46: Carrier Power Distribution

4.11.7.2 Get Power Policy

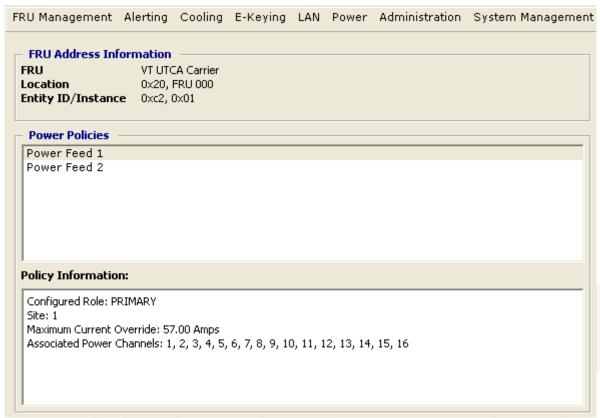


Figure 47: Carrier Power Policy

This command is used to obtain the Carrier Power Policy Record.

The MicroTCA Carrier Power Policy record specifies the Maximum Current Override and recommends Primary/Redundant roles and preferences for Power Channel allocation to each PM. The Maximum Current Override field optionally limits the maximum available Payload Power from the PM due to external constraints such as cabling, external power limitations, and power supply efficiency. Regardless of the power capability reported by the PM, the power drawn from the PM cannot exceed this value.

The optional Power Channel Array specifies the preferred Power Channels to which a PM provides Payload Power.

4.11.8 System Management



Figure 48: Carrier System Management

4.11.8.1 Chassis Controls

Command	Description
Up	Activate all FRUs in the Chassis
Down	Deactivate all FRUs in the Chassis
Reset	Send Cold Reset to all FRUs in the Chassis
Soft Shutdown	Deactivate all FRUs sin the Chassis
Diagnostic Interrupt	Pulse diagnostic interrupt to all FRUs in the Chassis
	Chassis

Table 10: Carrier Chassis Controls

4.11.8.2 Carrier Information

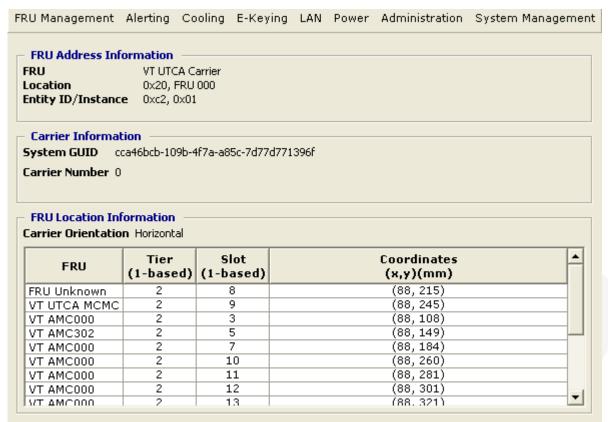


Figure 49: Carrier Information

The physical location of Modules within a MicroTCA Carrier is determined by the layout of the MicroTCA Carrier Backplane. The MicroTCA Carrier Information record as described in the Carrier FRU Information contains mapping information used to describe the physical location of Modules in the Carrier.

Each MicroTCA Carrier is identified by its MicroTCA Carrier Number from 1 through 16 within a MicroTCA Shelf. Typically, the Carrier Number is assigned based on the Carrier's physical location in the MicroTCA Shelf.

4.11.8.3 Address Table

This command is used to obtain the Carrier Module address table.

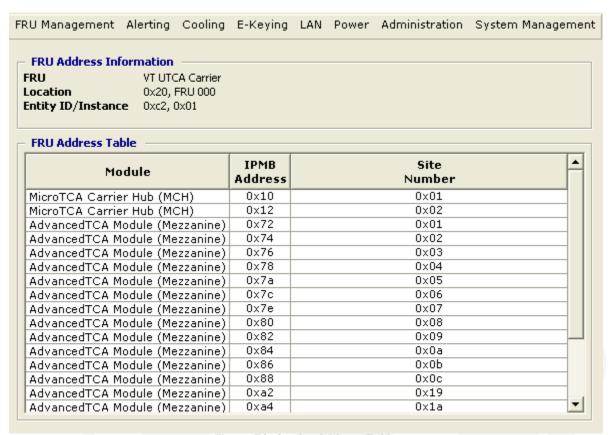


Figure 50: Carrier Address Table

4.11.8.4 Activation Sequence

The MicroTCA Carrier Activation and Power Management Record describe the Module activation sequence, as well as the Maximum Channel Current that the Backplane is capable of delivering to the Module.

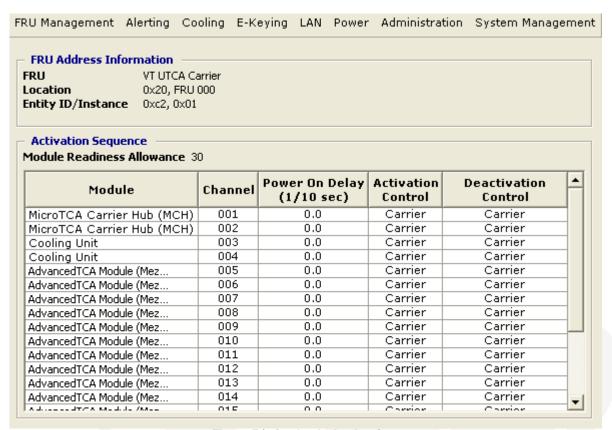


Figure 51: Carrier Activation Sequence

4.11.8.5 Failover

This command enables the user to issue a Carrier redundancy failover to the standby MCH if one is present. If a redundant MCH is healthy and active the Carrier Manager will failover immediately.

4.12 MCMC, EMMC and MMC

4.12.1 FRU Management

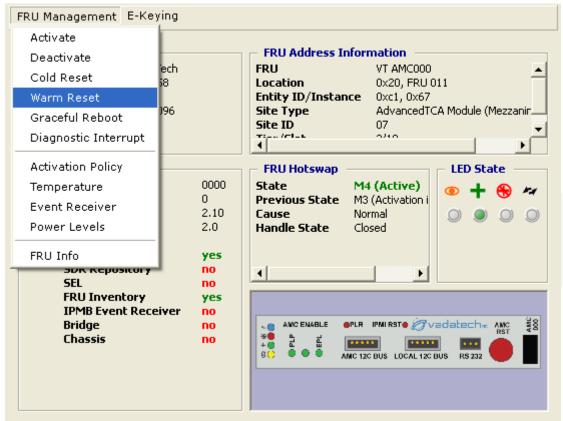


Figure 52: MCMC,EMMC,MMC FRU Management

4.12.1.1 FRU Info

This command is used to obtain the FRU:

- Product information
- FRU Information as described by the Get Device ID Command
- Address information
- Hot swap state of FRU
- LED state

4.12.1.2 Activate

This command is used to activate the specified FRU to M4 state.

4.12.1.3 Deactivate

This command is used to deactivate the specified FRU to M1 state.

4.12.1.4 Set Extracted

Applicable only for Power Module, this command is used to set PM as extracted or not installed.

4.12.1.5 Cold Reset

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs, Fan Trays and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to trigger a hardware reset of the specified FRU payload.

4.12.1.6 Warm Reset

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs, Fan Trays and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to trigger a reset of the specified FRU payload to a stable condition while attempting to preserve its operational state. The FRU may not support this command.

4.12.1.7 Graceful Reboot

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs, Fan Trays and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to trigger a graceful shutdown to the specified FRU and reboot of its payload operating system. The FRU may not support this command.

4.12.1.8 Diagnostic Interrupt

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs, Fan Trays and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to trigger a diagnostic interrupt to the specified FRU's payload. The FRU may not support this command.

4.12.1.9 Activation Policy

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs, Fan Trays, PM and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to get the current state of the specified FRU Activation Policy. The policy bits indicate whether the FRU is Locked or not and whether the FRU is Deactivation-Locked or not. Conceptually, the Locked bit is like a software equivalent of the Handle Switch. Similar to the situation with the hardware Handle Switch, the FRU cannot proceed from state M1 to M2 if the Locked bit has the value 1b. The Deactivation-Locked bit indicates whether the Extraction Criteria Met condition exists. The FRU can only proceed from M4 to M5 if the Deactivation-Locked bit is cleared.

4.12.1.10 Temperature

Applicable only for MCMC, MMCs, Fan Trays, PM and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to get the current temperature reading and threshold status of the specified FRU.

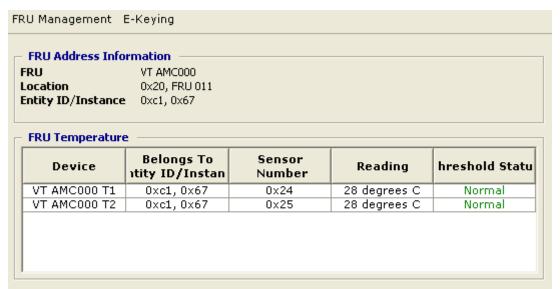


Figure 53: FRU Temperature Status

4.12.1.11 Event Receiver

This command is used to get the Event Receiver address and LUN setting for the specified FRU. The command can also be used to set the Receiver address and LUN.

4.12.1.12 Power Levels

This command is used to get the current operating power level for the specified FRU. The user can change the power level of the FRU by selecting one of the available power levels supported by the FRU.

4.12.2 E-Keying

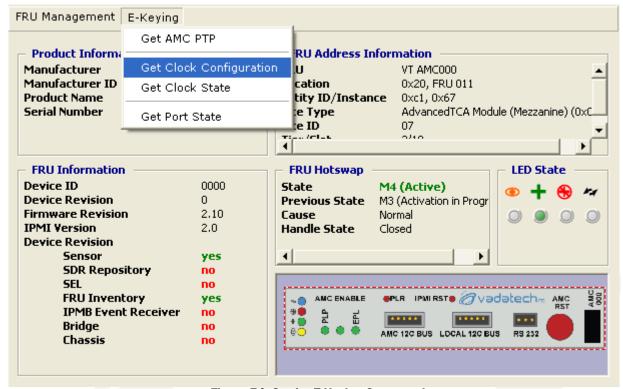


Figure 54: Carrier E-Keying Commands

4.12.2.1 Get AMC PTP

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to obtain the AMC Point-to-Point Information of the specified FRU.

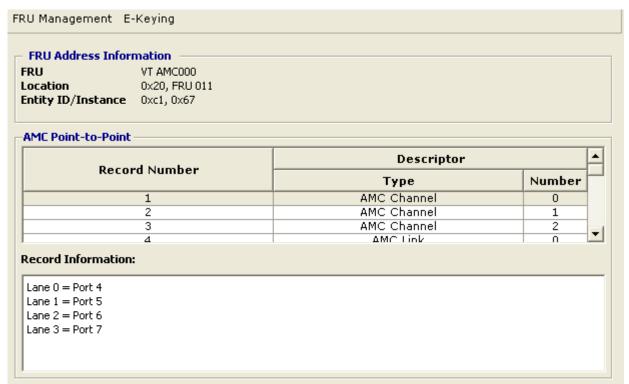


Figure 55: AMC Point-to-Point

One or more AMC Point-to-Point Connectivity records are included in the AMC FRU Information and describe the Channel and Link connectivity that is implemented on the AMC Module. Each AMC point-to-point connectivity record contains AMC Link Descriptors, each of which identifies a Link and an associated protocol. Multiple AMC Link Descriptors can exist for a given point-to-point AMC Channel. This would be used when a Channel can support multiple protocols such as PCI-Express and Advanced Switching.

AMC Channel Descriptors define AMC Channels (each composed of an essentially arbitrary set of up to four Ports) that are implemented on a Module or an on-Carrier device (depending on the value of the Record Type field in the AMC Point-to-Point Connectivity record). An AMC Channel is referenced in other FRU Information records via an AMC Channel ID/Number, which is the zero-based sequential index into the corresponding AMC Channel Descriptor in a composite list combining the AMC Channel Descriptors from all the AMC Point-to-Point Connectivity records that occur in a given FRU Information area. This list preserves the order of the groups of AMC Channel Descriptors to match the order of the containing AMC Point-to-Point Connectivity records in the FRU Information area.

For more information on AMC Channel and Link Descriptors please refer to PICMG Advanced Mezzanine Card AMC.0 Specification.

4.12.2.2 Get Clock Configuration

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to obtain the Clock configuration of the specified FRU.



Figure 56: Clock Configuration

4.12.2.3 Get Clock State

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to obtain the Clock state of the specified FRU.

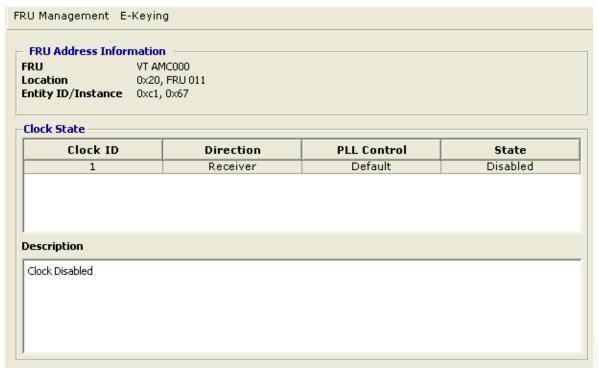


Figure 57: Clock State

4.12.2.4 Get Port State

Applicable only for MCMCs, MMCs and OEM EMMCs, this command is used to obtain distinct *Link Info* and *State* for up to four ports.

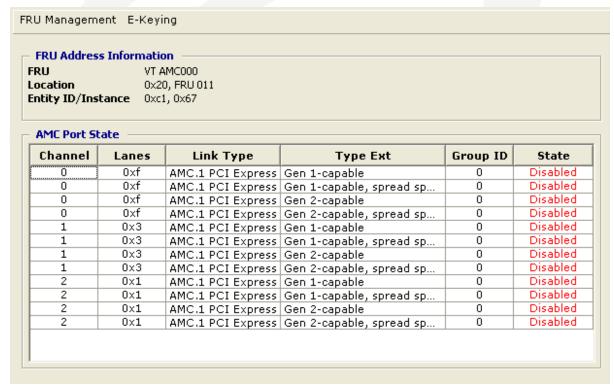


Figure 58: AMC Port Status

4.12.3 Cooling

4.12.3.1 Get Fan Level

Applicable only for Fan Tray, this command is used to obtain and modify the Fan Level.

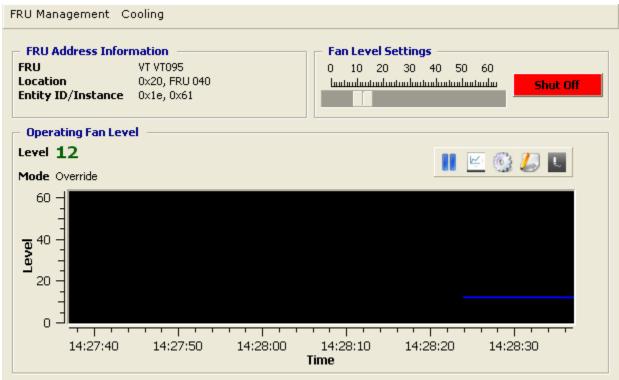


Figure 59: Fan Tray Controls

Display:

- Real time graph plotter that updates the graph with the Fan Level.
- The current Fan Level and the Operating Mode.

Controls:

Fan Level setting and emergency shutoff button.

ICON	Function	Description
	Pause/Resume	Pause and Resume data collection
<u>~</u>	Scale	Configure the graph scale
	Refresh Rate	Configure the date refresh rate
	Log Setting	Enable data logging to a file
f.	Erase	Clear history

Table 11: Fan Tray Controls

4.12.4 Power

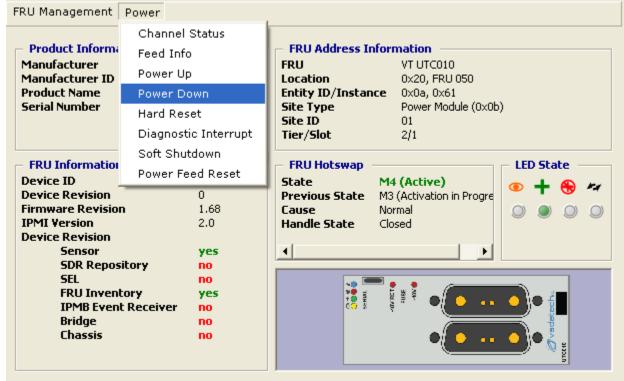


Figure 60: Power Module Commands

The following commands in this section are applicable only for Power Modules.

4.12.4.1 Channel Status

This command is used to obtain the following information from the Power Module:

- Current role of the Power Module i.e. Primary or Redundant.
- Management Power status
- Payload Power status
- Maximum Power Channels supported by the Power Module.
- Per Module slot Information:
 - Channel number
 - o Presence status
 - Reset Enable status
 - Management Power On/Off state with current status
 - Payload Power On/Off state with current status
 - PWR_ON state

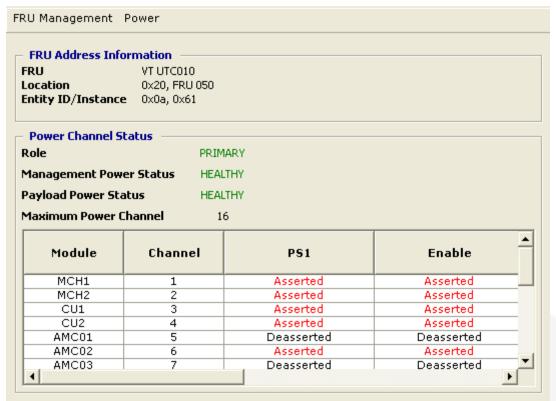


Figure 61: Power Channel Status

4.12.4.2 Power Up

This command is used to enable power for all supported modules. This is an optional command for Power Modules and may not be implemented.

4.12.4.3 Power Down

This command is used to disable power for all supported modules. This is an optional command for Power Modules and may not be implemented.

4.12.4.4 Hard Reset

This command is used to trigger a reset event in the system that initializes all components and invalidates caches. This is an optional command for Power Modules and may not be implemented.

4.12.4.5 Diagnostic Interrupt

This command is typically used to cause the operating system to do a diagnostic dump. This is an optional command for Power Modules and may not be implemented.

4.12.4.6 Soft Shutdown

This command is used initiate a soft shutdown. This is an optional command for Power Modules and may not be implemented.

4.12.4.7 Power Feed Reset

This command is used to reset the alternate PM(s) in the Chassis. This command must be sent to a secondary PM, which will drive a reset signal to the specified PM if present.



4.13 Telco

4.13.1 Capabilities

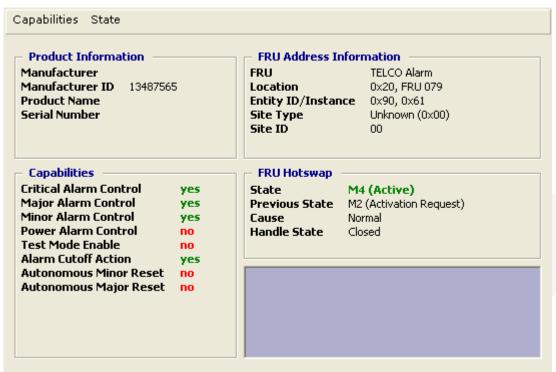


Figure 62: Telco FRU Capabilities

- Indicates which alarms can be controlled by "Set Telco Alarm State" command.
- Hot swap status

4.13.2 State



Figure 63: Telco Status

Controls:

- The current status of the Telco Alarm
- Enable/Disable Minor, Major, Critical, Power Indicator alarms.
- Enable/Disable Telco Cutoff.

4.14 Sensors

4.14.1 Sensor Classes

Sensors fall into the following classes:

Class	Description
Discrete	Multiple states possible. Discrete sensors can contain up to 15 possible states. For discrete sensors, the Get Sensor Reading command returns a bit field where each bit reflects a different state. It is possible for a discrete sensor to have more than one state active at a time. Discrete sensors can be designed to provide either Generic or Sensor-specific states. The Event/Reading Type Codes in IPMI 2.0 Interface Specification are used to specify the particular set of possible Generic states for a discrete sensor
Digital	A digital sensor is not really a unique class, but a term commonly used to refer to special case of a discrete sensor that only has two possible states.
Threshold	'Threshold based'. Changes event status by comparing the reading to fixed threshold values. Threshold enumerations may be considered a special case of the discrete sensor type. The Event/Reading Type Code for threshold-based sensors is specified in, Generic Event/Reading Type Codes in IPMI 2.0 Interface Specification. The offsets specify each particular possible threshold state.
OEM	Special case of discrete where the meanings of the states (offsets) are OEM defined.

Table 12: Sensor Classification

4.14.2 Threshold Sensors

The Temperature, Voltage and RPM sensors are some of the important threshold sensors. The System Management tool presents these sensors in a real time plotter that updates the graph with the sensor reading.

Real Time Plotting:



Figure 64: Threshold Sensor Graph

Analog Display:



Figure 65: Threshold Sensor Analog Reading

Controls:

ICON	Function	Description
	Pause/Resume	Pause and Resume data collection
<u>~</u>	Scale	Configure the graph scale
(6)	Refresh Rate	Configure the date refresh rate
	Log Setting	Enable data logging to a file
f.	Erase	Clear history
N	Switch View	Switch between Graph and Analog view

Table 13: Threshold Sensor Controls

4.14.2.1 Settable/Readable Parameters

Sensor Settable Parameters enable the user to change the Threshold and Hysteresis for the sensor. Enable/Disable Event Messages and Sensor Scanning Sensor Configuration Information as programmed in the Sensor Data Record (SDR).

4.15 LEDs

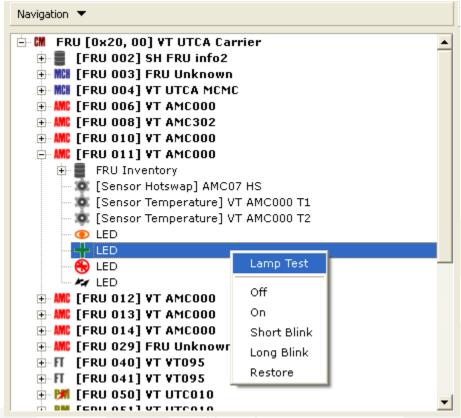


Figure 66: LED Controls

There are four standard ATCA LED indicators. These are named LED-0, LED-1, LED-2 and LED-3. The first three LEDs indicate the FRU's hot swap, fault, and ready/OK states, respectively. The fourth LED is application-specific. The status of each of these LEDs can be obtained by selecting the respective LED in the FRU.

Controls:

Control	Description
Lamp Test	Lamp Test for a specified duration
Off	LED off
On	LED on
Short Blink	LED short blink
Long Blink	LED long blink
Restore	Restore LED to local control

Table 14: LED Controls

Note that On, Off, Short Blink and Long Blink override the local control state of the LED, and Lamp Test overrides all other controls.

4.16 Carrier FRU Information

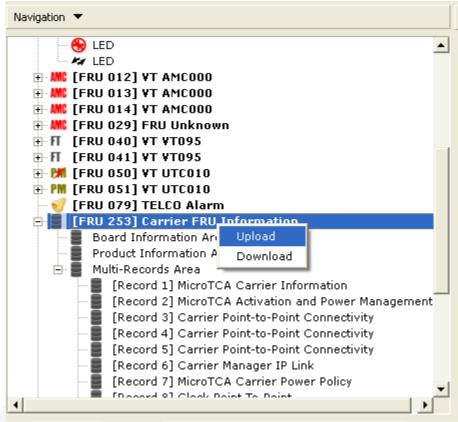


Figure 67: Carrier FRU Information

This is the logical device managed by the Carrier Manager that contains the Carrier FRU Information.

The contents the Carrier Information FRU can be viewed by navigating further into the Board, Product, Chassis and Multi-Record sections of the FRU Inventory.

4.16.1.1 Upload

This command is used to upload Carrier FRU information to the Carrier backplane eeprom.

4.16.1.2 Download

This command is used to download Carrier FRU binary information from the Carrier backplane eeprom.

4.17 Sensor Data Record Repository

Sensor Data Records are data records that contain information about the type and number of sensors in the platform, sensor threshold support, event generation capabilities, and information on what types of readings the sensor provides. The primary purpose of Sensor Data Records is to describe the sensor configuration of the platform management subsystem to system software.

Sensor Data Records are kept in a single, centralized non-volatile storage area that is managed by the Base Management Controller. This storage is called the Sensor Data Record Repository.

4.17.1 Get SDR Information

This command is used to return the SDR command version for the SDR Repository and the timestamp for when the last ADD, DELETE, or CLEAR occurred.

4.17.2 Get SDR

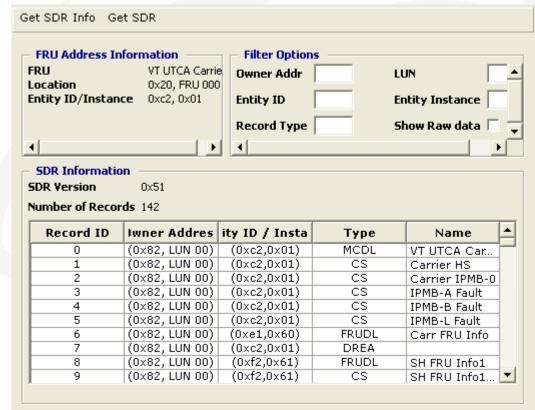


Figure 68: SDR Repository Contents

This command is used to retrieve all the Sensor Data Records contained in the Sensor Data Record Repository.

Options:

Filter options allow the user to search records by Owner Address, LUN, Entity ID, Entity Instance, Record Type and any combination of these parameters.

The Show raw data option will allow the user to view the SDR information in hex format.



4.18 System Event Log

The Shelf Manager provides a centralized, non-volatile System Event Log, or SEL. The SEL Device is the logical management device that provides the interface to the System Event Log for the system. The SEL Device provides a set of commands for managing the System Event Log. The SEL and logging helps ensure that 'post-mortem' logging information is available should a failure occur that disables the systems processor(s).

4.18.1 Get SEL Information

This command returns the SEL command version for the System Event Log. It also returns a timestamp for when the last ADD, DELETE, or CLEAR occurred.

4.18.2 Get SEL

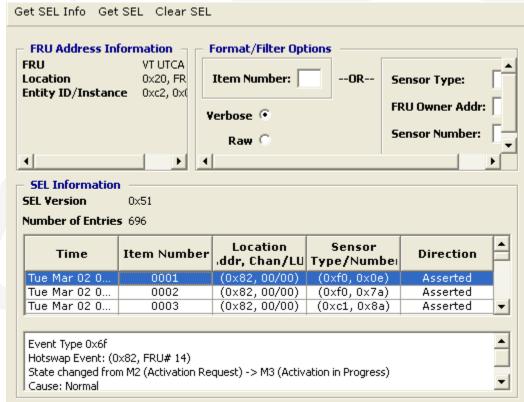


Figure 69: SEL Contents

This command is used to retrieve entries from the System Event Log.

Options:

- Filter options allow the user to search entries by Item Number or by Sensor Type, FRU Owner Address, Sensor Number and a combination of all these parameters.
- Show raw option will allow the user to view the SEL information in hex format.
- Show Verbose option will allow the user to view the SEL decoded and presented in a readable format.

4.18.3 Clear SEL

This command clears all the entries in the System Event Log.



4.19 Alarm Panel

The System Manager periodically monitors the Shelf and the Carriers for alarms due to temperature, voltage or other faults

The System Manager Alarm panel is used to view the active alarms in the Shelf or a Carrier connected to the Shelf. The user can also obtain the history of all alarms that occurred from system startup.

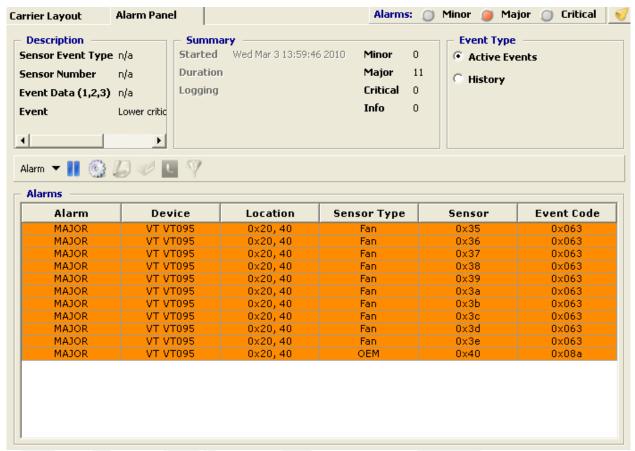


Figure 70: Alarm Panel

- Description of an alarm can be obtained by selecting the alarm entry in the table.
- The summary provides the following information:
 - o Logger start time.
 - The duration of logging.
 - Enable/Disable status for logging.
 - The number of Minor, Major, Critical alarms.
- View active alarms or the history of all alarms that occurred since system startup.

Alarm Classification:

Class	Description
INFO	An event occurred in the Shelf which may not be an error and
	classified as Information.
MINOR	An event occurred in the Shelf or Carrier which is classified as
	a minor alarm
MAJOR	An event occurred in the Shelf or Carrier which is classified as
	Major alarm.
CRITICAL	An event occurred in the Shelf or Carrier which is classified as
	Critical alarm.

Table 15: Alarm Classification

Controls:

ICON	Description
11	Pause/Resume alarm monitoring
©	Set alarm panel data refresh interval
	Enable/Disable alarm logging to a file
£.	Clear history
(A)	Alarm filter options

Table 16: Alarm Panel Controls

Logging:

Logging option allows the user to log all alarms that occur in the system to a file. The logging option is available only when the event type is set to 'history'.

Index

Α

Activate, 5, 6, 31, 32, 33, 42, 47, 51
Activation Policy, 6, 32, 33, 52
Activation Sequence, 5, 32, 49, 50
Administration, 39, 45
Alarm Panel, 72
Alerting, 5, 31, 35, 42
applicable products, 8

C

Capabilities, 61 Carrier Alarm Panel, 4, 24 Carrier Alarms, 4, 24 Carrier Display, 4, 22, 23, 27 Carrier FRU Information, 67 Carrier ID. 25 Carrier Information, 5, 32, 34, 49, 67 Carrier Layout, 4, 22, 23, 27 Carrier Manager, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 22, 28, 31, 39, 42, 43, 46, 50, 67 Carrier Manager FRU. 27 Carrier Resource, 4, 26, 28 Chassis Controls, 5, 7, 40, 47, 48 Chassis Temperature Panel, 4, 21, 24 Clear SEL, 71 Cold Reset, 6, 32, 33, 47, 51 Commands, 5, 7, 30, 34 Configuration, 4, 5, 6, 14, 15, 31, 32, 35, 36, 55, 65 Cooling, 37, 43, 57

D

Deactivate, 5, 6, 31, 32, 33, 42, 47, 51 Diagnostic Interrupt, 6, 31, 32, 33, 40, 48, 52, 59

Ε

E-Keying, 5, 6, 32, 44, 54 Event Receiver, 6, 32, 33, 53 Expand and Collapse, 5, 29

F

Failover, 5, 32, 50 FRU Info, 5, 6, 31, 32, 33, 35, 42, 51 FRU Management, 5, 6, 31, 32, 33, 35, 42, 51

G

Get AMC PTP, 6, 32, 54
Get Carrier Point to Point, 5, 44
Get Clock Configuration, 55
Get Clock Point-to-Point, 5, 45
Get Clock State, 6, 32, 56
Get Fan Geography, 5, 31, 39, 43
Get Fan Level, 57
Get Port State, 6, 33, 56
Get Power Distribution, 5, 32, 46
Get Power Policy, 5, 32, 47
Get SDR, 68
Get SDR Information, 68
Get SEL, 70
Get SEL Information, 70
Graceful Reboot, 6, 32, 33, 52

Н

Hard Reset, 6, 33, 59

K

Keep Alive, 4, 16

L

LAN, 39, 45 LEDs, 66 Linux, 4, 11, 14 Login, 4, 16

M

Main Menu, 4, 7, 17, 31

N

Navigation, 5, 19, 20, 22, 23, 28

P

Parameters, 37, 43 Power, 46, 58 Power Down, 6, 33, 59 Power Feed Reset, 6, 33, 60 Power Levels, 6, 32, 33, 53 Power Up, 6, 33, 59

R

References, 8
Resource/Entity Icons, 5, 28, 29
Resource/Entity Information, 19, 20, 22, 23

S

Sensor Classes, 63
Sensor Data Record Repository, 68
Sensors, 63
Server Connection, 13
Session, 4, 14, 15
Set Extracted, 5, 6, 31, 33, 42, 51
Settable/Readable Parameters, 65
Shelf Alarm Panel, 4, 21
Shelf Display, 4, 19, 20, 25, 26, 41
Shelf FRU Information, 4, 5, 20, 26, 28, 32, 39, 40, 41

Shelf Information, 5, 17, 20, 31, 40 Shelf Layout, 4, 19, 20, 25 SNMP Trap Information, 5, 31, 36 SNMP Trap Panel, 4, 21, 24 SNMP Trap Test, 5, 31, 37 Soft Shutdown, 6, 31, 32, 33, 40, 47, 60 State, 61 Status, 4, 5, 6, 7, 19, 26, 27, 33, 53, 57, 58, 61, 66 System Event Log, 70 System Management, 5, 8, 14, 31, 32, 40, 47, 63

T

Telco, 61
Temperature, 4, 6, 21, 24, 32, 33, 52, 53, 63
Threshold Sensors, 63
Toolbar Options, 4, 17
Tree Hierarchy, 5, 7, 28

U

UTC001 Interfaces, 12

W

Warm Reset, 6, 32, 33, 52 Windows, 4, 11, 14