## MTH5105 Differential and Integral Analysis 2008-2009

## Exercises 6

Exercise 1: Let  $f:(0,1)\to\mathbb{R}$  be continuous. Show that f is uniformly continuous if  $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$  and  $\lim_{x\to 1} f(x)$  exist. [5 marks]

[Note: the converse is also true, but much harder to show.]

Exercise 2: Let  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  be given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^{\alpha} & x \in \{1/k; k \in \mathbb{N}\}, \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

For which values of  $\alpha$  is f Riemann-integrable? If f is Riemann-integrable, what is the value of  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ ? [10 marks]

Exercise 3: Let  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  be Riemann-integrable and  $c\in\mathbb{R}$ .

(a) Given a partition P of [a, b], show that

$$U(cf, P) - L(cf, P) \le |c|(U(f, P) - L(f, P)).$$

[6 marks]

(b) Deduce from (a) that cf is integrable and

$$\int_a^b cf(x) \, dx = c \int_a^b f(x) \, dx \, .$$

[This completes the proof of Theorem 38.]

[4 marks]

(c) For a bounded set  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}$ , show that

$$\sup_{y \in \Omega} |y| - \inf_{y \in \Omega} |y| \le \sup_{y \in \Omega} y - \inf_{y \in \Omega} y .$$

[This is needed in the proof of Theorem 41.]

[5 marks]

The deadline is 12.15 on Monday, 9th March. Please hand in your coursework at the end of Monday's lecture or to my office MAS113 immediately afterwards.