

# Word profiles

## UNIT 1

### WORD PROFILE: *thing* /θɪŋ/

that kind of thing	<i>I like pasta, pizza – that kind of thing.</i>
the best thing ever	<i>His latest song is the best thing ever!</i>
the same thing	<i>Mum offered me her old phone but it isn't the same thing.</i>
things like that	<i>I love swimming, surfing and things like that.</i>
the thing	<i>The thing I love about that film is the music.</i>

#### 1 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 I love all outdoor activities
- 2 The thing I love about holidays
- 3 I think skying is
- 4 We have to write about where we live,
- 5 Takeaway pizza is not
  - a our best friend, that kind of thing.
  - b and things like that.
  - c the best thing ever
  - d is going to the beach.
  - e the same thing as my mum's.

## UNIT 2

### WORD PROFILE: *close* /klaʊz, klaʊz/

PUBLIC PLACE	<i>The bank closes at 4 pm.</i>
FRIENDLY	<i>Angela and I are really close. We tell each other everything.</i>
RELATIVE	<i>I think Jane and Rachel are close relatives, like cousins?</i>
NEAR	<i>The library is close to the swimming pool.</i>

#### 1 Match the bold words in the questions to the meanings in the Word profile box. Then answer the questions about yourself.

- 1 Who is your **closest** friend?
- 2 Which classmate lives **closest** to you?
- 3 What time does your school **close**?
- 4 How many **close** relatives were at your last family party?

## UNIT 3

### WORD PROFILE: *give* /gɪv/

ALLOW TIME	<i>Give me another day and then it'll be ready.</i>
CAUSE	<i>What you said just now has given me an idea.</i>
ALLOW	<i>Joining a library gives you the opportunity to borrow lots of books.</i>
give in	<i>I have no idea how to do this – I give in.</i>
give in sth / give sth in	<i>Have you given your English homework in yet?</i>

#### 1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *give* and any other words that are necessary.

- 1 I don't know what you're thinking – I ..... ! Tell me!
- 2 The tennis association ..... hundreds of children the ..... to play for free each year.
- 3 Can you ..... me ten more minutes?
- 4 The moon last night ..... me an idea for a painting.
- 5 I finished the work and ..... it ..... to the teacher.
- 6 Can you ..... me another week to finish this?
- 7 Josie's parents finally ..... and she got the latest mobile phone for her birthday.
- 8 We ..... our project work last week.
- 9 My parents ..... me the ..... to go to Australia last year.
- 10 The contents of the letter ..... Mr Peters quite a shock.

## UNIT 4

### WORD PROFILE: *case* /keɪs/

in this case	<i>There have been other winter storms, but in this case, the wind speed was much higher than forecast.</i>
in each case	<i>Several houses were damaged and in each case, there were broken windows.</i>
cases of	<i>The number of new cases of this rare disease has risen.</i>
(just) in case	<i>Take my umbrella in case it starts raining.</i>
in case of	<i>In case of fire, leave the building immediately by the nearest exit.</i>

**1 Complete the sentences using the correct phrase with *case*.**

- 1 We received more than 100 applications for this job and ..... , we sent a personal email in reply.
- 2 Sports practice will take place in the gym ..... rain.
- 3 Have there been any ..... flu at your school?
- 4 Remember to bring a map ..... you get lost!
- 5 You shouldn't really take this book out of the library, but ..... , I'll allow it.
- 6 ..... fire, use the emergency exits.

## UNIT 5

### WORD PROFILE: *look* /lʊk/

SEARCH	<i>I've looked everywhere for the book you wanted.</i>
look nice/strange, etc.	<i>That skirt looks really good.</i>
look forward to sth / doing sth	<i>I'm really looking forward to the summer holidays.</i>
look like	<i>The building looks like a piece of glass.</i>
it looks like / as if	<i>It looks like it'll be sunny all day today.</i>

**1 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use the correct form of *look* and any other words that are necessary.**

- 1 I'm taking my umbrella because it might rain later.  
It ..... it might rain later.
- 2 That dress really suits you.  
That dress ..... on you.
- 3 I have checked my bag, but I can't find my pen.  
I've ..... for my pen in my bag, but I can't find it.
- 4 I can't wait until Friday night when Dad gets home from the USA.  
I'm ..... to Friday night when Dad gets home from the USA.
- 5 I thought she was a nurse because of her blue dress.  
She ..... a nurse in that blue dress.

## UNIT 6

### WORD PROFILE: *only* /'əʊnlɪ/

RECENTLY	<i>He only arrived 20 minutes ago.</i>
NOWHERE ELSE	<i>You can only find kangaroos in Australia.</i>
NOT MORE	<i>There are only six people in my class.</i>
NOT IMPORTANT	<i>It was only a joke!</i>
if only	<i>If only my parents would listen!</i>

**1 Match the pairs of sentences.**

- 1 Why isn't that boy talking to anyone?  
a Fortunately it was only a bad dream.
- 2 I've got so many people to get presents for this year.  
b If only she would stop doing that.
- 3 I woke up suddenly and I was crying.  
c He only joined the class yesterday.
- 4 My friend has an annoying habit of talking loudly.  
d It must be in your room – that's the only place you leave it!
- 5 Has anyone seen my mobile phone?  
e Lucky you! I've only got my mum and my sister.

## UNIT 7

### WORD PROFILE: *just* /dʒʌst/

RECENTLY	<i>I've just heard your news – congratulations!</i>
EMPHASIS	<i>I just don't understand.</i>
ONLY	<i>It was just a dream.</i>
ALMOST NOT	<i>We caught the train just in time.</i>
EXACTLY	<i>The film of the book was just as I thought it would be.</i>
just about	<i>I can just about see the bird in the tree.</i>

**1 Complete the sentences using *just* and any other words that are necessary.**

- 1 We played really well and won the match – ..... I thought!
- 2 Let's meet at 1pm ..... for lunch.
- 3 I can ..... read this writing, but it's not very clear.
- 4 Can you stop talking and ..... listen, please?
- 5 I'm sorry you didn't find it funny; it was ..... a joke!
- 6 We've only ..... got home. The bus was really late.

## UNIT 8

### WORD PROFILE: *last* /la:st/

FINAL (adj)	<i>It's the last</i> programme of the series.
MOST RECENT (adj)	<i>What was the last</i> film you saw?
ONE BEFORE PRESENT (adj)	<i>I liked her last</i> film, but I'm not very keen on her latest one.
REMAINING (adj)	<i>Who wants the last</i> piece of cake?
MOST RECENT (adv)	<i>When did you hear from her last?</i>
CONTINUE (verb)	<i>The batteries only last</i> about five hours.

#### 1 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 At my last school we didn't
  - 2 When I get a sore throat
  - 3 The band had a different singer
  - 4 Fiona was feeling much better
  - 5 That's the last time I'll
  - 6 You won't find any beads because I
- a when we last met her.
  - b it usually lasts a couple of days.
  - c hang around waiting for you!
  - d have to wear a uniform.
  - e bought the last ones they had.
  - f the last time I saw them play.

#### 2 Complete the sentences so they are true for you.

- 1 The last party I went to was ...
- 2 Our summer holiday lasted ...
- 3 I last had my hair cut ...

## UNIT 9

### WORD PROFILE: *actually* /'æktyjuəli/

TRUTH	<i>So what actually happened?</i>
SURPRISE	<i>Don't tell me he actually gave you a present?</i>
OPPOSITE	<i>Actually</i> , we met on Tuesday, not Wednesday.

#### 1 Put *actually* in the right place in these sentences. There may be more than one possible answer.

- 1 Well, you're a very nice person!
- 2 We didn't think our team could win.
- 3 Do you mean you paid money for this?
- 4 It wasn't Simon you met but his brother.
- 5 By the way, did you try the other café?

## UNIT 10

### WORD PROFILE: *besides* /bi'saɪdz/

EXTRA REASON	<i>She won't mind if you're late – besides</i> , it wouldn't be your fault.
IN ADDITION TO	<i>Besides</i> studying hard, she's working in a café on Saturdays.
APART FROM (preposition)	<i>Do you play any other sports besides</i> football and basketball?

#### 1 Complete these sentences with your own ideas.

- 1 I don't do much at the weekend besides ..... and .....
- 2 Besides ....., I can't think of another singer from Britain.
- 3 If you could go anywhere besides ....., where would you choose?
- 4 It doesn't matter if we miss the film – besides, .....

## UNIT 11

### WORD PROFILE: *by* /baɪ/

NEAR	<i>Let's meet by</i> the Café Capelli at four o'clock.
by itself	<i>Suddenly the door opened by itself!</i>
by hand	<i>These jumpers are all made by hand.</i>
by mistake/accident	<i>I walked into the wrong room by mistake/accident.</i>
by heart	<i>I learnt all my French verbs by heart.</i>

#### 1 Complete the sentences.

- 1 She gave me a jumper that had to be washed .....
- 2 He left the milk in the supermarket .....
- 3 Maisy saw Frank ..... the swimming pool.
- 4 Sophie didn't need to read the words because she knew the song .....
- 5 The dog got out of the house .....

#### 2 Answer the questions.

- 1 Have you ever seen anything move by itself?
- 2 Do you like clothes that are made by hand?
- 3 Have you ever said something by mistake?
- 4 What have you learnt by heart?
- 5 Who is sitting by the door at the moment?

## UNIT 12

### WORD PROFILE: *check* /tʃek/

FIND OUT	I <i>checked</i> the weather online before we left.
EXAMINATION	They do security <i>checks</i> before you go into the exam hall.
check in	We usually <i>check in</i> online these days.
check-in (desk)	I'll meet you at the <i>check-in desk</i> .
check out	The Jones family <i>checked out</i> at noon.

**1 Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of *check* and any other words that are necessary.**

- 1 There was a long queue to check in our bags.  
There was a long queue at the .....
- 2 Do you know all the ingredients for the cake?  
Have you ..... the ingredients for the cake?
- 3 As usual, Mum made sure that we had everything before we left.  
Mum did her usual ..... of everything before we left.
- 4 We left the hotel after lunch.  
We ..... of the hotel after lunch.
- 5 When you arrive at the hotel, you should register and get your key.  
When you arrive at the hotel, you should ..... and get your key.

## UNIT 13

### WORD PROFILE: *result* /rɪ'zʌlt/

HAPPEN	The fire was the <i>result</i> of an electrical fault.
INFORMATION	Have you had your maths <i>results</i> yet?
COMPETITION	The final <i>result</i> in the show surprised everyone.
as a result	I didn't get much sleep and <i>as a result</i> I'm tired.

**1 Match the sentence halves.**

- 1 The only result of the meeting
  - 2 Your good results this term
  - 3 The losing team decided to
  - 4 It's quite easy to achieve
  - 5 They have just confirmed
- a are due to hard work.
  - b the election results on TV.
  - c delicious results in baking.
  - d was a decision on advertising.
  - e organise extra practice as a result.

## UNIT 14

### WORD PROFILE: *keep* /ki:p/

HAVE	Do you want your book back or can I <i>keep</i> it?
STAY	Why can't you <i>keep</i> quiet – I'm trying to read!
keep (on) doing something	I <i>kept</i> telling you not to believe him.
keep a secret	Alex couldn't <i>keep a secret</i> for very long.
keep in touch	We <i>keep in touch</i> with each other by email.

**1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *keep*.**

- 1 If we ..... practising, we'd improve.
- 2 Is schoolwork ..... you busy at the moment?
- 3 James ..... in touch with his family once a week.
- 4 It's hard to ..... a secret from your closest friends.
- 5 Coffee beans that are ..... in the fridge last longer.

**2 Discuss the questions.**

- 1 Do things ever keep you awake at night?
- 2 How do you keep in touch with people in other places?
- 3 What things do you keep in your bag?
- 4 Why do you keep on learning English?

## UNIT 15

### WORD PROFILE: *all* /ɔ:l/

EVERYONE OR EVERYTHING	<i>Jake was happy because all his friends visited him last week.</i>
WHOLE TIME	<i>She spent all week in bed with flu.</i>
at all	<i>Do you want any help at all?</i>
above all	<i>I love my sister and above all, she's my best friend.</i>
after all	<i>It's a long way to go; after all, it's a 24-hour flight.</i>
and all that	<i>Mike hates shopping for clothes, jewellery and all that.</i>
all is well	<i>All's well with Grandma now she's out of hospital.</i>

**1** Complete the sentences with *all* and any other words that are necessary.

- 1 You can borrow an umbrella. ...., it's raining, so you will need it.
- 2 I'm pleased with my result and ..... with the teacher's comment: 'excellent'.
- 3 I love swimming, surfing, beach games .....
- 4 I didn't understand the maths homework .....
- 5 ..... my friends have the latest phone.
- 6 I haven't heard from my great aunt in a long time – I hope ...., and she isn't ill.
- 7 I need a break. I've been on my computer ..... day.

## UNIT 16

### WORD PROFILE: *direct* /daɪ'rekt/

STRAIGHT	<i>There is a direct flight from London to Lisbon every day.</i>
FILM/PLAY	<i>Titanic was directed by James Cameron.</i>
ROUTE	<i>We arrived early and they directed us to our seats.</i>
NOTHING BETWEEN	<i>He got into the football team as a direct result of his hard work.</i>

**1** Complete the sentences with the correct form of *direct*.

- 1 You don't have change planes because it's a ..... flight.
- 2 Many actors want to ..... films as well as act in them.
- 3 That man over there may be able to ..... us to the town library.
- 4 There aren't any ..... trains from here to York.
- 5 I asked a teacher, and he ..... me to the head's office.
- 6 Joyce ..... the play and also played the leading role.
- 7 Michael says that his grades are a ..... result of his study.

## UNIT 17

### WORD PROFILE: *know* /nəʊv/

BE FAMILIAR WITH	<i>I lived in Nice for a year so I know it well.</i>
get to know	<i>I'd really like to get to know their music.</i>
as you know	<i>As you know, it isn't possible to change sale items.</i>
you know	<i>You could ask me for help at any time, you know.</i>
I know	<i>What shall we do? I know, let's go to the mall.</i>

**1** Match meanings 1–5 to the meanings and examples in the Word profile box.

- 1 used when you have an idea
- 2 spend time on something so that you learn more about it
- 3 used to make what you say stronger
- 4 have personal experience of something
- 5 used when you are saying something that is already known

## UNIT 18

### WORD PROFILE: *quality* /'kwaləti/

VERY GOOD (adj)	<i>The picture on that TV is high quality.</i>
GOOD OR BAD (noun)	<i>The quality of these clothes is excellent.</i>
CHARACTER	<i>That singer has some great personal qualities.</i>
quality time	<i>It's important to spend quality time with your parents.</i>

**1** Complete the sentences with the correct form of *quality* and any other words that are necessary.

- 1 The air ..... here is very poor because of all the traffic.
- 2 We went to a café and just spent some ..... together.
- 3 This is a ..... machine and will last for a long time.
- 4 I'm not surprised it broke – it wasn't good .....
- 5 I admire all Jessica's leadership .....

## UNIT 19

### WORD PROFILE: *order* /'ɔ:də/

REQUEST (noun)	I'd like to place an <i>order</i> for some dictionaries.
REQUEST (verb)	We <i>ordered</i> three different pizzas.
ARRANGEMENT (noun)	I've put the books in alphabetical <i>order</i> .
in order to	Beth worked all summer <i>in order to</i> save money.
out of order	We had to walk upstairs as the lift was <i>out of order</i> .

**1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *order* and any other words that are necessary.**

- 1 Our fridge is ..... and we can't keep anything cold.
- 2 For the class photo we had to stand in rows in ..... of height.
- 3 I'm going to Sam's flat ..... meet his sister.
- 4 We had to wait ages to ..... our food.
- 5 My last internet ..... was delivered within two days.

## UNIT 20

### WORD PROFILE: *place* /pleɪs/

SOMEWHERE	This looks like a nice <i>place</i> for a picnic.
SEAT	Jake's saved Margie a <i>place</i> on the bus.
OPPORTUNITY	They've offered Max a <i>place</i> on the football team.
take place	Our English class <i>takes place</i> on Mondays at five o'clock.
in first/second/third, etc. place	Trudie finished the race <i>in first place</i> .

**1 Complete the second sentence using *place* and any other words that are necessary.**

- 1 Our seats are in row D.  
Our ..... in row D.
- 2 Millie has the chance to study law in London next year.  
Millie has ..... on a law course in London next year.
- 3 The match was played at the San Siro stadium.  
The match ..... at the San Siro stadium.
- 4 Everyone was disappointed that Jack came in last.  
Everyone was disappointed that Jack finished .....
- 5 I think Bologna is a wonderful city to live in.  
I think Bologna is a wonderful ..... to live.

**adj** = adjective  
**pv** = phrasal verb

**adv** = adverb  
**prep** = preposition

**n** = noun  
**phr** = phrase

**v** = verb

## UNIT 1

**change** /tʃeɪndʒ/ *v* IN SHOP to take something you have bought back to a shop and exchange it for something else

**charge** /tʃa:dʒ/ *v* MONEY to ask an amount of money for something, especially a service or activity

**charge** /tʃa:dʒ/ *n* MONEY the amount of money that you have to pay for something, especially for an activity or service

**discount** /dɪskɔ:nt/ *n* a reduction in price

**online shopping** /'ɒnlайн 'ʃɒpɪŋ/ *n* the activity of buying things on the internet

**receipt** /rɪ'si:t/ *n* PIECE OF PAPER a piece of paper that proves that you have received goods or money

**refund** /ri:fʌnd/ *n* an amount of money that is given back to you, especially because you are not happy with something you have bought

**send sth back** /send bæk/ *pv* to return something to the person who sent it to you, especially because it is damaged or not suitable

**serve** /sɜ:v/ *v* SHOP to help customers and sell things to them in a shop

**shop** /ʃɒp/ *v* to buy things in shops

**spend** /spend/ *v* MONEY to use money to buy or pay for something

## UNIT 2

**annoying** /ə'nɔɪɪŋ/ *adj* making you feel annoyed

**anxious** /'æŋkʃəs/ *adj* WORRIED worried and nervous

**appear** /ə'pri:e/ *v* BE SEEN to start to be seen

**confident** /'kɒnfɪdənt/ *adj* ABILITY certain about your ability to do things well

**cruel** /'kru:əl/ *adj* extremely unkind and unpleasant and causing pain to people or animals intentionally

**disagree** /dɪsə'gri:/ *v* to have a different opinion from someone else about something

**disappear** /dɪsə'pri:e/ *v* to become impossible to see or find

**dislike** /dɪs'lаіk/ *v* to not like someone or something

**easygoing** /i:z'i'gəʊɪŋ/ *adj* usually relaxed and calm, not worried or upset

**honest** /'ɒnɪst/ *adj* NOT CHEAT not likely to lie, cheat or steal

**intelligent** /ɪn'telɪdʒənt/ *adj* showing intelligence, or able to learn and understand things easily

**reliable** /rɪ'lаіəbl/ *adj* able to be trusted or believed

**sensible** /'sensibl/ *adj* showing good judgment

**silly** /'sili/ *adj* not taking things seriously

**sociable** /'səʊʃəbl/ *adj* Someone who is sociable enjoys being with people and meeting new people.

**talented** /'tæləntɪd/ *adj* having a natural ability to do something well

**uninteresting** /ʌn'ɪntrɛstɪŋ/ *adj* not interesting

**unkind** /ʌn'kaɪnd/ *adj* slightly cruel

**unpleasant** /ʌn'plezənt/ *adj* not enjoyable or pleasant

**unlucky** /ʌn'lʌki/ *adj* having or causing bad luck

## UNIT 3

**absolutely** /'æbsəlu:tli/ *adv* COMPLETELY completely

**ancient** /eɪntʃənt/ *adj* very old

**beat** /bi:t/ *v* DEFEAT to defeat or do better than

**enormous** /ɪn'ɔ:rməs/ *adj* extremely large

**enter** /'entə/ *v* COMPETITION to take part in a competition, race or examination

**exhausted** /ɪg'zɔ:stɪd/ *adj* extremely tired

**extremely** /ɪk'stri:mli/ *adv* very, or much more than usual

**freezing** /'fri:zɪŋ/ *adj* extremely cold

**give** /gɪv/ *v* PROVIDE to provide someone with something

**have a go at sth** /hæv ə gəʊ ət/ *phr* to try something you have not done before

**incredibly** /ɪn'kredəbl/ *adv* EXTREMELY extremely

**join** /dʒɔ:in/ *v* BECOME A MEMBER to become a member of a club, group, or organisation

**lose** /lu:z/ *v* NOT WIN to fail to succeed in a game, competition, etc.

**miss an opportunity** /mɪs ən ɒpə'tju:nəti/ *phr* to not use an opportunity to do something

**score** /skɔ:/ *v* to get points in a game or test

**terrible** /'terəbl/ *adj* very bad, of low quality, or unpleasant

**win** /wɪn/ *v* COMPETITION to get the most points, or to get a prize, in a competition or game

## UNIT 4

**blow (sth) away** /bləʊ ə'weɪ/ *pv* to move and make currents of air, or to be moved or make something move on a current of air

**burn (sth) down** /bɜːn daʊn/ *pv* to destroy something, especially a building, by fire, or to be destroyed by fire

**come out** /kʌm aʊt/ *pv* SUN When the sun, the moon, or a star comes out, it appears in the sky.

**flood** /flʌd/ *n* WATER a large amount of water covering an area that is usually dry

**flow** /fləʊ/ *v* If something such as a liquid flows, it moves somewhere in a smooth, continuous way.

**forecast** /fɔːkəst/ *n* a report saying what the weather is likely to be like

**hang out** /hæŋ aʊt/ *pv* to spend a lot of time in a place with someone

**lightning** /'laɪtnɪŋ/ *n* a sudden flash of light in the sky during a storm

**pour** /pɔː/ *v* RAIN to rain a lot

**power** /paʊə/ *n* ELECTRICITY energy, usually electricity, that is used to provide light, heat, etc.

**put sth out** /put aʊt/ *pv* to make something that is burning stop burning

**rise** /raɪz/ *n* INCREASE an increase in the level of something

**split (sth) up** /split ʌp/ *pv* to divide into smaller parts or groups, or to divide something into smaller parts or groups

**tornado** /tɔː'nærdoʊ/ *n* an extremely strong and dangerous wind that blows in a circle and destroys buildings as it moves along

## UNIT 5

**create** /kri'eɪt/ *v* to make something happen or exist

**customise** /'kʌstəmaɪz/ *v* to change something to make it suitable for a particular person or purpose

**decorate** /'dekəreɪt/ *v* MAKE ATTRACTIVE to add attractive things to an object or place

**design** /dɪ'zaɪn/ *n* PLANNING the way in which something is planned and made

**finally** /'faɪnəli/ *adv* LAST POINT used especially at the beginning of a sentence to introduce the last point or idea

**fix** /fɪks/ *v* REPAIR to repair something or to make a bad situation better

**invent** /ɪn'vent/ *v* NEW DESIGN to design or create something which has never existed before

**mend** /mend/ *v* to repair something that is broken, torn, or not working correctly

**rebuild** /rɪ'bɪld/ *v* BUILD AGAIN to build something again that has been damaged or destroyed

**recycle** /ri'saɪkl/ *v* to collect used paper, glass, plastic, etc., and put it through a process so that it can be used again

**sew** /səʊ/ *v* to make or repair clothes by joining pieces of cloth using a needle and thread

**suddenly** /'sʌdənlɪ/ *adv* quickly and unexpectedly

**stick** /stɪk/ *v* FIX to become joined to something else or to make something become joined to something else, usually with a substance like glue

## UNIT 6

**avoid (doing sth)** /ə'veɪdɪŋ/ *v* to intentionally not do something

**bleed** /bli:d/ *v* to lose blood

**complain of sth** /kəm'pleɪn əv/ *v* to tell other people that something is making you feel ill

**follow** /'fɒləʊ/ *v* OBEY to do what someone or something says you should do

**injure** /'ɪndʒə/ *v* to hurt a person, animal or part of your body

**operate** /'ɒpəreɪt/ *v* TREATMENT to treat an illness or injury by cutting someone's body and removing or repairing part of it

**prevent** /prɪ'vent/ *v* to stop something from happening or someone from doing something

**reduce** /rɪ'dju:s/ *v* to make something less

**suffer from** /'sʌfə frəm/ *v* to have an illness or other health problem

**wrap** /ræp/ *v* COVER to cover or surround something with paper, cloth or other material

## UNIT 7

**achieve** /ə'tʃi:v/ *v* to succeed in doing something good, usually by working hard

**achievement** /ə'tʃi:vment/ *n* something very good and difficult that you succeeded in doing

**advert** /'ædvɜ:t/ *n* an advertisement

**advertise** /'ædvətaɪz/ *v* to tell people about a product or service in newspapers, on television, on the internet, etc.

**celebrity** /sɪ'lɛbrɪti/ *n* someone who is famous, especially in the entertainment business

**channel** /'tʃænəl/ *n* TV a television station

**concert hall** /'kɔːnsət hɔːl/ *n* a large building in which concerts are performed

**DJ** /dʒeɪ/ *n* someone who plays records on the radio or at live events

**entertain** /entə'teɪn/ *v* to keep a group of people interested or enjoying themselves

**entertainer** /entə'teɪnə/ *n* someone whose job is to entertain people by singing, telling jokes, etc.

**entertaining** /entə'teɪnɪŋ/ *adj* funny and enjoyable

**entertainment** /entə'teinmənt/ *n* shows, movies, television, or other performances or activities that entertain people

**festival** /'festɪvəl/ *n* PERFORMANCES a series of special events, performances, etc. that often takes place over several days

**guitarist** /grɪ'ta:rist/ *n* someone who plays the guitar, especially as their job

**live** /laɪv/ *adj* A live radio or television programme is seen or heard as it happens.

**musician** /mju:'zɪʃən/ *n* someone who plays a musical instrument, often as a job

**perform** /pə'fɔ:m/ *v* ENTERTAIN to entertain people by acting, dancing, singing, playing music, etc.

**performer** /pə'fɔ:mə/ *n* someone who entertains people by acting, dancing, singing, playing music

**sound production** /saʊnd prə'dʌkʃən/ *n* FILM/MUSIC when someone controls how a sound recording is made

**sound technician** /saʊnd tek'nɪʃən/ *n* someone who works with the technical equipment in a recording studio

**studio** /'stju:dɪəʊ/ *n* TV/RADIO/MUSIC a room where television/radio programmes or music recordings are made

**video clip** /'vɪdiəʊ klɪp/ *n* a short video recording that you can see on a website

## UNIT 8

**brand new** /brænd 'nju:/ *adj* completely new

**classic** /'klæsɪk/ *adj* TYPICAL A classic example of something has all the features or qualities that you expect

**cosy** /'kəʊzi/ *adj* comfortable and warm

**fresh** /fref/ *adj* DIFFERENT new and different and therefore interesting or exciting

**historic** /hɪ'stɔ:rɪk/ *adj* important or likely to be important in history

**modern** /'mɒdən/ *adj* NEW using the newest ideas, design, technology, etc. and not traditional

**original** /ə'rɪdʒɪnəl/ *adj* MADE FIRST existing since the beginning, or being the earliest form of something

**recent** /ri:sənt/ *adj* happening or starting from a short time ago

**spectacular** /spek'tækjʊlə/ *adj* extremely good, exciting, or surprising

**traditional** /trə'dɪʃənəl/ *adj* following the customs or ways of behaving that have continued in a group of people or society for a long time

**unusual** /ʌn'ju:zʊəl/ *adj* different and not ordinary, often in a way that is interesting or exciting

## UNIT 9

**access** /'ækses/ *n* the right or opportunity to use or look at something

**battery** /'bætəri/ *n* a device that produces electricity to provide power for mobile phones, laptop computers, radios, cars, etc.

**connection** /kə'nekʃən/ *n* JOINING THINGS something that joins things together

**experiment** /ɪk'sperɪmənt/ *n* a test, especially a scientific one, that you do in order to learn something or to discover whether something is true

**fuel** /fjuəl/ *n* a substance that is burned to provide heat or power

**invention** /ɪn'venʃən/ *n* something which has been designed or created for the first time, or the act of creating or designing something

**power** /paʊə/ *n* energy in the form of light, heat, etc.

**pump** /pʌmp/ *n* a piece of equipment which is used to cause liquid, air or gas to move from one place to another

**satellite** /'sætəlait/ *n* a piece of equipment which is sent into space around the Earth to receive and send signals or to collect information

**torch** /tɔ:tʃ/ *n* a small electric light that you hold in your hand

## UNIT 10

**at all** /ət ɔ:l/ *phr* used for emphasis in questions or negative statements, to mean in any way or of any type

**at first** /ət fɜ:st/ *phr* at the beginning of a situation or period of time

**at its best** /ət ɪts best/ *phr* at the highest level of achievement or quality

**at least** /ət li:st/ *phr* something you say when you are telling someone about an advantage in a bad situation

**at (long) last** /ət lɔŋ la:st/ *phr* finally

**at once** /ət wʌnts/ *phr* immediately

**at present** /ət 'prezənt/ *phr* now

**creature** /'krɪ:tʃə/ *n* anything that lives but is not a plant

**crop** /krɒp/ *n* a plant such as a grain, fruit or vegetable that is grown in large amounts, or the amount of plants of a particular type that are produced at one time

**environment** /ɪn'veɪrənmənt/ *n* the air, land and water where people, animals and plants live

**human** /'hju:mən/ *n* a man, woman or child

**jungle** /'dʒʌŋgl/ *n* a tropical forest in which trees and plants grow very closely together

**landscape** /'lændskeɪp/ *n* a large area of countryside, especially in relation to its appearance

**population** /pɒpjʊ'lɛfʒən/ *n* PEOPLE all the people living in a particular area, or all the people or animals of a particular type

**rainforest** /'reɪnfɔːrəst/ *n* a forest in a tropical area which receives a lot of rain

## UNIT 11

**attend** /ə'tend/ *v* BE PRESENT to go officially and usually regularly to a place

**break up** /breɪk 'ʌp/ *pv* END CLASSES When schools or colleges break up, the classes end and the holidays begin.

**degree** /dɪ'grɪ:/ *n* QUALIFICATION a qualification given for completing a university course

**do badly** /du: 'bædli/ *phr* to be unsuccessful

**do well** /du: wel/ *phr* to be successful

**education** /edʒu'keɪʃən/ *n* the process of teaching or learning in a school or college, or the knowledge that you get from this

**firework** /'faɪəwɜːk/ *n* a small object which explodes in the sky and produces bright lights

**grade** /greɪd/ *n* SCHOOL a school class or group of classes in which all the children are of a similar age

**headteacher** /hed'ti:tʃə/ *n* the person in charge of a school

**primary** /'praɪməri/ *adj* EDUCATION of or for the teaching of young children, especially those between five and eleven years old

**qualification** /kwɒlɪf'keɪʃən/ *n* STUDY something that you get when you are successful in an exam or course of study

**secondary** /'sekəndri/ *adj* EDUCATION relating to the education of children approximately between the ages of 11 and 18 years old

**skateboard** /'sketbɔ:d/ *n* a board with wheels on the bottom, that you stand on and move forward by pushing one foot on the ground

**sunflower** /'sʌnflaʊə/ *n* a large yellow flower

## UNIT 12

**abroad** /ə'b्रɔ:d/ *adv* in or to a foreign country

**cruise ship** /'kru:z ʃɪp/ *n* a large ship like a hotel, which people travel on for pleasure

**ferry** /'feri/ *n* a boat that regularly carries passengers and often vehicles across an area of water

**go away** /gəʊ ə'weɪ/ *pv* HOLIDAY to leave your home in order to spend time in a different place

**harbour** /'ha:bə/ *n* an area of water next to the coast, often protected from the sea by a thick wall, where ships and boats can shelter

**land** /lænd/ *v* ARRIVE to arrive at a place in a plane or a boat, or to make a plane or a boat reach the land

**on board** /ən bɔ:d/ *phr* on a boat, train, aircraft, etc.

**on display** /ən dɪ'spleɪ/ *phr* If something is on display, it is there for people to look at

**on foot** /ən fʊt/ *phr* walking

**on purpose** /ən 'pɔ:pəs/ *phr* intentionally

**on sale** /ən seɪl/ *phr* available to buy in a shop, on the internet, etc.

**on time** /ən taɪm/ *phr* not early or late

**public transport** /'pʌblɪk 'trænsپɔ:t/ *n* a system of vehicles such as buses and trains which operate at regular times on fixed routes and are used by the public

**sail** /seɪl/ *v* TRAVEL ON BOAT to travel somewhere on a boat or a ship

**set out** /set aut/ *pv* JOURNEY to start a journey

**timetable** /'taɪmteɪbl/ *n* TRAVEL a list of times when buses, trains, etc. arrive and leave

**tourism** /'tuərɪzəm/ *n* the business of providing services for tourists, including organising their travel, hotels, entertainment, etc.

## UNIT 13

**advert** /'ædvɜ:t/ *n* an advertisement

**image** /'ɪmɪdʒ/ *n* PICTURE a picture, especially on film or television or in a mirror

**in advance** /ɪn əd've:nts/ *phr* before a particular time, or before doing a particular thing

**in detail** /ɪn 'dɪ:tl/ *phr* including or considering all the information about something or every part of something

**in fact** /ɪn fækt/ *phr* giving more information which is often surprising

**in future** /ɪn 'fju:tʃə/ *phr* beginning from now

**in general** /ɪn 'dʒenərəl/ *phr* usually, or in most situations

**in particular** /ɪn pə'tɪkjʊlə/ *phr* especially

**in the end** /ɪn ði: end/ *phr* finally, after something has been thought about or discussed a lot

**position** /pə'zɪʃən/ *n* SITTING/STANDING the way someone is sitting, standing or lying

**product** /'prɒdʌkt/ *n* something that is made or grown to be sold

**purpose** /'pɔ:pəs/ *n* REASON why you do something or why something exists

**result** /rɪ'zʌlt/ *n* something that you get at the end of an activity or process

**software** /'softweə/ *n* programs that you use to make a computer do different things

**technique** /tek'nɪk/ *n* a particular or special way of doing something

