

## Homework Assignment 1

### EE260, Computational Imaging, Fall 2025

## 1 Developing RAW images

In this problem, we will use the provided RAW image `Thayer.CR2` in order to implement a basic image processing pipeline.

### 1.1 Implementing a basic image processing pipeline

**RAW image conversion.** Calling `dcraw -4 -d -v -w -T Thayer.CR2` converts the RAW image to a TIFF file without any color interpolation. We observe the CLI output:

```
Loading Canon EOS 2000D image from Thayer.CR2 ...
Scaling with darkness 2044, saturation 16383, and
multipliers 2.165039 1.000000 1.643555 1.000000
Building histograms...
Writing data to Thayer.tiff ...
```

where our multipliers represent `<r_scale>` `<g_scale>` `<b_scale>` `<g_scale>`, and darkness and saturation represent the black and white levels, respectively.

We then call `dcraw -4 -D -T Thayer.CR2` to convert the RAW image to a TIFF file without any color interpolation or white balancing, obtaining a grayscale image that we will use for the remainder of the problem.

**Python initials.** Using `skimage`'s `imread`, we are able to read the image and obtain its values. We can then apply a linear transformation to the image so that the value `<black>` is mapped to 0, and the value `<white>` is mapped to 1. We then clip the negative values to 0, and values greater than 1 to 1.

We can achieve this by recalling our values from the reconnaissance run of `dcraw` and writing the transformation as:

$$\text{linearized image} = \frac{\text{image} - \text{<black>}}{\text{<white>} - \text{<black>}} \quad (1)$$

## 2 Camera Obscura

### 2.1 Building the pinhole camera