

ICPSR 30985

Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2010

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Core Data Codebook





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INTRODUCTION

DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2010 is conducted by the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research and receives its core funding under grants from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. (The responsible investigators are: Lloyd D. Johnston, principal investigator; Jerald G. Bachman, Patrick M. O'Malley, and John Schulenberg, co-principal investigators.) The research project is unusually comprehensive in several respects: surveys are conducted annually on an ongoing basis; the samples are large and nationally representative; and the subject matter is very broad, encompassing some 1400 variables per year.

The Monitoring the Future Project is designed to explore changes in many important values, behaviors, and lifestyle orientations of contemporary American youth. Two general types of tasks may be distinguished. The first is to provide a systematic and accurate "description" of the youth population of interest in a given year, and to quantify the direction and rate of the changes taking place among them over time. The second task, more analytic than descriptive, involves the "explanation" of the relationships and trends observed to exist.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The basic research design involves annual data collections from high school seniors during the spring of each year, beginning with the class of 1975. Each data collection takes place in approximately 130 public and private high schools selected to provide an accurate cross-section of high school seniors throughout the United States.

One limitation in the design is that it does not include in the target population those young men and women who drop out of high school before graduation (or before the last few months of the senior year, to be more precise). This excludes a relatively small proportion of each age cohort -- between 11 and 20 percent -- though not an unimportant segment, since certain behaviors, such as illicit drug use and delinquency tend to be higher than average in this group. However, the addition of a representative sample of dropouts would increase the cost of the present research enormously, because of their dispersion and generally higher level of resistance to being located and interviewed.

For the purposes of estimating characteristics of the entire age group, the omission of high school dropouts does introduce certain biases; however, their small proportion sets outer limits on the bias. For the purposes of estimating "changes" from one cohort of high school seniors to another, the omission of dropouts represents a problem only if different cohorts have considerably different proportions who drop out. There is no reason to expect dramatic changes in those rates for the foreseeable future, and recently published government statistics indicate only very small decreases in dropout rates since 1970.

Some may use this high school data to draw conclusions about changes for the entire age group. While the investigators do not encourage such extrapolation, they suspect that the conclusions reached often would be valid, since over 80 percent of the age group is in the surveyed segment of the population and changes among those not in school are likely to parallel the changes among those who are.

SAMPLING INFORMATION

The procedure for securing a nationally representative sample of high school seniors in public and private schools is a multi-stage one. Stage 1 is the selection of particular geographic areas, Stage 2 is the selection of one or more high schools in each area, and Stage 3 is the selection of seniors within each high school.

STAGE 1: GEOGRAPHIC AREAS. The geographic areas used in this study are the primary sampling units (PSUs) developed by the Sampling Section of the Survey Research Center for use in the Center's nationwide interview studies. Because these same PSUs are used for personal interview studies by the Survey Research Center (SRC), local field representatives can be assigned to administer the data collections in practically all schools.

STAGE 2: SCHOOLS. In the major metropolitan areas more than one high school is often included in the sampling design; in most other sampling areas a single high school is sampled. In all cases, the selections of high schools are made such that the probability of drawing a school is proportionate to the size of its senior class. When a sampled school is unwilling to participate, a replacement school as similar to it as possible is selected from the same geographic area.

STAGE 3: STUDENTS. Within each selected school, up to about 350 seniors may be included in the data collection. In schools with fewer than 350 seniors, we attempt to include all of them in the data collection. In larger schools, a subset of seniors is selected either by randomly sampling classrooms or by some other random method that is convenient for the school and judged to be unbiased. A sampling weight is assigned to each respondent so as to take account of variations in the sizes of samples from one school to another, as well as the variations in selection probabilities occurring at the earlier stages of sampling. For a table of the sample size and student response rates see Appendix B.

One other important feature of the base-year sampling procedure should be noted here. All schools (except for half of the initial 1975 sample) are asked to participate in two data collections, thereby permitting replacement of half of the total sample of schools each year. One motivation for requesting that schools participate for two years is administrative efficiency; it is a costly and time-consuming procedure to secure the cooperation of schools, and a two-year period of participation cuts down that effort substantially. Another important advantage is that whenever an appreciable shift in scores from one graduating class to the next is observed, it is possible to check whether the shift might be attributable to some differences in the newly sampled schools. This is done simply by repeating the analysis using only the 60 or so schools which participated both years. Thus far, the half-sample approach has worked quite well and

examination of drug prevalence data from the "matched half-samples" showed that the half samples of repeat schools yielded drug prevalence trends which were virtually identical to trends based on all schools.

SCHOOL RECRUITING PROCEDURES. Early during the fall semester an initial contact is made with each sampled school. First, a letter is sent to the principal describing the study and requesting permission to survey seniors. The letter is followed by a telephone call from a project staff member, who attempts to deal with any questions or problems and (when necessary) makes arrangements to contact and seek permission from other school district officials. Basically the same procedures are followed for schools asked to participate for the second year.

Once the school's agreement to participate is obtained, arrangements are made by phone for administering the questionnaires. A local SRC representative is assigned to work with the school to set a mutually agreeable date for the survey and to carry out the administration.

ADVANCE CONTACT WITH TEACHERS AND STUDENTS. The local SRC representative is instructed to visit the school two weeks ahead of the actual date of administration. This visit serves as an occasion to meet the teachers whose classes will be affected and to provide them with a brochure describing the study, a brief set of guidelines about the questionnaire administration, and a supply of flyers to be distributed to the students a week to 10 days in advance of the questionnaire administration. The guidelines to the teachers include a suggested announcement to students at the time the flyers are distributed.

From the students' standpoint, the first information about the study usually consists of the teacher's announcement and the short descriptive flyer. In announcing the study, the teachers are asked to stress that the questionnaires used in the survey are not tests, and that there are no right or wrong answers. The flyer tells the students that they will be invited to participate in the study, points out that their participation is strictly voluntary, and stresses confidentiality (including a reference to the fact that the Monitoring the Future project has a special government grant of confidentiality which allows their answers to be protected). The flyer also serves as an informative document which the students can show to their parents. Parental consent involves, at a minimum, the school mailing a letter to the parents describing the study and providing them an easy way to decline their child's participation, if they so wish. Active consent procedures are used when the school or district requires them.

QUESTIONNAIRE ADMINISTRATION. The questionnaire administration in each school is carried out by the local SRC representatives and their assistants, following standardized procedures detailed in a project instruction manual. The questionnaires are administered in classrooms during normal class periods whenever possible, although circumstances in some schools require the use of larger group administrations. Teachers are not asked to do anything more than introduce the SRC staff members and (in most cases) remain in the classroom to help guarantee an orderly atmosphere for the survey. Teachers are urged to avoid walking around the room, so that students may feel free to write their answers without fear of being observed.

The actual process of completing the questionnaires is quite straightforward.

Respondents are given sharpened pencils and asked to use them because the questionnaires are designed for automated scanning. Most respondents can finish within a 45 minute class period; for those who cannot, an effort is made to provide a few minutes of additional time.

PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTING CONFIDENTIALITY. In any study that relies on voluntary reporting of drug use or other illegal acts, it is essential to develop procedures which guarantee the confidentiality of such reports. It is also desirable that these procedures be described adequately to respondents so that they are comfortable about providing honest answers.

The first information given to students about the survey consists of a descriptive flyer stressing the confidentiality and voluntary participation. This theme is repeated at the start of the questionnaire administration. Each participating student is instructed to read the message on the cover of the questionnaire, which stresses the importance and value of the study, notes that answers will be kept strictly confidential, states that the study is completely voluntary, and tells the student "If there is any question you or your parents would find objectionable for any reason, just leave it blank." The instructions then point out that in a few months a summary of nationwide results will be mailed to all participants and also that a follow-up questionnaire will be sent to some students after a year. The cover message explains that these are the reasons for asking that name and address be written on a special form which will be removed from the questionnaire and handed in separately. The message also points out that the two different code numbers (one on the questionnaire and one on the tear-out form) cannot be matched except by a special computer file at the University of Michigan.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release; these alterations are described later in the section "Processing Information."

CONTENT AREAS AND QUESTIONNAIRE DESIGN

Drug use and related attitudes are the topics which receive the most extensive coverage in the Monitoring the Future project; but the questionnaires also deal with a wide range of other subject areas, including attitudes about government, social institutions, race relations, changing roles for women, educational aspirations, occupational aims, and marital and family plans, as well as a variety of background and demographic factors.

The following table shows the subject area codes and definitions which are used in the <u>cross-time index</u> of base year grade 12 questionnaire items provided separately in this archive.



A. DRUGS. Drug use and related attitudes and beliefs, drug availability and exposure, surrounding conditions and social meaning of drug use. Views of significant others

- regarding drugs.
- B. EDUCATION. Educational lifestyle, values, experiences, and environments
- C. WORK AND LEISURE. Vocational values, meaning of work and leisure, work and leisure activities including computer use, preferences regarding occupational characteristics and type of work setting.
- D. SEX ROLES AND FAMILY. Values, attitudes, and expectations about marriage, family structure, sex roles, and sex discrimination.
- E. POPULATION CONCERNS. Values and attitudes about overpopulation and birth control.
- F. CONSERVATION, MATERIALISM, EQUITY, ETC. Values, attitudes, and expectations related to conservation, pollution, materialism, equity, and the sharing of resources. Preferences regarding type of dwelling and urbanicity.
- G. RELIGION. Religious affiliation, practices, and views.
- H. POLITICS. Political affiliation, activities, and views.
- I. SOCIAL CHANGE. Values, attitudes, and expectations about social change.
- J. SOCIAL PROBLEMS. Concern with various social problems facing the nation and the world.
- K. MAJOR SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS. Confidence in and commitment to various major social institutions (business, unions, branches of government, press, organized religion, military, etc.).
- L. MILITARY. Views about the armed services and the use of military force. Personal plans for military service.
- M. INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS. Qualitative and quantitative characteristics of cross-age and peer relationships. Interpersonal conflict.
- N. RACE RELATIONS. Attitudes toward and experiences with other racial groups.
- O. CONCERN FOR OTHERS. Concern for others; voluntary and charitable activities.
- P. HAPPINESS. Happiness and life satisfaction, overall and in specific life domains.
- Q OTHER PERSONALITY VARIABLES. Attitudes about self (including self-esteem), locus of control, loneliness, risk-taking, trust in others, importance placed on various life goals, counterculture orientation, hostility, boredom.
- R. BACKGROUND. Demographic and family background characteristics, living arrangements.
- S. DEVIANT BEHAVIOR AND VICTIMIZATION. Delinquent behaviors, driving violations and accidents (including those under the influence of drugs), victimization experiences.

1.	HEALTH.	Health habits, somatic symptoms, limess, medical treatment.

HEALTH Harle balian and in annual and illume and included

Given this breadth of content, the study is not presented to respondents as a "drug use study," nor do they tend to view it as such.

Because many questions are needed to cover all of these topic areas, much of the questionnaire content is divided into different questionnaire forms which are distributed to participants in an ordered sequence. (Five forms were used in 1975-88; a sixth form was added in 1989.) This sequence produces five or six virtually identical subsamples.

About one-third of each questionnaire form consists of key or "core" variables which are common to all forms. All demographic variables and some measures of drug use are included in this "core" set of measures. This use of the full sample for drug and demographic measures provides a more accurate estimation on these dimensions and also makes it possible to link them statistically to all the other measures which are included in a single form only.

REPRESENTATIVENESS AND VALIDITY

The samples for this study are intended to be representative of high school seniors attending private or public schools throughout the 48 contiguous states. We have already discussed the fact that this definition of the sample excludes one important portion of the age cohort: those who have dropped out of high school before nearing the end of the senior year. But given the aim of representing high school seniors, it will now be useful to consider the extent to which the obtained samples of schools and students are likely to be representative of all seniors and the degree to which the data obtained are likely to be valid.

It is possible to distinguish at least four ways in which survey data of this sort might fall short of being fully representative. First, some sampled schools refuse to participate, which could introduce some bias. Second, the failure to obtain questionnaire data from 100 percent of the students sampled in participating schools would also introduce bias. Third, the answers provided by participating students are open to both conscious and unconscious distortions which could reduce validity. Finally, limitations in sample size and/or design could place limits on the accuracy of estimates.

SCHOOL PARTICIPATION. As noted in the description of the sampling design, schools are invited to participate in the study for a two-year period. For each school that declines to participate - an occurrence which happens, on average, a little over one-third of the time -- a similar school (in terms of size, geographic area, urbanicity, etc.) is recruited as a replacement for that "slot". Since the study's inception, either an original school or a replacement school has been obtained for between 95% to 99% of the sample units, or "slots". With very few exceptions, each school which has participated for one data collection has agreed to participate for a second. The selection of replacement schools almost entirely removes problems of bias in region, urbanicity, and the like that might result from certain schools refusing to participate. Other potential biases are more subtle, however. For example, if it turned out that most schools with "drug problems" refused to participate, that would seriously bias the drug estimates derived from the sample. And if any other single factor were dominant in most refusals, that also might suggest a source of serious bias. In fact, however, the reasons for schools' refusals to participate

are varied and largely a function of happenstance events of the particular year. Thus, the investigators feel fairly confident that school refusals have not seriously biased the surveys.

STUDENT PARTICIPATION. Completed questionnaires are obtained from three-fourths to four-fifths of all 12th graders sampled. The single most important reason that students are missed is that they are absent from class at the time of data collection, and in most cases it is not workable to schedule a special follow-up data collection for them. Students with fairly high rates of absenteeism also report above-average rates of drug use; therefore, there is some degree of bias introduced by missing the absentees. That bias could be corrected through the use of special weighting; however, this course was not chosen because the bias in estimates (in drug use, where the potential effect was hypothesized to be largest) was determined to be quite small and because the necessary weighting procedures would have introduced undesirable complications. In addition to absenteeism, student nonparticipation occurs because of schedule conflicts with school trips and other activities which tend to be more frequent than usual during the final months of the senior year. Of course, some students refuse to complete or turn in a questionnaire, either on their own or because their parents refused consent. However, SRC representatives in the field estimate this proportion to be only about two percent.

VALIDITY OF SELF-REPORT DATA. Survey measures of delinquency and of drug use depend upon respondents reporting what are, in many cases, illegal acts. Thus, a critical question is whether such self-reports are likely to be valid. Like most studies dealing with these areas, the present study does not include direct, objective validation of the present measures; however, the considerable amount of inferential evidence which exists strongly suggest that the self-report questions produce largely valid data. A number of factors have given the investigators reasonable confidence about the validity of the responses to what are presumably among the most sensitive questions in the study: a low non-response rate on the drug questions; a large proportion admitting to some illicit drug use; the consistency of findings across several years of the present study; strong evidence of construct validity (based on relationships observed between variables); a close match between these data and the findings from other studies using other methods; and the findings from several methodological studies which have used objective validation methods.

As for others of the measures, a few have a long and venerable history -- as scholars of the relevant literature will recognize -- though some of these measures have been modified to fit the present questionnaire format. Many questions, however, have been developed specifically for this project through a process of question writing, pilot testing, pretesting, and question revision or elimination. Some have already been included in other publications from the study, but many have not; therefore, there exists little empirical evidence of their validity and reliability.

ACCURACY OF THE SAMPLE. A sample survey never can provide the same level of accuracy as would be obtained if the entire target population were to participate in the survey -- in the case of the present study, about 3-4 million seniors per year. But perfect accuracy of this sort would be extremely expensive and certainly not worthwhile considering the fact that a high level of accuracy can be provided by a carefully designed probability sample. The accuracy of the sample in this study is affected both by the size of the student sample and by the number of

schools in which they were clustered. For the purposes of this introduction, it is sufficient to note that virtually all estimates based on the total sample have confidence intervals of +/- 1.5 percentage points or smaller - sometimes considerably smaller. This means that, had the project been able to invite all schools and all seniors in the 48 contiguous states to participate, the results from such a massive survey would be within an estimated 1.5 percentage points from the present sample findings 95 times out of 100. This is a quite high level of accuracy, and one that permits the detection of fairly small trends from one year to the next.

Because of the complex sampling design, standard means of assessing confidence intervals are not appropriate. The <u>annual volumes</u> from the project can provide information which allow the analyst to determine the confidence intervals around means and percentages for both the total sample and various subgroups. They also provide tables and guidelines for testing the statistical significance of differences between subgroups, and the significance of year-to-year changes.

CONSISTENCY AND THE MEASUREMENT OF TRENDS. One other point is worth noting in a discussion of the validity of the findings. The Monitoring the Future project is, by intention, a study designed to be sensitive to changes from one time to another. Accordingly, the measures and procedures have been standardized and applied consistently across each data collection. To the extent that any biases remain because of limits in school and/or student participation, and to the extent that there are distortions (lack of validity) in the responses of some students, it seems very likely that such problems will exist in much the same way from one year to the next. In other words, biases in the survey estimates should tend to be consistent from one year to another, which means that the measurement of trends should be affected very little by such biases.

INTERPRETING RACIAL DIFFERENCES. Until 2005, ethnic identification was provided for the two largest racial/ethnic subgroups in the population -- those who identified themselves as white or Caucasian and those who identified themselves as black or African American. Identification was not given for the other ethnic categories (Native Americans, Asian Americans, Mexican Americans, Puerto Rican Americans, or other Latin Americans) since each of these groups comprised a small proportion of the sample in any given year, which means that their small Ns (in combination with their clustered groupings in a limited number of schools) would yield estimates which would be too unreliable. Because of increases in the number of those who identify themselves as one of the Hispanic groups, we now include identification for this category.

However, the analyst should bear in mind that African Americans and Hispanics -- each of which constitutes approximately 8-15 percent of each year's sample -- are represented by perhaps as few as 200 respondents per year on any single questionnaire form. Further, because our sample is a stratified clustered sample, it yields less accuracy than would be yielded by a pure random sample of equal size (see Appendix B of the <u>annual volumes</u> for details). Therefore, because of the limited number of cases, the margin of sampling error around any statistic describing African Americans or Hispanics is larger than for most other subgroups.

There exists, however, a way to determine the replicability of any finding involving racial

comparisons. Since most questions are repeated from year to year, one can readily establish the degree to which a finding is replicated by looking at the results in prior and subsequent years. Given the relatively small Ns for minority groups, the analyst is urged to seek such replication before putting much faith in the reliability of any particular racial comparison.

There are factors in addition to reliability, however, which could be misleading in the interpretation of racial differences. Given the social importance which has been placed on various racial differences reported in the social science literature, the investigators would like to caution the analyst to consider the various factors which could account for differences. These factors fall into three categories: differential representation in the sample, differential response tendencies, and the confounding of race with a number of other background and demographic characteristics. The following discussion is based on analyses that were conducted prior to 2005, when identifiers for Hispanics were not included, so the discussion is specific to African Americans. However, the points made, particularly those about differential representation and confounding of race/ethnicity with other background and demographic characteristics, would be relevant to Hispanics, as well.

DIFFERENTIAL REPRESENTATION. Census data characterizing American young people in the approximate age range of those in this sample show somewhat lower proportions of African Americans than whites remain in school through the end of the twelfth grade. Therefore, a slightly different segment of the African American population than of the white population resides in the target population of high school seniors. Further, the samples appear to under represent slightly those African American males who, according to census figures, are in high school at the twelfth grade level. Identified African American males comprise about 6 percent of the sample, whereas census data suggest that they should comprise around 7 percent. Therefore it appears that more African American males are lost from the target population than white males or females of either race. This may be due to generally poorer attendance rates on the part of some African American males and/or an unwillingness on the part of some to participate in data collections of this sort.

In sum, a smaller segment of the African American population than of the white population of high school age is represented by the data contained here. Insofar as any characteristic is associated with being a school dropout or absentee, it is likely to be somewhat disproportionately underrepresented among African Americans in the sample.

DIFFERENTIAL RESPONSE TENDENCIES. In examining the full range of variables, racial differences in response tendencies have been noted. First, the tendency to state agreement in response to agree-disagree questions is generally somewhat greater among African Americans than among whites. For example, African Americans tend to agree more with the positively worded items in the index of self-esteem, but they also tend to agree more with the negatively worded items. As it happens, that particular index has an equal number of positively and negatively worded items, so that any overall "agreement bias" should be self-canceling when the index score is computed. However, group differences in agreement bias are likely to affect results on questions employing the agree-disagree format. Fortunately, most of the questions are not of that type.

There has also been observed a somewhat greater than average tendency for African American respondents to select extreme answer categories on attitudinal scales. For example, even if the same proportion of African Americans as whites felt positively (or negatively) about some subject, fewer of the whites are likely to say they feel very positively (or negatively). The analyst should be aware that differences in responses to particular questions may be related to these more general tendencies.

A somewhat separate issue in response tendency is a respondent's willingness to answer particular questions. The missing data rate may reflect willingness to answer particular questions. If a particular question or set of questions has a missing data rate higher than is true for the prior or subsequent questions, then presumably more respondents than usual were unwilling (or perhaps unable) to answer it. Such an exaggerated missing data rate exists for African American males on the set of questions dealing with the respondent's own use of illicit drugs. Clearly a respondent's willingness to be candid on such questions depends on his or her trust of the research process and of the researchers themselves. The exaggerated missing data rates for African American males in these sections may reflect, at least in part, less trust. The analyst is advised to check for exceptional levels of missing data when making comparisons on any variable in which candor is likely to be reduced by lower system trust. One bit of additional evidence related to trust in the research process is that higher proportions of African Americans than whites reported that if they had used marijuana or heroin they would not have been willing to report it in the survey.

COVARIANCE WITH OTHER FACTORS. Some characteristics such as race are highly confounded (correlated) with other variables -- variables which may in fact explain some observed racial differences. Put another way, at the aggregate level we might observe a considerable racial difference on some characteristic, but once we control for some background characteristic such as socio-economic level or region of the country -- that is, once we compare the African American respondents with whites who come from similar backgrounds -- there may be no racial difference at all.

Race is correlated with important background and demographic variables. A higher proportion of African Americans live in the South and a higher proportion grew up in families with the mother and/or father absent, and more had mothers who worked while they were growing up. A substantially higher proportion of African Americans are Baptists, and African Americans tend to attribute more importance to religion than do whites. A higher proportion of African American respondents have children, and on the average they are slightly older than the white sample. As was mentioned earlier African American males are more underrepresented in our sample than African American females.

These differences in background, demographic, and descriptive characteristics are noted because, in any attempt to understand why a racial difference exists, one would want to be able to examine the role of these covarying characteristics.

WEIGHTING INFORMATION

Frequency and percentage distributions displayed in codebooks produced after 2007 are unweighted, rather than weighted by variable V5 as they had been in previous years. This change was made to simplify both the production of the codebooks and their interpretation by the analyst.

FILE STRUCTURE

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2010 is available from ICPSR as seven logical record length datasets. Each dataset consists of SAS, SPSS, and Stata setup files containing all technical information for each variable in the corresponding datafile, and the datafile itself. The data are sorted by case. The datasets are organized by the form number (questionnaire version) used. For each part, the data are also available from ICPSR in the following formats: SAS transport (CPORT) file, SPSS system file, and Stata system file, with SAS and Stata supplemental syntax files, and a tab-delimited ascii text file.

part #	form	# of variables	Logical record length	Unweighted n
1	Core	189	392	15,127
2	Form 1	637	1,285	2,526
3	Form 2	329	671	2,536
4	Form 3	359	732	2,523
5	Form 4	270	556	2,496
6	Form 5	320	653	2,519
7	Form 6	336	686	2,527

The SAS, SPSS, and Stata setup files give the format and other information for each variable in the data file. See the section "Codebook Information" for further details. The data file is constructed with a single logical record for each case.

CODEBOOK INFORMATION

The codebook is arranged by question numbers which do not coincide with the variable numbers. The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

[1] V2119	[2] 082A04E	#X INTERNET NEWS							
[3] Location:[4] Variable Type:[5] Range of Missing Values (M): Question:	64-65(width: 2, decimal: 0) numeric (ISO) -9								
	[6] Item Num	nber: 24815							
	[7] Question Number(s): 2A04E								
[8] How often do you use each of the following to get information about news and current events?									
	E: The In	ternet							
		st every day" 4="At least 2="A few times a year"		nce or twi	ce				
	V2119:08	32A04E #X INTERNET I	VEWS						
	Value	Label	Unweighted	%	Valid %				
	[10]	[11]	Frequency [12]	[13]	[14]				
		NEVER:(1)	280	5.2%	5.2%				
		FEW/YR:(2)	216	4.0%	4.0%				
		1-2/MO:(3)	576	10.6%	10.8%				
		1 /WK:(4)	1235	22.8%	23.1%				
		NR DAILY:(5)	3050	56.3%	56.9%				
	-9(M)	MISSING:(-9)	59	1.1%					

- [1] Indicates the variable number. A variable number is assigned to each variable in the data collection.
- [2] Indicates the abbreviated variable name used to identify the variable for the user.
- [3]Indicates starting and ending column locations of this variable. Variable width and number of decimal places are noted within parentheses.
- [4]Indicates the variable type. NUMERIC variables contain numbers only, including numbers in E-notation, a decimal point or a minus sign. CHARACTER variables can be any special characters: underscores (_), pound signs (#), and ampersands (&).
- [5]Indicates the code values of missing data. In this example, code values equal to -9 are missing data (MD Codes:-9). Some analysis software packages require that certain types of data which the user desires to be excluded from analysis be designated as "MISSING DATA," e.g., inappropriate, unascertained, unascertainable, or ambiguous data categories. Although these codes are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use them in a substantive role if so desired.

- [6] The item number, a unique 5-digit reference number assigned to each question which remains consistent across questionnaires.
- [7] The question number, which consists of the number of the questionnaire form, the alphabetic section, the question number itself, and, if part of a series, the alphabetic part.
- [8] This is the full text (question) supplied by the investigator to describe this (section of) variable(s). The question text and the numbers and letters that may appear at the beginning reflect the original wording of the questionnaire item.
- [9] Response category codes and the full text of the answer categories as they are worded in the questionnaire.
- [10] Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
- [11] Indicates the text labels of the codes for this variable, as they are provided in the data.
- [12] Indicates the frequency of occurrence of each code value for this variable.
- [13] Indicates the percentage distribution of each code value for this variable including cases where the value is missing.
- [14] Indicates the percentage distribution of each code value for this variable excluding cases where the value is missing.

ICPSR PROCESSING INFORMATION

The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to missing data values. Consistency checks were performed.

NOTE: THE "cases" IN THE CODEBOOK INCLUDES MISSING DATA ON THE QUESTION INVOLVED.

For reasons of confidentiality, the weight variable (V5) was altered from its original version to a modified version prior to public distribution of the data. THIS RESULTS IN SLIGHT DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PERCENTAGES AND N SIZES IN THE ANNUAL ISR VOLUMES AND THOSE FROM WEIGHTED ANALYSES OF THE PUBLIC USE DATASETS. Typically, the variation is less than 1%.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations and omissions have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release. Three variables have been included to describe the respondent's general environment without identifying school or state. These are (1) region (Northeast, North Central, South, and West), (2) whether or not the school is located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), and (3) whether or not the school is located in a Large MSA. Some questions have been eliminated altogether; others are collapsed to mask groups which are very small. The following table lists the question numbers and names of the variables which have been excluded from each twelfth grade dataset.

OMITTED VARIABLES:

All datasets	C01.	R'S BIRTH YEAR
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C02. R'S BIRTH MONTH

C04A-I, R'S RACE (9 categories)

C07A-B. # OLDER BR/SR, # YOUNGER BR/SR

C07Ca,e-i. R'S HSHLD (other than mother/father/sibling)

C13A. R'S RELGS PRFNC

Form 1 D19. CURRENT HEIGHT

D20. CURRENT WEIGHT

Form 2 2A19P. ARRSTD&TKN 2 POL

Form 5 5A21. CURRENT HEIGHT

5A22. CURRENT WEIGHT

RECODED VARIABLES:

Core dataset and Part C section of individual forms

AGE <> 18 DICHOTOMY

1=younger than 18 years old,

2=18 years old or more

-9=missing data on birth year, or birth month if it is required

Derived from Q.C01 (Birth Year), and, if needed, Q.C02 (Birth Month), and the month that the questionnaire was administered. If the birth year value indicates that the respondent is 18, then the month of administration is compared to the month of birth. If the questionnaire was given before the month of birth, or if both were the same month, then the respondent is determined to be younger than 18.

C04. R'S RACE B/W/H -- changed in 2005 from the B/W dichotomy

1=BLACK 2=WHITE 3=HISPANIC, -9=All Other Codes, multiple responses, and missing data on Q. C04.

From 2006 on, each of the questionnaire forms contains the new version of the race question which was introduced on half of the forms in 2005. The new version lists several different response options and prompts the respondents to select all that apply to them. In cases where a respondent selected options which fell into more than one of the three recoded categories (Black, White, Hispanic), the value for the recoded variable was deleted and defined as missing.

C07A. R'S # SIBLINGS

Responses to questions C07A-B were combined and bracketed before original data were deleted (see above)

0=None, 1=1 sibling, 2=2 siblings, 3=3 or more siblings

C07Cb-d. R'S HSHLD FATHER, MOTHER, SIBLING

0=marked, 1=not marked, -9=none of the three items marked

C29a-c. # TCKTS AFT [DRNK, MARJ, OTDG]

0=None, 1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three or More

C31a-c. # ACDTS AFT [DRNK, MARJ, OTDG]

0=None, 1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three or More

Core dataset (Part B)

*B10a-c: #X COKE [LIFETIME, LAST12MO, LAST30DA]

Data from forms 1, 3, 4, and 6 are combined responses to separate questions concerning "crack" and "cocaine in any other form".

*B15a-c: #X "H" [LIFETIME, LAST12MO, LAST30DA]

Data from forms 2, 5, and 6 are combined responses to separate questions concerning heroin "using a needle" and heroin "WITHOUT using a needle".

Form 6

A10. EVER HELD BACK 1=No, 2=Yes

A11. NEED SUMMER SCHL 1=No, 2=Yes

A12. EVER SUSPENDED 1=No, 2=Yes

MISSING DATA FOR WESTERN REGION:

To ensure confidentiality of both respondents and their respective schools, some variables values from schools in the Western region were changed to missing data (coded -9):

All datasets	C13B R'ATTND REL SVC
	C13C RLGN IMP R'S LF
Form 2	2A19A FRQ FIGHT PARNTS
Form 4	4A15A FEW GD MAR, ? IT
	4A15B GD LIV TG BF MRG
	4A15C 1 PRTNR=RSTRCTVE
Form 5	5A18I FAM BUYS THG -ND
	5A18J FULLR LVS IF MRY
	5A18N HSB MAK IMP DCSN
Form 6	6A08A #X PRNT CHK HMWK
	6A08B #X PRNT HLP HMWK
	6A08C #X PRNT GV CHORE
	6A08D #X PRNT LIMIT TV
	6A08E #X PRNT LMT OUT

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM 1 PROCESSING

The form 1 questionnaire contains many more specific drug related questions in Part B than do the other questionnaire forms. In the form 1 dataset, copies of the "core" or common drug prevalence variables are created and then processed so that their data will be comparable to that of the other forms. Data from the core versions are then copied to the grade 12 core dataset; the form 1 dataset retains both versions. The primary difference between the copies is that, for the core versions, nonuse is inferred from the respondents' adherence to the skip instructions (the other forms do not include the same instructions).

REVISED QUESTION TEXT FOR THE CORE DATASET

For the core dataset only, additional text was added to particular questions that were part of a series. The initial question in the series contains text not repeated on subsequent questions within that series. This additional text is meant to clarify and provide detail about the question for the user. To help improve the clarity of subsequent questions within the series this additional text has been repeated on each question. This repeating text is identical to what was stated on the questionnaire for the first question in that series. It has been designated by being placed into {braces} to be distinguishable from text that actually appeared in the questionnaire. No modifications were made to the question text for any of the other parts.

Index of Core Drug Variables by Substance Category

		Combined								
		Form Dataset	Item				Question	Number		
		Variable	Reference							
Substance Category	Page #	Number	Number	Variable Label	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Tobacco – Cigarettes	26	V101	00760	EVR SMK CIG, REGL	1B001	2B01	3B01	4B01	5B01	6B01
	27	V102	00780	#CIGS SMKD/30DAY	1B002	2B02	3B02	4B02	5B02	6B02
-Smokeless	85	V208	22230	EVR USE SMOKLESS						6B19
	85	V209	22240	#X SMKLESS/30DA						6B20
-Bidis	86	V210	31070	#X SMK BIDI/12M						6D20C
-Kreteks	86	V211	31150	#X SMK KRETK/12M			250477			6D20D
-Hookah	133	V288	32660	#X HOOKAH/12MO			3D04H			
-Small Cigars	133 27	V289 V103	32670 00790	#X SMALL CIGAR/12M		2B03	3D04I 3B03	4B03	5B03	6B21
Alcohol - Any Form	28	V103 V104	00790	EVER DRINK #X ALC/LIF SIPS	1B007A	2B03 2B04A	3B04A	4B03 4B04A	5B03 5B04A	6B22A
	28	V104 V105	00810	#X ALC/LIN SIPS	1B007A 1B007B	2B04A 2B04B	3B04A 3B04B	4B04A 4B04B	5B04A 5B04B	6B22B
	29	V105 V106	00820	#X ALC/30D SIPS	1B007B	2B04B 2B04C	3B04D	4B04C	5B04C	6B22C
	30	V107	00840	#X DRK ENF FL HI	120076	2B05	3B05	4B05	5B05	6B23
	30	V108	00850	5+ DRK ROW/LST 2W	1B013	2B06	3B06	4B06	5B06	6B24
	87	V212	25020	#X DRUNK/LIFETIM	1B016A					6D11A
	88	V213	25030	#X DRUNK/LAST12M	1B016B					6D11B
	88	V214	25040	#X DRUNK/LAST30D	1B016C					6D11C
-Beer	89	V215	11000	#X BEER/LIFETIME				4D13A		
	89	V216	11010	#X BEER/LAST12MO				4D13B		
	90	V217	11020	#X BEER/LAST30DA				4D13C		
	91	V218	11030	5+ BR/LST2WK,10+X				4D14		
-Wine Coolers	91	V219	22620	#X WIN COOL/LIFE				4D15A		
	92	V220	22630	#X WIN COOL/12MO				4D15B		
	92 93	V221 V222	22640 22650	#X WIN COOL/30DA 5+ WINCOOL/LST2WK				4D15C 4D16		
-Wine	93	V222 V223	11040	#X WINE/LIFETIME				4D16 4D17A		
- wille	94	V223 V224	11040	#X WINE/LAST12MO				4D17A 4D17B		
	95	V225	11060	#X WINE/LAST12MO #X WINE/LAST30DA				4D17C		
	95	V226	11070	#X 200Z+ WN/2 WK				4D18		
-Liquor	96	V227	11080	#X LIQR/LIFETIME				4D19A		
1	97	V228	11090	#X LIQR/LAST12MO				4D19B		
	97	V229	11100	#X LIQR/LAST30DA				4D19C		
	98	V230	11110	#X 5+ LIQ/LST 2WK				4D20		
-Flavored Alcoholic Drinks	98	V231	31360	#X FLVRDALC/LIFE					5E07A	
	99	V232	31370	#X FLVRDALC/12MO					5E07B	
	100	V233	31380	#X FLVRDALC/30DA	150101				5E07C	
Marijuana / Hashish	31	V109	02040	#X HASH/LIFETIM	1B018A					
	31 32	V110 V111	02050 02060	#X HASH/LAST12M #X HASH/LAST30D	1B018B 1B018C					
	33	V111 V112	02000	#X MARJ/LIFETIM	1B018C					
	33	V112 V113	02070	#X MARJ/LAST12M	1B019A 1B019B					
	34	V114	02090	#X MARJ/LAST30D	1B019C					
	35	V115	00860	#XMJ+HS/LIFETIME	120170	2B07A	3B07A	4B07A	5B07A	6B25A
	35	V116	00870	#XMJ+HS/LAST12MO		2B07B	3B07B	4B07B	5B07B	6B25B
	36	V117	00880	#XMJ+HS/LAST30DA		2B07B	3B07C	4B07C	5B07C	6B25C
LSD	37	V118	00890	#X LSD/LIFETIME	1B033A	2B08A	3B08A	4B08A	5B08A	6B26A
	37	V119	00900	#X LSD/LAST 12MO	1B033B	2B08B	3B08B	4B08B	5B08B	6B26B
	38	V120	00910	#X LSD/LAST 30DA	1B033C	2B08C	3B08C	4B08C	5B08C	6B26C
Hallucinogens Other	39	V121	00920	#X PSYD/LIFETIME	1B042A	2B09A	3B09A	4B09A	5B09A	6B27A
than LSD	39	V122	00930	#X PSYD/LAST12MO	1B042B	2B09B	3B09B	4B09B	5B09B	6B27B
DCD.	40	V123	00940	#X PSYD/LAST30DA	1B042C	2B09C	3B09C	4B09C	5B09C	6B27C
-PCP	100	V234	01181	#X PCP/LIFETIME		2E03A				
	101	V235	01182	#X PCP/LAST12MO		2E03B				
-MDMA ("Ecstasy")	102 102	V236 V237	01183 22660	#X PCP/LAST30DA		2E03C	3B18A	4B18A		
-MDMA (Ecstasy)	102	V237 V238	22670	#X MDMA/LIFETIME #X MDMA/LAST12MO			3B18A 3B18B	4B18A 4B18B		
	103	V236 V239	22680	#X MDMA/LAST12MO #X MDMA/LAST30DA			3B18C	4B18C		
-Salvia	132	V239 V286	32500	#X SALVIA/12MO			35100	75100	5E11D	6D20M
Su1114	1.72	, 200	32300		1	1	I	1	72112	01020111

		Combined								
		Form	Itama				Question	Number		
		Dataset Variable	Item Reference				Question	I tumber		
Substance Category		Number	Number	Variable Label	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Cocaine	41	V124	00950	#X COKE/LIFETIME	1 01111 1	2B10A	1011110	1 01111	5B10A	1 01111 0
	41	V125	00960	#X COKE/LAST12MO		2B10B			5B10B	
	42	V126	00970	#X COKE/LAST30DA		2B10C			5B10C	
- "Crack"	104	V240	22260	#X CRACK/LIFETIM	1B076A	2E02A	3B11A	4B11A	5E08A	6B29A
	105	V241	22270	#X CRACK/LAST12M	1B076B	2E02B	3B11B	4B11B	5E08B	6B29B
	105	V242	22280	#X CRACK/LAST30D	1B076C	2E02C	3B11C	4B11C	5E08C	6B29C
- Other forms of cocaine	106	V243	22320	#XOTH COKE/LIFE	1B077A		3B12A	4B12A		6B30A
	107	V244	22330	#XOTH COKE/12MO	1B077B		3B12B	4B12B		6B30B
	107	V245	22340	#XOTH COKE/30DA	1B077C		3B12C	4B12C		6B30C
Amphetamines	43	V127	00980	#X AMPH/LIFETIME	1B050A	2B11A	3B10A	4B10A	5B11A	6B28A
	44	V128	00990	#X AMPH/LAST12MO	1B050B	2B11B	3B10B	4B10B	5B11B	6B28B
	44	V129	01000	#X AMPH/LAST30DA	1B050C	2B11C	3B10C	4B10C	5B11C	6B28C
- Crystal Meth ("Ice")	45	V130	24380	#X ICE/LIFETIME		2B12A			5B12A	
	46	V131	24390	#X ICE/LAST12MO		2B12B			5B12B	
	46	V132	24400	#X ICE/LAST30DA		2B12C			5B12C	
- Methamphetamines	108	V246	30800	#X METHAMPH/LIFE				4B17A		6B36A
	109	V247	30810	#X METHAMPH/12MO				4B17B		6B36B
D'. 1'	109	V248	30820	#X METHAMPH/30DA			20040	4B17C		6B36C
- Ritalin	110	V249	31180	#X RITALIN/12MO	1D0464		3D04C			6D20G
- Over-the-Counter	110	V250	21220	#X DIETPILL/LFT	1B046A					
- Diet Pills	111	V251	21230	#X DIETPILL/12M	1B046B 1B046C					
- Over-the-Counter	112 112	V252 V253	21240 21250	#X DIETPILL/30D #X STA-AWAK/LFT	1B046C 1B047A					
- Stay-Awakes	112	V255 V254	21250	#X STA-AWAK/LF1	1B047A 1B047B					
- Stay-Awakes	113	V254 V255	21200	#X STA-AWAK/30D	1B047B 1B047C					
- Over-the-counter	114	V255 V256	21270	#X LOOKALIK/LFT	1B047C					
- Look-Alikes	115	V250 V257	21290	#X LOOKALIK/12M	1B048B					
- LOOK-AHRES	116	V257 V258	21300	#X LOOKALIK/30D	1B048C					
- Adderall	131	V285	32450	#X ADDERALL/12MO	120.00		3D04D			6D20H
- Provigil	132	V287	32510	#X PROVIGIL/12MO			30010		5E11E	6D20N
- Energy Drinks	134	V290	32540	# ENERGY DRINKS/DA					5E01	
- Energy Shots	135	V291	32550	# ENERGY SHOTS/DAY					5E02	
Sedatives	47	V133	01042	#X SED/BARB/LIFE	1B062A	2B13A	3B13A	4B13A	5B13A	6B31A
	48	V134	01052	#X SED/BARB/12MO	1B062B	2B13B	3B13B	4B13B	5B13B	6B31B
	49	V135	01062	#X SED/BARB/30DA	1B062C	2B13C	3B13C	4B13C	5B13C	6B31C
- Methaqualone	117	V259	01010	#X QUAD/LIFETIM	1B060A					
•	117	V260	01020	#X QUAD/LAST12M	1B060B					
	118	V261	01030	#X QUAD/LAST30D	1B060C					
- Rohypnol	118	V262	29785	#X ROHYPNL/12MO						6D20K
- GHB	119	V263	31050	#X GHB/LAST12MO						6D20A
- Ketamine	120	V264	31060	#X KETAMINE/12M					5E11A	6D20B
Tranquilizers	49	V136	01070	#X TRQL/LIFETIME	1B066A	2B14A	3B14A	4B14A	5B14A	6B32A
	50	V137	01080	#X TRQL/LAST12MO	1B066B	2B14B	3B14B	4B14B	5B14B	6B32B
	51	V138	01090	#X TRQL/LAST30DA	1B066C	2B14C	3B14C	4B14C	5B14C	6B32C
Heroin	52	V139	01100	#X "H"/LIFETIME	1B087A		3B15A	4B15A		
	52	V140	01110	#X "H"/LAST 12MO	1B087B		3B15B	4515B		
h i i i 11	53	V141	01120	#X "H"/LAST 30DA	1B087C	2D154	3B15C	4B15C	5D15 4	CD22 A
- heroin with a needle	120	V265	29630	#X H LIF USE NDL		2B15A			5B15A	6B33A
	121	V266	29640	#X H 12M USE NDL		2B15B			5B15B	6B33B
harain without a mandla	121	V267	29650	#X H 30D USE NDL		2B15C			5B15C	6B33C
- heroin without a needle	122 123	V268 V269	29660	#X H LIF W/O NDL		2B16A			5B16A 5B16B	6B34A 6B34B
	123	V269 V270	29670 29680	#X H 12M W/O NDL		2B16B 2B16C			5B16B 5B16C	6B34B 6B34C
Any Drugs by Injection	123	V270 V271	25050	#X H 30D W/O NDL #X INJECT/LIFE		2D10C			20100	6D14A
Any Diags by injection	124	V271 V272	25060	#X INJECT/LST12M						6D14A 6D14B
	125	V272 V273	25070	#X INJECT/LST12M #X INJECT/LST30D						6D14B
	123	1413	23010	"11 H GLC 1/LG 1 30D	i	I	l	l	i	ODITO

		Combined								
		Form					Ouestion	Number		
		Dataset	Item				Question	Number		
		Variable	Reference							
Substance Category	Page #	Number	Number	Variable Label	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Other Narcotics	53	V142	01130	#X NARC/LIFETIME	1B089A	2B17A	3B16A	4B16A	5B17A	6B35A
	54	V143	01140	#X NARC/LAST12MO	1B089B	2B17B	3B16B	4B16B	5B17B	6B35B
	55	V144	01150	#X NARC/LAST30DA	1B089C	2B17C	3B16C	4B16C	5B17C	6B35C
- OxyContin	126	V274	31310	#X OXYCONTN/12MO			3D04F		5E11B	6D20I
- Vicodin	126	V275	31320	#X VICODIN/12MO			3D04G		5E11C	6D20J
- Cough Medicine	130	V284	31670	#X COUGHMED/12MO			3D04E			6D20L
Inhalants	56	V145	01160	#X INHL/LIFETIME		2B18A	3B17A		5B18A	
	56	V146	01170	#X INHL/LAST12MO		2B18B	3B17B		5B18B	
	57	V147	01180	#X INHL/LAST30DA		2B18C	3B17C		5B18C	
Steroids / Body Building	127	V279	22690	#X STRD/LIFETIME		2E04A			5E09A	6D12A
	128	V280	22700	#X STRD/LAST12MO		2E04B			5E09B	6D12B
	128	V281	22710	#X STRD/LAST30DA		2E04C			5E09C	6D12C
- Androstenedione	129	V282	31160	#X ANDRO/12MO			3D04A			6D20E
- Creatine	130	V283	31170	#X CREATINE/12MO			3D04B			6D20F

ICPSR 30985

Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2010

Variable Description and Frequencies

Note: Frequencies displayed for the variables are not weighted. They are purely descriptive and may not be representative of the study population. Please review any sampling or weighting information available with the study.

Summary statistics (minimum, maximum, mean, median, and standard deviation) may not be available for every variable in the codebook. Conversely, a listing of frequencies in table format may not be present for every variable in the codebook either. However, all variables in the dataset are present and display sufficient information about each variable. These decisions are made intentionally and are at the discretion of the archive producing this codebook.

Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2010

Core Data

CASEID CASE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Location: 1-5 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V1 YEAR OF ADMIN (4-DIGITS)

Location: 6-9 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2010	15127	100.0 %	100.0%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V3 102:FORM ID

Location: 10-11 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	2526	16.7 %	16.7%
2	2536	16.8 %	16.8%
3	2523	16.7 %	16.7%
4	2496	16.5 %	16.5%
5	2519	16.7 %	16.7%
6	2527	16.7 %	16.7%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V4 102:Rs ID-SERIAL #

Location: 12-16 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V5 SAMPLING WEIGHT

Location: 17-22 (width: 6; decimal: 4)

Variable Type: numeric

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V13 SCH REG-4 CAT

Location: 23-24 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:

numeric

Question:

Region of the country, based on Census categories, in which

respondent's school is located.

1=Northeast 2=North Central 3=South 4=West

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NORTHEAST:(1)	3225	21.3 %	21.3%
2	NORTH CENTRL:(2)	3709	24.5 %	24.5%
3	SOUTH:(3)	5057	33.4 %	33.4%
4	WEST:(4)	3136	20.7 %	20.7%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V16 LARGE MSA=1/NOT=0

Location: 25-26 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Component variable, along with V17, for a standardized 3-category measure of population density. Population density is largest ("Large MSA") when V16 is coded 1 and V17 is coded 1, medium-sized ("Other MSA") when V16 is 0 and V17 1, and smallest ("Non-MSA") when both V16 and V17 are coded 0.

0="Else" 1="Large MSA"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NOT:(0)	9909	65.5 %	65.5%
1	LARGE MSA:(1)	5218	34.5 %	34.5%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V17 MSA/NON-MSA=0

Location: 27-28 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

MSA: Metropolitan Statistical Area as defined for the US Census, a county or group of contiguous counties (or, in New England, Consolidated Metropolitan Areas) that contain at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. (Formerly referred to as "Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area".)

0=Non MSA 1=MSA

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NOT:(0)	2736	18.1 %	18.1%
1	MSA:(1)	12391	81.9 %	81.9%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V49 102C07(R):# SIBLINGS

Location: 29-30 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00075-00076

How many brothers and sisters do you have?

(Include stepbrothers and sisters and half-brothers and sisters) a) Older brothers and sisters [item 00075] b) Younger brothers and sisters [item 00076]

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four" 5="Five" 6="Six

or more".

[For this dataset, responses to the two questions are added and bracketed so that 3 is the highest category, meaning

"Three or more brothers or sisters".]

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	846	5.6 %	5.9%
1	ONE:(1)	3940	26.0 %	27.4%
2	TWO:(2)	3826	25.3 %	26.6%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	5776	38.2 %	40.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	739	4.9 %	-

Based upon 14388 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V101 102B01 :EVR SMK CIG,REGL

Location: 31-32 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

-9 Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00760

Have you ever smoked cigarettes?

1="Never" 2="Once or twice" 3="Occasionally but not regularly"

4="Regularly in the past" 5="Regularly now"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	8482	56.1 %	57.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	2759	18.2 %	18.8%
3	OCCASNLY:(3)	1633	10.8 %	11.1%
4	REG PAST:(4)	642	4.2 %	4.4%
5	REG NOW:(5)	1191	7.9 %	8.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	420	2.8 %	-

Based upon 14707 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V102 102B02 :#CIGS SMKD/30DAY

Location: 33-34 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00780

How frequently have you smoked cigarettes during the past 30 days?

1="Not at all" [Includes respondents who marked category 1 on Q.B01] 2="Less than one cigarette per day" 3="One to five cigarettes per day" 4="About one-half pack per day" 5="About one pack per day" 6="About one and one-half packs per day"

7="Two packs or more per day"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NT DAILY:(1)	11917	78.8 %	81.1%
2	<1 CIG/D:(2)	1231	8.1 %	8.4%
3	1-5/DAY:(3)	889	5.9 %	6.1%
4	1/2 PK:(4)	380	2.5 %	2.6%
5	1 PK:(5)	181	1.2 %	1.2%
6	1 1/2 PK:(6)	33	0.2 %	0.2%
7	2+ PKS:(7)	60	0.4 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	436	2.9 %	-

Based upon 14691 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V103 102B03:EVER DRINK

Location: 35-36 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00790

Next we want to ask you about drinking alcoholic beverages,

including beer, wine, liquor, and any other beverage that contains alcohol. Have you ever had any alcoholic beverage to drink--more than just a few sips?

1="No--GO TO TOP OF NEXT COLUMN" 2="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	3445	22.8 %	28.9%
2	YES:(2)	8493	56.1 %	71.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	3189	21.1 %	-

Based upon 11938 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V104 102B04A:#X ALC/LIF SIPS

37-38 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00810

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic beverages to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Above this item in form 1 reads "The next questions are about ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, including beer, wine, liquor, and any other beverage that contains alcohol."]

1="0 Occasions" [Includes respondents who report non-use on item QB03] 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	3977	26.3 %	28.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	1196	7.9 %	8.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	1635	10.8 %	11.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	1398	9.2 %	9.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	1661	11.0 %	11.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	1424	9.4 %	10.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2896	19.1 %	20.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	940	6.2 %	-

Based upon 14187 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V105 102B04B:#X ALC/ANN SIPS

39-40 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 00820

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic beverages to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4794	31.7 %	33.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	2420	16.0 %	17.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1962	13.0 %	13.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	1424	9.4 %	10.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1447	9.6 %	10.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	934	6.2 %	6.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1174	7.8 %	8.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	972	6.4 %	-

Based upon 14155 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V106 102B04C:#X ALC/30D SIPS

Location: 41-42 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00830

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic beverages to drink--more than just a few sips \dots

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	8071	53.4 %	57.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	2855	18.9 %	20.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	1506	10.0 %	10.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	807	5.3 %	5.7%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	492	3.3 %	3.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	158	1.0 %	1.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	247	1.6 %	1.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	991	6.6 %	-

Based upon 14136 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V107 102B05 :#X DRK ENF FL HI

Location: 43-44 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Range of Missing Values (M): Question:

Item Number: 00840

On the occasions that you drink alcoholic beverages, how

often do you drink enough to feel pretty high?

1="On none of the occasions" 2="On few of the occasions" 3="On about half of the occasions" 4="On most of the occasions" 5="On nearly all of the occasions"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	2223	14.7 %	26.1%
2	FEW OCC:(2)	2290	15.1 %	26.9%
3	HALF OCC:(3)	1262	8.3 %	14.8%
4	MOST OCC:(4)	1651	10.9 %	19.4%
5	NRLY ALL:(5)	1078	7.1 %	12.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	6623	43.8 %	-

Based upon 8504 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V108 102B06:5+DRK ROW/LST 2W

Location: 45-46 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00850

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have

you had five or more drinks in a row? (A "drink" is a bottle of beer, a glass of wine, a wine cooler, a shot glass of liquor, a mixed drink, etc.) [Worded slightly

differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="None" [Includes respondents who previously reported non-use] 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times"

5="Six to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	10558	69.8 %	75.8%
2	ONCE:(2)	1251	8.3 %	9.0%
3	TWICE:(3)	933	6.2 %	6.7%
4	3-5X:(4)	793	5.2 %	5.7%
5	6-9X:(5)	204	1.3 %	1.5%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	181	1.2 %	1.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1207	8.0 %	-

Based upon 13920 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V109 101B018A:#X HASH/LIFETIM

Location: 47-48 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02040

The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH. Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil. On how many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2166	14.3 %	90.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	82	0.5 %	3.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	44	0.3 %	1.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	30	0.2 %	1.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	15	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	53	0.4 %	2.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12722	84.1 %	-

Based upon 2405 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V110 101B018B:#X HASH/LAST12M

Location: 49-50 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 02050

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH. Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2217	14.7 %	92.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	76	0.5 %	3.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	33	0.2 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	33	0.2 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12730	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2397 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V111 101B018C:#X HASH/LAST30D

Location: 51-52 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02060

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH. Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2307	15.3 %	96.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	30	0.2 %	1.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	17	0.1 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	22	0.1 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12726	84.1 %	-

Based upon 2401 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V112 101B019A:#X MARJ/LIFETIM

Location: 53-54 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02070

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.

Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1324	8.8 %	55.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	194	1.3 %	8.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	155	1.0 %	6.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	108	0.7 %	4.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	125	0.8 %	5.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	106	0.7 %	4.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	382	2.5 %	16.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12733	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2394 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V113 101B019B:#X MARJ/LAST12M

Location: 55-56 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02080

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH. Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1536	10.2 %	64.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	235	1.6 %	9.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	126	0.8 %	5.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	106	0.7 %	4.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	92	0.6 %	3.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	87	0.6 %	3.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	211	1.4 %	8.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12734	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2393 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V114 101B019C:#X MARJ/LAST30D

Location: 57-58 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02090

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH. Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope. Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1857	12.3 %	77.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	187	1.2 %	7.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	87	0.6 %	3.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	57	0.4 %	2.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	53	0.4 %	2.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	49	0.3 %	2.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	104	0.7 %	4.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12733	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2394 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V115 102B07A:#XMJ+HS/LIFETIME

Location: 59-60 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00860

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass,

pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7936	52.5 %	55.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	1322	8.7 %	9.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	925	6.1 %	6.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	662	4.4 %	4.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	762	5.0 %	5.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	598	4.0 %	4.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2195	14.5 %	15.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	727	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14400 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V116 102B07B:#XMJ+HS/LAST12MO

Location: 61-62 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00870

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9236	61.1 %	64.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	1406	9.3 %	9.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	861	5.7 %	6.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	540	3.6 %	3.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	583	3.9 %	4.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	445	2.9 %	3.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1314	8.7 %	9.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	742	4.9 %	-

Based upon 14385 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V117 102B07C:#XMJ+HS/LAST30DA

Location: 63-64 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00880

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	11196	74.0 %	77.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	1125	7.4 %	7.8%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	485	3.2 %	3.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	301	2.0 %	2.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	381	2.5 %	2.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	308	2.0 %	2.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	577	3.8 %	4.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	754	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14373 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V118 102B08A:#X LSD/LIFETIME

Location: 65-66 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00890

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13978	92.4 %	96.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	313	2.1 %	2.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	104	0.7 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	38	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	36	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	616	4.1 %	-

Based upon 14511 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V119 102B08B:#X LSD/LAST 12MO

Location: 67-68 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00900

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14174	93.7 %	97.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	220	1.5 %	1.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	53	0.4 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	27	0.2 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	12	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	17	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	614	4.1 %	-

Based upon 14513 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V120 102B08C:#X LSD/LAST 30DA

Location: 69-70 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00910

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14387	95.1 %	99.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	73	0.5 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	19	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	14	0.1 %	0.1%

Value		Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	616	4.1 %	-

Based upon 14511 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V121 102B09A:#X PSYD/LIFETIME

Location: 71-72 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00920

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or

psilocybin, PCP) . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13381	88.5 %	92.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	612	4.0 %	4.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	213	1.4 %	1.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	96	0.6 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	72	0.5 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	29	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	58	0.4 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	666	4.4 %	-

Based upon 14461 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V122 102B09B:#X PSYD/LAST12MO

Location: 73-74 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00930

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens

other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or

psilocybin, PCP) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13774	91.1 %	95.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	439	2.9 %	3.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	127	0.8 %	0.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	52	0.3 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	25	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	27	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	665	4.4 %	-

Based upon 14462 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V123 102B09C:#X PSYD/LAST30DA

Location: 75-76 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00940

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or psilocybin, PCP) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14228	94.1 %	98.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	149	1.0 %	1.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	33	0.2 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	672	4.4 %	-

Based upon 14455 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V124 102B10A:#X COKE/LIFETIME

Location: 77-78 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00950

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine

(sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280) and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13615	90.0 %	94.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	327	2.2 %	2.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	139	0.9 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	63	0.4 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	75	0.5 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	45	0.3 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	95	0.6 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	768	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14359 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V125 102B10B:#X COKE/LAST12MO

Location: 79-80 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00960

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine

(sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

B: . . . during last 12 months?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280) and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13955	92.3 %	97.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	190	1.3 %	1.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	77	0.5 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	40	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	41	0.3 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	20	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	42	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	762	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14365 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V126 102B10C:#X COKE/LAST30DA

Location: 81-82 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00970

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

C: . . . during last 30 days?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280) and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14189	93.8 %	98.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	91	0.6 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	22	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	23	0.2 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	21	0.1 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	759	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14368 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V127 102B11A:#X AMPH/LIFETIME

Location: 83-84 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00980

Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12884	85.2 %	89.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	556	3.7 %	3.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	320	2.1 %	2.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	181	1.2 %	1.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	171	1.1 %	1.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	125	0.8 %	0.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	211	1.4 %	1.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	679	4.5 %	-

Based upon 14448 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V128 102B11B:#X AMPH/LAST12MO

Location: 85-86 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

-9

Item Number: 00990

{Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]}

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13405	88.6 %	92.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	457	3.0 %	3.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	211	1.4 %	1.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	110	0.7 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	125	0.8 %	0.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	65	0.4 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	78	0.5 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	676	4.5 %	-

Based upon 14451 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V129 102B11C:#X AMPH/LAST30DA

Location: 87-88 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01000

{Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]}

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own—that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13971	92.4 %	96.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	243	1.6 %	1.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	97	0.6 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	63	0.4 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	40	0.3 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	23	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	677	4.5 %	-

Based upon 14450 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V130 102B12A:#X ICE/LIFETIME

Location: 89-90 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 24380

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4793	31.7 %	98.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	43	0.3 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10238	67.7 %	-

Based upon 4889 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V131 102B12B:#X ICE/LAST12MO

Location: 91-92 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 24390

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") \dots

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4841	32.0 %	99.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	20	0.1 %	0.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10239	67.7 %	-

Based upon 4888 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V132 102B12C:#X ICE/LAST30DA

Location: 93-94 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 24400

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the

fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4859	32.1 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10238	67.7 %	-

Based upon 4889 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V133 102B13A:#X SED/BARB/LIFE

95-96 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01042

Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital, Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a

doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13390	88.5 %	92.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	428	2.8 %	3.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	227	1.5 %	1.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	122	0.8 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	97	0.6 %	0.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	57	0.4 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	106	0.7 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	700	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14427 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V134 102B13B:#X SED/BARB/12MO

Location: 97-98 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01052

{Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital, Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13770	91.0 %	95.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	307	2.0 %	2.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	139	0.9 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	92	0.6 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	64	0.4 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14424 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V135 102B13C:#X SED/BARB/30DA

-9

Location: 99-100 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01062

{Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital, Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a

doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14125	93.4 %	97.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	167	1.1 %	1.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	66	0.4 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	30	0.2 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	20	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14424 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V136 102B14A:#X TRQL/LIFETIME

Location: 101-102 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01070

Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take

them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13227	87.4 %	91.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	476	3.1 %	3.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	241	1.6 %	1.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	142	0.9 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	121	0.8 %	0.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	73	0.5 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	128	0.8 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	719	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14408 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V137

102B14B:#X TRQL/LAST12MO

Location: 103-104 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01080

{Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13634	90.1 %	94.7%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	346	2.3 %	2.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	162	1.1 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	104	0.7 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	66	0.4 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	50	0.3 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	41	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	724	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14403 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V138 102B14C:#X TRQL/LAST30DA

Location: 105-106 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01090

{Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own—that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14061	93.0 %	97.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	194	1.3 %	1.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	65	0.4 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	43	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	24	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	725	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14402 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V139 102R*: #X H/LIFETIME

Location: 107-108 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01100

On how many occasions (if any) have you used heroin . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14194	93.8 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	85	0.6 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	27	0.2 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	17	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	42	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	730	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14397 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V140 102R*: #X H/LAST12MO

Location: 109-110 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01110

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14287	94.4 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	43	0.3 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	722	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14405 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V141 102R* :#X H/LAST30DA

Location: 111-112 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01120

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14343	94.8 %	99.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	725	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14402 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V142 102B17A:#X NARC/LIFETIME

Location: 113-114 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01130

There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin, OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds "Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12506	82.7 %	87.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	663	4.4 %	4.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	363	2.4 %	2.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	208	1.4 %	1.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	205	1.4 %	1.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	132	0.9 %	0.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	207	1.4 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	843	5.6 %	-

Based upon 14284 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V143 102B17B:#X NARC/LAST12MO

Location: 115-116 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01140

{There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin, OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own—that is, without

a doctor telling you to take them \ldots

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds "Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13088	86.5 %	91.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	513	3.4 %	3.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	257	1.7 %	1.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	152	1.0 %	1.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	130	0.9 %	0.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	74	0.5 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	70	0.5 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	843	5.6 %	-

Based upon 14284 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V144 102B17C:#X NARC/LAST30DA

Location: 117-118 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01150

{There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin, OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own—that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds "Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13782	91.1 %	96.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	260	1.7 %	1.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	116	0.8 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	45	0.3 %	0.3%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	49	0.3 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	848	5.6 %	-

Based upon 14279 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V145 102B18A:#X INHL/LIFETIME

Location: 119-120 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01160

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6589	43.6 %	91.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	367	2.4 %	5.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	103	0.7 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	69	0.5 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	42	0.3 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	22	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	40	0.3 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7895	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7232 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V146 102B18B:#X INHL/LAST12MO

Location: 121-122 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01170

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6989	46.2 %	96.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	134	0.9 %	1.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	47	0.3 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	32	0.2 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	17	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7894	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7233 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V147 102B18C:#X INHL/LAST30DA

Location: 123-124 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01180

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7136	47.2 %	98.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	60	0.4 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7896	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7231 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V148 102C01(R):AGE <>18 DICHOTOMY

Location: 125-126 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00010-00020

Component questions: 1) "In what year were you born?" (item 00010), 2) "In what month were you born?" (item 00020), and 3) Date of questionnaire administration as

recorded by interviewer.

1="under 18 years old" 2="18 years of age and over"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	< 18 YRS:(1)	6227	41.2 %	43.0%
2	18+ YRS:(2)	8238	54.5 %	57.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	662	4.4 %	-

Based upon 14465 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V150 102C03 :Rs SEX

Location: 127-128 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00030

What is your sex?

1="Male" 2="Female"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MALE:(1)	6895	45.6 %	49.0%
2	FEMALE:(2)	7171	47.4 %	51.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1061	7.0 %	-

Based upon 14066 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V151 102C04(R):R'S RACE B/W/H

Location: 129-130 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00041-00049

How do you describe yourself?

(Select one or more responses.) Black or African American; Mexican American or Chicano; Cuban American; Puerto Rican; Other Hispanic or Latino; Asian American; White (Caucasian); American Indian or Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

Recoded in this dataset so that "Black or African American" = 1, "White (Caucasian)" = 2; Hispanic = 3 ("Mexican..." or "Cuban..." or "Puerto Rican" or "Other Hispanic...").

All other responses, including those of respondents who fell into more than one of the three categories, were deleted.

1="Black or African American" 2="White (Caucasian)" 3="Hispanic [see above]".

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	BLACK:(1)	1992	13.2 %	16.1%
2	WHITE:(2)	8233	54.4 %	66.4%
3	HISPANIC:(3)	2173	14.4 %	17.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	2729	18.0 %	-

Based upon 12398 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V152 102C05 :R SPD >TIM R-URB

Location: 131-132 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

- 3 - - - ()

Question:

Item Number: 00050

Where did you grow up mostly?

1="On a farm" 2="In the country" 3="In a small city or town (under 50,000 people)" 4="In a medium-sized city (50,000-100,000)" 5="In a suburb of a medium-sized city" 6="In a large city (100,000-500,000)" 7="In a suburb of a large city" 8="In a very large city (over 500,000)" 9="In a suburb of a very large city" 0="Can't say; mixed; and nonresponse"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	DK/MIXED:(0)	1858	12.3 %	12.3%
1	A FARM:(1)	617	4.1 %	4.1%
2	COUNTRY:(2)	1378	9.1 %	9.1%
3	SM CITY:(3)	3616	23.9 %	23.9%
4	MED CITY:(4)	2001	13.2 %	13.2%
5	SUB MED:(5)	1605	10.6 %	10.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	LGE CITY:(6)	1638	10.8 %	10.8%
7	SUB LGE:(7)	1008	6.7 %	6.7%
8	V-LGE CITY:(8)	881	5.8 %	5.8%
9	SUB V-LGE:(9)	525	3.5 %	3.5%

Based upon 15127 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V153 102C06 :R NOT MARRIED

Location: 133-134 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00060

What is your present marital status?

1="Married" 2="Engaged" 3="Separated/divorced" 4="Single"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MARRIED:(1)	447	3.0 %	3.1%
2	ENGAGED:(2)	688	4.5 %	4.8%
3	SEP/DIV:(3)	206	1.4 %	1.4%
4	SINGLE:(4)	12999	85.9 %	90.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	787	5.2 %	-

Based upon 14340 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V155 102C07Cb(R):R'S HSHLD FATHER

Location: 135-136 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Range of Missing Values (M): Question:

Item Number: 00090

Which of the following people live in the same household with

you? (Mark all that apply.)

B. Father (or male guardian)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	4210	27.8 %	29.3%
1	MARKED:(1)	10165	67.2 %	70.7%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	752	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14375 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V156 102C07Cc(R):R'S HSHLD MOTHER

Location: 137-138 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00100

Which of the following people live in the same household with

you? (Mark all that apply.)

C. Mother (or female guardian)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	1579	10.4 %	11.0%
1	MARKED:(1)	12796	84.6 %	89.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	752	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14375 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V157 102C07Cd(R):R'S HSHLD BR/SR

Location: 139-140 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00110

Which of the following people live in the same household with

you? (Mark all that apply.)

D. Brother(s) and/or sister(s)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

 $[Other\ alternatives\ --\ "Grandparent(s),"\ "My\ husband/wife,"$

"My child(ren)," "Other relative(s)," "Non-relative(s),"

"I live alone" -- have been deleted for reasons of

confidentiality.]

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	4755	31.4 %	33.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MARKED:(1)	9620	63.6 %	66.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	752	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14375 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V163 102C08 :FATHR EDUC LEVEL

Location: 141-142 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00310

The next three questions ask about your parents. If you were raised mostly by foster parents, stepparents, or others, answer for them. For example, if you have both a stepfather and a natural father, answer for the one that was the most important in raising you. What is the highest level of schooling your father completed?

1="Completed grade school or less" 2="Some high school" 3="Completed high school" 4="Some college" 5="Completed college" 6="Graduate or professional school after college" 7="Don't know, or does not apply"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	GRDE SCH:(1)	624	4.1 %	4.3%
2	SOME HS:(2)	1610	10.6 %	11.2%
3	HS GRAD:(3)	3859	25.5 %	26.9%
4	SOME CLG:(4)	2358	15.6 %	16.4%
5	CLG GRAD:(5)	3042	20.1 %	21.2%
6	GRAD SCH:(6)	1688	11.2 %	11.8%
7	DK:(7)	1172	7.7 %	8.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	774	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14353 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V164 102C09 :MOTHR EDUC LEVEL

Location: 143-144 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00320

What is the highest level of schooling your mother completed?

1="Completed grade school or less" 2="Some high school"

3="Completed high school" 4="Some college" 5="Completed college" 6="Graduate or professional school after college" 7="Don't know, or does not apply"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	GRDE SCH:(1)	589	3.9 %	4.1%
2	SOME HS:(2)	1157	7.6 %	8.1%
3	HS GRAD:(3)	3435	22.7 %	23.9%
4	SOME CLG:(4)	2980	19.7 %	20.8%
5	CLG GRAD:(5)	3848	25.4 %	26.8%
6	GRAD SCH:(6)	1696	11.2 %	11.8%
7	DK:(7)	651	4.3 %	4.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	771	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14356 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V165 102C10 :MOTH PD JB R YNG

Location: 145-146 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00330

Did your mother have a paid job (half-time or more) during the time you were growing up?

1="No" 2="Yes, some of the time when I was growing up" 3="Yes, most of the time" 4="Yes, all or nearly all of the time"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	1845	12.2 %	12.9%
2	YES/SOME:(2)	2637	17.4 %	18.5%
3	YES/MOST:(3)	2648	17.5 %	18.5%
4	YES/NRLY ALL:(4)	7148	47.3 %	50.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	849	5.6 %	-

Based upon 14278 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V166 102C11 :Rs POLTL PRFNC

Location: 147-148 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00340

How would you describe your political preference?

1="Strongly Republican" 2="Mildly Republican" 3="Mildly Democrat" 4="Strongly Democrat" 5="Independent" 6="No preference" 7="Other" 8="Don't know, haven't decided"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	STRG GOP:(1)	1322	8.7 %	9.6%
2	MILD GOP:(2)	1651	10.9 %	12.0%
3	MILD DEM:(3)	1890	12.5 %	13.8%
4	STRG DEM:(4)	1424	9.4 %	10.4%
5	INDEPNDT:(5)	1555	10.3 %	11.3%
6	NO PREF:(6)	2148	14.2 %	15.7%
7	OTHER:(7)	283	1.9 %	2.1%
8	DK/HVNT DECID:(8)	3435	22.7 %	25.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1419	9.4 %	-

Based upon 13708 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V167 102C12 :R POL BLF RADCL

Location: 149-150 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00350

How would you describe your political beliefs?

1="Very conservative" 2="Conservative" 3="Moderate" 4="Liberal" 5="Very Liberal" 6="Radical" 8="None of the above, or don't know"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	VRY CONS:(1)	736	4.9 %	5.2%
2	CONSERV:(2)	1758	11.6 %	12.4%
3	MODERATE:(3)	3285	21.7 %	23.1%
4	LIBERAL:(4)	2113	14.0 %	14.9%
5	VRY LIB:(5)	610	4.0 %	4.3%
6	RADICAL:(6)	275	1.8 %	1.9%
8	NONE/DK:(8)	5420	35.8 %	38.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	930	6.1 %	-

Based upon 14197 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V169 102C13B:R ATTND REL SVC

Location: 151-152 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 00370

The next three questions are about religion.

B: How often do you attend religious services?

1="Never" 2="Rarely" 3="Once or twice a month" 4="About once a

week or more"

Responses from the western region intentionally obliterated.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	2206	14.6 %	19.8%
2	RARELY:(2)	3854	25.5 %	34.5%
3	1-2X/MO:(3)	1834	12.1 %	16.4%
4	1/WK OR+:(4)	3261	21.6 %	29.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	3972	26.3 %	-

Based upon 11155 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V170 102C13C:RLGN IMP Rs LF

Location: 153-154 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00380

C: How important is religion in your life?

1="Not important" 2="A little important" 3="Pretty important"

4="Very important"

Responses from the western region intentionally obliterated.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NOT IMPT:(1)	2285	15.1 %	20.5%
2	LITL IMP:(2)	2818	18.6 %	25.3%
3	PRTY IMP:(3)	3036	20.1 %	27.2%
4	VERY IMP:(4)	3003	19.9 %	27.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	3985	26.3 %	-

Based upon 11142 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V171 102C14 :WHEN R XPCT GRAD

Location: 155-156 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00390

When are you most likely to graduate from high school?

1="By this June" 2="July to January" 3="After next January"

6="Don't expect to graduate"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	JUNE:(1)	13933	92.1 %	98.1%
2	JUL-JAN:(2)	183	1.2 %	1.3%
6	DONT EXPCT:(6)	90	0.6 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	921	6.1 %	-

Based upon 14206 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V172 102C15 :Rs HS PROGRAM

Location: 157-158 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00400

Which of the following best describes your present high

school program?

1="Academic or college prep" 2="General" 3="Vocational, technical, or commercial" 4="Other, or don't know"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	CLG PREP:(1)	7731	51.1 %	54.8%
2	GENERAL:(2)	4546	30.1 %	32.2%
3	VOC-TECH:(3)	608	4.0 %	4.3%
4	OTH/DK:(4)	1227	8.1 %	8.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1015	6.7 %	-

Based upon 14112 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V173 102C16 :RT SF SCH AB>AVG

Location: 159-160 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00410

Compared with others your age throughout the country, how do you rate yourself on school ability?

1="Far Below Average" 2="Below Average" 3="Slightly Below Average" 4="Average" 5="Slightly Above Average" 6="Above Average" 7="Far Above Average"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	FAR BELOW:(1)	202	1.3 %	1.4%
2	BELOW AVG:(2)	251	1.7 %	1.8%
3	SLIGHT BELOW:(3)	596	3.9 %	4.2%
4	AVERAGE:(4)	4524	29.9 %	32.2%
5	SLIGHT ABOVE:(5)	3362	22.2 %	23.9%
6	ABOVE AVG:(6)	4108	27.2 %	29.2%
7	FAR ABOVE:(7)	1025	6.8 %	7.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1059	7.0 %	-

Based upon 14068 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V174 102C17:RT SF INTELL>AVG

Location: 161-162 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00420

How intelligent do you think you are compared with others your age?

1="Far Below Average" 2="Below Average" 3="Slightly Below Average" 4="Average" 5="Slightly Above Average" 6="Above Average" 7="Far Above Average"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	FAR BELOW:(1)	164	1.1 %	1.2%
2	BELOW AVG:(2)	209	1.4 %	1.5%
3	SLIGHT BELOW:(3)	566	3.7 %	4.0%
4	AVERAGE:(4)	4108	27.2 %	29.2%
5	SLIGHT ABOVE:(5)	3497	23.1 %	24.8%
6	ABOVE AVG:(6)	4213	27.9 %	29.9%
7	FAR ABOVE:(7)	1318	8.7 %	9.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1052	7.0 %	-

Based upon 14075 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

102C18A:#DA/4W SC MS ILL V175

Location: 163-164 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00430

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have

you missed . . .

A: . . . Because of illness?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10

Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	8020	53.0 %	58.0%
2	1 DAY:(2)	2335	15.4 %	16.9%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	1572	10.4 %	11.4%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	887	5.9 %	6.4%
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	626	4.1 %	4.5%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	232	1.5 %	1.7%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	159	1.1 %	1.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1296	8.6 %	-

Based upon 13831 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V176 102C18B:#DA/4W SC MS CUT

Location: 165-166 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00440

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have

you missed . . .

B: . . . Because you skipped or "cut"?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10

Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	9293	61.4 %	68.1%
2	1 DAY:(2)	1915	12.7 %	14.0%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	947	6.3 %	6.9%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	624	4.1 %	4.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	453	3.0 %	3.3%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	188	1.2 %	1.4%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	217	1.4 %	1.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1490	9.8 %	-

Based upon 13637 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V177 102C18C:#DA/4W SC MS OTH

Location: 167-168 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00450

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have

you missed . . .

C: ... For other reasons?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10

Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	7509	49.6 %	54.5%
2	1 DAY:(2)	2595	17.2 %	18.8%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	1615	10.7 %	11.7%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	934	6.2 %	6.8%
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	643	4.3 %	4.7%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	273	1.8 %	2.0%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	202	1.3 %	1.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1356	9.0 %	-

Based upon 13771 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V178 102C19:#DA/4W SKP CLASS

169-170 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric

-9 Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00460

During the last four weeks, how often have you gone to school, but skipped a class when you weren't supposed to?

1="Not at all" 2="1 or 2 times" 3="3-5 times" 4="6-10 times"

5="11-20 times" 6="More than 20 times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	9660	63.9 %	68.5%
2	1-2:(2)	2641	17.5 %	18.7%
3	3-5:(3)	1070	7.1 %	7.6%
4	6-10:(4)	405	2.7 %	2.9%
5	11-20:(5)	140	0.9 %	1.0%
6	21+:(6)	179	1.2 %	1.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1032	6.8 %	-

Based upon 14095 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V179 102C20 :R HS GRADE/D = 1

Location: 171-172 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00470

Which of the following best describes your average grade so far in high school?

9="A (93-100)" 8="A- (90-92)" 7="B+ (87-89)" 6="B (83-86)" 5="B- (80-82)" 4="C+ (77-79)" 3="C (73-76)" 2="C- (70-72)" 1="D (69 or below)"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	D:(1)	156	1.0 %	1.1%
2	C-:(2)	320	2.1 %	2.3%
3	C:(3)	693	4.6 %	4.9%
4	C+:(4)	1279	8.5 %	9.1%
5	B-:(5)	1626	10.7 %	11.6%
6	B:(6)	2508	16.6 %	17.8%
7	B+:(7)	2628	17.4 %	18.7%
8	A-:(8)	2467	16.3 %	17.6%
9	A:(9)	2376	15.7 %	16.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1074	7.1 %	-

Based upon 14053 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V180 102C21A:R WL DO VOC/TEC

Location: 173-174 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9 Question:

Item Number: 00480

How likely is it that you will do each of the following

things after high school?

A: Attend a technical or vocational school

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"

4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	7605	50.3 %	56.5%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	3137	20.7 %	23.3%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	1743	11.5 %	13.0%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	974	6.4 %	7.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1668	11.0 %	-

Based upon 13459 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V181 102C21B:R WL DO ARMD FC

Location: 175-176 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00490

How likely is it that you will do each of the following

things after high school?

B: Serve in the armed forces

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"

4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	9162	60.6 %	68.5%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	2483	16.4 %	18.6%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	1011	6.7 %	7.6%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	712	4.7 %	5.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1759	11.6 %	-

Based upon 13368 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V182 102C21C:R WL DO 2YR CLG

Location: 177-178 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00500

-9

How likely is it that you will do each of the following

things after high school?

C: Graduate from a two-year college program

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"

4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	5020	33.2 %	37.4%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	2360	15.6 %	17.6%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	3105	20.5 %	23.1%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	2944	19.5 %	21.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1698	11.2 %	-

Based upon 13429 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V183 102C21D:R WL DO 4YR CLG

Location: 179-180 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00510

How likely is it that you will do each of the following

things after high school?

D: Graduate from college (four-year program)

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"

4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	979	6.5 %	7.1%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	1152	7.6 %	8.4%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	3191	21.1 %	23.2%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	8418	55.6 %	61.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1387	9.2 %	-

Based upon 13740 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V184 102C21E:R WL DO GRD/PRF

Location: 181-182 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 00520

How likely is it that you will do each of the following

things after high school?

E: Attend graduate or professional school after college

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"

4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	2051	13.6 %	15.2%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	3509	23.2 %	26.0%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	4624	30.6 %	34.2%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	3333	22.0 %	24.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1610	10.6 %	-

Based upon 13517 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V185 102C22A:R WNTDO VOC/TEC

Location: 183-184 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00530

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

A. Attend a technical or vocational school

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	11816	78.1 %	85.5%
1	MARKED:(1)	2000	13.2 %	14.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V186 102C22B:R WNTDO ARMD FC

Location: 185-186 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00540

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

B. Serve in the armed forces

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	11754	77.7 %	85.1%
1	MARKED:(1)	2062	13.6 %	14.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V187 102C22C:R WNTDO 2YR CLG

Location: 187-188 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00550

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

C. Graduate from a two-year college program

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	9985	66.0 %	72.3%
1	MARKED:(1)	3831	25.3 %	27.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V188 102C22D:R WNTDO 4YR CLG

Location: 189-190 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00560

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things

would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

D. Graduate from college (four-year program)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	2649	17.5 %	19.2%
1	MARKED:(1)	11167	73.8 %	80.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V189 102C22E:R WNTDO GRD/PRF

191-192 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00570

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

E. Attend graduate or professional school after college

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	5928	39.2 %	42.9%
1	MARKED:(1)	7888	52.1 %	57.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V190 102C22F:R WNTDO NONE

Location: 193-194 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00580

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

F. None of the above

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	13153	87.0 %	95.2%
1	MARKED:(1)	663	4.4 %	4.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V191 102C23 :HRS/W WRK SCHYR

Location: 195-196 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00590

On the average over the school year, how many hours per

week do you work in a paid or unpaid job?

1="None" 2="5 or less hours" 3="6 to 10 hours" 4="11 to 15 hours" 5="16 to 20 hours" 6="21 to 25 hours" 7="26 to 30

hours" 8="More than 30 hours"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	5827	38.5 %	42.1%
2	5 OR <:(2)	1401	9.3 %	10.1%
3	6-10 HRS:(3)	1477	9.8 %	10.7%
4	11-15 HR:(4)	1330	8.8 %	9.6%
5	16-20 HR:(5)	1427	9.4 %	10.3%
6	21-25 HR:(6)	993	6.6 %	7.2%
7	26-30 HR:(7)	639	4.2 %	4.6%
8	30+ HRS:(8)	747	4.9 %	5.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1286	8.5 %	-

Based upon 13841 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V192 102C24A:R\$/AVG WEEK JOB

Location: 197-199 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00600

During an average week, how much money do you get from . . .

A: . . . A job or other work?

1="None" 2="\$1-5" 3="\$6-10" 4="\$11-20" 5=\$21-35" 6="\$36-50" 7="\$51-75" 8="\$76-125" 9="\$126-175 10="176+"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	6282	41.5 %	46.4%
2	\$1-5:(2)	98	0.6 %	0.7%
3	\$6-10:(3)	362	2.4 %	2.7%
4	\$11-20:(4)	356	2.4 %	2.6%
5	\$21-35:(5)	496	3.3 %	3.7%
6	\$36-50:(6)	663	4.4 %	4.9%
7	\$51-75:(7)	923	6.1 %	6.8%
8	\$76-125:(8)	1871	12.4 %	13.8%
9	\$126-175:(9)	1195	7.9 %	8.8%
10	\$176+:(10)	1300	8.6 %	9.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1581	10.5 %	-

Based upon 13546 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V193 102C24B:R\$/AVG WEEK OTH

Location: 200-202 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00610

During an average week, how much money do you get from \dots

B: . . . Other sources (allowances, etc.)?

1="None" 2="\$1-5" 3="\$6-10" 4="\$11-20" 5=\$21-35" 6="\$36-50" 7="\$51-75" 8="\$76-125" 9="\$126-175 10="176+"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	5486	36.3 %	40.9%
2	\$1-5:(2)	714	4.7 %	5.3%
3	\$6-10:(3)	1169	7.7 %	8.7%
4	\$11-20:(4)	2209	14.6 %	16.5%
5	\$21-35:(5)	1451	9.6 %	10.8%
6	\$36-50:(6)	954	6.3 %	7.1%
7	\$51-75:(7)	454	3.0 %	3.4%
8	\$76-125:(8)	416	2.8 %	3.1%
9	\$126-175:(9)	133	0.9 %	1.0%
10	\$176+:(10)	429	2.8 %	3.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1712	11.3 %	-

Based upon 13415 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V194 102C25 :#X/AV WK GO OUT

Location: 203-204 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00620

During a typical week, on how many evenings do you go out

for fun and recreation?

1="Less than one" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four or Five"

6="Six or Seven"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	< 1:(1)	1690	11.2 %	12.2%
2	ONE:(2)	1929	12.8 %	14.0%
3	TWO:(3)	3690	24.4 %	26.7%
4	THREE:(4)	3324	22.0 %	24.1%
5	4-5:(5)	2082	13.8 %	15.1%
6	6-7:(6)	1089	7.2 %	7.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1323	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13804 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V195 102C26 :#X DATE 3+/WK

Location: 205-206 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00630

On the average, how often do you go out with a date (or

your spouse, if you are married)?

1="Never" 2="Once a month or less" 3="2 or 3 times a month" 4="Once a week" 5="2 or 3 times a week" 6="Over 3 times a

week"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	4220	27.9 %	30.9%
2	ONCE/MO:(2)	2407	15.9 %	17.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	2-3X MO:(3)	2227	14.7 %	16.3%
4	ONCE WK:(4)	1925	12.7 %	14.1%
5	2-3X WK:(5)	1966	13.0 %	14.4%
6	3+ WEEK:(6)	918	6.1 %	6.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1464	9.7 %	-

Based upon 13663 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V196 102C27 :DRIVE>200 MI/WK

Location: 207-208 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00640

During an average week, how much do you usually drive a

car, truck, or motorcycle?

1="Not at all" 2="1 to 10 miles" 3="11 to 50 miles" 4="51 to 100 miles" 5="100 to 200 miles" 6="More than 200 miles"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	3228	21.3 %	23.5%
2	1-10 MI:(2)	1430	9.5 %	10.4%
3	11-50:(3)	3413	22.6 %	24.8%
4	51-100:(4)	2791	18.5 %	20.3%
5	101-200:(5)	1773	11.7 %	12.9%
6	> 200:(6)	1130	7.5 %	8.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1362	9.0 %	-

Based upon 13765 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V197 102C28 :#X/12MO R TCKTD

Location: 209-210 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00650

Within the LAST 12 MONTHS, how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (OR been stopped and warned) for moving violations, such as speeding, running a stop light,

or improper passing?

0="None--GO TO QUESTION 30" 1="Once" 2="Twice" 3="Three times"

4="Four or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	10452	69.1 %	77.2%
1	ONCE:(1)	1891	12.5 %	14.0%
2	TWICE:(2)	727	4.8 %	5.4%
3	3 TIMES:(3)	293	1.9 %	2.2%
4	4+ TIMES:(4)	180	1.2 %	1.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1584	10.5 %	-

Based upon 13543 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V198 102C29AR:#TCKTS AFT DRNK

Location: 211-212 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00660

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you

were . . .

A: . . . Drinking alcoholic beverages?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2875	19.0 %	94.1%
1	ONE:(1)	138	0.9 %	4.5%
2	TWO:(2)	26	0.2 %	0.9%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	15	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12073	79.8 %	-

Based upon 3054 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V199 102C29BR:#TCKTS AFT MARJ

Location: 213-214 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00670

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you

were . . .

B: . . . Smoking marijuana or hashish?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2888	19.1 %	94.7%
1	ONE:(1)	105	0.7 %	3.4%
2	TWO:(2)	30	0.2 %	1.0%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	26	0.2 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12078	79.8 %	-

Based upon 3049 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V200 102C29CR:#TCKTS AFT OTDG

Location: 215-216 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 00680

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you

were . . .

C: . . . Using other illegal drugs?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2988	19.8 %	98.6%
1	ONE:(1)	24	0.2 %	0.8%
2	TWO:(2)	10	0.1 %	0.3%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12097	80.0 %	-

Based upon 3030 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V201 102C30 :#ACCIDNTS/12 MO

Location: 217-218 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

numeric Variable Type: Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00690

We are interested in any accidents which occurred while you were driving a car, truck, or motorcycle. ("Accidents" means a collision involving property damage or personal injury--not bumps or scratches in parking lots.) During the LAST 12 MONTHS, how many accidents have you had while you were driving (whether or not you were responsible)?

0="None--GO TO QUESTION 32" 1="Once" 2="Twice" 3="Three times" 4="Four or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	11106	73.4 %	82.6%
1	ONCE:(1)	1810	12.0 %	13.5%
2	TWICE:(2)	383	2.5 %	2.8%
3	3 TIMES:(3)	93	0.6 %	0.7%
4	4+ TIMES:(4)	49	0.3 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1686	11.1 %	-

Based upon 13441 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V202 102C31AR:#ACDTS AFT DRNK

Location: 219-220 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00700

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

A: . . . Drinking alcoholic beverages?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2215	14.6 %	95.9%
1	ONE:(1)	74	0.5 %	3.2%
2	TWO:(2)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12817	84.7 %	-

Based upon 2310 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V203 102C31BR:#ACDTS AFT MARJ

Location: 221-222 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 00710

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

B: . . . Smoking marijuana or hashish?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2211	14.6 %	96.0%
1	ONE:(1)	65	0.4 %	2.8%
2	TWO:(2)	15	0.1 %	0.7%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12825	84.8 %	-

Based upon 2302 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V204 102C31CR:#ACDTS AFT OTDG

Location: 223-224 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00720

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

C: . . . Using other illegal drugs?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2257	14.9 %	98.2%
1	ONE:(1)	22	0.1 %	1.0%
2	TWO:(2)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12829	84.8 %	-

Based upon 2298 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V205 1015C32 :R'S BRANCH SERV

Location: 225-226 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 00730

If you have not entered military service, and do not expect

to enter, GO TO PART D.

What is, or will be, your branch of service?

1="Army" 2="Navy" 3="Marine Corps" 4="Air Force" 5="Coast

Guard" 6="Uncertain"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	ARMY:(1)	128	0.8 %	22.3%
2	NAVY:(2)	69	0.5 %	12.0%
3	MARINES:(3)	136	0.9 %	23.7%
4	AIR FORCE:(4)	131	0.9 %	22.9%
5	COAST GUARD:(5)	21	0.1 %	3.7%
6	UNCERTN:(6)	88	0.6 %	15.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14554	96.2 %	-

Based upon 573 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V206 1015C33 :R XPCTS B OFFCR

Location: 227-228 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00740

Do you expect to be an officer?

1="No" 2="Uncertain" 3="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	108	0.7 %	18.0%
2	UNCERTN:(2)	259	1.7 %	43.2%
3	YES:(3)	233	1.5 %	38.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14527	96.0 %	-

Based upon 600 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V207 1015C34 :R XPCTS MLTR CR

Location: 229-230 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00750

Do you expect to have a career in the Armed Forces?

1="No" 2="Uncertain" 3="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	98	0.6 %	16.3%
2	UNCERTN:(2)	253	1.7 %	42.2%
3	YES:(3)	249	1.6 %	41.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14527	96.0 %	-

Based upon 600 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V208 106B19 :EVR USE SMOKLESS

Location: 231-232 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 22230

Have you ever taken or used smokeless tobacco (snuff, plug,

dipping tobacco, chewing tobacco)?

1="Never--GO TO QUESTION 21" 2="Once or twice" 3="Occasionally but not regularly" 4="Regularly in the past" 5="Regularly now"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	2036	13.5 %	82.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	204	1.3 %	8.3%
3	OCCASNLY:(3)	107	0.7 %	4.3%
4	REG PAST:(4)	41	0.3 %	1.7%
5	REG NOW:(5)	78	0.5 %	3.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12661	83.7 %	-

Based upon 2466 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V209 106B20 :#X SMKLESS/30 DA

Location: 233-234 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22240

How frequently have you taken smokeless tobacco during the

past 30 days?

1="Not at all" 2="Once or twice" 3="Once or twice per week" 4="Three to five times per week" 5="About once a day" 6="More than once a day"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NOT@ALL:(1)	2265	15.0 %	91.9%
2	1-2 X:(2)	80	0.5 %	3.2%
3	1-2/WK:(3)	36	0.2 %	1.5%
4	3-5/WK:(4)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
5	1/DAY:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
6	>1/DAY:(6)	56	0.4 %	2.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12662	83.7 %	-

Based upon 2465 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V210 106D20C:#X SMK BIDI/12M

Location: 235-236 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31070

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs. During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . smoked bidis (or beedies) which are small

brown cigarettes from India?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2093	13.8 %	98.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	17	0.1 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13001	85.9 %	-

Based upon 2126 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V211 106D20D:#X SMK KRETK/12M

Location: 237-238 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

-9

Item Number: 31150

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs. During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . smoked kreteks (clove cigarettes)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2022	13.4 %	95.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	46	0.3 %	2.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	22	0.1 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13006	86.0 %	-

Based upon 2121 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V212 101B016A:#XDRUNK/LIFETIM

Location: 239-240 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 25020

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1994	13.2 %	45.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	668	4.4 %	15.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	382	2.5 %	8.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	272	1.8 %	6.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	324	2.1 %	7.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	269	1.8 %	6.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	480	3.2 %	10.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10738	71.0 %	-

Based upon 4389 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V213 101B016B:#XDRUNK/LAST12M

Location: 241-242 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 25030

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2427	16.0 %	55.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	701	4.6 %	16.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	326	2.2 %	7.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	292	1.9 %	6.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	261	1.7 %	6.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	172	1.1 %	3.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	195	1.3 %	4.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10753	71.1 %	-

Based upon 4374 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V214 101B016C:#XDRUNK/LAST30D

243-244 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Location:

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 25040

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very

high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	3177	21.0 %	72.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	635	4.2 %	14.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	247	1.6 %	5.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	165	1.1 %	3.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	86	0.6 %	2.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	21	0.1 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	47	0.3 %	1.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10749	71.1 %	-

Based upon 4378 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V215 104D13A:#X BEER/LIFETIME

Location: 245-246 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11000

The next questions are about alcohol use--this time asking separately about beer, wine, wine coolers, and hard liquor.

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	659	4.4 %	33.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	271	1.8 %	13.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	189	1.2 %	9.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	151	1.0 %	7.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	179	1.2 %	9.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	163	1.1 %	8.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	341	2.3 %	17.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13174	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1953 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V216 104D13B:#X BEER/LAST12MO

Location: 247-248 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11010

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	882	5.8 %	45.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	281	1.9 %	14.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	200	1.3 %	10.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	172	1.1 %	8.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	142	0.9 %	7.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	118	0.8 %	6.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	144	1.0 %	7.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13188	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1939 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V217 104D13C:#X BEER/LAST30DA

Location: 249-250 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11020

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1298	8.6 %	67.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	289	1.9 %	14.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	145	1.0 %	7.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	97	0.6 %	5.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	61	0.4 %	3.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	18	0.1 %	0.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	28	0.2 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13191	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1936 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V218 104D14 :5+BR/LST2WK,10+X

Location: 251-252 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 11030

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you

had five or more 12-ounce cans of beer (or the equivalent)

in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six

to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1538	10.2 %	80.4%
2	ONCE:(2)	127	0.8 %	6.6%
3	TWICE:(3)	102	0.7 %	5.3%
4	3-5X:(4)	88	0.6 %	4.6%
5	6-9X:(5)	33	0.2 %	1.7%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	26	0.2 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13213	87.3 %	-

Based upon 1914 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V219 104D15A:#X WIN COOL/LIFE

Location: 253-254 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22620

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to

drink . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1006	6.7 %	51.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	297	2.0 %	15.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	214	1.4 %	10.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	147	1.0 %	7.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	147	1.0 %	7.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	73	0.5 %	3.7%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	75	0.5 %	3.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13168	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1959 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V220 104D15B:#X WIN COOL/12MO

Location: 255-256 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22630

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to

drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1321	8.7 %	67.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	299	2.0 %	15.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	160	1.1 %	8.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	72	0.5 %	3.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	41	0.3 %	2.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	1.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	29	0.2 %	1.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13181	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1946 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V221 104D15C:#X WIN COOL/30DA

Location: 257-258 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 22640

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to

drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1714	11.3 %	88.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	142	0.9 %	7.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	35	0.2 %	1.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	20	0.1 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	18	0.1 %	0.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13184	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1943 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V222 104D16 :5+WINCOOL/LST2WK

Location: 259-260 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22650

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more 12-ounce bottles of wine cooler (or the

equivalent) in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1788	11.8 %	94.3%
2	ONCE:(2)	51	0.3 %	2.7%
3	TWICE:(3)	22	0.1 %	1.2%
4	3-5X:(4)	19	0.1 %	1.0%
5	6-9X:(5)	7	0.0 %	0.4%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.5%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13231	87.5 %	-

Based upon 1896 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V223 104D17A:#X WINE/LIFETIME

Location: 261-262 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11040

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink,

not counting wine coolers . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1054	7.0 %	54.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	349	2.3 %	17.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	236	1.6 %	12.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	135	0.9 %	6.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	82	0.5 %	4.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	42	0.3 %	2.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	49	0.3 %	2.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13180	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1947 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V224 104D17B:#X WINE/LAST12MO

Location: 263-264 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11050

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink,

not counting wine coolers . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1328	8.8 %	68.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	371	2.5 %	19.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	115	0.8 %	5.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	61	0.4 %	3.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	33	0.2 %	1.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	17	0.1 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13194	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1933 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V225 104D17C:#X WINE/LAST30DA

Location: 265-266 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11060

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink, not counting wine coolers . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1739	11.5 %	90.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	134	0.9 %	6.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	31	0.2 %	1.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13198	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1929 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V226 104D18 :#X 20OZ+ WN/2 WK

Location: 267-268 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9 Question:

Item Number: 11070

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more 4-ounce glasses of wine in a row (or the equivalent, which is about three-fourths of a bottle)?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1843	12.2 %	96.4%
2	ONCE:(2)	30	0.2 %	1.6%
3	TWICE:(3)	20	0.1 %	1.0%
4	3-5X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
5	6-9X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13216	87.4 %	-

Based upon 1911 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V227 104D19A:#X LIQR/LIFETIME

Location: 269-270 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 11080

The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc., or mixed drinks made with liquor.) On how many occasions (if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	661	4.4 %	34.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	231	1.5 %	12.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	198	1.3 %	10.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	182	1.2 %	9.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	228	1.5 %	11.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	173	1.1 %	8.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	260	1.7 %	13.5%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13194	87.2 %	-

Based upon 1933 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V228 104D19B:#X LIQR/LAST12MO

Location: 271-272 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11090

{The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc., or mixed drinks made with liquor.)} On how many occasions (if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	854	5.6 %	44.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	282	1.9 %	14.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	244	1.6 %	12.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	176	1.2 %	9.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	152	1.0 %	7.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	110	0.7 %	5.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	94	0.6 %	4.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13215	87.4 %	-

Based upon 1912 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V229 104D19C:#X LIQR/LAST30DA

Location: 273-274 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11100

{The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc., or mixed drinks made with liquor.)} On how many occasions

(if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1304	8.6 %	68.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	321	2.1 %	16.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	146	1.0 %	7.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	65	0.4 %	3.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	34	0.2 %	1.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	19	0.1 %	1.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	17	0.1 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13221	87.4 %	-

Based upon 1906 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V230 104D20 :#X 5+LIQ/LST 2WK

Location: 275-276 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11110

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more mixed drinks or shot glasses of hard liquor in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="3 to 5 times" 5="6 to 9 times" 6="10 or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1448	9.6 %	78.8%
2	ONCE:(2)	149	1.0 %	8.1%
3	TWICE:(3)	95	0.6 %	5.2%
4	3-5X:(4)	96	0.6 %	5.2%
5	6-9X:(5)	20	0.1 %	1.1%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	30	0.2 %	1.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13289	87.8 %	-

Based upon 1838 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V231 105E07A:#X FLVRDALC/LIFE

Location: 277-278 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9 Question:

Item Number: 31360

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Skyy Blue, Smirnoff Ice, Zima, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more than

just a few sips . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	758	5.0 %	36.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	302	2.0 %	14.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	245	1.6 %	11.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	220	1.5 %	10.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	203	1.3 %	9.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	156	1.0 %	7.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	187	1.2 %	9.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13056	86.3 %	-

Based upon 2071 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V232 105E07B:#X FLVRDALC/12MO

Location: 279-280 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31370

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Skyy Blue, Smirnoff Ice, Zima, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1060	7.0 %	51.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	369	2.4 %	17.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	242	1.6 %	11.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	148	1.0 %	7.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	116	0.8 %	5.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	68	0.4 %	3.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	61	0.4 %	3.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13063	86.4 %	-

Based upon 2064 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V233 105E07C:#X FLVRDALC/30DA

Location: 281-282 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31380

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Skyy Blue, Smirnoff Ice, Zima, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1550	10.2 %	75.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	291	1.9 %	14.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	108	0.7 %	5.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	59	0.4 %	2.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	27	0.2 %	1.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	19	0.1 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13066	86.4 %	-

Based upon 2061 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V234 102E03A:#X PCP/LIFETIME

Location: 283-284 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 01181

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2119	14.0 %	98.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	15	0.1 %	0.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12973	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2154 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V235 102E03B:#X PCP/LAST12MO

Location: 285-286 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01182

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2136	14.1 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12973	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2154 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V236 102E03C:#X PCP/LAST30DA

Location: 287-288 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 01183

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2141	14.2 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12973	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2154 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V237 103B18A:#X MDMA/LIFETIME

Location: 289-290 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22660

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA

("ecstasy") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4452	29.4 %	92.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	161	1.1 %	3.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	77	0.5 %	1.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	47	0.3 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	25	0.2 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	22	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10331	68.3 %	-

Based upon 4796 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V238 103B18B:#X MDMA/LAST12MO

Location: 291-292 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22670

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA

("ecstasy") . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4580	30.3 %	95.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	114	0.8 %	2.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	55	0.4 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	22	0.1 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10332	68.3 %	-

Based upon 4795 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V239 103B18C:#X MDMA/LAST30DA

Location: 293-294 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 22680

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA

("ecstasy") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4728	31.3 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	43	0.3 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	14	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10332	68.3 %	-

Based upon 4795 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V240 102E02A:#X CRACK/LIFETIM

Location: 295-296 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22260

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13502	89.3 %	97.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	137	0.9 %	1.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	46	0.3 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	29	0.2 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	49	0.3 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1314	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13813 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V241 102E02B:#X CRACK/LAST12M

Location: 297-298 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22270

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13630	90.1 %	98.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	80	0.5 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	37	0.2 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	29	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1311	8.7 %	-

Based upon 13816 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V242 102E02C:#X CRACK/LAST30D

Location: 299-300 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 22280

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13720	90.7 %	99.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	31	0.2 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	23	0.2 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	23	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1307	8.6 %	-

Based upon 13820 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V243 101B077A:#XOTH COKE/LIFE

Location: 301-302 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22320

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any other form \dots

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9050	59.8 %	95.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	240	1.6 %	2.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	73	0.5 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	39	0.3 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	43	0.3 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	25	0.2 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	45	0.3 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5612	37.1 %	-

Based upon 9515 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V244 101B077B:#XOTH COKE/12MO

Location: 303-304 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22330

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any

other form . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9273	61.3 %	97.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	131	0.9 %	1.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	46	0.3 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	18	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	24	0.2 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	21	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5605	37.1 %	-

Based upon 9522 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V245 101B077C:#XOTH COKE/30DA

Location: 305-306 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22340

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any other form \ldots

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9414	62.2 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	63	0.4 %	0.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	16	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5605	37.1 %	-

Based upon 9522 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V246 104B17A:#X METHAMPH/LIFE

Location: 307-308 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 30800

On how many occasions (if any) have you used methamphetamine (meth, speed, crank, crystal meth) by any method . . .

A . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4710	31.1 %	97.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	53	0.4 %	1.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	16	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10314	68.2 %	-

Based upon 4813 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V247 104B17B:#X METHAMPH/12MO

Location: 309-310 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 30810

On how many occasions (if any) have you used methamphetamine

(meth, speed, crank, crystal meth) by any method . . .

B . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4707	31.1 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	25	0.2 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10368	68.5 %	-

Based upon 4759 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V248 104B17C:#X METHAMPH/30DA

Location: 311-312 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 30820

On how many occasions (if any) have you used methamphetamine (meth, speed, crank, crystal meth) by any method . . .

C . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4728	31.3 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10372	68.6 %	-

Based upon 4755 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V249 103D04C:#X RITALIN/12MO

Location: 313-314 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 31180

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs. During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken ritalin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4273	28.2 %	97.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	51	0.3 %	1.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	29	0.2 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10732	70.9 %	-

Based upon 4395 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V250 101B046A:#X DIETPILL/LFT

Location: 315-316 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21220

The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs.

Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants) can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter" drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription diet pills . . .

A . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2160	14.3 %	92.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	74	0.5 %	3.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	28	0.2 %	1.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	23	0.2 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	23	0.2 %	1.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12794	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2333 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V251 101B046B:#X DIETPILL/12M

Location: 317-318 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21230

{The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs. Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants) can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter" drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription diet pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2225	14.7 %	95.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	43	0.3 %	1.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	15	0.1 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12795	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2332 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V252 101B046C:#X DIETPILL/30D

Location: 319-320 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 21240

{The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs. Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants) can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter" drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription diet pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2287	15.1 %	97.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	20	0.1 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12790	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2337 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V253 101B047A:#X STA-AWAK/LFT

Location: 321-322 (width: 2; decimal: 0) Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 21250

Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2190	14.5 %	94.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	78	0.5 %	3.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	21	0.1 %	0.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12798	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2329 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V254 101B047B:#X STA-AWAK/12M

Location: 323-324 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21260

{Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2254	14.9 %	96.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	37	0.2 %	1.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12798	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2329 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V255 101B047C:#X STA-AWAK/30D

Location: 325-326 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21270

{Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2297	15.2 %	98.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	15	0.1 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12795	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2332 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V256 101B048A:#X LOOKALIK/LFT

Location: 327-328 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 21280

In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills, there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold legally in most states without a prescription--usually by mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription amphetamines and sometimes have similar names. Other than diet pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2264	15.0 %	97.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	26	0.2 %	1.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	12	0.1 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12798	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2329 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V257 101B048B:#X LOOKALIK/12M

Location: 329-330 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21290

{In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills, there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold legally in most states without a prescription--usually by mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription amphetamines and sometimes have similar names.} Other than diet pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2283	15.1 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	22	0.1 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12799	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2328 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V258 101B048C:#X LOOKALIK/30D

Location: 331-332 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21300

{In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills, there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold legally in most states without a prescription--usually by mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription amphetamines and sometimes have similar names.} Other than diet pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2308	15.3 %	99.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12799	84.6 %	-

Based upon 2328 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V259 101B060A:#X QUAD/LIFETIM

Location: 333-334 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01010

The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone). Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to

take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2279	15.1 %	99.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12837	84.9 %	-

Based upon 2290 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V260 101B060B:#X QUAD/LAST12M

Location: 335-336 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01020

{The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone). Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes

on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to

take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2285	15.1 %	99.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12833	84.8 %	-

Based upon 2294 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V261 101B060C:#X QUAD/LAST30D

Location: 337-338 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01030

{The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone). Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2288	15.1 %	99.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12833	84.8 %	-

Based upon 2294 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V262 106D20K:#X ROHYPNL/12MO

Location: 339-340 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 29785

{Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.} During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken Rohypnol ("rophies," "roofies")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2090	13.8 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13007	86.0 %	-

Based upon 2120 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V263 106D20A:#X GHB/LAST12MO

Location: 341-342 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 31050

{Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.} During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken GHB ("liquid G," "grievous bodily

harm")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2107	13.9 %	98.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.2%

Value		Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12993	85.9 %	-

Based upon 2134 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V264 105E11A:#X KETAMINE/12M

Location: 343-344 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31060

[Forms 3, 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid to

certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken ketamine ("special K," "super K")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4184	27.7 %	98.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	26	0.2 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10876	71.9 %	-

Based upon 4251 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V265 102B15A:#X H LIF USE NDL

Location: 345-346 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29630

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using

a needle . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7231	47.8 %	99.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	28	0.2 %	0.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7821	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7306 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V266 102B15B:#X H 12M USE NDL

Location: 347-348 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29640

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using

a needle . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7259	48.0 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	19	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7821	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7306 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V267 102B15C:#X H 30D USE NDL

Location: 349-350 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

-9

Question:

Item Number: 29650

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using

a needle . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7278	48.1 %	99.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7819	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7308 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V268 102B16A:#X H LIF W/O NDL

Location: 351-352 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29660

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin

WITHOUT using a needle . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7201	47.6 %	98.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	33	0.2 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	14	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	11	0.1 %	0.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7840	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7287 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V269 102B16B:#X H 12M W/O NDL

Location: 353-354 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

-9

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 29670

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin

WITHOUT using a needle . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7240	47.9 %	99.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	20	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7833	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7294 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V270 102B16C:#X H 30D W/O NDL

Location: 355-356 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29680

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin

WITHOUT using a needle . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7264	48.0 %	99.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7838	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7289 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V271 106D14A:#X INJECT/LIFE

Location: 357-358 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 25050

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines, or steroids) . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2123	14.0 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12973	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2154 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V272 106D14B:#X INJECT/LST12M

Location: 359-360 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 25060

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines,

or steroids) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2140	14.1 %	99.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12971	85.7 %	-

Based upon 2156 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V273 106D14C:#X INJECT/LST30D

Location: 361-362 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 25070

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines,

or steroids) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2144	14.2 %	99.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12973	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2154 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V274 103D04F:#X OXYCONTN/12MO

Location: 363-364 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31310

[Forms 3 and 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid

to certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken OxyContin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6191	40.9 %	95.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	151	1.0 %	2.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	65	0.4 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	29	0.2 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	33	0.2 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	14	0.1 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	23	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8621	57.0 %	-

Based upon 6506 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V275 103D04G:#X VICODIN/12MO

Location: 365-366 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31320

[Forms 3 and 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken Vicodin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	5972	39.5 %	91.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	238	1.6 %	3.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	113	0.7 %	1.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	74	0.5 %	1.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	39	0.3 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	23	0.2 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	42	0.3 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8626	57.0 %	-

Based upon 6501 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V279 102E04A:#X STRD/LIFETIME

Location: 367-368 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22690

Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions. Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to increase muscle development. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: ... in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6269	41.4 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	49	0.3 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	27	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8737	57.8 %	-

Based upon 6390 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V280 102E04B:#X STRD/LAST12MO

Location: 369-370 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22700

{Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions. Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to increase muscle development.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6306	41.7 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	32	0.2 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	12	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	25	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8730	57.7 %	-

Based upon 6397 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V281 102E04C:#X STRD/LAST30DA

Location: 371-372 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22710

{Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions. Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to increase muscle development.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6327	41.8 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	17	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	20	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8732	57.7 %	-

Based upon 6395 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V282 103D04A:#X ANDRO/12MO

Location: 373-374 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 31160

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken "andro" (androstenedione, non-

prescription steroid)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4334	28.7 %	98.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	17	0.1 %	0.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	10	0.1 %	0.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10729	70.9 %	-

Based upon 4398 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V283 103D04B:#X CREATINE/12MO

Location: 375-376 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31170

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken creatine (amino acid used to build

muscle [form 3: "muscles"])?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	3998	26.4 %	90.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	104	0.7 %	2.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	59	0.4 %	1.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	48	0.3 %	1.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	58	0.4 %	1.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	41	0.3 %	0.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	93	0.6 %	2.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10726	70.9 %	-

Based upon 4401 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V284 103D04E:#X COUGHMED/12MO

Location: 377-378 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31670

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken a non-prescription cough or cold medicine (robos, DXM, etc.) to get high?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4104	27.1 %	93.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	124	0.8 %	2.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	66	0.4 %	1.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	39	0.3 %	0.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	21	0.1 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10742	71.0 %	-

Based upon 4385 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V285 103D04D:#X ADDERALL/12MO

Location: 379-380 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32450

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken Adderall (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4106	27.1 %	93.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	134	0.9 %	3.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	61	0.4 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	31	0.2 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	19	0.1 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	14	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	25	0.2 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10737	71.0 %	-

Based upon 4390 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V286 105E11D:#X SALVIA/12MO

Location: 381-382 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32500

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken Salvia?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	3997	26.4 %	94.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	147	1.0 %	3.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	29	0.2 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	23	0.2 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	17	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10896	72.0 %	-

Based upon 4231 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V287 105E11E:#X PROVIGIL/12MO

Location: 383-384 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32510

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)

have you . . . taken Provigil, a prescription stay-awake

drug (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4149	27.4 %	98.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	21	0.1 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	15	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10912	72.1 %	-

Based upon 4215 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V288 103D04H:#X HOOKAH/12MO

Location: 385-386 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric -9

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 32660

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . smoked tobacco using a hookah (water pipe)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1869	12.4 %	82.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	146	1.0 %	6.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	94	0.6 %	4.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	57	0.4 %	2.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	49	0.3 %	2.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	1.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	30	0.2 %	1.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12858	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2269 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V289 103D04I:#X SMALL CIGARS/12MO

-9

Location: 387-388 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):

Question:

Item Number: 32670

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . smoked small cigars?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1739	11.5 %	76.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	188	1.2 %	8.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	104	0.7 %	4.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	74	0.5 %	3.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	77	0.5 %	3.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	36	0.2 %	1.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	54	0.4 %	2.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12855	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2272 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V290 105E01:# ENERGY DRINKS/DAY

Location: 389-390 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32540

"Energy drinks" are non-alcoholic beverages that usually contain high amounts of caffeine, including such drinks as Red Bull, Full Throttle, Monster, and Rockstar. They are usually sold in 8- or 16-ounce cans or bottles. About how many (if any) energy drinks do you drink PER DAY, on

average?

0="None" 1="Less than 1" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four" 6="Five or six" 7="7 or more"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	1452	9.6 %	67.8%
1	< 1:(1)	447	3.0 %	20.9%
2	1:(2)	147	1.0 %	6.9%
3	2:(3)	54	0.4 %	2.5%
4	3:(4)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
5	4:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	5-6:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
7	7 OR +:(7)	19	0.1 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12984	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2143 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

V291 105E02:# ENERGY SHOTS/DAY

Location: 391-392 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32550

Energy drinks are also sold as small "shots", that usually contain just 2 or 3 ounces. How many (if any) energy drink shots do you drink PER DAY, on average?

0="None" 1="Less than 1" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four" 6="Five or six" 7="7 or more"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	1916	12.7 %	89.4%
1	< 1:(1)	148	1.0 %	6.9%
2	1:(2)	39	0.3 %	1.8%
3	2:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
4	3:(4)	17	0.1 %	0.8%
5	4:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
6	5-6:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	7 OR +:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12983	85.8 %	-

Based upon 2144 valid cases out of 15127 total cases.

APPENDIX

Appendix A: Publications

In previous years, Monitoring the Future Publications were listed as Appendix A to this document.

For a current list of publications referencing Monitoring the Future data, please visit the Monitoring the Future <u>Publications</u> web page.

Publications are divided into the following categories:

Monographs
Reference Volumes
Books
Journal Articles
Chapters
Research Reports
Occasional Papers
Congressional Testimony
Publications by Study Staff

Many of the publications may be accessed electronically via the web site, either in their entirety and/or in abstract form.

Appendix B - Sample Size and Student Response Rates

The three-stage sample procedure described in the introduction yielded the following number of participating schools and students.

	Number of	Number of	Total Number	Total Number	Student
	Public Schools	Private Schools	of Schools	of Students	Response Rate*
1975	111	14	125	15,791	78%
1976	108	15	123	16,678	77
1977	108	16	124	18,436	79
1978	111	20	131	18,924	83
1979	111	20	131	16,662	82
1980	107	20	127	16,524	82
1981	109	19	128	18,267	81
1982	116	21	137	18,348	83
1983	112	22	134	16,947	84
1984	117	17	134	16,499	83
1985	115	17	132	16,502	84
1986	113	16	129	15,713	83
1987	117	18	135	16,843	84
1988	113	19	132	16,795	83
1989	111	22	133	17,142	86
1990	114	23	137	15,676	86
1991	117	19	136	15,483	83
1992	120	18	138	16,251	84
1993	121	18	139	16,763	84
1994	119	20	139	15,929	84
1995	120	24	144	15,876	84
1996	118	21	139	14,824	83
1997	125	21	146	15,963	83
1998	124	20	144	15,780	82
1999	124	19	143	14,056	83
2000	116	18	134	13,286	83
2001	117	17	134	13,304	82
2002	102	18	120	13,544	83
2003	103	19	122	15,200	83

	Number of	Number of	Total Number	Total Number	Student
	Public Schools	Private Schools	of Schools	of Students	Response Rate*
2004	109	19	128	15,222	82
2005	108	21	129	15,378	82
2006	116	20	136	14,814	83
2007	111	21	132	15,132	81
2008	103	17	120	14,577	79
2009	106	19	125	14,268	82
2010	104	22	126	15,127	85

^{*} The student response rate is derived by dividing the attained sample by the target sample (both based on weighted numbers of cases). The target sample is based upon listings provided by schools. Since such listings may fail to take account of recent student attrition, the actual response rate may be slightly underestimated.