Introduction

Online Auction System Description: This system is designed to implement the basic functionalities of an Online Auction system where buyers and sellers participate in the sale of advertised items.

Users are divided into three different account types: buyer, seller, and administrator. Members may create accounts, and can be either a buyer or a seller. This label will determine the account type when the account is created. Upon login, the user will be prompted to enter their username and login. In the case of an error in either of the fields, the system will prompt the user with an error message. The login page will also provide users the option to create a new account, which will also prompt the user to specify their account type as a requirement to create their account. Upon account creation, buyers will be prompted to provide the following information: email address, name, password, billing address, shipping address, payment information, and phone number. Sellers will be prompted to provide email address, name, password, billing address, bank account number, routing number, and phone number. Once logged in, the users will have the option to log out of the system.

Buyers may search through all the available products for auction, and may place their bids on their desired product. The buyers will be able to view the starting bid for the given product, as well as the current highest bid. Additionally, the buyers will be permitted to update their bids on products to beat other bids. When each bid is made, the system stores the bid time and the bid price. When the time allotted to the auction ends, the system declares the winner of the auction and proceeds with the transaction between the buyer and the seller. These buyers may also view all their current active bids as well as their expired bids.

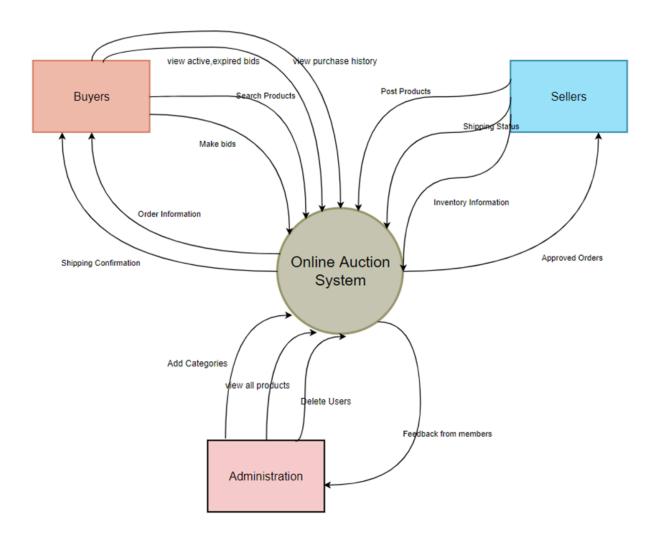
Sellers will similarly be allowed to search through all items available for auction and display the result. Additionally, sellers may post ads for the products they desire to sell, and will be able to see both their active and expired bids. Once the auction is over, the system sends the seller the customer order and the seller begins processing/shipping the auctioned product.

When the item is placed for sale, a unique item number is assigned to it by the system. All items for sale are categorized based on a fixed classification hierarchy which are defined by the administrators.

Administrators will be able to manage (view, control, search, delete) all product ads posted on the website as well as contact messages. Admins are also allowed to view feedback from buyers and sellers. Admins also serve as regulators to view and delete users in case of violations.

System Requirements

Context Diagram (System Architecture):



Interface Requirements

- 11. User(Buyer/Seller) login/Admin Login capabilities
- 12. Consistency of layout/design across the website. (e.g. having a header)
- 13. Clarity of layout and design: Should be easy to navigate and find functions.
- I4. Responsiveness of website: Display works across multiple devices (e.g. works on different screen sizes and display interactions with the user.)
- I5. Familiarity: The page should do what the user expects. (e.g. a magnifying glass would logically represent a search option)
- I6. Aesthetics (e.g. page colors, images, page elements, sections are neatly aligned)
- 17. Error Analysis. Validation/returning error messages to the user.
- 18. Ease of Access to 'Help' (Documentation)

Functional Requirements

Login Functional Requirements:

- FR1. System will allow the user to login.
- FR2. System will verify the username and password.
- FR3. System will not allow the user to login with invalid username or password.
- FR4. System will be able to remember username and password.
- FR5. System will allow users to create an account.
- FR6. System will enable users to logout of their accounts
- FR7. System should allow sellers to have accounts where they will receive the customer orders and respond to them.

Browsing Functional Requirements

- FR8. System will allow the user to search products that are available for auction and shall display the result.
- FR9. System will allow the bidder to bid on the desired product.
- FR10. System will allow users to post the ad for the product they want to sell.
- FR11. System will allow users to view their active bids (that are in progress).
- FR12. System will allow the user to view their expired bids.
- FR13. System will allow the user to view their purchase history.

<u>Administrator Functional requirements:</u>

- F14. Admin can view all the products.
- F15. Admin can control, delete and search any product.
- F16. Admin can view the feedback sent from users.
- F17. Admin can add categories in the database.
- F18. Admin can view all the users
- F19. Admin has the right to delete any users in case of violations of the website policies.
- F20. Admin can view the contact messages.

Additional Functional Requirements:

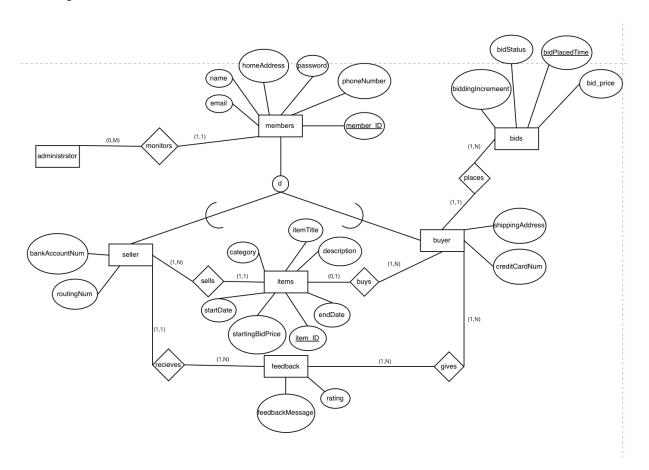
- F21. Buyer and Seller can record feedback regarding transactions
- F22. Require specification of account type (Buyer/Seller/Administrator) at creation.
- F23. System will allow users to enter payment information.
- F24. Sellers when putting an item up for auction may set a time limit for the auction duration.

Non-Functional Requirements

- NF1. Each search query should take a reasonable amount of time (example: takes no longer than 10 seconds).
- NF2. Database should be compatible with various hardware
- NF3. Product should be easy to use for the users with different levels of computer skills
- NF4. Database should be scalable
- NF5. Product should be secure
- NF6. Database should be capable to handle multiple users

Conceptual Design of the Database

ER Diagram:



Data Dictionary and Constraints:

member

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
member_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
password	varchar(20)	No		
email	varchar(60)	No		
name	varchar(30)	No		
phoneNumber	varchar(10)	No		
homeAddress	varchar(60)	No		

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	member_ID	17	A	No	

administrator

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
member_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		

Indexes

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	member_ID	3	A	No	
FK_admin	BTREE	No	No	member_ID	3	A	No	

buyer

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
member_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
shippingAddress	varchar(60)	No		
creditCardNum	varchar(16)	No		

Indexes

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	member_ID	8	A	No	
FK_Buyer	BTREE	No	No	member_ID	8	A	No	

seller

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
member_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
bankAccountNum	varchar(12)	No		
routingNum	varchar(9)	No		

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	member_ID	4	A	No	
FK_seller	BTREE	No	No	member_ID	4	A	No	

items

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
item_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
seller_ID	int(11)	No		
startingBidPrice	int(11)	No		
description	text	No		
startDate	timestamp	No	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	
endDate	timestamp	No	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	
category	varchar(30)	No		
itemTitle	varchar(30)	No		

Indexes

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY	BTREE	Yes	No	item_ID	4	A	No	
FK_item	BTREE	No	No	seller_ID	4	A	No	

bids

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
buyer_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
seller_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
item_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
bidPlacedTime (Primary)	timestamp	No	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	
bidStatus	tinyint(1)	No		
bidPrice	float	No		
bidIncrement	float	No		

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY BTREE			No	buyer_ID	4	A	No	
	DTDEE	Vos		seller_ID	8	A	No	
	BIKEE	ies		item_ID	8	A	No	
				bidPlacedTime	8	A	No	
FK_bids-seller	BTREE	No	No	seller_ID	4	A	No	
FK_bids-item	BTREE	No	No	item_ID	4	A	No	

feedback

Column	Type	Null	Default	Comments
reviewer_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
reviewee_ID (Primary)	int(11)	No		
rating	float	No		
message	text	No		

Keyname	Type	Unique	Packed	Column	Cardinality	Collation	Null	Comment
PRIMARY BTR	DTDEE	Vac	No	reviewer_ID	3	A	No	
	DIKEE	168		reviewee_ID	3	A	No	
FK_feedback-reviewee	BTREE	No	No	reviewee_ID	3	A	No	

Logical Database Schema

Relations:

Member [MemberID, Name, Email, Password, phoneNumber, homeAddress]

Buyer [BuyerID (FK), shippingAddress, creditCardNum,]

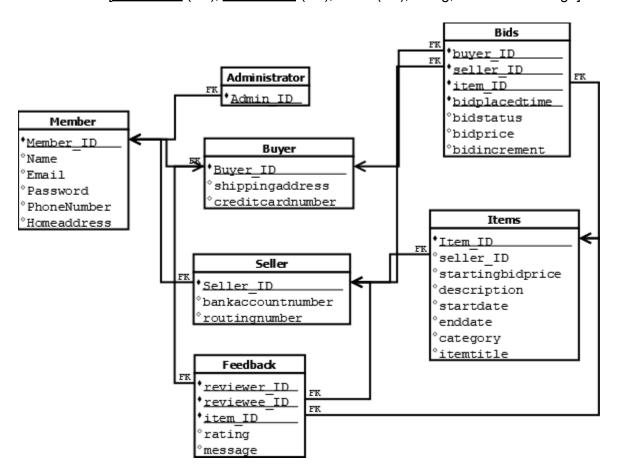
Seller [SellerID (FK), bankAccountNum, routingNum]

Administrator [AdminID (FK)]

Items [ItemID, description, SellerID (FK), itemTitle, category, startingBidPrice, startDate, endDate]

Bids [BuyerID (FK), SellerID (FK), ItemID (FK), bidStatus, bidPlacedTime, bidPrice, biddingIncrement]

Feedback [reviewerID (FK), revieweeID (FK), items (FK), rating, feedbackMessage]



SQL Statements:

Member Table:

```
CREATE TABLE `member` (
   `member_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
   `password` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
   `email` varchar(60) NOT NULL,
   `name` varchar(30) NOT NULL,
   `phoneNumber` varchar(10) NOT NULL,
   `homeAddress` varchar(60) NOT NULL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;

ALTER TABLE `member`

ADD PRIMARY KEY (`member_ID`);
```

Administrator Table:

```
CREATE TABLE `administrator` (
   `member_ID` int(11) NOT NULL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;

ALTER TABLE `administrator`

ADD PRIMARY KEY (`member_ID`),

ADD KEY `FK_admin` (`member_ID`);
```

ALTER TABLE 'administrator'

ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_admin` FOREIGN KEY (`member_ID`) REFERENCES `member` (`member_ID`) ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE;

Seller Table:

```
CREATE TABLE 'seller' (

'member_ID' int(11) NOT NULL,

'bankAccountNum' varchar(12) NOT NULL,

'routingNum' varchar(9) NOT NULL

) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;

ALTER TABLE 'seller'

ADD PRIMARY KEY ('member_ID'),

ADD KEY 'FK_seller' ('member_ID');

ALTER TABLE 'seller'

ADD CONSTRAINT 'FK_seller' FOREIGN KEY ('member_ID') REFERENCES 'member' ('member_ID');
```

Buyer table:

```
CREATE TABLE `buyer` (

`member_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,

`shippingAddress` varchar(60) NOT NULL,

`creditCardNum` varchar(16) NOT NULL

) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
```

```
ALTER TABLE 'buyer'
    ADD PRIMARY KEY ('member_ID'),
    ADD KEY `FK_Buyer` (`member_ID`);
   ALTER TABLE 'buyer'
    ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_Buyer` FOREIGN KEY (`member_ID`) REFERENCES `member`
   (`member_ID`);
Items Table:
   CREATE TABLE 'items' (
    `item_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
    'seller ID' int(11) NOT NULL,
    `startingBidPrice` int(11) NOT NULL,
    'description' text NOT NULL,
    `startDate` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    `endDate` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    `category` varchar(30) NOT NULL,
    'itemTitle' varchar(30) NOT NULL
   ) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
   ALTER TABLE 'items'
    ADD PRIMARY KEY ('item_ID'),
    ADD KEY `FK_item` (`seller_ID`);
```

```
ALTER TABLE 'items'

ADD CONSTRAINT 'FK_item' FOREIGN KEY ('seller_ID') REFERENCES 'member' ('member_ID');
```

Bids Table:

```
CREATE TABLE 'bids' (
 `buyer_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
 'seller ID' int(11) NOT NULL,
 `item_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
 `bidPlacedTime` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON UPDATE
CURRENT TIMESTAMP,
 'bidStatus' tinyint(1) NOT NULL,
 'bidPrice' float NOT NULL,
 'bidIncrement' float NOT NULL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
ALTER TABLE 'bids'
 ADD PRIMARY KEY ('buyer_ID', 'seller_ID', 'item_ID', 'bidPlacedTime'),
 ADD KEY 'FK bids-seller' ('seller ID'),
 ADD KEY `FK_bids-item` (`item_ID`);
ALTER TABLE 'bids'
 ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_bids-buyer` FOREIGN KEY (`buyer_ID`) REFERENCES `buyer`
(`member_ID`),
 ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_bids-item` FOREIGN KEY (`item_ID`) REFERENCES `items`
('item ID'),
```

ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_bids-seller` FOREIGN KEY (`seller_ID`) REFERENCES `seller` (`member_ID`);

Feedback Table:

```
CREATE TABLE `feedback` (
 `reviewer ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
 `reviewee_ID` int(11) NOT NULL,
 'Item' int(11) NOT NULL,
 'rating' float NOT NULL,
 'message' text NOT NULL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
ALTER TABLE 'feedback'
ADD PRIMARY KEY ('reviewer ID', 'reviewee ID'),
 ADD KEY `FK_feedback-reviewee` (`reviewee_ID`),
ADD KEY 'Item' ('Item');
ALTER TABLE 'feedback'
ADD CONSTRAINT 'FK feedback-Item' FOREIGN KEY ('Item') REFERENCES 'items'
(`item_ID`),
ADD CONSTRAINT `FK_feedback-reviewee` FOREIGN KEY (`reviewee_ID`)
REFERENCES 'seller' ('member_ID'),
ADD CONSTRAINT `FK feedback-reviewer` FOREIGN KEY (`reviewer ID`)
REFERENCES 'buyer' ('member_ID');
```

Expected Database Operations:

INSERT (CREATE):

- members into the 'member' table
- members into the 'seller' table
- members into the 'buyer' table
- Items into the 'items' table
- Bids into the 'bids' table
- Messages into the 'feedback' table
- Members to the 'admin' table, but not supported from the interface for security

UPDATE:

- Member info in the 'member' table
- info in the 'seller' table
- info in the 'buyer' table
- Item info in the 'items' table

DELETE:

- Members from the 'member' table (done by admins)
- Info in the 'seller' table
- Info in the 'buyer' table
- Items from the 'items' table
- Removing admins from the 'admin' table, but not supported from the interface for security

SELECT (READ):

- Listing members from the 'members' table
- Listing members from the 'seller' table
- Listing members from the 'buyer' table
- Listing items from the 'items' table
- Viewing messages from the 'feedback' table

Estimated Data Volumes:

The number of members are not restricted, nor are the amount of items a seller/buyer can sell/buy. The amount of feedback messages are unrestricted, but estimated to be one per completed transaction. The number of bids placed on an item is expected to be high, moreso when the time frame for the transaction specified by the seller is large. There should be significantly fewer admins than buyers/sellers.

Functional Dependencies and Database Normalization

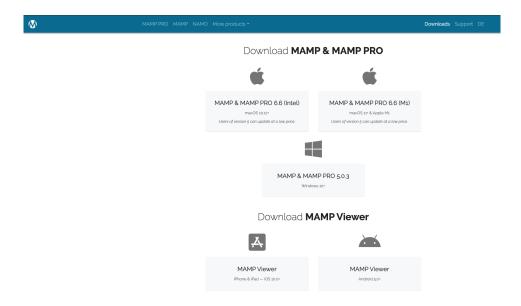
Set of Functional Dependencies:

- a. User
 - UserId -> User_type
- b. Admin
 - AdminId -> name
 - AdminId -> password
- c. Member
 - MemberID -> Name
 - MemberID -> Email
 - MemberID -> password
 - MemberID -> phoneNumber
 - MemberID -> address
- d. Buyer
 - BuyerID -> shippingAddress
 - BuyerID -> creditCardNum
- e. Seller
 - SellerID -> bankAccountNum
 - SellerID -> routingNumber
- f. Bids
 - {BuyerID,SellerID,ItemID} -> bidStatus
- g. Items
 - ItemID -> Item_type
- h. Feedback
 - {reviewerID,revieweeID} -> feedbackMessage

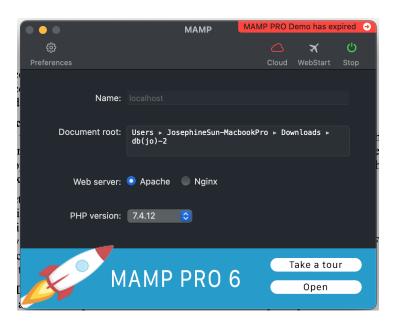
Database System:

Installing and invoking the system can be accomplished by installing the application MAMP. By designating the correct document root and importing the database file into the web application in the description below, the application for the project can be accessed in the browser at 'localhost:PORT_NUMBER', where PORT_NUMBER is the designated port number in your setup.

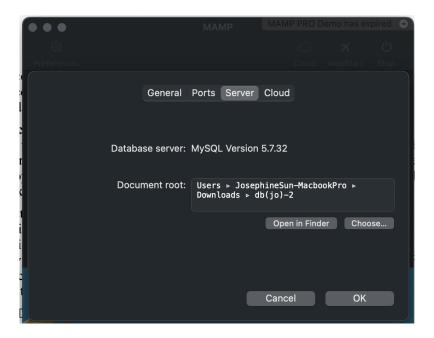
Install MAMP from https://www.mamp.info/en/downloads/



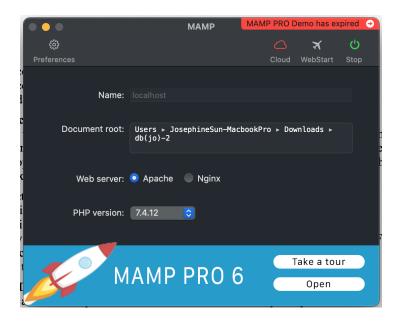
Open the MAMP Application and select 'Preferences'.



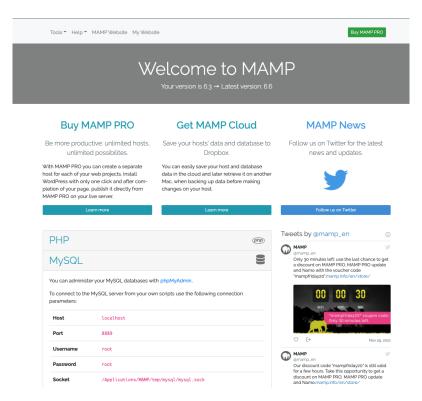
Navigate to 'Server' and set the 'Document root' to the correct folder.



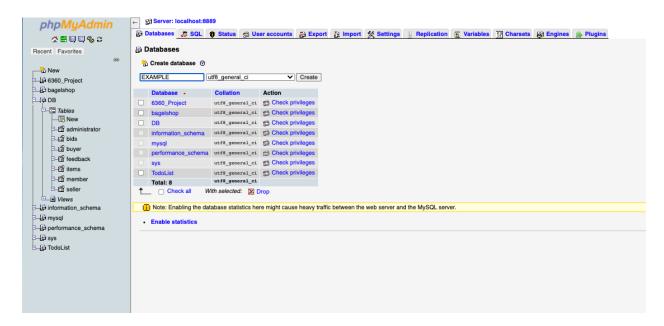
Click 'Start' and then click 'Webstart' to open up in the browser.



Navigate down to 'MySQL' and click the link 'phpMyAdmin' to set up the database.



On the left, select 'New' to create a new database. In the example below, the database it titled 'EXAMPLE'.



Navigate the top tabs to 'import' the database file.



Additional Queries and Views

Query

Seller Table:

Retrieve items listed under a specified seller, such as where the seller_ID is 10.

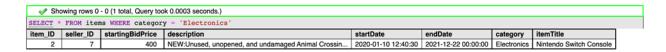
SELECT * FROM seller as s, items as i WHERE s.member_ID=i.seller_ID AND i.seller_ID=10;



Items Table:

Retrieve the set of items under a specified category, such as "Electronics"

SELECT * FROM items WHERE category = 'Electronics';



Bids Table:

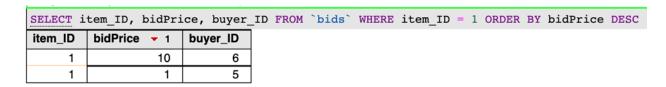
Retrieve the max bid increment placed by each buyer for each item.

SELECT b.buyer_ID as Buyer, b.item_ID as Item, max(b.bidInrement) as "MAX Bid" from bids as b where b.bidStatus group by b.buyer_ID, b.item_ID;



Retrieve the bids placed on a specific item (in this case the item whose id is 1) and order the bids made in descending order.

SELECT item_ID, bidPrice, buyer_ID FROM 'bids' WHERE item_ID = 1 ORDER BY bidPrice DESC:



Views

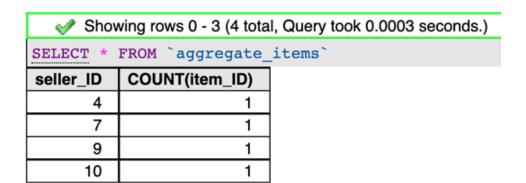
Items Table:

View for the number of items listed by each seller:

Create view aggregate_items AS

(Select sellerid, count(item_id) from items

Group by seller_id);



Bids Table:

View for the number of items of each seller that each buyer has bid for:

Create view aggregate_bids AS

(Select seller_id, buyer_id, count(item_ID) from bids

Group by seller_id, buyer_id);

Showing rows 0 - 5 (6 total, Query took 0.0004 seconds.)

SELECT * FROM `aggregate_bids`

seller_ID	buyer_ID	COUNT(item_ID)
4	5	1
4	6	1
7	5	1
7	6	1
9	5	1
10	8	1

View for displaying the bids from the highest to the lowest bid price:

Create view aggregate_bids AS

(Select seller_id, buyer_id, bidPrice from bids

Order By bidPrice DESC);

SELECT * FROM `bidprices_view`

seller_ID	buyer_ID	bidPrice
7	6	30
9	5	15
4	6	10
10	8	5
7	5	2
4	5	1

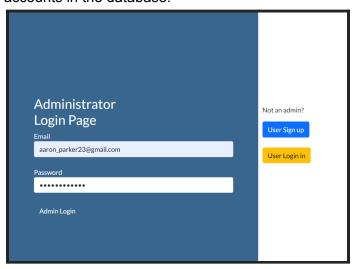
User Application Interface

The system user interface is built using HTML and php, which can be run locally from the browser. Given that the database is set up, one can begin the application by navigating to the 'main.php' file in their browser. The applied functions and their respective user interface design are listed below. The functions are implemented as SQL queries in the php and HTML code and the results are presented in the interface, as in the below applications.

Admin Functions/Operations:

Admin Login page:

The admin login info is submitted and verified against the login info for administrator accounts in the database.



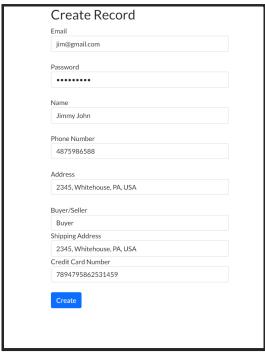
Admin welcome page:

Each user's information is returned using a select query to return corresponding information of all Buyer and Seller member accounts.



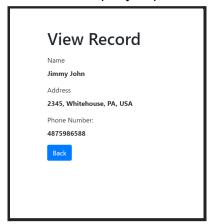
Admin create a new member page:

Use of Insert query in the database to add new members

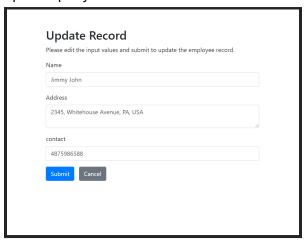


Admin view a member page:

Use of Select query to present a specific member's information.



Admin Update a member page: Update query to the members table.



Admin delete a member page:

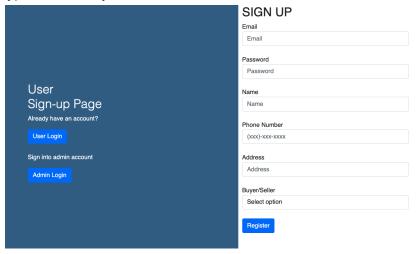
Delete query to a specific tuple in the member's table.



Seller Functions/Operations:

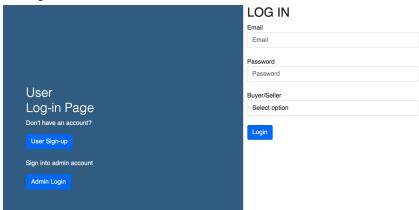
User signup page

Insert query to the member's table and the seller/buyer table depending on the account type selected by the user.



User login page:

User information is validated against all the login information for buyer/sellers to see if the login information is valid.



Seller Homepage:

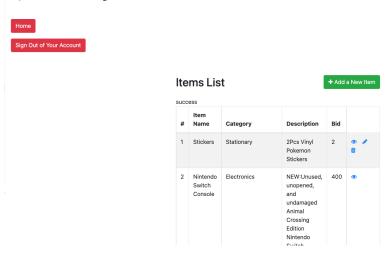
Hi, Ricardo Kelly. Welcome to our site.



Seller Marketplace:

Select query returning all the existing items, and allowing modifications only to items created by the seller through validation in php.

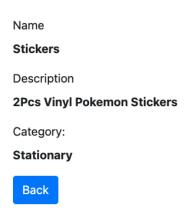
Hi, Ricardo Kelly. Welcome to our site.



View Items:

Select query returning information of a specific item.

View Item



Edit seller's items:

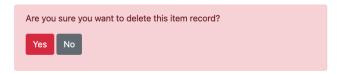
Update query to the items table given a specific item id.

Please edit the input values and submit to update the item record. Name Stickers Description 2Pcs Vinyl Pokemon Stickers Category Stationary Submit Cancel

Delete Seller's items:

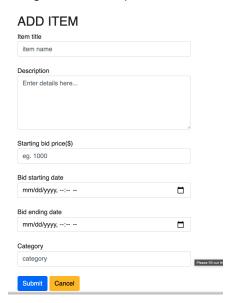
Delete query to the items table given a specific item id.

Delete Record



Seller add item:

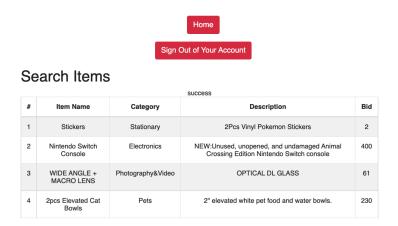
Insert query to the items table given the user's input and seller id. Form fields are designed to be required.



Seller Search items:

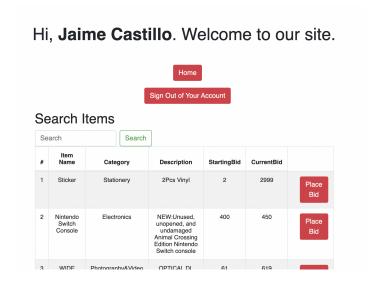
Select query returning a list of items to the user.

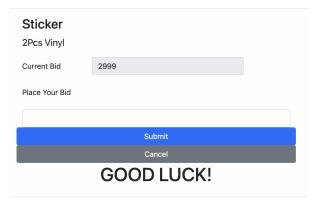
Hi, Ricardo Kelly. Welcome to our site.



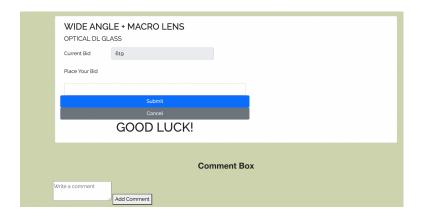
Buyer Functions/Operations:

Buyer can search items and place a bid for each item. Select query returning a list of items to the user.





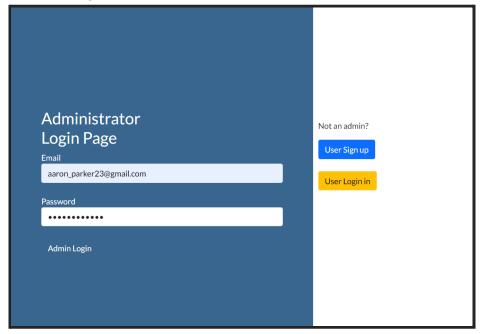
Buyer can give feedback, Another Insert query to the feedback table.



a) A list of alternative options is offered to the user.

Starting from main.php, the user is prompted for an

- > administrator login
- > user sign up
- > user login.



From the user homepage, welcome.php, the user may

- > Sign out
- > Search items
- > View their purchase history

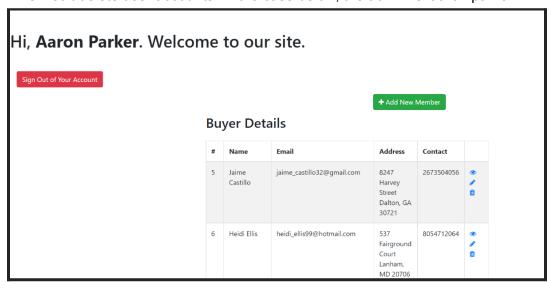
Hi, Jaime Castillo. Welcome to our site.



b) The user selects an alternative.

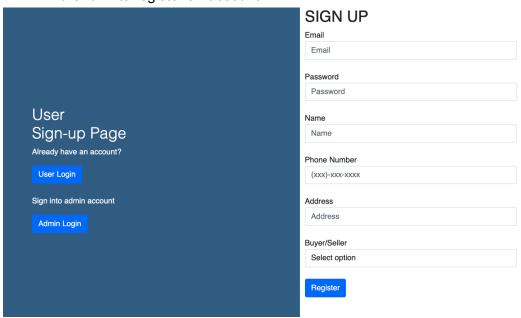
Once signed in as an administrator, the user is given the option to

- > Sign out
- > Add a new member (buyer/seller)
- > view/edit/delete user accounts. In the case below, the admin is 'aaron parker'.



Instead of signing in as an admin, the user may also opt to sign up for an account. Here, the user is given the options to

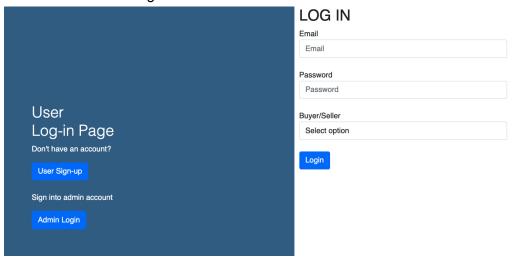
- > Re-direct to user login
- > Re-direct to admin login
- > Fill the form to register an account



If the user initially opts to login to a user account, the options are similar that the user may

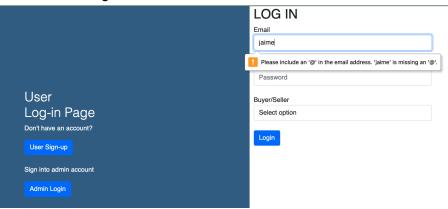
> Re-direct to user sign up

- > Re-direct to admin login
- > Fill the form to login to their account.



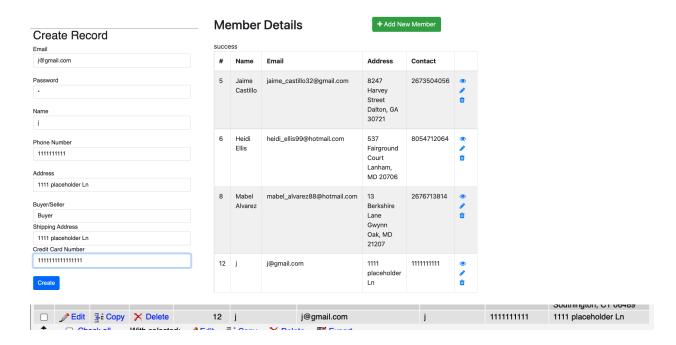
c) The system prompts the user for appropriate input values.

In the various forms, the application also prompts the user for appropriate input values, such as in the user login screen.



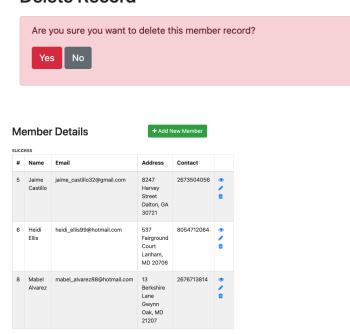
d) The system accesses the database to perform the appropriate queries and/or modifications.

In the admin homepage, the admin may add new users, which redirects to the following page and inserts another member into the database, which is reflected on the page.



The admin may also delete members, and the member will no longer be displayed on the admin screen.

Delete Record



e) Data or an appropriate acknowledgment is returned to the user.

Inputting incorrect user login information results in the following message.

