CAPSTONE PROJECT

FINAL REPORT : PREDICTIVE ANALYSIS FOR HEART DISEASE RISK ASSESSMENT



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OVERVIEW



Business overview: Highlights both immediate and longterm advantages such as enhanced, reduced readmission rate and integration of predictive models in diagnosis



Scorecard Highlights: Demonstrate model accuracy and relability in identifying key risk predictors like age and high cholestrols level



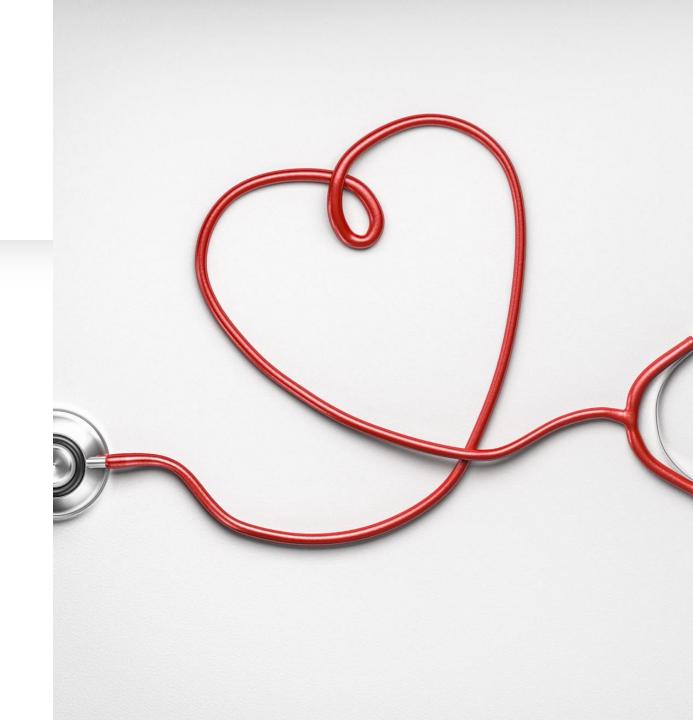
Recommendation: Adopt predictive analysis in Routine practice



Conclusion: Identification key predictors of heart disease, demonstrating the efficacy of predictive analytics in healthcare.

KEY QUESTIONS

- What are the primary risk factors contributing to heart disease and how can health professionals address them effectively?
- How accurate is the model in identifying individuals at high risk for heart disease?
- What are the methods used to clean and determine the analysis of the dataset?



METHODS AND **FINDINGS**

Methods for analysis:

- Statistical Software: Python, Pandas, Scikit-learn, Matplotlib
- Data Requirements: Age, cholesterol levels, blood pressure
- Exploratory Analysis: Patterns, correlations, anomalies
- Data Cleaning: Handling missing values, outliers
- Training, Validation, and Testing: Split data for model development

High level data

- Define the Problem Statement
- Data Collection and Preparation
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
- Addressing Outliers
- Model Training and Validation

FINDINGS



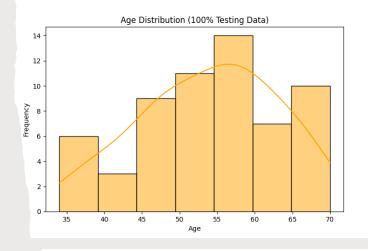
Age and cholesterol levels were found to be the most significant predictors of heart disease.

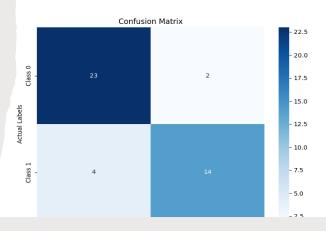


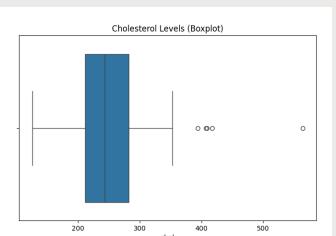
The model achieved a validation accuracy of approximately 80% when predicting heart disease using 20% of the validation dataset.



Addressing outliers improved model accuracy and reduced prediction error.









Adopt Predictive Analytics in Routine Practice

RECOMMENDATION



Enhance Data Collection Systems



Focus on Public Awareness Campaigns

FURTHER QUESTIONS







HOW CAN WE IMPROVE THE ACCURACY OF THE PREDICTIVE MODEL FURTHER?

WHAT ADDITIONAL DATA SOURCES CAN BE INTEGRATED TO ENHANCE THE MODEL? WHAT RESOURCES ARE NEEDED TO IMPLEMENT THESE RECOMMENDATIONS EFFECTIVELY?

CONCLUSION

Highlights

- Early identification of heart disease risk is crucial
- Predictive models offer significant benefits
- Implementation and continuous refinement are key

Urgency

- Immediate action is required to integrate predictive models
- Continuous improvement ensures longterm effectiveness



REFRENCE

- UCL Machine Learning Repository
- Python Documentation
- Pandas Documentation
- Scikit-learn Documentation
- Matplotlib Documentation



