SVM Classification

```
In [2]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

In [3]:

```
df = pd.read_csv("Movie_classification.csv", header=0)
```

In [5]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[5]:

	Marketing expense	Production expense	Multiplex coverage	Budget	Movie_length	Lead_ Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating	Director_rating	Producer_rating	Crit
0	20.1264	59.62	0.462	36524.125	138.7	7.825	8.095	7.910	7.995	
1	20.5462	69.14	0.531	35668.655	152.4	7.505	7.650	7.440	7.470	
2	20.5458	69.14	0.531	39912.675	134.6	7.485	7.570	7.495	7.515	
3	20.6474	59.36	0.542	38873.890	119.3	6.895	7.035	6.920	7.020	
4	21.3810	59.36	0.542	39701.585	127.7	6.920	7.070	6.815	7.070	
4										Þ

In [6]:

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 506 entries, 0 to 505
Data columns (total 19 columns):
```

Marketing expense 506 non-null float64
Production expense 506 non-null float64
Multiplex coverage 506 non-null float64
Budget 506 non-null float64 Movie_length 506 non-null float64
Lead_ Actor_Rating 506 non-null float64 Lead_Actress_rating 506 non-null float64 Director_rating 506 non-null float64
Producer_rating 506 non-null float64
Critic_rating 506 non-null float64 Trailer views 506 non-null int64 3D available 506 non-null object Time_taken 494 non-null float64 506 non-null float64 Twitter_hastags Genre 506 non-null object 506 non-null int64 Avg_age_actors Num multiplex 506 non-null int64 Collection 506 non-null int64 Start Tech Oscar 506 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(12), int64(5), object(2)

memory usage: 75.2+ KB

In [7]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out[7]:

Marketing Production Multiplex Budget Marketing Lead Lead Budget Budget

		- ASMANYA	n eynense	enverage .	Buaget	wovie_iengtn	Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating	Director_rating	Producer_
		Maxrening	Pr &XXXXII	MANETAIS	Budget	Movie lenath	_	Lead Actress rating	Director rating	Producer
СО	unt	expense 506.000000	expense 506.000000	coverage 506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	Actor Rating 506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.0
m	ean	92.270471	77.273557	0.445305	34911.144022	142.074901	8.014002	8.185613	8.019664	8.′
	std	172.030902	13.720706	0.115878	3903.038232	28.148861	1.054266	1.054290	1.059899	1.0
	min	20.126400	55.920000	0.129000	19781.355000	76.400000	3.840000	4.035000	3.840000	4.0
2	25%	21.640900	65.380000	0.376000	32693.952500	118.525000	7.316250	7.503750	7.296250	7.5
5	50%	25.130200	74.380000	0.462000	34488.217500	151.000000	8.307500	8.495000	8.312500	8.4
7	75%	93.541650	91.200000	0.551000	36793.542500	167.575000	8.865000	9.030000	8.883750	9.0
r	nax	1799.524000	110.480000	0.615000	48772.900000	173.500000	9.435000	9.540000	9.425000	9.6
4										Þ

Missing Value Imputation

```
In [8]:
df['Time_taken'].mean()
Out[8]:
157.39149797570855
In [9]:
df['Time_taken'].fillna(value = df['Time_taken'].mean(), inplace = True)
In [10]:
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 506 entries, 0 to 505
Data columns (total 19 columns):
Marketing expense 506 non-null float64
Production expense 506 non-null float64
Multiplex coverage 506 non-null float64
Budget
                           506 non-null float64
Movie_length 506 non-null float64
Lead_Actor_Rating 506 non-null float64
Lead_Actress_rating 506 non-null float64
Director_rating 506 non-null float64
Producer_rating 506 non-null float64
Critic_rating
                           506 non-null float64
                          506 non-null int64
Trailer_views
3D_available
                            506 non-null object
                           506 non-null float64
Time taken
                          506 non-null float64
Twitter_hastags
                           506 non-null object
                         506 non-null int64
Avg_age_actors
Num multiplex
                            506 non-null int64
                            506 non-null int64
Collection
Start Tech Oscar
                           506 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(12), int64(5), object(2)
memory usage: 75.2+ KB
```

Dummy Variable Creation

```
In [11]:
df.head()
Out[11]:
```

Marketing Production Multiplex Budget Movie_length Lead_ Lead_Actress_rating Director_rating Producer_rating Crit expense expense coverage

0	20.1264 Marketing	59.62 Production	0.462 Multiplex	36524.125	138.7	7.825 Lead _	8.095	7.910	7.995
1	e z (p . g 4 g 2	expenise	coverage	Budget 35668.655	Movie_length 152.4	Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating 7.650	Director_rating 7.440	Producer_rating Crit 7.470
2	20.5458	69.14	0.531	39912.675	134.6	7.485	7.570	7.495	7.515
3	20.6474	59.36	0.542	38873.890	119.3	6.895	7.035	6.920	7.020
4	21.3810	59.36	0.542	39701.585	127.7	6.920	7.070	6.815	7.070
4					8				,

In [12]:

```
df = pd.get_dummies(df,columns = ["3D_available","Genre"],drop_first = True)
```

In [13]:

df.head()

Out[13]:

	Marketing expense	Production expense	Multiplex coverage	Budget	Movie_length	Lead_ Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating	Director_rating	Producer_rating	Crit
0	20.1264	59.62	0.462	36524.125	138.7	7.825	8.095	7.910	7.995	
1	20.5462	69.14	0.531	35668.655	152.4	7.505	7.650	7.440	7.470	
2	20.5458	69.14	0.531	39912.675	134.6	7.485	7.570	7.495	7.515	
3	20.6474	59.36	0.542	38873.890	119.3	6.895	7.035	6.920	7.020	
4	21.3810	59.36	0.542	39701.585	127.7	6.920	7.070	6.815	7.070	

5 rows × 21 columns

4

X-y split

In [14]:

```
X = df.loc[:,df.columns!="Start_Tech_Oscar"]
type(X)
```

Out[14]:

pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

In [15]:

X.head()

Out[15]:

	Marketing expense	Production expense	Multiplex coverage	Budget	Movie_length	Lead_ Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating	Director_rating	Producer_rating	Crit
0	20.1264	59.62	0.462	36524.125	138.7	7.825	8.095	7.910	7.995	
1	20.5462	69.14	0.531	35668.655	152.4	7.505	7.650	7.440	7.470	
2	20.5458	69.14	0.531	39912.675	134.6	7.485	7.570	7.495	7.515	
3	20.6474	59.36	0.542	38873.890	119.3	6.895	7.035	6.920	7.020	
4	21.3810	59.36	0.542	39701.585	127.7	6.920	7.070	6.815	7.070	
4)

In [16]:

X.shape

Out[16]:

(506, 20)

```
In [17]:
y = df["Start Tech Oscar"]
type(y)
Out[17]:
pandas.core.series.Series
In [18]:
y.head()
Out[18]:
0
  1
  0
1
1
   1
3
Name: Start_Tech_Oscar, dtype: int64
In [19]:
y.shape
Out[19]:
(506,)
Test-Train Split
In [20]:
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [21]:
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
In [22]:
X_train.head()
Out[22]:
    Marketing Production Multiple
```

	Marketing expense	Production expense	Multiplex coverage	Budget	Movie_length	Lead_ Actor_Rating	Lead_Actress_rating	Director_rating	Producer_rating	С
220	27.1618	67.40	0.493	38612.805	162.0	8.485	8.640	8.485	8.670	
71	23.1752	76.62	0.587	33113.355	91.0	7.280	7.400	7.290	7.455	
240	22.2658	64.86	0.572	38312.835	127.8	6.755	6.935	6.800	6.840	
6	21.7658	70.74	0.476	33396.660	140.1	7.065	7.265	7.150	7.400	
417	538.8120	91.20	0.321	29463.720	162.6	9.135	9.305	9.095	9.165	
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```
In [23]:
X_train.shape
Out[23]:
```

In [24]:

(404, 20)

```
X test.shape
Out[24]:
(102, 20)
Standardizing Data
In [26]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [27]:
sc = StandardScaler().fit(X_train)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\preprocessing\data.py:625:
DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype uint8, int64, float64 were all converted to float64 b
y StandardScaler.
 return self.partial fit(X, y)
In [28]:
X train std = sc.transform(X train)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:1: DataConversionWarning: Data wi
th input dtype uint8, int64, float64 were all converted to float64 by StandardScaler.
  """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
In [29]:
X_test_std = sc.transform(X_test)
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:1: DataConversionWarning: Data wi
th input dtype uint8, int64, float64 were all converted to float64 by StandardScaler.
  """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
In [30]:
X test std
Out[30]:
array([[-0.40835869, -1.12872913, 0.83336883, ..., 1.50268577,
        -0.48525664, -0.75225758],
       [ 0.71925111, 0.9988844 , -0.65283979, ..., 1.50268577,
        -0.48525664, -0.75225758],
       [-0.40257488, 0.39610829, 0.05115377, ..., 1.50268577, -0.48525664, -0.75225758],
       [-0.3982601, -0.85812418, 0.89420778, ..., -0.66547513,
       -0.48525664, 1.3293319],
[-0.39934279, -0.07637654, 0.58132175, ..., 1.50268577,
       -0.48525664, -0.75225758],
[-0.40088071, -0.36702631, 0.31189212, ..., -0.66547513,
        -0.48525664, -0.75225758]])
In [ ]:
```

Training SVM

```
In [31]:
from sklearn import svm
In [32]:
clf svm l = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C=100)
clf_svm_l.fit(X_train_std, y_train)
Out[32]:
SVC(C=0.01, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
 decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto_deprecated',
 kernel='linear', max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None,
 shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [ ]:
Predict values using trained model
In [33]:
y_train_pred = clf_svm_l.predict(X_train_std)
y test pred = clf svm l.predict(X test std)
In [34]:
y_test_pred
Out[34]:
array([1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
      1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
      Model Performance
In [35]:
\textbf{from sklearn.metrics import} \ \texttt{accuracy\_score}, \ \texttt{confusion\_matrix}
In [36]:
confusion matrix(y test, y test pred)
Out[36]:
array([[11, 33],
      [ 5, 53]], dtype=int64)
In [37]:
accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
Out[37]:
0.6274509803921569
In [38]:
clf_svm_l.n_support_
```

```
Out[38]:
array([186, 189])
Grid Search
In [41]:
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
In [42]:
params = {'C':(0.001,0.005,0.01,0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10, 50,100,500,1000)}
In [43]:
clf svm l = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
In [44]:
svm grid lin = GridSearchCV(clf svm l, params, n jobs=-1,
                            cv=10, verbose=1, scoring='accuracy')
In [45]:
svm_grid_lin.fit(X_train_std, y_train)
Fitting 10 folds for each of 13 candidates, totalling 130 fits
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 4 concurrent workers.
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 42 tasks
                                        | elapsed: 1.6min
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Done 130 out of 130 | elapsed: 2.7min finished
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.py:841:
DeprecationWarning: The default of the `iid` parameter will change from True to False in version 0
.22 and will be removed in 0.24. This will change numeric results when test-set sizes are unequal.
 DeprecationWarning)
Out[45]:
GridSearchCV(cv=10, error score='raise-deprecating',
       estimator=SVC(C=1.0, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
 decision function shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto deprecated',
  kernel='linear', max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=None,
  shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False),
       fit_params=None, iid='warn', n_jobs=-1,
       param grid={'C': (0.001, 0.005, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000)},
       pre_dispatch='2*n_jobs', refit=True, return_train_score='warn',
       scoring='accuracy', verbose=1)
In [46]:
svm_grid_lin.best_params_
Out[46]:
{'C': 0.5}
In [47]:
linsvm clf = svm grid lin.best estimator
In [48]:
accuracy score(y test, linsvm clf.predict(X test std))
```

```
Out[48]:
0.5980392156862745
In [49]:
clf svm p3 = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', degree=2, C=0.1)
clf_svm_p3.fit(X_train_std, y_train)
Out[49]:
SVC(C=0.1, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, coef0=0.0,
   decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=2, gamma='auto_deprecated',
  kernel='poly', max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=None,
  shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [50]:
y_train_pred = clf_svm_p3.predict(X_train_std)
y_test_pred = clf_svm_p3.predict(X_test_std)
In [51]:
accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
Out[51]:
0.5588235294117647
In [52]:
clf svm p3.n support
Out[52]:
array([185, 194])
Radial
In [53]:
clf_svm_r = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=0.5, C=10)
clf_svm_r.fit(X_train_std, y_train)
Out[53]:
SVC(C=10, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, coef0=0.0,
 decision function shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma=0.5, kernel='rbf',
  max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None, shrinking=True,
  tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [54]:
y_train_pred = clf_svm_r.predict(X_train_std)
y test pred = clf svm r.predict(X test std)
In [55]:
accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
Out[55]:
0.6176470588235294
In [ ]:
```

```
clf svm r.n support
Radial Grid
In [56]:
params = {'C': (0.01,0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10, 50),
           'gamma': (0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.5, 1)}
In [57]:
clf svm r = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf')
In [58]:
svm grid rad = GridSearchCV(clf svm r, params, n jobs=-1,
                             cv=3, verbose=1, scoring='accuracy')
In [59]:
svm grid rad.fit(X train std, y train)
Fitting 3 folds for each of 40 candidates, totalling 120 fits
\label{lem:constraint} \begin{tabular}{ll} [Parallel (n_jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 4 concurrent workers. \end{tabular}
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Done 42 tasks
                                           | elapsed: 54.7s
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 120 out of 120 | elapsed: 55.6s finished
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.py:841:
DeprecationWarning: The default of the `iid` parameter will change from True to False in version 0
.22 and will be removed in 0.24. This will change numeric results when test-set sizes are unequal.
 DeprecationWarning)
Out [59]:
GridSearchCV(cv=3, error_score='raise-deprecating',
       estimator=SVC(C=1.0, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
  decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto_deprecated',
  kernel='rbf', max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None,
  shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False),
       fit_params=None, iid='warn', n_jobs=-1,
       param grid={'C': (0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10, 50), 'gamma': (0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.5,
1)},
       pre dispatch='2*n jobs', refit=True, return train score='warn',
       scoring='accuracy', verbose=1)
In [60]:
svm_grid_rad.best_params_
Out[60]:
{'C': 50, 'gamma': 0.001}
In [61]:
radsvm clf = svm grid rad.best estimator
In [62]:
accuracy score(y test, radsvm clf.predict(X test std))
Out[62]:
0.6176470588235294
```