## **Lab: (Command Line) Rewriting History**

Estimated time: 10 minutes

Note: This lab assumes that you are using a command line. If you would prefer to use Sourcetree, there are separate instructions.

In this lab, you will:

- 1. Amend a commit.
- 2. Use interactive rebase to remove a commit.
- 3. Perform a squash merge.

## 1: Amend a commit.

- 1. Create a local repository named projecth.
- 2. Create an initial commit that adds a fileA.txt file containing the text "mistake". The commit message should be "add fileA.txt with mistake". Note the first to characters of the commit's SHA-1.
- 3. Amend the commit so that fileA.txt is empty and the commit message simply reads "add fileA.txt".
  - Modify fileA.txt so that it is empty.
  - Add fileA.txt to the staging area.
  - Amend the previous commit by executing git commit --amend -m "add fileA.txt".
- 4. Notice the SHA-1 of your amended commit. It should be different than the one you noted prior to amending the commit.
  - Congratulations, you have amended a commit.

## 2: Use interactive rebase to remove a commit.

- 1. Create a feature1 branch.
- 2. Create a commit on the feature1 branch. Add the string "feature 1 wip" to fileA.txt.

  The commit message should be "add feature 1 wip".
- 3. Create another commit on the feature1 branch. The contents of fileA.txt should be "feature 1". The commit message should be "add feature 1".

- 4. Let's say that you think that the "feature 1 wip" commit adds little value to the commit history. Use interactive rebase to remove that commit by squashing it.
  - Checkout the feature1 branch.
  - View the commit graph of the feature1 branch.
  - Execute git rebase -i <SHA-1>, where is for the initial commit of the repository (which is also the first commit of the feature1 branch).
  - Explore the interactive rebase editor.
  - Remove the commit with the commit message of "feature 1 wip". Do this by changing
    the pick command to squash for the commit with a commit message of "feature 1".
     Save the file.
  - An editor then opens for the commit message of the squashed commit. Change it to simply read add feature 1.
- 5. View your commit graph. Verify that the commit with a message of "feature 1 wip" has been removed.
- 6. Merge the feature1 branch and delete its branch label.
  - Congratulations, you have performed an interactive rebase.

## 3: Perform a squash merge.

- 1. Create a feature2 branch off of the master branch.
- 2. Create a commit on the feature 2 branch. Add the string "feature 2 wip" to fileA.txt. The commit message should be "add feature 2 wip".
- 3. Create another commit on the feature2 branch. In fileA.txt, change the line "feature 2 wip" to "feature 2". The commit message should be "add feature 2".
- 4. Perform a squash merge of the feature2 branch into the master branch.
  - Checkout the master branch.
  - Execute git merge --squash feature2.
  - Execute git commit . An editor opens. Specify a commit message of "add feature 2".
- 5. View your commit graph. Verify that the commit with a message of "feature 2 wip" has been squashed.
- 6. Delete the feature2 branch label.
- 7. You will not use the projecth repository in future labs. You can delete it.

Congratulations, you have performed a squash merge and have completed this lab.

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