VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT on

MACHINE LEARNING (20CS6PCMAL)

Submitted by

PREETHAM H(1BM19CS120)

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING BENGALURU-560019 May-2022 to July-2022

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

B. M. S. College of Engineering,

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019 (Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "MACHINE LEARNING" carried out by PREETHAM H(1BM19CS120), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a Machine Learning - (20CS6PCMAL) work prescribed for the said degree.

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INDEX SHEET

Sl.no	Experiment Title	Pg
		no.
1.	Find-S Algorithm	
2.	Candidate elimination Algorithm	
3.	Decision tree(ID3) Algorithm	
4.	Naive Bayes Algorithm	
5.	Linear regression	

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT FIND S ALGORITHM

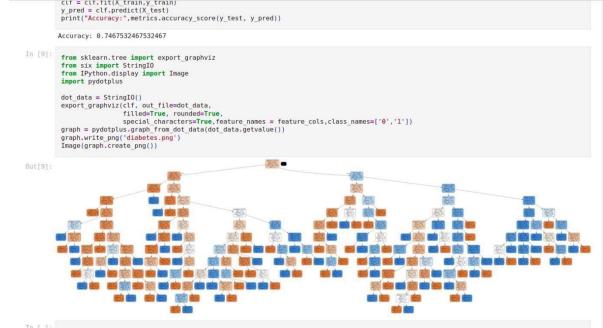
```
import pandas as pd import numpy as np
In [29]: data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')
In [30]: print(data)
             SKY AIRTEMP HUMIDITY
0 Sunny Warm Normal Strong Warm Same Yes
1 Sunny Warm High Strong Warm Same Yes
2 Rainy Cold High Strong Warm Change No
3 Sunny Warm High Strong Cool Change Yes
In [31]: d=np.array(data)[:,:-1]
In [32]: print(d)
              [['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Sunny ' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]
In [33]: target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
In [34]: print(target)
              ['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']
In [35]: h=[]
In [36]: for i in range(len(target)):
    if(target[i]=='Yes'):
    h=d[i]
    break
In [37]: print(h)
              ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
pass
else:
h[j]='?'
               print(h)
              ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']
```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM

```
In [121... import numpy as np
In [122... data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')
In [123... print(data)
                        SKY AIRTEMP HUMIDITY WIND WATER FORECAST ENJOYSPORT
unny Warm Normal Strong Warm Same Yes
nny Warm High Strong Warm Same Yes
               0 Sunny
               1 Sunny
2 Rainy
3 Sunny
                                                High Strong Warm
High Strong Cool
                                                                                    Change
                                   Warm
                                                                                  Change
                                                                                                         Yes
In [124... d=np.array(data)[:,:-1]
In [125... print(d)
               [['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Sunny ' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]
In [126... target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
In [127... print(target)
               ['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']
In [128... for i in range(len(target)):
                      if(target[i].strip()=='Yes'):
    specific_h=d[i].copy();
    break
```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT ID-3 ALGORITHM

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
             from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier
             from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import train_test_split function
from sklearn import metrics #Import scikit-learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
In [4]:
    col_names = ['pregnant', 'glucose', 'bp', 'skin', 'insulin', 'bmi','pedigree','age','label']
    pima = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/diabetes.csv", header=None, names=col_names)
In [5]: pima.head()
Out[5]:
             pregnant glucose bp skin insulin bmi pedigree age label
                             148 72 35
                                                     0 33.6 0.627 50
           1 1 85 66 29 0 26.6 0.351 31 0
                                                  0 23.3 0.672 32
           3 1 89 66 23 94 28.1 0.167 21 0
                       0
                              137 40 35 168 43.1 2.288 33
In [6]:
    feature_cols = ['pregnant', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'age', 'glucose', 'bp', 'pedigree']
    X = pima[feature_cols] # Features
    y = pima.label # Target variable
In [7]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
In [8]:
    clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
    clf = clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
    y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
    print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
           clt = clt.flt(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
           Accuracy: 0.7467532467532467
            from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
from six import StringIO
from IPython.display import Image
            import pydotplus
```



PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT NAIVE BAYES

```
to Setup...
```

```
In [99]: import csv
               import random
import math
import pandas as pd
In [100... def loadcsv(filename):
                     dataframe.append(dataset.iloc[i].values.tolist())
                     return dataframe
In [10]... def splitdataset(dataset, splitratio):
               def splitdataset(dataset, splitratio):
    #67% training size
    trainsize = int(len(dataset) * splitratio);
    trainset = []
    copy = list(dataset);
    while len(trainset) < trainsize:
    #generate indices for the dataset list randomly to pic!
    trainset = random.randrange(len(copy));
    trainset.append(copy.pop(index))
    return [trainset, copy]</pre>
vector = dataset[i]
   if (vector[-1] not in separated):
        separated[vector[-1]] = []
   separated[vector[-1]].append(vector)
return separated
In [103... def mean(numbers): return sum(numbers)/float(len(numbers))
               def stdev(numbers):
                           ev(numbers):
avg = mean(numbers)
variance = sum([pow(x-avg,2) for x in numbers])/float(len(numbers)-1)
return math.sqrt(variance)
return summaries
```

```
summaries = {}
                            for classvalue, instances in separated.items():
    summaries[classvalue] = summarize(instances) #summarize is used to cal to mean and std
return summaries
In [107—

def calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector):
    probabilities = {} # probabilities contains the all prob of all class of test data
    for classvalue, classsummaries in summaries.items():#class and attribute information as mean and sd
    probabilities(classvalue) = 1

    for i in range(len(classsummaries)):
        mean ctdow = classsummaries[i] #take mean and sd of every attribute for class 0 and
                            ror i in range(len(classsummaries)):
    mean, stdev = classsummaries[i] #take mean and sd of every attribute for class θ and I seperaely
    x = inputvector[i] #testvector's first attribute
    probabilities[classvalue] *= calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev);#use normal dist
return probabilities
bestLabel. bestProb = None
```

PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT LINEAR REGRESSION

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import pandas as pd
In [28]:
    dataset = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv')
    dataset.head()
Out[28]: YearsExperience Salary
                    1.1 39343.0
         1 1.3 46205.0
                    1.5 37731.0
         2
         3 2.0 43525.0
                  2.2 39891.0
In [19]: X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
         print(X)
         <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
 In [6]: y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
In [10]: dataset.head()
Out[10]: YearsExperience Salary
         0
                   1.1 39343.0
         1 1.3 46205.0
                    1.5 37731.0
         3 2.0 43525.0
         4
                    2.2 39891.0
```

```
In [11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [12]: X_{train}, X_{test}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_{test} split(X, y, test_{size} = 1/3, train_{test} random_state = 0)
In [14]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
              regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
{\tt Out[14]:} \  \  {\tt LinearRegression(copy\_X=True, fit\_intercept=True, n\_jobs=None, normalize=False)}
In [15]:
y_pred = regressor.prplt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()edict(X_test)
In [16]: pd.DataFrame(data={'Actuals': y_test, 'Predictions': y_pred})
Out[16]: Actuals Predictions
             0 37731.0 40835.105909
            1 122391.0 123079.399408
             2 57081.0 65134.556261
            3 63218.0 63265.367772
            4 116969.0 115602.645454
            5 109431.0 108125.891499
            7 55794.0 64199.962017
             8 83088.0 76349.687193
```

```
7 55794.0 64199.962017
8 83088.0 76349.687193
9 101302.0 100649.137545

In [17]:
   plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
   plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
   plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
   plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
   plt.ylabel('Salary')
   plt.show()
```



In []: