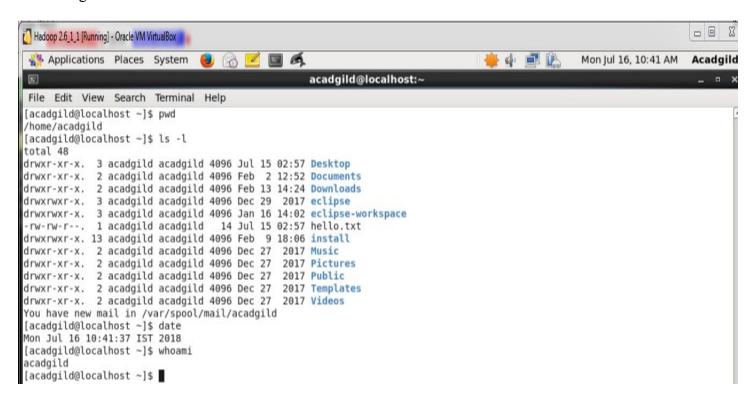
3. Running Unix commands:



1. pwd: *pwd* (print working directory). Writes the full pathname of the current working directory to the standard output (Monitor).

Ex: \$pwd

2. Is: *ls* (list) is a command to list files in Unix operating system. When invoked without any arguments, *ls* lists the file in the current directory. If specified argument '-1' shows the all the properties of the file, like, read write permissions about the file and directories, Date, time and username associated with those files.

Ex: \$1s -1

3. date: *date* command is used to display the system date and time. Date command is also used to set date and time of the system. By default the date command displays the data in the time zone on which Unix/Linux operating system is configured.

Ex: \$date

4. whoami: whoami is a command found on most Unix-like operating systems and in Windows operating systems. It is a concatenation of the words "who am i?" and prints the effective username of the current user when invoked. It has the same effect as the Unix command "id—un".

Ex: \$whoami --- is same as \$id -un.