

NetworkTrafficAnalyzer - Complete Project Overview

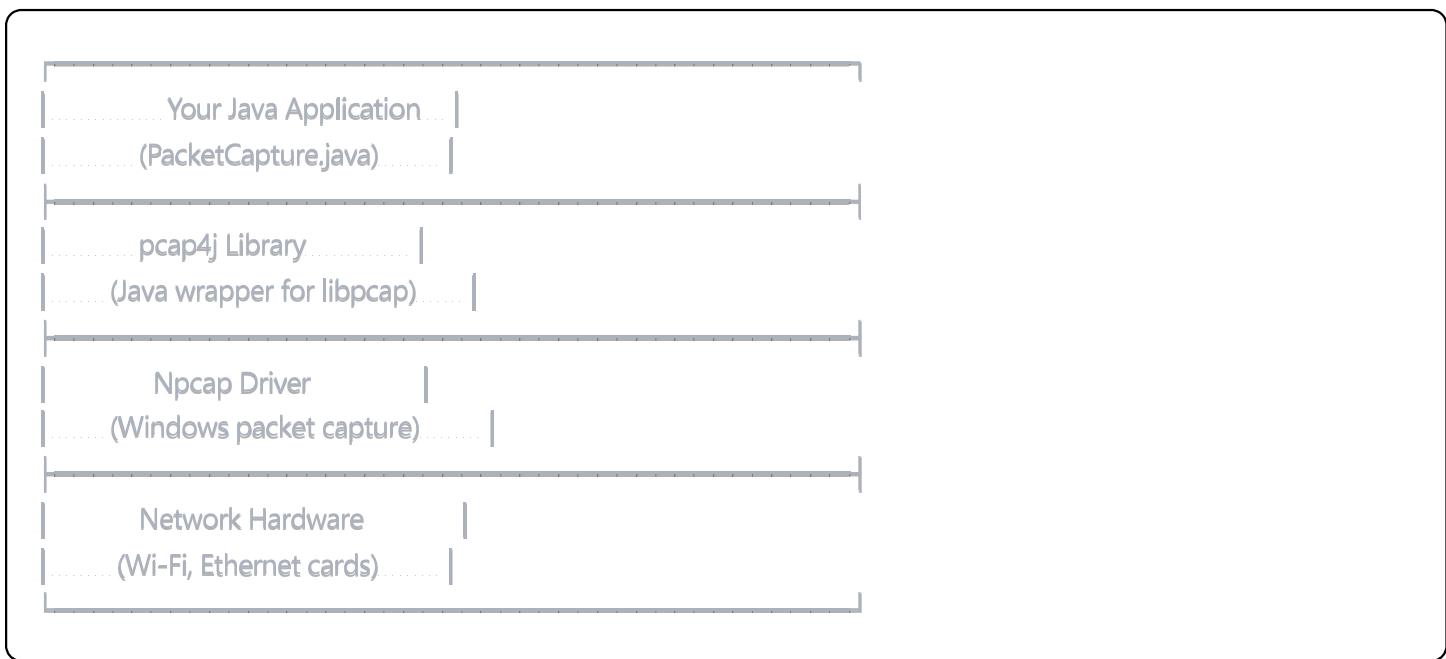
🎯 Project Purpose

This NetworkTrafficAnalyzer is a **network packet capture and analysis tool** that allows you to:

- Monitor real-time network traffic on your computer
- Capture and examine individual network packets
- Understand how data flows across networks
- Learn about network protocols (TCP, UDP, DNS, HTTP, etc.)
- Debug network connectivity issues

🏗 Project Architecture

Technology Stack



Key Components:

1. **PacketCapture.java** - Your main application
2. **pcap4j** - Java library for packet capture
3. **Npcap** - Windows driver for low-level network access
4. **Maven** - Build and dependency management
5. **Network Interfaces** - Physical/virtual network adapters

Dependencies (from pom.xml)

Your project uses these important libraries:

```
xml

<!-- Core packet capture library -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.pcap4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>pcap4j-core</artifactId>
    <version>1.7.4</version>
</dependency>

<!-- Logging framework -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.apache.logging.log4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>log4j-core</artifactId>
    <version>2.24.3</version>
</dependency>

<!-- SLF4J logging -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>slf4j-simple</artifactId>
    <version>2.0.13</version>
</dependency>
```

Network Concepts Explained

What is Packet Capture?

- **Packets** are small chunks of data sent over networks
- Every web request, email, video stream is broken into packets
- **Packet capture** means intercepting and examining these packets
- Like "wiretapping" network communications (legally, on your own network)

Network Interfaces You Saw:

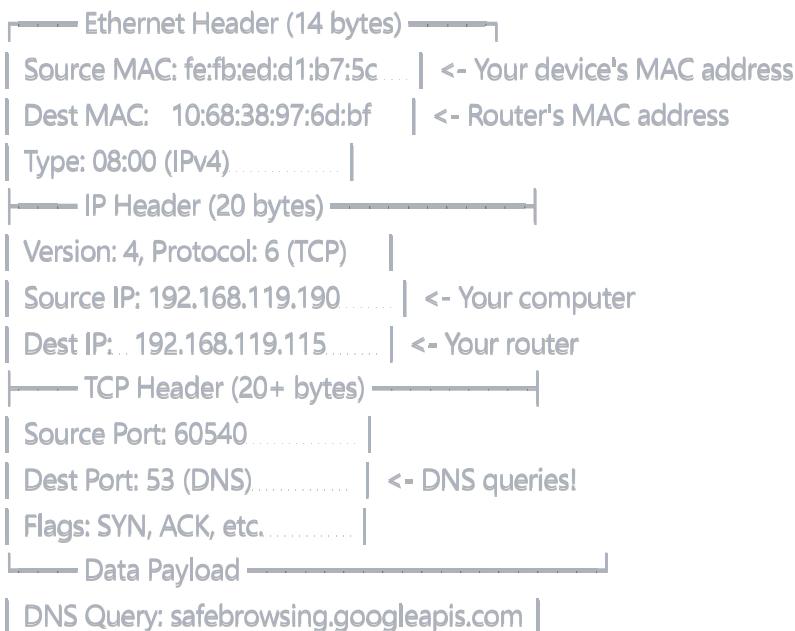
Device 0: WAN Miniport (Network Monitor) - Windows monitoring interface
Device 1: WAN Miniport (IPv6) - IPv6 protocol support
Device 2: WAN Miniport (IP) - IPv4 protocol support
Device 3: Realtek RTL8822CE Wi-Fi - YOUR ACTUAL WI-FI CARD ★
Device 4: Wi-Fi Direct Virtual #2 - Virtual hotspot adapter
Device 5: Wi-Fi Direct Virtual - Virtual hotspot adapter
Device 6: Loopback - Local computer traffic only
Device 7: ExpressVPN TUN - VPN tunnel interface
Device 8: ExpressVPN TAP - VPN bridge interface

Promiscuous Mode

- **Normal Mode:** Network card only receives packets destined for your computer
- **Promiscuous Mode:** Network card receives ALL packets on the network segment
- Allows monitoring of network-wide traffic (not just your own)
- Requires administrator privileges for security reasons

🔍 Understanding Your Captured Packets

Packet Structure (What you captured):



What You Actually Captured:

1. **DNS Queries:** Your browser asking "What's the IP address of safebrowsing.googleapis.com?"
2. **TCP Handshakes:** Connection establishment between your computer and router

3. **Google Safe Browsing:** Your browser checking if websites are safe to visit

4. **Network Communication:** Standard internet protocol exchanges

Program Execution Flow

START



1. Scan for Network Devices | <- Pcaps.findAllDevs()
(Wi-Fi, Ethernet, VPN, etc.) |



2. Display Device List to User | <- System.out.println()
Show index, name, description |



3. Get User Selection | <- Scanner.nextInt()
User chooses device number |



4. Open Device for Capture | <- device.openLive()
Configure: size, mode, timeout |



5. Start Packet Capture Loop | <- while(packetCount < 10)
Capture 10 packets one by one |



6. Process Each Packet | <- handle.getNextPacket()
Display packet contents in hex |



7. Clean Up & Show Summary | <- handle.close()
Close connection, show stats |



END

🛠️ Technical Requirements

Why Administrator Privileges?

- **Low-level network access** requires system permissions
- **Promiscuous mode** is a privileged operation
- **Security measure** to prevent unauthorized network monitoring
- **Driver interaction** needs elevated access

Why Npcap/WinPcap?

- **Java can't directly access network hardware**
 - **Native libraries** bridge the gap between Java and system
 - **Cross-platform support** (Windows, Linux, macOS)
 - **Industry standard** for packet capture applications
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Learning Opportunities

What You Can Learn From This Project:

1. **Network Protocols**: How TCP/IP, DNS, HTTP actually work
2. **System Programming**: Interaction between applications and hardware
3. **Security Concepts**: Network monitoring, traffic analysis
4. **Java Integration**: Using native libraries in Java applications
5. **Maven Build System**: Dependency management and project structure

Potential Enhancements:

1. **Packet Filtering**: Capture only specific types of traffic
 2. **Protocol Parsing**: Decode HTTP, DNS, FTP protocols
 3. **GUI Interface**: Create a visual packet analyzer
 4. **File Export**: Save captured packets to files
 5. **Real-time Analysis**: Statistics, bandwidth monitoring
 6. **Security Detection**: Identify suspicious network activity
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Project Structure

```
NetworkTrafficAnalyzer/
├── pom.xml           <- Maven configuration
├── src/
│   └── main/
│       ├── java/
│       │   └── com/
│       │       └── alok/
│       │           └── trafficanalyzer/
│       │               └── PacketCapture.java <- Your main code
│   └── target/.....    <- Compiled classes
│       └── classes/..... <- .class files
└── NetworkTrafficAnalyzer-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar
└── README.md          <- Project documentation
```

Congratulations!

You've successfully built and run a **professional-grade network analysis tool!** This project demonstrates:

- **System-level programming** with Java
- **Network protocol understanding**
- **Maven build system usage**
- **Native library integration**
- **Exception handling and resource management**
- **Real-world application development**

This is the foundation for more advanced network security and analysis tools!