

Live 2025-10-22

October 22, 2025

1 Clustering on Iris Data - Continued

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[2]: X = sns.load_dataset('iris')
```

```
[3]: y = X.species
X = X.drop('species',axis=1)
```

```
[4]: X.head()
```

```
[4]:
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2

```
[5]: y.head()
```

```
[5]: 0    setosa
1    setosa
2    setosa
3    setosa
4    setosa
Name: species, dtype: object
```

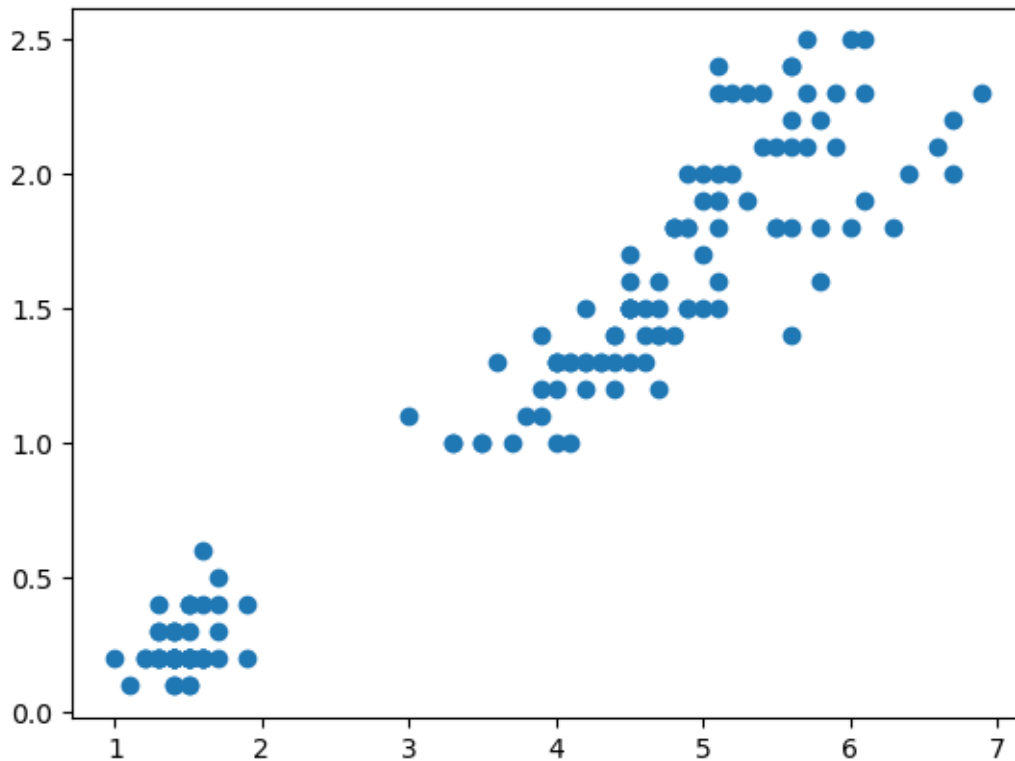
X is now the matrix with the feature values

y is a series with the target value for each set of features

Let's start with unsupervised learning and not use y

```
[6]: plt.scatter(X.petal_length,X.petal_width)
```

```
[6]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f8edbb6dc60>
```



Let's find some clusters with sklearn

```
[7]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

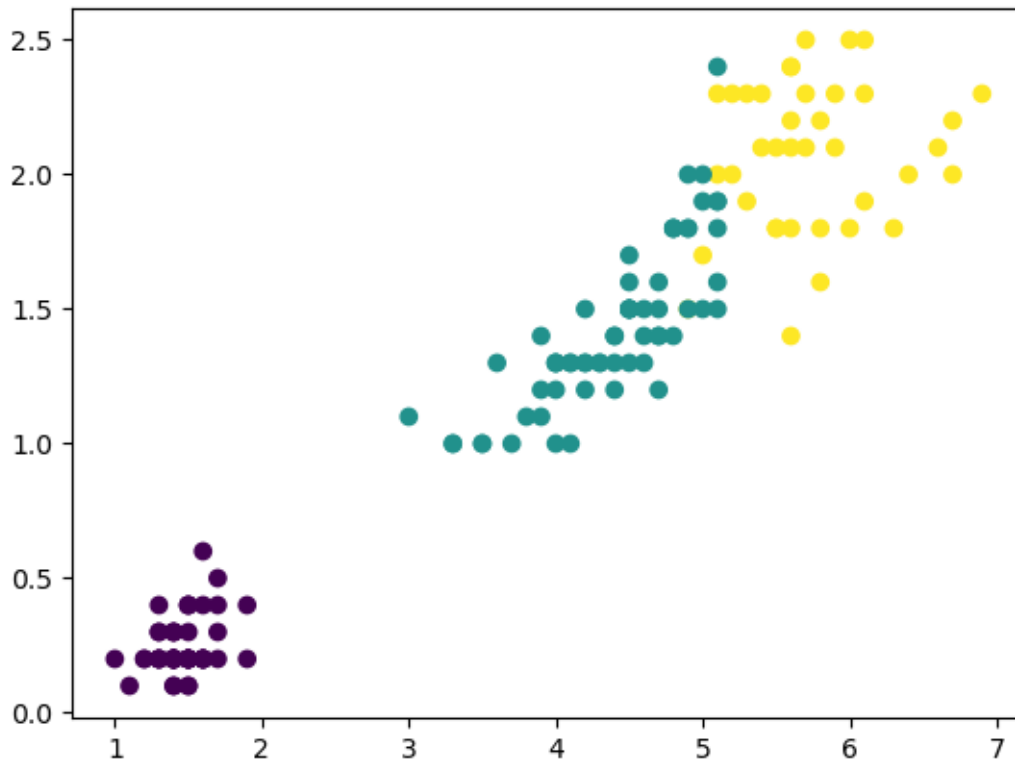
clusterer = KMeans(
    n_clusters=3,
    init='random',
    random_state=42)

clusterer.fit(X)

y_pred = pd.Series(clusterer.predict(X))

plt.scatter(X.petal_length,X.petal_width,c=y_pred)
```

```
[7]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f8ed272f0a0>
```

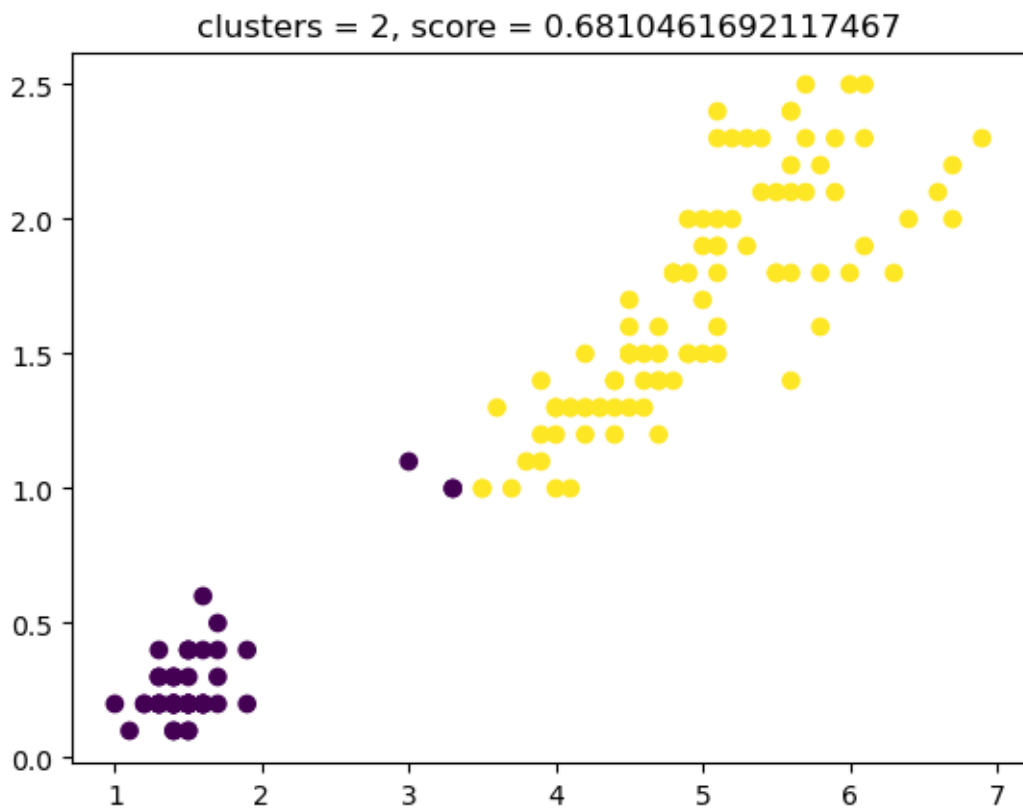


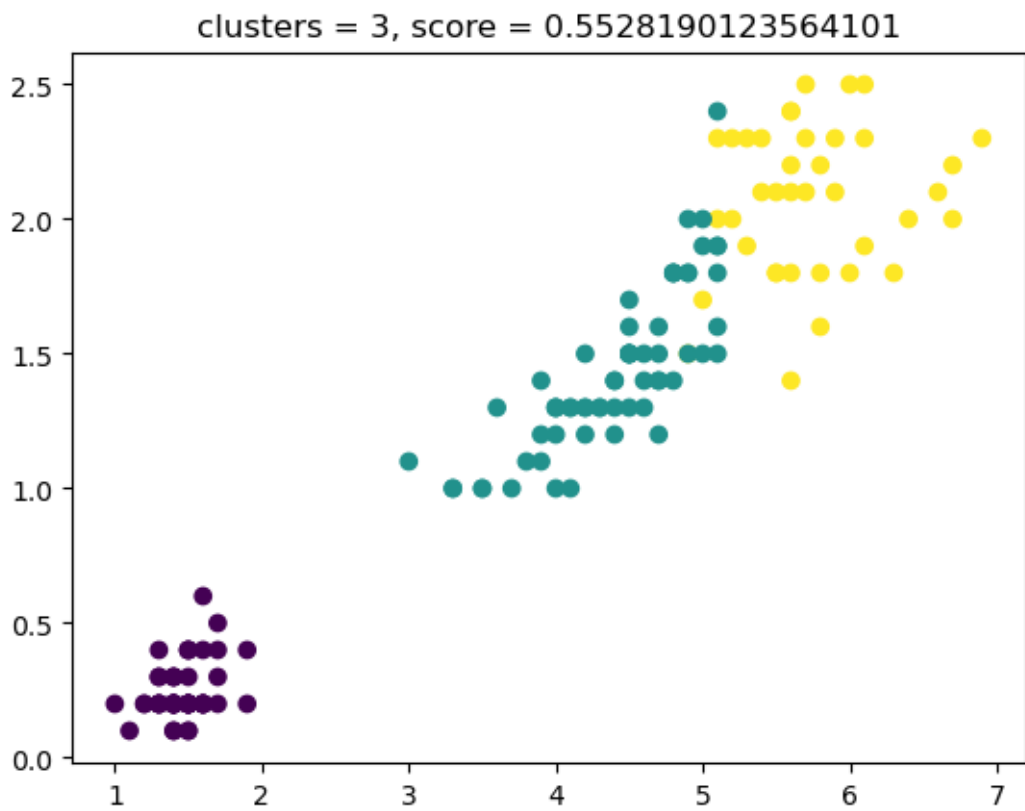
Let's try some metrics

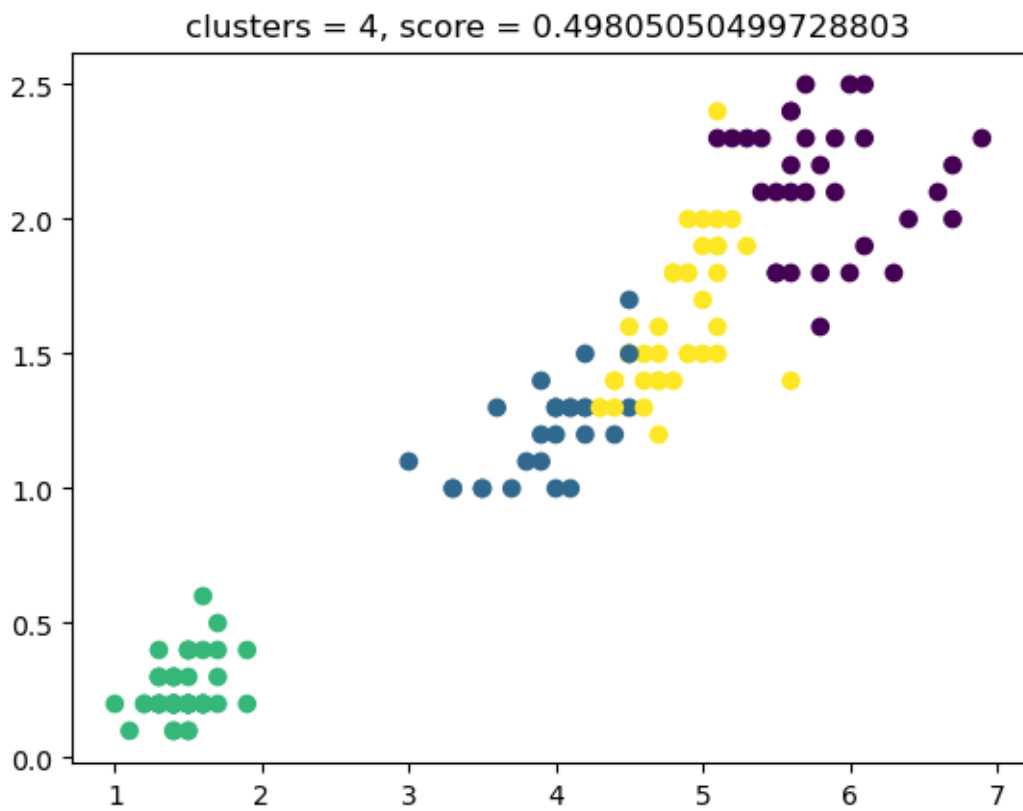
```
[8]: from sklearn import metrics
      from sklearn.metrics import pairwise_distances
```

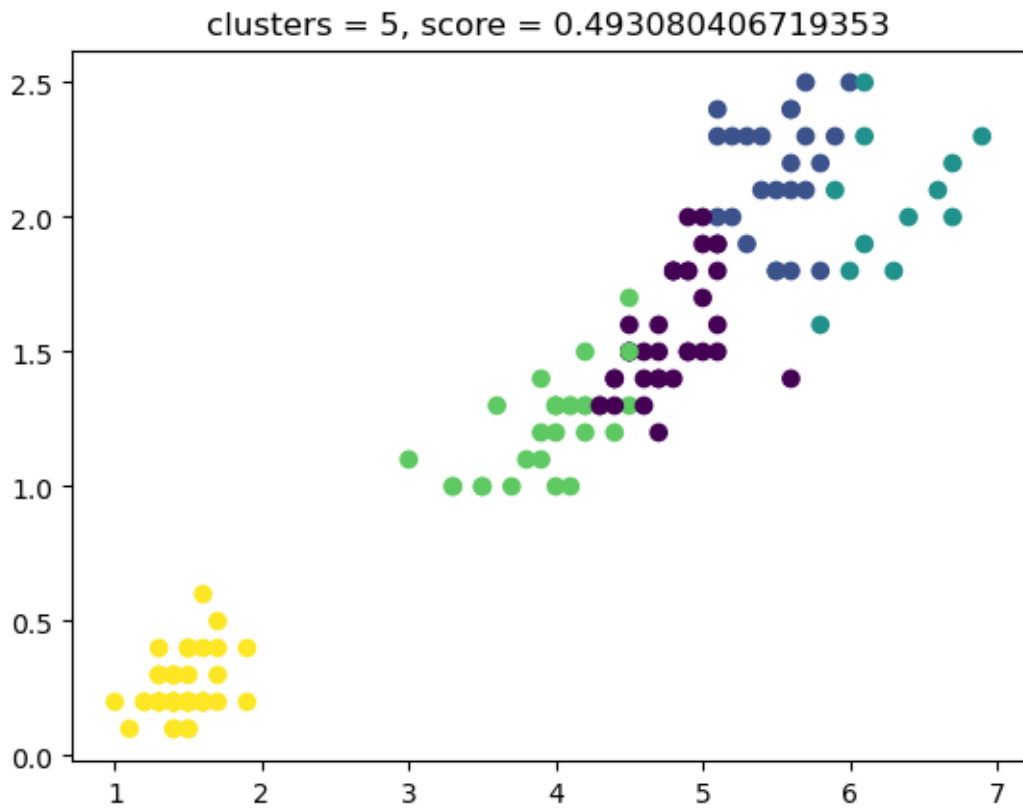
```
[9]: for nC in range(2,11):
      clusterer = KMeans(
          n_clusters=nC,
          init='random',
          random_state=42)
      clusterer.fit(X)
      y_pred = pd.Series(clusterer.predict(X))
      score = metrics.silhouette_score(X,y_pred)

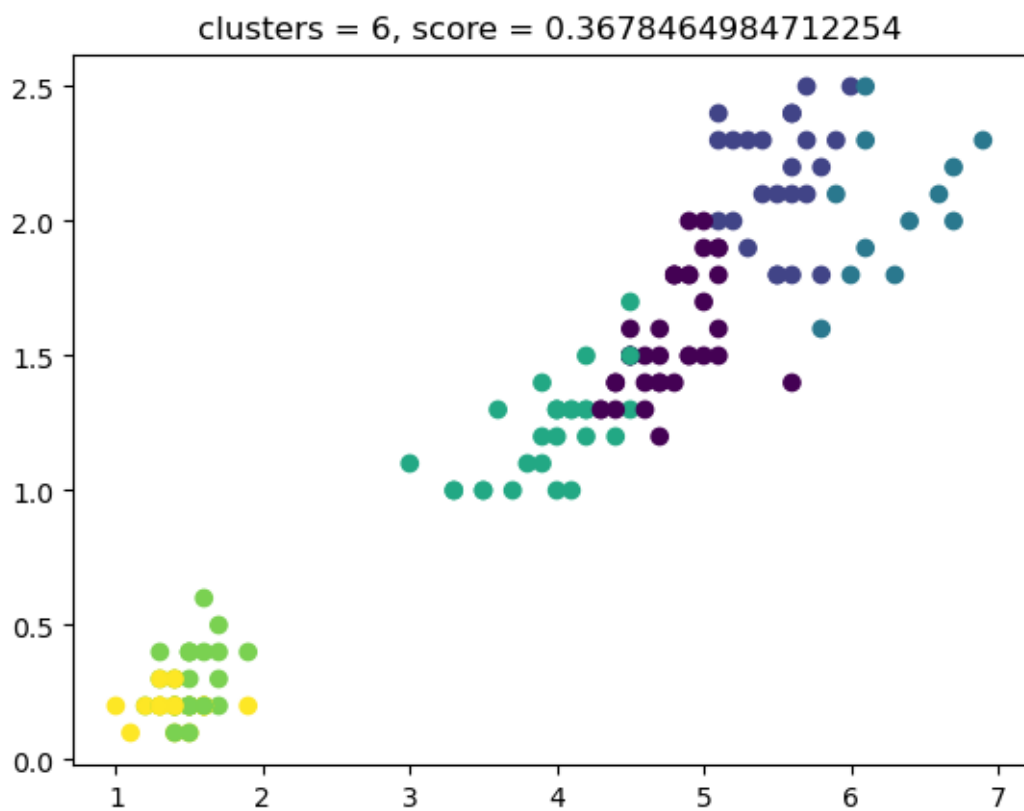
      plt.scatter(X.petal_length,X.petal_width,c=y_pred)
      plt.title(f"clusters = {nC}, score = {score}")
      plt.show()
```

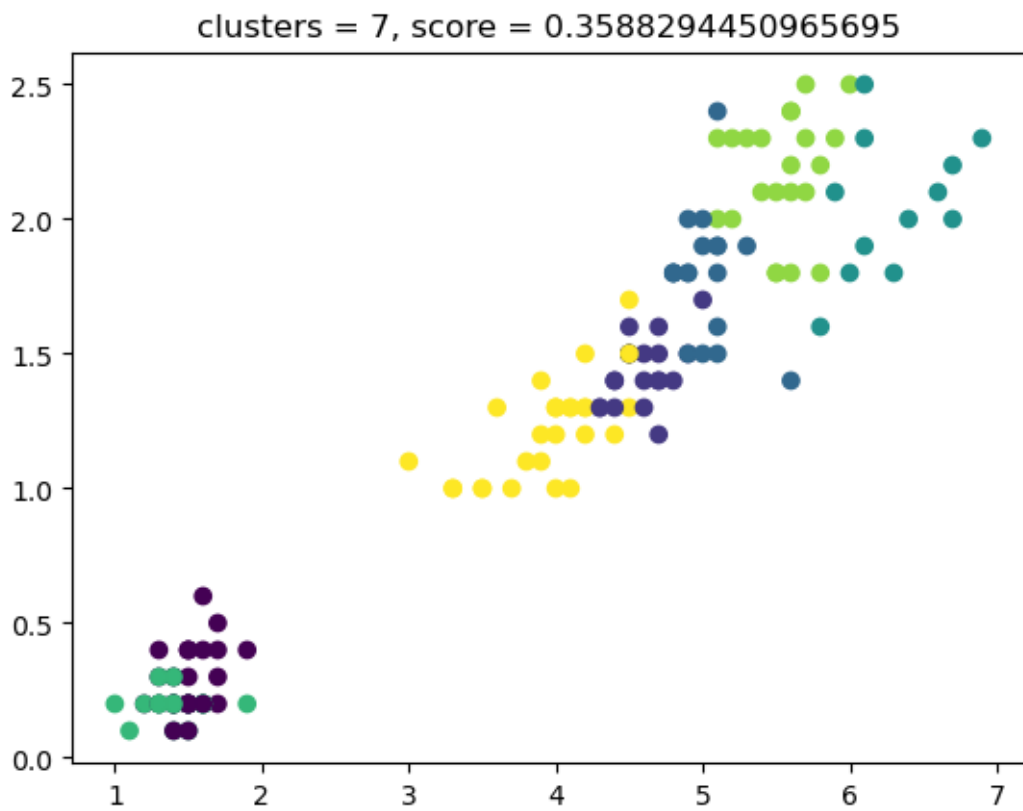


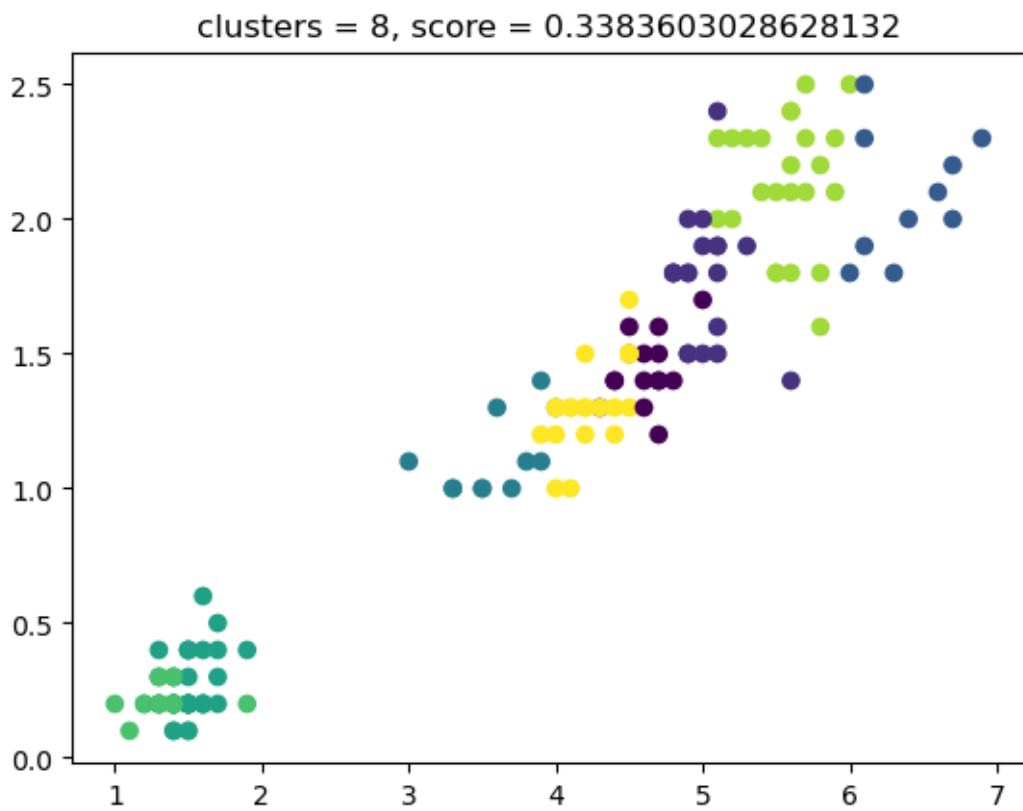


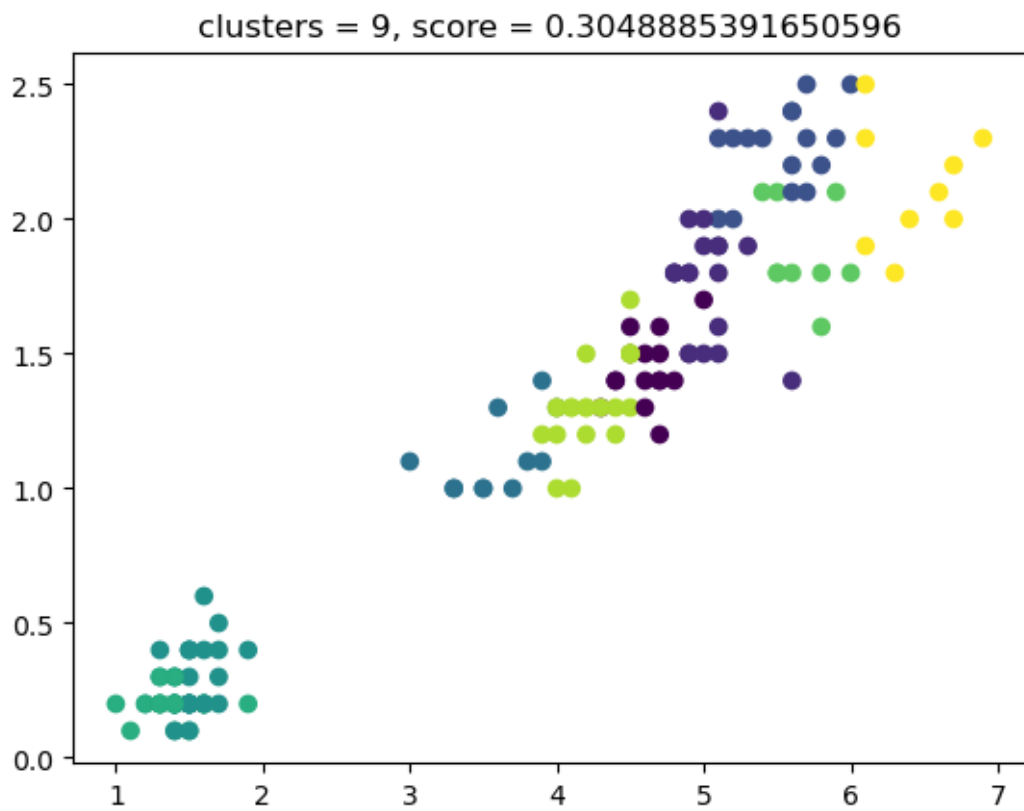


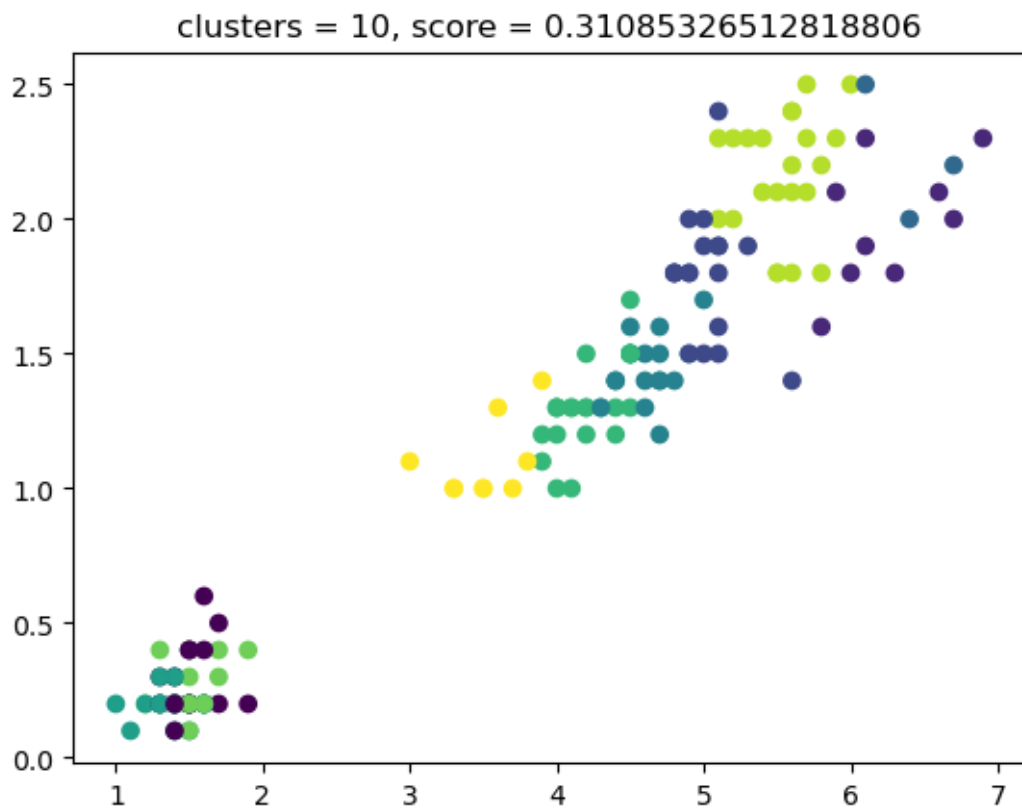












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