Question#1: proof the given argument below using the formulas of inference.

$$A \land (B \rightarrow C) \land [(A \land B) \rightarrow (D \lor C')] \land B \rightarrow D$$
$$A \land (B \rightarrow C) \land [(A \land B) \rightarrow (D \lor C')] \land B \rightarrow D$$

- 1. A is a hypothesis
- 2. (B --> C) is a hypothesis
- 3. $[(A \land B) \rightarrow (D \lor C')]$ is a hypothesis
- 4. B is a hypothesis
- 5. A $\bigwedge B$ based on a conjunction of 1 and 4
- 6. C based on a Modus Ponens of 4 and 2
- 7. DVC' based on Modus Ponens of 2 and 3
- 8. D based on Disjunctive Syllogism and Modus Ponens of 3
- 9. A $\wedge B \rightarrow D$ based on Modus Ponens of 3
- 10. Conclusion: A $\bigwedge(B \to C) \bigwedge[(A \land B) \to (D \lor C')] \bigwedge B \to D$