

Univariate

1: What is the distribution of daily water consumption (liters) across households?

The **daily water consumption** ranges from **340 L to 860 L** (mean ≈ 576.7 L, median 575 L, mode 520 L). About 50% of values lie between 480 L (Q1) and 692.5 L (Q3)

2: What is the distribution of recorded temperatures ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)?

Temperature values range from ~ 23.9 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 31.4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (mean ≈ 28.75 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, median 27.0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, mode ≈ 23.9 $^{\circ}\text{C}$)

3.What is the distribution of humidity (% relative humidity)?

Humidity percentages range from 47% to 72% (mean $\approx 57.79\%$, median 58%, mode #55%).

4.What is the distribution of water used by appliances (liters)

Appliance water use spans 40 L to 100 L per day (mean ≈ 70.45 L, median 75 L)

5. How are households distributed by water source type

water source type Municipal-41 Borewell-31 Tanker-28 municipal is highest

Bivariate

1.How are the numeric variables intercorrelated?

All numeric features are **positively correlated**, often strongly. The highest correlation is between **Members and Daily_Water_Consumption_Liters**

2.How does temperature relate to water consumption

based on the graph i observed positive correlation

Higher outdoor temperature is associated with higher water consumption

3.How does humidity relate to water consumption?

based on the graph i observed positive correlation

Similarly, humidity has a very high positive correlation ($\approx +0.965$) with total consumption

4.Is water consumption different on weekends vs weekdays?

observe the graph weekend consume water high

5.Does water source type affect consumption?

based on graph here are differences by source type. Municipal customers have the highest average consumption (~ 598.5 L), Tanker next (~ 571.1 L), and Borewell the lowest (~ 552.9 L). This might reflect unlimited supply or socioeconomic factors.