Name:	KEY	Class:	Date:	ID: A
Chapt	ter 6 Practice Test			
_	ole Choice the choice that best com	upletes the statement or a	nswers the question.	
	slavery within the I A) Long periods o B) The decline of	First Civilizations? of peace	rd by scholars as a possible factor in	n the emergence of
	2. How was India's soA) India had fewerB) Indian social grC) Social status in	ocial structure different in distinct social groups. The roups were defined more a lindia was defined in terons in India were more for the roups on the roups in India were more for the roups in Indi	rigidly. ms of literary learning.	
	A) the creation andB) official recognicC) oversight of go	m program following hid promotion of large printion for the practice of povernment officials by loans to peasant families.	private slavery.	C.E. included
	A) lacked sharp di (B) were patriarcha (C) rarely included	ions, societies of the classistinctions along class lingly in organization. I slaves. On written constitutions	nes.	
	A) slaveholding do B) its social organ C) the caste system	n the ancient world in the efined the society. nization was shaped by the defined its social strullowed a role in public li	he actions of the state.	
	A) birth had no plaB) social prestigeC) it was easy for	ace in determining the s was primarily attained t people to improve their	re similar in that in both societies ocial status of most people. Through service to the state. It social status through hard work. It should be social order.	

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	 Once the system of jatis in India was established, A) individual jatis were locked into an unchanging hierarchy in relation to other jatis. B) an individual within a jati could switch to another jati by paying a fee. C) an individual jati could slowly raise its standing in relation to other jatis in the local hierarchy by acquiring land or wealth. D) marriage within jatis became taboo. 	
	 During the classical era, slaves comprised more than one-third of the total population in A) India. B) China. C) the Persian Empire. D) the Roman Empire. 	
· ·	 The growth of democracy in classical Athens was accompanied by (A) the simultaneous growth of slavery on a massive scale. B) the abolition of slavery. C) harsh criticism from Greek intellectuals like Aristotle. D) the association of slave status with race. 	·
	 In which of the following ancient societies did women enjoy the fewest restrictions? A) Han China B) Athens C) Sparta D) Classical India 	
	 Which of the following philosophical or religious traditions provided a unifying ideology for rebellions in China? A) Hinduism B) Confucianism C) Daoism D) Legalism 	or peasan
	 Which of the following describes women's status in the classical civilizations? A) Upper-class women had a tendency to live less restricted lives than lower-class women. 	
	 B) Women in general experienced fewer restrictions compared to those living in pastoral societies. C) Public life in general was a male domain, while women's roles took place mostly in domestic settings. 	•
	D) Women in general experienced fewer restrictions as compared to those who lived in Neolithic agricultural village societies.	

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13	3. In c	contrast to women in Athens, women in Sparta	
^,		were more strictly confined to the home.	
		married men close to their age.	
	C)	participated in government.	
	D)	were praised as having superior intelligence.	
14		w did the centuries of political fragmentation and conflict following the fall of the Han Empired the lives of Chinese women?	re
		Women found themselves restricted to a greater degree than ever before because of the cultural influence of the nomadic peoples who conquered much of northern China.	
	B)	Women were removed from positions as priests, nuns, and reclusive mediators in Daoist movements.	
	(c)	Buddhism and Daoism grew in popularity, resulting in some loosening of the strict patriarchy supported by Confucianism.	
	D)	Writings such as those by Ban Zhou encouraged women to be more assertive in their relationships to men.	
13	5. Sla	veholding was least widespread and least central to the economy of	
	<u>A</u>)	Athens.	
	. (B)	China.	
	Ċ)	Sparta.	
	D)	Imperial Rome.	
16	5. The	e world's first and longest lasting professional civil service emerged in	
	A)	the Roman Empire.	
	B)	Athens.	
	C)	India.	
	(D)	China.	
17	7. Pea	sants were honored and merchants were looked down upon in the official ideology of	
i e	(A)	China.	
	B)	India.	
	C)	Sparta.	
	D)	the Roman Empire.	
18	3. Wh	ich group was at the top of the caste system in India?	
	A)	Scholar-gentry Scholar-gentry	
	B)	Merchants	
	(C)	Brahmin	
	D)	Peasants	

25. Although slaves in the Roman Empire performed all work, from the most prestigious to the most

- B) practicing medicine.
- C) working in government.
- D) conducting business.

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2		lowing is an example	of the "weapons of the v	weak" used by slaves to res	sist their
	enslavement?				
	A) Varna				
	B) Manumissio	on .			
	(C) Sabotage				
	D) Obedience				
2	-	•	tricted women's lives w	ere weakest	
	A) during long	periods of peace and s	tability.		
	(B) in the early y	years of a civilization'	s development.		
			nt linked female inferior	ity to the workings of	
	the universe.	·			
	D) in urban-bas	sed civilizations at the	height of their power.		
2	8. Although the pra-	actice of patriarchy var	ied in the classical civil	izations, they all	
	A) prohibited w	vomen of all classes fro	om entering public spac	es.	
	B) challenged tl	he assumption that fer	nale inferiority was natu	ıral.	
	C) conceptualiz	zed women's essential	nature in terms of ritua	l purity.	
	D) defined wom	nen's roles in reproduc	ctive terms.		
2	9. In what way were	e the Yellow Turban F	Rebellion in Han China	and the Spartacus Rebellio	n in the
	Roman Empire si	imilar?			
	A) Both were la	arge-scale, violent read	ctions to oppressive con	ditions.	
	B) Both feature	ed supernatural healing	s and collective trances.	•	
			government to impleme		
	•	omen assuming leaders	•		•
3	0. The Appian Way	y, shown in the spot m	ap on page 233 in the t	extbook, marks the path al	long which
	A) runaway slav	ves traveled on their ro	oad to freedom.		
	B) helots travel	led on their way to Spa	arta.		
	Slaves defeat	ted in the Spartacus Re	ebellion were nailed to	crosses.	
		war were forced to ma			