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workshop part 1

We use wisesight sentiment corpus, can be downloaded at

https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/wisesight-sentiment/ or

https://www.kaggle.com/c/wisesight-sentiment/data

Perform text classification on Thai social media posts

train.txt - the training data. Each line is a piece of text.

train_label.txt - the label of the training data. Each line is the label corresponding to the same line in train.txt.

test.txt - the test data. Each line is a piece of text.

test_majority.csv - a sample submission file using the majority class in the correct format.

The Id in test_majority.csv is the line number in test.txt

no feature engineering in this notebook, teaching proposed only!

```
1 %matplotlib inline
2 %reload ext autoreload
3 %autoreload 2
1 import re
2 import pandas as pd
3 from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
5 !pip install https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/pythainlp/archive/dev.zip
6 !pip install emoji
7 from pythainlp import word tokenize
    Collecting <a href="https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/pythainlp/archive/dev.zip">https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/pythainlp/archive/dev.zip</a>
       Downloading <a href="https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/pythainlp/archive/dev.zip">https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/pythainlp/archive/dev.zip</a>
          \ 11.7 MB 140 kB/s
    Collecting python-crfsuite>=0.9.6
       Downloading python crfsuite-0.9.7-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1 x86 64.whl (743 kB)
                                                743 kB 7.2 MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packag
    Collecting tinydb>=3.0
      Downloading tinydb-4.5.2-py3-none-any.whl (23 kB)
```

7 8

```
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packa
   Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (
   Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/li
   Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-pack
   Collecting typing-extensions<4.0.0,>=3.10.0
     Downloading typing extensions-3.10.0.2-py3-none-any.whl (26 kB)
   Building wheels for collected packages: pythainlp
     Building wheel for pythainlp (setup.py) ... done
     Created wheel for pythainlp: filename=pythainlp-3.0.0.dev0-py3-none-any.whl size=1150
     Stored in directory: /tmp/pip-ephem-wheel-cache-wajjhmpy/wheels/87/69/e8/234fe11c5f2e
   Successfully built pythainlp
   Installing collected packages: typing-extensions, tinydb, python-crfsuite, pythainlp
     Attempting uninstall: typing-extensions
        Found existing installation: typing-extensions 3.7.4.3
       Uninstalling typing-extensions-3.7.4.3:
         Successfully uninstalled typing-extensions-3.7.4.3
   ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages
   tensorflow 2.6.0 requires typing-extensions~=3.7.4, but you have typing-extensions 3.10
   Successfully installed pythainlp-3.0.0.dev0 python-crfsuite-0.9.7 tinydb-4.5.2 typing-e
   Collecting emoii
     Downloading emoji-1.6.0.tar.gz (168 kB)
                                         168 kB 6.6 MB/s
   Building wheels for collected packages: emoji
     Building wheel for emoji (setup.py) ... done
     Created wheel for emoji: filename=emoji-1.6.0-py3-none-any.whl size=168256 sha256=11b
     Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/f7/d7/74/c720aaf345a042b0c2d74361873258c
   Successfully built emoji
   Installing collected packages: emoji
   Successfully installed emoji-1.6.0
1 import emoji
2 from google.colab import drive
3 drive.mount('/content/gdrive')
4 data path = '/content/gdrive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/WiseSight Sentiment/kaggle-competiti
   Mounted at /content/gdrive
1 !ls '/content/gdrive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/WiseSight Sentiment/kaggle-competition'
   competition.ipynb test majority.csv text generation.ipynb train.txt
   README.md
                      test solution.csv train label.txt
   test label.txt
                                          train model.py
                      test.txt
1 # we open the given training set, namely train.txt and the target feature, namely train la
2 # then, we save as csv to the current directory.
3 features = []
4 targets = []
6 with open(data path + "train.txt") as f:
     for line in f:
         features.append(line.strip())
```

```
10 with open(data_path+ "train_label.txt") as f:
      for line in f:
11
           targets .append(line.strip())
12
13
14 df = pd.DataFrame({ "targets": targets, "features": features })
16 df.to csv("train.csv", index=False)
17 df.shape
     (24063, 2)
 1 # we do the sampe for testing
 2 features = []
 3 targets = []
 4
 5 with open(data_path + "test.txt") as f:
      for line in f:
 6
 7
           features.append(line.strip())
 8
9 with open(data_path+ "test_label.txt") as f:
      for line in f:
10
           targets .append(line.strip())
11
12
13 df_test = pd.DataFrame({ "targets": targets, "features": features })
14
15 df_test.to_csv("test.csv", index=False)
16 df_test.shape
     (2674, 2)
 1 df.head(3)
```

```
    targets
    features

    0
    neu ประเทศเราผลิตและส่งออกยาสูบเยอะสุดในโลกจิงป่าวคับ

    1
    neu
    คะ

    2
    neg
    อิเหี้ยออมทำกูอยากกินเอ็มเค

    1 # check for any missing vlue

    2 df.isnull().sum()

    targets
    0
```

1 from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline

features dtype: int64

- 2 from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfTransformer
- 3 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

```
4 from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
6 # try different machine-learning algorithm
7 #knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=5, metric='euclidean')
8 logistic = LogisticRegression(C=2., penalty='l2', solver='liblinear', dual=False, multi c]
10
11 # demonstrate w/o pipelining
12 coun vect = CountVectorizer(max features=15000)
13 count matrix = coun vect.fit transform( df['features'] )
14 count matrix test = coun vect.fit transform( df test['features'] )
15
16
17 # once we have the IDF values, wecan now compute the tf-idf scores for any document or set
18 tfidf trans = TfidfTransformer()
19 vectors = tfidf_trans.fit_transform(count_matrix)
20 vectors_test = tfidf_trans.fit_transform(count_matrix_test)
21
22 # demonstrate using pipelining
23 #logis = Pipeline([("count_vectorizer", CountVectorizer(analyzer=lambda x: x)), ("tfidf",
24 count_matrix, vectors, count_matrix_test, vectors_test
     (<24063x15000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>'
             with 251593 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>,
      <24063x15000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
            with 251593 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>,
     <2674x15000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>'
             with 35378 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>,
      <2674x15000 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
             with 35378 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>)
 1 # k-fold crossvalidtion to get generalize of model performance here.
 2 score = cross_val_score( logistic, vectors, df['targets'].to_numpy(), cv = 5).mean()
 3 #score = cross_val_score( logistic, df['features'].to_numpy(), df['targets'].to_numpy(), 
 1 print(score)
     0.6456379309362166
 1 # see actual performance with test set
 2 logistic.fit(vectors, df.targets.to numpy())
 3 logistic.score(vectors_test, df_test.targets.to_numpy())
    0.5329094988780853
 1 #lets pre-processing the features :(
 2 # took it from https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/wisesight-sentiment/blob/master/kaggle-competi
 3 def replace url(text):
      URL_PATTERN = r"""(?i)\b((?:https?:(?:/{1,3}|[a-z0-9%])|[a-z0-9.\-]+[.](?:com|net|org|
      return re.sub(URL PATTERN, 'xxurl', text)
```

```
10/13/21, 1:01 PM
```

```
6
 7 def replace rep(text):
      def replace rep(m):
8
9
          c,cc = m.groups()
           return f'{c}xxrep'
10
      re_rep = re.compile(r'(\S)(\1{2,})')
11
       return re rep.sub( replace rep, text)
12
13
14 def ungroup emoji(toks):
      res = []
15
16
      for tok in toks:
17
           if emoji.emoji_count(tok) == len(tok):
               for char in tok:
18
19
                   res.append(char)
20
           else:
21
               res.append(tok)
22
      return res
23
24 def process_text(text):
      #pre rules
25
      res = text.lower().strip()
26
27
      res = replace url(res)
      res = replace_rep(res)
28
29
30
      #tokenize
      res = [word for word in word tokenize(res) if word and not re.search(pattern=r"\s+", s
31
32
      #post rules
33
34
      res = ungroup emoji(res)
35
36
      return res
 1 # let's do it again properly with proper sampling :)
 2 pos df = df[df.targets == "pos"]
 3 neu df = df[df.targets == "neu"]
4 neg df = df[df.targets== "neg"]
 1 sentiment_df = pd.concat([neg_df, pos_df, neu_df])
 2 sentiment df = sentiment df.reset index(drop=True)
 3 sentiment df.groupby("targets").features.describe()
               count unique
                                                            top freq
      targets
                                                          RROR!
                                                                   12
```

Largets			
neg	6140	6129	#ER

				3
19	#ERROR!	13087	13105	neu
1	สงขลายังสาขาไหนมั่งนิ ไชไม่บอกให้แหมด	4300	4300	pos

```
1 sentiment df['processed'] = sentiment df.features.map(lambda x: '|'.join(process text(x)))
1 # performing random hold-out method
2 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
3 X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(sentiment df['processed'], sentiment of se
1 X train.head()
                                                    177
                                        ลิป|มัน|ของ|แบร์น|mistine|ราคา|กลาง|ๆ|ไม่|แพง...
                                                                                                                                                      ครับไเสียไบอส
           17957
                                        ทุกสิ่ง|อย่าง|ที่|พวก|เค้า|ต้าน|เรา|ก็|แค่|ประ...
           16938
                                        จำนวน|speed|ของ|เกียร์|ไม่|ได้|บอ|กว่า|รถ|จะ|ต...
           13996
           Name: processed, dtype: object
1 from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
2 tfidf = TfidfVectorizer()
3 tfidf_fit = tfidf.fit(sentiment_df['processed'])
4 text_train = tfidf_fit.transform(X_train)
5 text_valid = tfidf_fit.transform(X_test)
6 text train.shape, text valid.shape
            ((18836, 16257), (4709, 16257))
1 score = cross_val_score( logistic, text_train, y_train, cv = 5).mean()
2 score
           0.6956892518953004
1
```

✓ 2s completed at 12:06 PM