

Name: _____

Math Club: Contest Week Four

Release Date: October 19, 2022

Instructions: Solve the following problem the best you can, first to submit the correct solution via email or the secretaries in Room 332 (with time stamp) wins!

Problem 1. If $x + y + z = 0$, then compute

$$\left(\frac{y-z}{x} + \frac{z-x}{y} + \frac{x-y}{z} \right) \left(\frac{x}{y-z} + \frac{y}{z-x} + \frac{z}{x-y} \right).$$

Solution. Let us look at

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{y-z}{x} + \frac{z-x}{y} + \frac{x-y}{z} &= \frac{yz(y-z) + zx(z-x) + xy(x-y)}{xyz} \\ &= \frac{y^2z - yz^2 + z^2x - x^2z + x^2y - xy^2}{xyz} \\ &= \frac{(z^2 + xy - yz - zx)(x-y)}{xyz} \\ &= \frac{(z(z-y) - x(z-y))(x-y)}{xyz} = -\frac{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)}{xyz}. \end{aligned}$$

Since $x + y + z = 0$, it follows that $-x = y + z$, $-y = x + z$, and $-z = x + y$. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} (z-x) - (x-y) &= z + y - 2x = -3x \\ (x-y) - (y-z) &= x + z - 2y = -3y \\ (y-z) - (z-x) &= y + x - 2z = -3z. \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$\frac{x}{y-z} + \frac{y}{z-x} + \frac{z}{x-y} = -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(z-x) - (x-y)}{y-z} + \frac{(x-y) - (y-z)}{z-x} + \frac{(y-z) - (z-x)}{x-y} \right).$$

By substitution reusing the first part of our solution

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{y-z} + \frac{y}{z-x} + \frac{z}{x-y} &= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{((y-z) - (z-x))((z-x) - (x-y))((x-y) - (y-z))}{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(-3z)(-3x)(-3y)}{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)} \right) = -\frac{9xyz}{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)}. \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{y-z}{x} + \frac{z-x}{y} + \frac{x-y}{z} \right) \left(\frac{x}{y-z} + \frac{y}{z-x} + \frac{z}{x-y} \right) \\ = \left(-\frac{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)}{xyz} \right) \left(-\frac{9xyz}{(y-z)(z-x)(x-y)} \right) = 9. \end{aligned}$$