

scanpy.pp.scale 🔗

scanpy.pp.scale(*X*, *zero_center=True*, *max_value=None*, *copy=False*, *layer=None*, *obsm=None*)

Scale data to unit variance and zero mean.

! Note

Variables (genes) that do not display any variation (are constant across all observations) are retained and (for `zero_center==True`) set to 0 during this operation. In the future, they might be set to NaNs.

Parameters:

X : Union [AnnData , spmatrix , ndarray]

The (annotated) data matrix of shape `n_obs` × `n_vars`. Rows correspond to cells and columns to genes.

zero_center : bool (default: True)

If `False`, omit zero-centering variables, which allows to handle sparse input efficiently.

max_value : optional [float] (default: None)

Clip (truncate) to this value after scaling. If `None`, do not clip.

copy : bool (default: False)

Whether this function should be performed inplace. If an AnnData object is passed, this also determines if a copy is returned.

layer : optional [str] (default: None)

If provided, which element of layers to scale.

obsm : optional [str] (default: None)

If provided, which element of obsm to scale.

Returns:

: Depending on `copy` returns or updates `adata` with a scaled `adata.X`, annotated with `'mean'` and `'std'` in `adata.var`.