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Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2011

Lloyd D. Johnston
University of Michigan. Institute for Social Research. Survey Research Center

Jerald G. Bachman
University of Michigan. Institute for Social Research. Survey Research Center

Patrick M. O'Malley
University of Michigan. Institute for Social Research. Survey Research Center

John E. Schulenberg
University of Michigan. Institute for Social Research. Survey Research Center

Core Data Codebook

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INTRODUCTION

DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2011 is conducted by the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research and receives its core funding under grants from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. (The responsible investigators are: Lloyd D. Johnston, principal investigator; Jerald G. Bachman, Patrick M. O'Malley, and John Schulenberg, co-principal investigators.) The research project is unusually comprehensive in several respects: surveys are conducted annually on an ongoing basis; the samples are large and nationally representative; and the subject matter is very broad, encompassing some 1400 variables per year.

The Monitoring the Future Project is designed to explore changes in many important values, behaviors, and lifestyle orientations of contemporary American youth. Two general types of tasks may be distinguished. The first is to provide a systematic and accurate "description" of the youth population of interest in a given year, and to quantify the direction and rate of the changes taking place among them over time. The second task, more analytic than descriptive, involves the "explanation" of the relationships and trends observed to exist.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The basic research design involves annual data collections from high school seniors during the spring of each year, beginning with the class of 1975. Each data collection takes place in approximately 130 public and private high schools selected to provide an accurate cross-section of high school seniors throughout the United States.

One limitation in the design is that it does not include in the target population those young men and women who drop out of high school before graduation (or before the last few months of the senior year, to be more precise). This excludes a relatively small proportion of each age cohort -- between 11 and 20 percent -- though not an unimportant segment, since certain behaviors, such as illicit drug use and delinquency tend to be higher than average in this group. However, the addition of a representative sample of dropouts would increase the cost of the present research enormously, because of their dispersion and generally higher level of resistance to being located and interviewed.

For the purposes of estimating characteristics of the entire age group, the omission of high school dropouts does introduce certain biases; however, their small proportion sets outer limits on the bias. For the purposes of estimating "changes" from one cohort of high school seniors to another, the omission of dropouts represents a problem only if different cohorts have considerably different proportions who drop out. There is no reason to expect dramatic changes in those rates for the foreseeable future, and recently published government statistics indicate only very small decreases in dropout rates since 1970.

Some may use this high school data to draw conclusions about changes for the entire age group. While the investigators do not encourage such extrapolation, they suspect that the conclusions reached often would be valid, since over 80 percent of the age group is in the surveyed segment of the population and changes among those not in school are likely to parallel the changes among those who are.

SAMPLING INFORMATION

The procedure for securing a nationally representative sample of high school seniors in public and private schools is a multi-stage one. Stage 1 is the selection of particular geographic areas, Stage 2 is the selection of one or more high schools in each area, and Stage 3 is the selection of seniors within each high school.

STAGE 1: GEOGRAPHIC AREAS. The geographic areas used in this study are the primary sampling units (PSUs) developed by the Sampling Section of the Survey Research Center for use in the Center's nationwide interview studies. Because these same PSUs are used for personal interview studies by the Survey Research Center (SRC), local field representatives can be assigned to administer the data collections in practically all schools.

STAGE 2: SCHOOLS. In the major metropolitan areas more than one high school is often included in the sampling design; in most other sampling areas a single high school is sampled. In all cases, the selections of high schools are made such that the probability of drawing a school is proportionate to the size of its senior class. When a sampled school is unwilling to participate, a replacement school as similar to it as possible is selected from the same geographic area.

STAGE 3: STUDENTS. Within each selected school, up to about 350 seniors may be included in the data collection. In schools with fewer than 350 seniors, we attempt to include all of them in the data collection. In larger schools, a subset of seniors is selected either by randomly sampling classrooms or by some other random method that is convenient for the school and judged to be unbiased. A sampling weight is assigned to each respondent so as to take account of variations in the sizes of samples from one school to another, as well as the variations in selection probabilities occurring at the earlier stages of sampling. For a table of the sample size and student response rates see Appendix B.

One other important feature of the base-year sampling procedure should be noted here. All schools (except for half of the initial 1975 sample) are asked to participate in two data collections, thereby permitting replacement of half of the total sample of schools each year. One motivation for requesting that schools participate for two years is administrative efficiency; it is a costly and time-consuming procedure to secure the cooperation of schools, and a two- year period of participation cuts down that effort substantially. Another important advantage is that whenever an appreciable shift in scores from one graduating class to the next is observed, it is possible to check whether the shift might be attributable to some differences in the newly sampled schools. This is done simply by repeating the analysis using only the 60 or so schools which participated both years. Thus far, the half-sample approach has worked quite well and

examination of drug prevalence data from the "matched half-samples" showed that the half samples of repeat schools yielded drug prevalence trends which were virtually identical to trends based on all schools.

SCHOOL RECRUITING PROCEDURES. Early during the fall semester an initial contact is made with each sampled school. First, a letter is sent to the principal describing the study and requesting permission to survey seniors. The letter is followed by a telephone call from a project staff member, who attempts to deal with any questions or problems and (when necessary) makes arrangements to contact and seek permission from other school district officials. Basically the same procedures are followed for schools asked to participate for the second year.

Once the school's agreement to participate is obtained, arrangements are made by phone for administering the questionnaires. A local SRC representative is assigned to work with the school to set a mutually agreeable date for the survey and to carry out the administration.

ADVANCE CONTACT WITH TEACHERS AND STUDENTS. The local SRC representative is instructed to visit the school two weeks ahead of the actual date of administration. This visit serves as an occasion to meet the teachers whose classes will be affected and to provide them with a brochure describing the study, a brief set of guidelines about the questionnaire administration, and a supply of flyers to be distributed to the students a week to 10 days in advance of the questionnaire administration. The guidelines to the teachers include a suggested announcement to students at the time the flyers are distributed.

From the students' standpoint, the first information about the study usually consists of the teacher's announcement and the short descriptive flyer. In announcing the study, the teachers are asked to stress that the questionnaires used in the survey are not tests, and that there are no right or wrong answers. The flyer tells the students that they will be invited to participate in the study, points out that their participation is strictly voluntary, and stresses confidentiality (including a reference to the fact that the Monitoring the Future project has a special government grant of confidentiality which allows their answers to be protected). The flyer also serves as an informative document which the students can show to their parents. Parental consent involves, at a minimum, the school mailing a letter describing the study and a copy of the student flyer to the parents. The letter provides parents with an easy way to decline their child's participation, if they so wish. Active consent procedures are used when the school or district requires them.

QUESTIONNAIRE ADMINISTRATION. The questionnaire administration in each school is carried out by the local SRC representatives and their assistants, following standardized procedures detailed in a project instruction manual. The questionnaires are administered in classrooms during normal class periods whenever possible, although circumstances in some schools require the use of larger group administrations. Teachers are not asked to do anything more than introduce the SRC staff members and (in most cases) remain in the classroom to help guarantee an orderly atmosphere for the survey. Teachers are urged to avoid walking around the room, so that students may feel free to write their answers without fear of being observed.

The actual process of completing the questionnaires is quite straightforward.

Respondents are given sharpened pencils and asked to use them because the questionnaires are designed for automated scanning. Most respondents can finish within a 45 minute class period; for those who cannot, an effort is made to provide a few minutes of additional time.

PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTING CONFIDENTIALITY. In any study that relies on voluntary reporting of drug use or other illegal acts, it is essential to develop procedures which guarantee the confidentiality of such reports. It is also desirable that these procedures be described adequately to respondents so that they are comfortable about providing honest answers.

The first information given to students about the survey consists of a descriptive flyer stressing the confidentiality and voluntary participation. This theme is repeated at the start of the questionnaire administration. Each participating student is instructed to read the message on the cover of the questionnaire, which stresses the importance and value of the study, notes that answers will be kept strictly confidential, states that the study is completely voluntary, and tells the student "If there is any question you or your parents would find objectionable for any reason, just leave it blank." The instructions then point out that in a few months a summary of nationwide results will be mailed to all participants and also that a follow-up questionnaire will be sent to some students after a year. The cover message explains that these are the reasons for asking that name and address be written on a special form which will be removed from the questionnaire and handed in separately. The message also points out that the two different code numbers (one on the questionnaire and one on the tear-out form) cannot be matched except by a special computer file at the University of Michigan.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release; these alterations are described later in the section "Processing Information."

CONTENT AREAS AND QUESTIONNAIRE DESIGN

Drug use and related attitudes are the topics which receive the most extensive coverage in the Monitoring the Future project; but the questionnaires also deal with a wide range of other subject areas, including attitudes about government, social institutions, race relations, changing roles for women, educational aspirations, occupational aims, and marital and family plans, as well as a variety of background and demographic factors.

The following table shows the subject area codes and definitions which are used in the cross-time index of base year grade 12 questionnaire items provided separately in this archive.

MEASUREMENT CONTENT AREAS

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A.   DRUGS. Drug use and related attitudes and beliefs, drug availability and exposure, surrounding conditions and social meaning of drug use. Views of significant others

regarding drugs.

B. EDUCATION. Educational lifestyle, values, experiences, and environments

C. WORK AND LEISURE. Vocational values, meaning of work and leisure, work and leisure activities including computer use, preferences regarding occupational characteristics and type of work setting.

D. SEX ROLES AND FAMILY. Values, attitudes, and expectations about marriage, family structure, sex roles, and sex discrimination.

E. POPULATION CONCERNS. Values and attitudes about overpopulation and birth control.

F. CONSERVATION, MATERIALISM, EQUITY, ETC. Values, attitudes, and expectations related to conservation, pollution, materialism, equity, and the sharing of resources. Preferences regarding type of dwelling and urbanicity.

G. RELIGION. Religious affiliation, practices, and views.

H. POLITICS. Political affiliation, activities, and views.

I. SOCIAL CHANGE. Values, attitudes, and expectations about social change.

J. SOCIAL PROBLEMS. Concern with various social problems facing the nation and the world.

K. MAJOR SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS. Confidence in and commitment to various major social institutions (business, unions, branches of government, press, organized religion, military, etc.).

L. MILITARY. Views about the armed services and the use of military force. Personal plans for military service.

M. INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS. Qualitative and quantitative characteristics of cross-age and peer relationships. Interpersonal conflict.

N. RACE RELATIONS. Attitudes toward and experiences with other racial groups.

O. CONCERN FOR OTHERS. Concern for others; voluntary and charitable activities.

P. HAPPINESS. Happiness and life satisfaction, overall and in specific life domains.

Q OTHER PERSONALITY VARIABLES. Attitudes about self (including self-esteem), locus of control, loneliness, risk-taking, trust in others, importance placed on various life goals, counterculture orientation, hostility, boredom.

R. BACKGROUND. Demographic and family background characteristics, living arrangements.

S. DEVIANT BEHAVIOR AND VICTIMIZATION. Delinquent behaviors, driving violations and accidents (including those under the influence of drugs), victimization experiences.

T. HEALTH. Health habits, somatic symptoms, illness, medical treatment.

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Given this breadth of content, the study is not presented to respondents as a "drug use study," nor do they tend to view it as such.

Because many questions are needed to cover all of these topic areas, much of the questionnaire content is divided into different questionnaire forms which are distributed to participants in an ordered sequence. (Five forms were used in 1975-88; a sixth form was added in 1989.) This sequence produces five or six virtually identical subsamples.

About one-third of each questionnaire form consists of key or "core" variables which are common to all forms. All demographic variables and some measures of drug use are included in this "core" set of measures. This use of the full sample for drug and demographic measures provides a more accurate estimation on these dimensions and also makes it possible to link them statistically to all the other measures which are included in a single form only.

REPRESENTATIVENESS AND VALIDITY

The samples for this study are intended to be representative of high school seniors attending private or public schools throughout the 48 contiguous states. We have already discussed the fact that this definition of the sample excludes one important portion of the age cohort: those who have dropped out of high school before nearing the end of the senior year. But given the aim of representing high school seniors, it will now be useful to consider the extent to which the obtained samples of schools and students are likely to be representative of all seniors and the degree to which the data obtained are likely to be valid.

It is possible to distinguish at least four ways in which survey data of this sort might fall short of being fully representative. First, some sampled schools refuse to participate, which could introduce some bias. Second, the failure to obtain questionnaire data from 100 percent of the students sampled in participating schools would also introduce bias. Third, the answers provided by participating students are open to both conscious and unconscious distortions which could reduce validity. Finally, limitations in sample size and/or design could place limits on the accuracy of estimates.

SCHOOL PARTICIPATION. As noted in the description of the sampling design, schools are invited to participate in the study for a two-year period. For each school that declines to participate - an occurrence which happens, on average, a little over one-third of the time -- a similar school (in terms of size, geographic area, urbanicity, etc.) is recruited as a replacement for that "slot". Since the study's inception, either an original school or a replacement school has been obtained for between 95% to 99% of the sample units, or "slots". With very few exceptions, each school which has participated for one data collection has agreed to participate for a second. The selection of replacement schools almost entirely removes problems of bias in region, urbanicity, and the like that might result from certain schools refusing to participate. Other potential biases are more subtle, however. For example, if it turned out that most schools with "drug problems" refused to participate, that would seriously bias the drug estimates derived from the sample. And if any other single factor were dominant in most refusals, that also might suggest a source of serious bias. In fact, however, the reasons for schools' refusals to participate

are varied and largely a function of happenstance events of the particular year. Thus, the investigators feel fairly confident that school refusals have not seriously biased the surveys.

STUDENT PARTICIPATION. Completed questionnaires are obtained from three-fourths to four-fifths of all 12th graders sampled. The single most important reason that students are missed is that they are absent from class at the time of data collection, and in most cases it is not workable to schedule a special follow-up data collection for them. Students with fairly high rates of absenteeism also report above-average rates of drug use; therefore, there is some degree of bias introduced by missing the absentees. That bias could be corrected through the use of special weighting; however, this course was not chosen because the bias in estimates (in drug use, where the potential effect was hypothesized to be largest) was determined to be quite small and because the necessary weighting procedures would have introduced undesirable complications. In addition to absenteeism, student nonparticipation occurs because of schedule conflicts with school trips and other activities which tend to be more frequent than usual during the final months of the senior year. Of course, some students refuse to complete or turn in a questionnaire, either on their own or because their parents refused consent. However, SRC representatives in the field estimate this proportion to be only about two percent.

VALIDITY OF SELF-REPORT DATA. Survey measures of delinquency and of drug use depend upon respondents reporting what are, in many cases, illegal acts. Thus, a critical question is whether such self-reports are likely to be valid. Like most studies dealing with these areas, the present study does not include direct, objective validation of the present measures; however, the considerable amount of inferential evidence which exists strongly suggest that the self-report questions produce largely valid data. A number of factors have given the investigators reasonable confidence about the validity of the responses to what are presumably among the most sensitive questions in the study: a low non-response rate on the drug questions; a large proportion admitting to some illicit drug use; the consistency of findings across several years of the present study; strong evidence of construct validity (based on relationships observed between variables); a close match between these data and the findings from other studies using other methods; and the findings from several methodological studies which have used objective validation methods.

As for others of the measures, a few have a long and venerable history -- as scholars of the relevant literature will recognize -- though some of these measures have been modified to fit the present questionnaire format. Many questions, however, have been developed specifically for this project through a process of question writing, pilot testing, pretesting, and question revision or elimination. Some have already been included in other publications from the study, but many have not; therefore, there exists little empirical evidence of their validity and reliability.

ACCURACY OF THE SAMPLE. A sample survey never can provide the same level of accuracy as would be obtained if the entire target population were to participate in the survey -- in the case of the present study, about 3 – 4 million seniors per year. But perfect accuracy of this sort would be extremely expensive and certainly not worthwhile considering the fact that a high level of accuracy can be provided by a carefully designed probability sample. The accuracy of the sample in this study is affected both by the size of the student sample and by the number of

schools in which they were clustered. For the purposes of this introduction, it is sufficient to note that virtually all estimates based on the total sample have confidence intervals of +/- 1.5 percentage points or smaller - sometimes considerably smaller. This means that, had the project been able to invite all schools and all seniors in the 48 contiguous states to participate, the results from such a massive survey would be within an estimated 1.5 percentage points from the present sample findings 95 times out of 100. This is a quite high level of accuracy, and one that permits the detection of fairly small trends from one year to the next.

Because of the complex sampling design, standard means of assessing confidence intervals are not appropriate. The annual volumes from the project can provide information which allow the analyst to determine the confidence intervals around means and percentages for both the total sample and various subgroups. They also provide tables and guidelines for testing the statistical significance of differences between subgroups, and the significance of year-to-year changes.

CONSISTENCY AND THE MEASUREMENT OF TRENDS. One other point is worth noting in a discussion of the validity of the findings. The Monitoring the Future project is, by intention, a study designed to be sensitive to changes from one time to another. Accordingly, the measures and procedures have been standardized and applied consistently across each data collection. To the extent that any biases remain because of limits in school and/or student participation, and to the extent that there are distortions (lack of validity) in the responses of some students, it seems very likely that such problems will exist in much the same way from one year to the next. In other words, biases in the survey estimates should tend to be consistent from one year to another, which means that the measurement of trends should be affected very little by such biases.

INTERPRETING RACIAL DIFFERENCES. Until 2005, ethnic identification was provided for the two largest racial/ethnic subgroups in the population -- those who identified themselves as white or Caucasian and those who identified themselves as black or African American. Identification was not given for the other ethnic categories (Native Americans, Asian Americans, Mexican Americans, Puerto Rican Americans, or other Latin Americans) since each of these groups comprised a small proportion of the sample in any given year, which means that their small Ns (in combination with their clustered groupings in a limited number of schools) would yield estimates which would be too unreliable. Because of increases in the number of those who identify themselves as one of the Hispanic groups, we now include identification for this category.

However, the analyst should bear in mind that African Americans and Hispanics -- each of which constitutes approximately 8-15 percent of each year's sample -- are represented by perhaps as few as 200 respondents per year on any single questionnaire form. Further, because our sample is a stratified clustered sample, it yields less accuracy than would be yielded by a pure random sample of equal size (see Appendix B of the annual volumes for details). Therefore, because of the limited number of cases, the margin of sampling error around any statistic describing African Americans or Hispanics is larger than for most other subgroups.

There exists, however, a way to determine the replicability of any finding involving racial

comparisons. Since most questions are repeated from year to year, one can readily establish the degree to which a finding is replicated by looking at the results in prior and subsequent years. Given the relatively small Ns for minority groups, the analyst is urged to seek such replication before putting much faith in the reliability of any particular racial comparison.

There are factors in addition to reliability, however, which could be misleading in the interpretation of racial differences. Given the social importance which has been placed on various racial differences reported in the social science literature, the investigators would like to caution the analyst to consider the various factors which could account for differences. These factors fall into three categories: differential representation in the sample, differential response tendencies, and the confounding of race with a number of other background and demographic characteristics. The following discussion is based on analyses that were conducted prior to 2005, when identifiers for Hispanics were not included, so the discussion is specific to African Americans. However, the points made, particularly those about differential representation and confounding of race/ethnicity with other background and demographic characteristics, would be relevant to Hispanics, as well.

DIFFERENTIAL REPRESENTATION. Census data characterizing American young people in the approximate age range of those in this sample show somewhat lower proportions of African Americans than whites remain in school through the end of the twelfth grade. Therefore, a slightly different segment of the African American population than of the white population resides in the target population of high school seniors. Further, the samples appear to under represent slightly those African American males who, according to census figures, are in high school at the twelfth grade level. Identified African American males comprise about 6 percent of the sample, whereas census data suggest that they should comprise around 7 percent. Therefore it appears that more African American males are lost from the target population than white males or females of either race. This may be due to generally poorer attendance rates on the part of some African American males and/or an unwillingness on the part of some to participate in data collections of this sort.

In sum, a smaller segment of the African American population than of the white population of high school age is represented by the data contained here. Insofar as any characteristic is associated with being a school dropout or absentee, it is likely to be somewhat disproportionately underrepresented among African Americans in the sample.

DIFFERENTIAL RESPONSE TENDENCIES. In examining the full range of variables, racial differences in response tendencies have been noted. First, the tendency to state agreement in response to agree-disagree questions is generally somewhat greater among African Americans than among whites. For example, African Americans tend to agree more with the positively worded items in the index of self-esteem, but they also tend to agree more with the negatively worded items. As it happens, that particular index has an equal number of positively and negatively worded items, so that any overall "agreement bias" should be self-canceling when the index score is computed. However, group differences in agreement bias are likely to affect results on questions employing the agree-disagree format. Fortunately, most of the questions are not of that type.

There has also been observed a somewhat greater than average tendency for African American respondents to select extreme answer categories on attitudinal scales. For example, even if the same proportion of African Americans as whites felt positively (or negatively) about some subject, fewer of the whites are likely to say they feel very positively (or negatively). The analyst should be aware that differences in responses to particular questions may be related to these more general tendencies.

A somewhat separate issue in response tendency is a respondent's willingness to answer particular questions. The missing data rate may reflect willingness to answer particular questions. If a particular question or set of questions has a missing data rate higher than is true for the prior or subsequent questions, then presumably more respondents than usual were unwilling (or perhaps unable) to answer it. Such an exaggerated missing data rate exists for African American males on the set of questions dealing with the respondent's own use of illicit drugs. Clearly a respondent's willingness to be candid on such questions depends on his or her trust of the research process and of the researchers themselves. The exaggerated missing data rates for African American males in these sections may reflect, at least in part, less trust. The analyst is advised to check for exceptional levels of missing data when making comparisons on any variable in which candor is likely to be reduced by lower system trust. One bit of additional evidence related to trust in the research process is that higher proportions of African Americans than whites reported that if they had used marijuana or heroin they would not have been willing to report it in the survey.

COVARIANCE WITH OTHER FACTORS. Some characteristics such as race are highly confounded (correlated) with other variables -- variables which may in fact explain some observed racial differences. Put another way, at the aggregate level we might observe a considerable racial difference on some characteristic, but once we control for some background characteristic such as socio-economic level or region of the country -- that is, once we compare the African American respondents with whites who come from similar backgrounds -- there may be no racial difference at all.

Race is correlated with important background and demographic variables. A higher proportion of African Americans live in the South and a higher proportion grew up in families with the mother and/or father absent, and more had mothers who worked while they were growing up. A substantially higher proportion of African Americans are Baptists, and African Americans tend to attribute more importance to religion than do whites. A higher proportion of African American respondents have children, and on the average they are slightly older than the white sample. As was mentioned earlier African American males are more underrepresented in our sample than African American females.

These differences in background, demographic, and descriptive characteristics are noted because, in any attempt to understand why a racial difference exists, one would want to be able to examine the role of these covarying characteristics.

WEIGHTING INFORMATION

Frequency and percentage distributions displayed in codebooks produced after 2007 are unweighted, rather than weighted by variable V5 as they had been in previous years. This change was made to simplify both the production of the codebooks and their interpretation by the analyst.

FILE STRUCTURE

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2011 is available from ICPSR as seven logical record length datasets. Each dataset consists of SAS, SPSS, and Stata setup files containing all technical information for each variable in the corresponding datafile, and the datafile itself. The data are sorted by case. The datasets are organized by the form number (questionnaire version) used. For each part, the data are also available from ICPSR in the following formats: SAS transport (CPORT) file, SPSS system file, and Stata system file, with SAS and Stata supplemental syntax files, and a tab-delimited ascii text file.

part #	form	# of variables	Logical record length	Unweighted n
1	Core	185	384	14,855
2	Form 1	635	1,281	2,478
3	Form 2	329	671	2,465
4	Form 3	360	734	2,470
5	Form 4	267	550	2,463
6	Form 5	309	631	2,493
7	Form 6	337	688	2,486

The SAS, SPSS, and Stata setup files give the format and other information for each variable in the data file. See the section "Codebook Information" for further details. The data file is constructed with a single logical record for each case.

CODEBOOK INFORMATION

The codebook is arranged by question numbers which do not coincide with the variable numbers. The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

[1] V2119	[2] 082A04E #X INTERNET NEWS

[3] Location: 64-65(width: 2, decimal: 0)
[4] Variable Type: numeric (ISO)
[5] Range of Missing Values (M):   -9
       Question:

[6] Item Number: 24815

[7] Question Number(s): 2A04E

[8] How often do you use each of the following to get information about news and current events?

E: The Internet

[9] 5="Almost every day" 4="At least once a week" 3="Once or twice a month" 2="A few times a year" 1="Never"

V2119:082A04E #X INTERNET NEWS

Value [10]	Label [11]	Unweighted Frequency [12]	% [13]	Valid % [14]
1	NEVER:(1)	280	5.2%	5.2%
2	FEW/YR:(2)	216	4.0%	4.0%
3	1-2/MO:(3)	576	10.6%	10.8%
4	1 /WK:(4)	1235	22.8%	23.1%
5	NR DAILY:(5)	3050	56.3%	56.9%
-9(M)	MISSING:(-9)	59	1.1%	-

[1] Indicates the variable number. A variable number is assigned to each variable in the data collection.

[2] Indicates the abbreviated variable name used to identify the variable for the user.

[3]Indicates starting and ending column locations of this variable. Variable width and number of decimal places are noted within parentheses.

[4]Indicates the variable type. NUMERIC variables contain numbers only, including numbers in E-notation, a decimal point or a minus sign. CHARACTER variables can be any special characters: underscores (_), pound signs (#), and ampersands (&).

[5]Indicates the code values of missing data. In this example, code values equal to -9 are missing data (MD Codes:-9). Some analysis software packages require that certain types of data which the user desires to be excluded from analysis be designated as "MISSING DATA," e.g., inappropriate, unascertained, unascertainable, or ambiguous data categories. Although these codes are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use them in a substantive role if so desired.

[6] The item number, a unique 5-digit reference number assigned to each question which remains consistent across questionnaires.

[7] The question number, which consists of the number of the questionnaire form, the alphabetic section, the question number itself, and, if part of a series, the alphabetic part.

[8] This is the full text (question) supplied by the investigator to describe this (section of) variable(s). The question text and the numbers and letters that may appear at the beginning reflect the original wording of the questionnaire item.

[9] Response category codes and the full text of the answer categories as they are worded in the questionnaire.

[10] Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.

[11] Indicates the text labels of the codes for this variable, as they are provided in the data.

[12] Indicates the frequency of occurrence of each code value for this variable.

[13] Indicates the percentage distribution of each code value for this variable including cases where the value is missing.

[14] Indicates the percentage distribution of each code value for this variable excluding cases where the value is missing.

ICPSR PROCESSING INFORMATION

The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to missing data values. Consistency checks were performed.

NOTE: THE "cases" IN THE CODEBOOK INCLUDES MISSING DATA ON THE QUESTION INVOLVED.

For reasons of confidentiality, the weight variable (V5) was altered from its original version to a modified version prior to public distribution of the data. THIS RESULTS IN SLIGHT DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PERCENTAGES AND N SIZES IN THE ANNUAL ISR VOLUMES AND THOSE FROM WEIGHTED ANALYSES OF THE PUBLIC USE DATASETS. Typically, the variation is less than 1%.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations and omissions have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release. Three variables have been included to describe the respondent's general environment without identifying school or state. These are (1) region (Northeast, North Central, South, and West), (2) whether or not the school is located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), and (3) whether or not the school is located in a Large MSA. Some questions have been eliminated altogether; others are collapsed to mask groups which are very small. The following table lists the question numbers and names of the variables which have been excluded from each twelfth grade dataset.

OMITTED VARIABLES:

All datasets	C01. R'S BIRTH YEAR
	C02. R'S BIRTH MONTH
	C04A-I, R'S RACE (9 categories)
	C07A-B. # OLDER BR/SR, # YOUNGER BR/SR
	C07Ca,e-i. R'S HSHLD (other than mother/father/sibling)
	C13A. R'S RELGS PRFNC
Form 1	D19. CURRENT HEIGHT
	D20. CURRENT WEIGHT
Form 2	2A19P. ARRSTD&TKN 2 POL
Form 5	5A21. CURRENT HEIGHT
	5A22. CURRENT WEIGHT

RECODED VARIABLES:

Core dataset and Part C section of individual forms

AGE <> 18 DICHOTOMY
1=younger than 18 years old,
2=18 years old or more
-9=missing data on birth year, or birth month if it is required
Derived from Q.C01 (Birth Year), and, if needed, Q.C02 (Birth Month), and the month that the questionnaire was administered. If the birth year value indicates that the respondent is 18, then the month of administration is compared to the month of birth. If the questionnaire was given before the month of birth, or if both were the same month, then the respondent is determined to be younger than 18.

C04. R'S RACE B/W/H -- changed in 2005 from the B/W dichotomy
1=BLACK 2=WHITE 3=HISPANIC, -9=All Other Codes, multiple responses, and missing data on Q. C04.
From 2006 on, each of the questionnaire forms contains the new version of the race question which was introduced on half of the forms in 2005. The new version lists several different response options and prompts the respondents to select all that apply to them. In cases where a respondent selected options which fell into more than one of the three recoded categories (Black, White, Hispanic), the value for the recoded variable was deleted and defined as missing.

C07A. R'S # SIBLINGS
Responses to questions C07A-B were combined and bracketed before original data were deleted (see above)
0=None, 1=1 sibling, 2=2 siblings, 3=3 or more siblings

C07Cb-d. R'S HSHLD FATHER, MOTHER, SIBLING
0=marked, 1=not marked, -9=none of the three items marked

C29a-c. # TCKTS AFT [DRNK, MARJ, OTDG]
0=None, 1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three or More

C31a-c. # ACDTS AFT [DRNK, MARJ, OTDG]
0=None, 1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three or More

Core dataset (Part B)

*B10a-c: #X COKE [LIFETIME, LAST12MO, LAST30DA]
 Data from forms 1, 3, 4, and 6 are combined responses to separate questions concerning "crack" and "cocaine in any other form".

*B15a-c: #X "H" [LIFETIME, LAST12MO, LAST30DA]
 Data from forms 2, 5, and 6 are combined responses to separate questions concerning heroin "using a needle" and heroin "WITHOUT using a needle".

Form 6
    A10. EVER HELD BACK
      1=No, 2=Yes

    A11. NEED SUMMER SCHL
      1=No, 2=Yes

    A12. EVER SUSPENDED
      1=No, 2=Yes

MISSING DATA FOR WESTERN REGION:

To ensure confidentiality of both respondents and their respective schools, some variables values from schools in the Western region were changed to missing data (coded -9):

All datasets	C13B R'ATTND REL SVC
	C13C RLGN IMP R'S LF
Form 2	2A19A FRQ FIGHT PARNTS
Form 4	4A15A FEW GD MAR, ? IT
	4A15B GD LIV TG BF MRG
	4A15C 1 PRTNR=RSTRCTVE
Form 5	5A18I FAM BUYS THG -ND
	5A18J FULLR LVS IF MRY
	5A18N HSB MAK IMP DCSN
Form 6	6A08A #X PRNT CHK HMWK
	6A08B #X PRNT HLP HMWK
	6A08C #X PRNT GV CHORE
	6A08D #X PRNT LIMIT TV
	6A08E #X PRNT LMT OUT

QUESTIONNAIRE FORM 1 PROCESSING

      The form 1 questionnaire contains many more specific drug related questions in Part B than do the other questionnaire forms. In the form 1 dataset, copies of the "core" or common drug prevalence variables are created and then processed so that their data will be comparable to that of the other forms. Data from the core versions are then copied to the grade 12 core dataset; the form 1 dataset retains both versions. The primary difference between the copies is that, for the core versions, nonuse is inferred from the respondents' adherence to the skip instructions (the other forms do not include the same instructions).

REVISED QUESTION TEXT FOR THE CORE DATASET

For the core dataset only, additional text was added to particular questions that were part of a series. The initial question in the series contains text not repeated on subsequent questions within that series. This additional text is meant to clarify and provide detail about the question for the user. To help improve the clarity of subsequent questions within the series this additional text has been repeated on each question. This repeating text is identical to what was stated on the questionnaire for the first question in that series. It has been designated by being placed into {braces} to be distinguishable from text that actually appeared in the questionnaire. No modifications were made to the question text for any of the other parts.

Index of Core Drug Variables by Substance Category

Substance Category	Page #	Combined Form Dataset Variable Number	Item Reference Number	Variable Label	Question Number					
					Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Tobacco – Cigarettes		V101	00760	EVR SMK CIG, REGL	1B001	2B01	3B01	4B01	5B01	6B01
		V102	00780	#CIGS SMKD/30DAY	1B002	2B02	3B02	4B02	5B02	6B02
-Smokeless		V208	22230	EVR USE SMOKLESS						6B19
		V209	22240	#X SMKLESS/30DA						6B20
-Kreteks		V211	31150	#X SMK KRETK/12M						6D20C
-Hookah		V288	32660	#X HOOKAH/12MO			3D04H			
-Small Cigars		V289	32670	#X SMALL CIGAR/12M			3D04I			
Alcohol - Any Form		V103	00790	EVER DRINK		2B03	3B03	4B03	5B03	6B21
		V104	00810	#X ALC/LIF SIPS	1B007A	2B04A	3B04A	4B04A	5B04A	6B22A
		V105	00820	#X ALC/ANN SIPS	1B007B	2B04B	3B04B	4B04B	5B04B	6B22B
		V106	00830	#X ALC/30D SIPS	1B007C	2B04C	3B04C	4B04C	5B04C	6B22C
		V107	00840	#X DRK ENF FL HI		2B05	3B05	4B05	5B05	6B23
		V108	00850	5+ DRK ROW/LST 2W	1B013	2B06	3B06	4B06	5B06	6B24
		V212	25020	#X DRUNK/LIFETIM	1B016A					6D11A
		V213	25030	#X DRUNK/LAST12M	1B016B					6D11B
		V214	25040	#X DRUNK/LAST30D	1B016C					6D11C
-Beer		V215	11000	#X BEER/LIFETIME				4D13A		
		V216	11010	#X BEER/LAST12MO				4D13B		
		V217	11020	#X BEER/LAST30DA				4D13C		
		V218	11030	5+ BR/LST2WK,10+X				4D14		
-Wine Coolers		V219	22620	#X WIN COOL/LIFE				4D15A		
		V220	22630	#X WIN COOL/12MO				4D15B		
		V221	22640	#X WIN COOL/30DA				4D15C		
		V222	22650	5+ WINCOOL/LST2WK				4D16		
-Wine		V223	11040	#X WINE/LIFETIME				4D17A		
		V224	11050	#X WINE/LAST12MO				4D17B		
		V225	11060	#X WINE/LAST30DA				4D17C		
		V226	11070	#X 20OZ+ WN/2 WK				4D18		
-Liquor		V227	11080	#X LIQR/LIFETIME				4D19A		
		V228	11090	#X LIQR/LAST12MO				4D19B		
		V229	11100	#X LIQR/LAST30DA				4D19C		
		V230	11110	#X 5+ LIQ/LST 2WK				4D20		
-Flavored Alcoholic Drinks		V231	31360	#X FLVRDALC/LIFE					5E07A	
		V232	31370	#X FLVRDALC/12MO					5E07B	
		V233	31380	#X FLVRDALC/30DA					5E07C	
Marijuana / Hashish		V109	02040	#X HASH/LIFETIM	1B018A					
		V110	02050	#X HASH/LAST12M	1B018B					
		V111	02060	#X HASH/LAST30D	1B018C					
		V112	02070	#X MARJ/LIFETIM	1B019A					
		V113	02080	#X MARJ/LAST12M	1B019B					
		V114	02090	#X MARJ/LAST30D	1B019C					
		V115	00860	#XMJ+HS/LIFETIME		2B07A	3B07A	4B07A	5B07A	6B25A
		V116	00870	#XMJ+HS/LAST12MO		2B07B	3B07B	4B07B	5B07B	6B25B
		V117	00880	#XMJ+HS/LAST30DA		2B07B	3B07C	4B07C	5B07C	6B25C
LSD		V118	00890	#X LSD/LIFETIME	1B033A	2B08A	3B08A	4B08A	5B08A	6B26A
		V119	00900	#X LSD/LAST 12MO	1B033B	2B08B	3B08B	4B08B	5B08B	6B26B
		V120	00910	#X LSD/LAST 30DA	1B033C	2B08C	3B08C	4B08C	5B08C	6B26C
Hallucinogens Other than LSD		V121	00920	#X PSYD/LIFETIME	1B042A	2B09A	3B09A	4B09A	5B09A	6B27A
		V122	00930	#X PSYD/LAST12MO	1B042B	2B09B	3B09B	4B09B	5B09B	6B27B
		V123	00940	#X PSYD/LAST30DA	1B042C	2B09C	3B09C	4B09C	5B09C	6B27C
-PCP		V234	01181	#X PCP/LIFETIME		2E03A				
		V235	01182	#X PCP/LAST12MO		2E03B				
		V236	01183	#X PCP/LAST30DA		2E03C				
-MDMA ("Ecstasy")		V237	22660	#X MDMA/LIFETIME			3B18A	4B18A		
		V238	22670	#X MDMA/LAST12MO			3B18B	4B18B		
		V239	22680	#X MDMA/LAST30DA			3B18C	4B18C		
-Salvia		V286	32500	#X SALVIA/12MO					5E11D	6D20L

Substance Category	Page #	Combined Form Dataset Variable Number	Item Reference Number	Variable Label	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Cocaine		V124	00950	#X COKE/LIFETIME		2B10A			5B10A	
		V125	00960	#X COKE/LAST12MO		2B10B			5B10B	
		V126	00970	#X COKE/LAST30DA		2B10C			5B10C	
- "Crack"		V240	22260	#X CRACK/LIFETIM	1B076A	2E02A	3B11A	4B11A	5E08A	6B29A
		V241	22270	#X CRACK/LAST12M	1B076B	2E02B	3B11B	4B11B	5E08B	6B29B
		V242	22280	#X CRACK/LAST30D	1B076C	2E02C	3B11C	4B11C	5E08C	6B29C
- Other forms of cocaine		V243	22320	#XOTH COKE/LIFE	1B077A		3B12A	4B12A		6B30A
		V244	22330	#XOTH COKE/12MO	1B077B		3B12B	4B12B		6B30B
		V245	22340	#XOTH COKE/30DA	1B077C		3B12C	4B12C		6B30C
Amphetamines		V127	00980	#X AMPH/LIFETIME	1B050A	2B11A	3B10A	4B10A	5B11A	6B28A
		V128	00990	#X AMPH/LAST12MO	1B050B	2B11B	3B10B	4B10B	5B11B	6B28B
		V129	01000	#X AMPH/LAST30DA	1B050C	2B11C	3B10C	4B10C	5B11C	6B28C
- Crystal Meth ("Ice")		V130	24380	#X ICE/LIFETIME		2B12A			5B12A	
		V131	24390	#X ICE/LAST12MO		2B12B			5B12B	
		V132	24400	#X ICE/LAST30DA		2B12C			5B12C	
- Ritalin		V249	31180	#X RITALIN/12MO			3D04C			6D20F
- Over-the-Counter - Diet Pills		V250	21220	#X DIETPILL/LFT	1B046A					
		V251	21230	#X DIETPILL/12M	1B046B					
		V252	21240	#X DIETPILL/30D	1B046C					
- Over-the-Counter - Stay-Awakes		V253	21250	#X STA-AWAK/LFT	1B047A					
		V254	21260	#X STA-AWAK/12M	1B047B					
		V255	21270	#X STA-AWAK/30D	1B047C					
- Over-the-counter - Look-Alikes		V256	21280	#X LOOKALIK/LFT	1B048A					
		V257	21290	#X LOOKALIK/12M	1B048B					
		V258	21300	#X LOOKALIK/30D	1B048C					
- Adderall		V285	32450	#X ADDERALL/12MO			3D04D			6D20G
- Provigil		V287	32510	#X PROVIGIL/12MO					5E11E	6D20M
- Energy Drinks		V290	32540	# ENERGY DRINKS/DA					5E01	
- Energy Shots		V291	32550	# ENERGY SHOTS/DAY					5E02	
Sedatives		V133	01042	#X SED/BARB/LIFE	1B062A	2B13A	3B13A	4B13A	5B13A	6B31A
		V134	01052	#X SED/BARB/12MO	1B062B	2B13B	3B13B	4B13B	5B13B	6B31B
		V135	01062	#X SED/BARB/30DA	1B062C	2B13C	3B13C	4B13C	5B13C	6B31C
- Methaqualone		V259	01010	#X QUAD/LIFETIM	1B060A					
		V260	01020	#X QUAD/LAST12M	1B060B					
		V261	01030	#X QUAD/LAST30D	1B060C					
- Rohypnol		V262	29785	#X ROHYPNL/12MO						6D20J
- GHB		V263	31050	#X GHB/LAST12MO						6D20A
- Ketamine		V264	31060	#X KETAMINE/12M					5E11A	6D20B
Tranquilizers		V136	01070	#X TRQL/LIFETIME	1B066A	2B14A	3B14A	4B14A	5B14A	6B32A
		V137	01080	#X TRQL/LAST12MO	1B066B	2B14B	3B14B	4B14B	5B14B	6B32B
		V138	01090	#X TRQL/LAST30DA	1B066C	2B14C	3B14C	4B14C	5B14C	6B32C
Heroin		V139	01100	#X "H"/LIFETIME	1B087A		3B15A	4B15A		
		V140	01110	#X "H"/LAST 12MO	1B087B		3B15B	4515B		
		V141	01120	#X "H"/LAST 30DA	1B087C		3B15C	4B15C		
- heroin with a needle		V265	29630	#X H LIF USE NDL		2B15A			5B15A	6B33A
		V266	29640	#X H 12M USE NDL		2B15B			5B15B	6B33B
		V267	29650	#X H 30D USE NDL		2B15C			5B15C	6B33C
- heroin without a needle		V268	29660	#X H LIF W/O NDL		2B16A			5B16A	6B34A
		V269	29670	#X H 12M W/O NDL		2B16B			5B16B	6B34B
		V270	29680	#X H 30D W/O NDL		2B16C			5B16C	6B34C
Any Drugs by Injection		V271	25050	#X INJECT/LIFE						6D14A
		V272	25060	#X INJECT/LST12M						6D14B
		V273	25070	#X INJECT/LST30D						6D14C

Substance Category		Combined Form Dataset Variable Number	Item Reference Number	Variable Label	Question Number					
					Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6
Other Narcotics		V142	01130	#X NARC/LIFETIME	1B089A	2B17A	3B16A	4B16A	5B17A	6B35A
		V143	01140	#X NARC/LAST12MO	1B089B	2B17B	3B16B	4B16B	5B17B	6B35B
		V144	01150	#X NARC/LAST30DA	1B089C	2B17C	3B16C	4B16C	5B17C	6B35C
- OxyContin		V274	31310	#X OXYCONTN/12MO			3D04F		5E11B	6D20H
- Vicodin		V275	31320	#X VICODIN/12MO			3D04G		5E11C	6D20I
- Cough Medicine		V284	31670	#X COUGHMED/12MO			3D04E			6D20K
Inhalants		V145	01160	#X INHL/LIFETIME		2B18A	3B17A		5B18A	
		V146	01170	#X INHL/LAST12MO		2B18B	3B17B		5B18B	
		V147	01180	#X INHL/LAST30DA		2B18C	3B17C		5B18C	
Steroids / Body Building		V279	22690	#X STRD/LIFETIME		2E04A			5E09A	6D12A
		V280	22700	#X STRD/LAST12MO		2E04B			5E09B	6D12B
		V281	22710	#X STRD/LAST30DA		2E04C			5E09C	6D12C
- Androstenedione		V282	31160	#X ANDRO/12MO			3D04A			6D20D
- Creatine		V283	31170	#X CREATINE/12MO			3D04B			6D20E

ICPSR 34409

Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2011

Variable Description and Frequencies

Note: Frequencies displayed for the variables are not weighted. They are purely descriptive and may not be representative of the study population. Please review any sampling or weighting information available with the study.

Summary statistics (minimum, maximum, mean, median, and standard deviation) may not be available for every variable in the codebook. Conversely, a listing of frequencies in table format may not be present for every variable in the codebook either. However, all variables in the dataset are present and display sufficient information about each variable. These decisions are made intentionally and are at the discretion of the archive producing this codebook.

Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2011

Core Data

CASEID	CASE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
Location:	1-5 (width: 5; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V1	YEAR OF ADMIN (4-DIGITS)
Location:	6-9 (width: 4; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Value	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2011	14855	100.0 %	100.0%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V3	112:FORM ID
Location:	10-11 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Value	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	2478	16.7 %	16.7%
2	2465	16.6 %	16.6%
3	2470	16.6 %	16.6%
4	2463	16.6 %	16.6%
5	2493	16.8 %	16.8%
6	2486	16.7 %	16.7%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V4	112:Rs ID-SERIAL #
Location:	12-16 (width: 5; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V5	SAMPLING WEIGHT
Location:	17-22 (width: 6; decimal: 4)
Variable Type:	numeric

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V13	SCH REG-4 CAT
Location:	23-24 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric	
Question:		

Region of the country, based on Census categories, in which respondent's school is located.

1=Northeast   2=North Central   3=South   4=West

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NORTHEAST:(1)	2803	18.9 %	18.9%
2	NORTH CENTRL:(2)	3846	25.9 %	25.9%
3	SOUTH:(3)	4840	32.6 %	32.6%
4	WEST:(4)	3366	22.7 %	22.7%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V16	**LARGE MSA = 1/NOT = 0**

Location:	25-26 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Question:	

Component variable, along with V17, for a standardized 3-category measure of population density. Population density is largest ("Large MSA") when V16 is coded 1 and V17 is coded 1, medium-sized ("Other MSA") when V16 is 0 and V17 1, and smallest ("Non-MSA") when both V16 and V17 are coded 0.

0="Else" 1="Large MSA"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NOT:(0)	9497	63.9 %	63.9%
1	LARGE MSA:(1)	5358	36.1 %	36.1%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V17	**MSA/NON-MSA = 0**

Location:	27-28 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Question:	

MSA: Metropolitan Statistical Area as defined for the US Census, a county or group of contiguous counties (or, in New England, Consolidated Metropolitan Areas) that contain at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. (Formerly referred to as "Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area".)

0=Non MSA 1=MSA

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NOT:(0)	2918	19.6 %	19.6%
1	MSA:(1)	11937	80.4 %	80.4%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V49	**112C07(R):# SIBLINGS**

Location:	29-30 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	
	Item Number: 00075-00076

How many brothers and sisters do you have?

(Include stepbrothers and sisters and half-brothers
and sisters) a) Older brothers and sisters [item 00075]
b) Younger brothers and sisters [item 00076]

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four" 5="Five" 6="Six
or more".

[For this dataset, responses to the two questions are added
and bracketed so that 3 is the highest category, meaning
"Three or more brothers or sisters".]

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	823	5.5 %	5.8%
1	ONE:(1)	4004	27.0 %	28.3%
2	TWO:(2)	3686	24.8 %	26.0%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	5657	38.1 %	39.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	685	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14170 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V101	**112B01 :EVR SMK CIG,REGL**

Location:	31-32 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	
	Item Number: 00760

Have you ever smoked cigarettes?

1="Never" 2="Once or twice" 3="Occasionally but not regularly"
4="Regularly in the past" 5="Regularly now"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	8621	58.0 %	60.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	2527	17.0 %	17.6%
3	OCCASNLY:(3)	1540	10.4 %	10.7%
4	REG PAST:(4)	640	4.3 %	4.5%
5	REG NOW:(5)	1043	7.0 %	7.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	484	3.3 %	-

Based upon 14371 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V102	**112B02 :#CIGS SMKD/30DAY**

Location: 33-34 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00780

How frequently have you smoked cigarettes during the past 30 days?

1="Not at all" [Includes respondents who marked category 1 on Q.B01] 2="Less than one cigarette per day" 3="One to five cigarettes per day" 4="About one-half pack per day" 5="About one pack per day" 6="About one and one-half packs per day" 7="Two packs or more per day"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NT DAILY:(1)	11771	79.2 %	82.0%
2	<1 CIG/D:(2)	1214	8.2 %	8.5%
3	1-5/DAY:(3)	818	5.5 %	5.7%
4	1/2 PK:(4)	351	2.4 %	2.4%
5	1 PK:(5)	127	0.9 %	0.9%
6	1 1/2 PK:(6)	41	0.3 %	0.3%
7	2+ PKS:(7)	33	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	500	3.4 %	-

Based upon 14355 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V103	**112B03:EVER DRINK**

Location: 35-36 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00790

Next we want to ask you about drinking alcoholic beverages,

including beer, wine, liquor, and any other beverage that contains alcohol. Have you ever had any alcoholic beverage to drink--more than just a few sips?

1="No--GO TO TOP OF NEXT COLUMN" 2="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	3541	23.8 %	30.2%
2	YES:(2)	8185	55.1 %	69.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	3129	21.1 %	-

Based upon 11726 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V104	**112B04A:#X ALC/LIF SIPS**

Location: 37-38 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00810

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic beverages to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Above this item in form 1 reads "The next questions are about ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, including beer, wine, liquor, and any other beverage that contains alcohol."]

1="0 Occasions" [Includes respondents who report non-use on item QB03] 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4122	27.7 %	29.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	1259	8.5 %	9.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1615	10.9 %	11.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	1327	8.9 %	9.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	1678	11.3 %	12.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1404	9.5 %	10.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2506	16.9 %	18.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	944	6.4 %	-

Based upon 13911 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V105	**112B04B:#X ALC/ANN SIPS**

Location: 39-40 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00820

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic
beverages to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	5003	33.7 %	36.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	2340	15.8 %	16.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	1871	12.6 %	13.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	1450	9.8 %	10.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	1464	9.9 %	10.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	805	5.4 %	5.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	927	6.2 %	6.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	995	6.7 %	-

Based upon 13860 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V106 112B04C:#X ALC/30D SIPS

Location:	41-42 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00830

On how many occasions (if any) have you had alcoholic
beverages to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	8217	55.3 %	59.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	2768	18.6 %	20.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	1430	9.6 %	10.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	708	4.8 %	5.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	445	3.0 %	3.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	116	0.8 %	0.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	169	1.1 %	1.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1002	6.7 %	-

Based upon 13853 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V107	112B05 :#X DRK ENF FL HI

Location: 43-44 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00840

On the occasions that you drink alcoholic beverages, how often do you drink enough to feel pretty high?

1="On none of the occasions" 2="On few of the occasions" 3="On about half of the occasions" 4="On most of the occasions" 5="On nearly all of the occasions"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	2232	15.0 %	27.2%
2	FEW OCC:(2)	2232	15.0 %	27.2%
3	HALF OCC:(3)	1169	7.9 %	14.3%
4	MOST OCC:(4)	1521	10.2 %	18.5%
5	NRLY ALL:(5)	1046	7.0 %	12.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	6655	44.8 %	-

Based upon 8200 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V108	112B06:5+DRK ROW/LST 2W

Location: 45-46 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00850

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more drinks in a row? (A "drink" is a bottle of beer, a glass of wine, a wine cooler, a shot glass of liquor, a mixed drink, etc.) [Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="None" [Includes respondents who previously reported non-use] 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times"

5="Six to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	10663	71.8 %	78.0%
2	ONCE:(2)	1206	8.1 %	8.8%
3	TWICE:(3)	804	5.4 %	5.9%
4	3-5X:(4)	714	4.8 %	5.2%
5	6-9X:(5)	158	1.1 %	1.2%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	126	0.8 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1184	8.0 %	-

Based upon 13671 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V109	**111B018A:#X HASH/LIFETIM (COPY OF V1249)**

Location: 47-48 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 02040

The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil. On how
many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2082	14.0 %	88.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	110	0.7 %	4.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	67	0.5 %	2.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	32	0.2 %	1.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	47	0.3 %	2.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12493	84.1 %	-

Based upon 2362 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V110	**111B018B:#X HASH/LAST12M (COPY OF V1250)**

Location: 49-50 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 02050

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how
many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2169	14.6 %	91.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	92	0.6 %	3.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	34	0.2 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	29	0.2 %	1.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12496	84.1 %	-

Based upon 2359 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V111	**111B018C:#X HASH/LAST30D (COPY OF V1251)**

Location: 51-52 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 02060

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how
many occasions (if any) have you used hashish . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2264	15.2 %	96.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	38	0.3 %	1.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12498	84.1 %	-

Based upon 2357 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V112   111B019A:#X MARJ/LIFETIM (COPY OF V1252)

Location:	53-54 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 02070

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how
many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1259	8.5 %	53.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	214	1.4 %	9.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	139	0.9 %	5.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	107	0.7 %	4.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	113	0.8 %	4.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	112	0.8 %	4.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	403	2.7 %	17.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12508	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2347 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V113   111B019B:#X MARJ/LAST12M (COPY OF V1253)

Location:	55-56 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 02080

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how
many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1464	9.9 %	62.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	219	1.5 %	9.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	126	0.8 %	5.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	98	0.7 %	4.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	98	0.7 %	4.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	84	0.6 %	3.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	252	1.7 %	10.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12514	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2341 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V114   111B019C:#X MARJ/LAST30D (COPY OF V1254)

Location:	57-58 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 02090

{The next questions are about MARIJUANA and HASHISH.
Marijuana is sometimes called: Weed, Pot, Dope.
Hashish is sometimes called: Hash, Hash oil.} On how
many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1763	11.9 %	75.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	198	1.3 %	8.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	90	0.6 %	3.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	59	0.4 %	2.5%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	66	0.4 %	2.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	56	0.4 %	2.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	110	0.7 %	4.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12513	84.2 %	-

Based upon 2342 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V115	**112B07A:#XMJ+HS/LIFETIME**

Location: 59-60 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00860

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7580	51.0 %	53.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	1416	9.5 %	10.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	868	5.8 %	6.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	624	4.2 %	4.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	764	5.1 %	5.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	652	4.4 %	4.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2237	15.1 %	15.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	714	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14141 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V116	**112B07B:#XMJ+HS/LAST12MO**

Location: 61-62 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00870

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	8886	59.8 %	63.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	1397	9.4 %	9.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	861	5.8 %	6.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	551	3.7 %	3.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	598	4.0 %	4.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	492	3.3 %	3.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1329	8.9 %	9.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	741	5.0 %	-

Based upon 14114 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V117	112B07C:#XMJ+HS/LAST30DA

Location:	63-64 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00880

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (grass, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[For form 1, item is recoded from separate marijuana and hashish questions, and "Dope" is given as another example of what marijuana is called.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	10871	73.2 %	77.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	1104	7.4 %	7.8%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	533	3.6 %	3.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	318	2.1 %	2.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	386	2.6 %	2.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	308	2.1 %	2.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	582	3.9 %	4.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	753	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14102 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V118	**112B08A:#X LSD/LIFETIME**

Location: 65-66 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00890

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13702	92.2 %	96.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	309	2.1 %	2.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	97	0.7 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	53	0.4 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	34	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	624	4.2 %	-

Based upon 14231 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V119	**112B08B:#X LSD/LAST 12MO**

Location: 67-68 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00900

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13872	93.4 %	97.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	224	1.5 %	1.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	67	0.5 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	22	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	633	4.3 %	-

Based upon 14222 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V120	**112B08C:#X LSD/LAST 30DA**

Location:	69-70 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00910

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14110	95.0 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	77	0.5 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	14	0.1 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	626	4.2 %	-

Based upon 14229 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V121	112B09A:#X PSYD/LIFETIME

Location:	71-72 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00920

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or psilocybin, PCP) . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13177	88.7 %	93.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	598	4.0 %	4.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	179	1.2 %	1.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	79	0.5 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	51	0.3 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	27	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	52	0.4 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	692	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14163 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V122	112B09B:#X PSYD/LAST12MO

Location:	73-74 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00930

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or psilocybin, PCP) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13576	91.4 %	95.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	368	2.5 %	2.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	99	0.7 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	45	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	30	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	20	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	701	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14154 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V123	**112B09C:#X PSYD/LAST30DA**

Location:	75-76 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00940

On how many occasions (if any) have you used hallucinogens other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, "shrooms" or psilocybin, PCP) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in form 1; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13977	94.1 %	98.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	117	0.8 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	21	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	14	0.1 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	701	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14154 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V124	**112B10A:#X COKE/LIFETIME**

Location:	77-78 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00950

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280) and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13415	90.3 %	95.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	314	2.1 %	2.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	156	1.1 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	63	0.4 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	49	0.3 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	32	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	74	0.5 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	752	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14103 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V125	**112B10B:#X COKE/LAST12MO**

Location:	79-80 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00960

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

B: . . . during last 12 months?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded
from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280)
and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13726	92.4 %	97.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	171	1.2 %	1.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	86	0.6 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	37	0.2 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	31	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	754	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14101 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V126	112B10C:#X COKE/LAST30DA

Location:	81-82 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00970

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken cocaine
(sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock") . . .

C: . . . during last 30 days?

[For questionnaire forms 1, 3, 4, and 6, item is recoded
from separate questions about "crack" (items 22260-22280)
and other forms of cocaine (items 22320-22340).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13939	93.8 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	85	0.6 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	28	0.2 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	17	0.1 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	754	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14101 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V127	112B11A:#X AMPH/LIFETIME

Location: 83-84 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00980

Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12533	84.4 %	88.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	589	4.0 %	4.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	312	2.1 %	2.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	200	1.3 %	1.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	189	1.3 %	1.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	141	0.9 %	1.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	220	1.5 %	1.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	671	4.5 %	-

Based upon 14184 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V128	**112B11B:#X AMPH/LAST12MO**

Location:	85-86 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	
	Item Number: 00990

{Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]}

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13069	88.0 %	92.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	460	3.1 %	3.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	237	1.6 %	1.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	148	1.0 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	108	0.7 %	0.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	74	0.5 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	85	0.6 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	674	4.5 %	-

Based upon 14181 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V129	**112B11C:#X AMPH/LAST30DA**

Location:	87-88 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	
	Item Number: 01000

{Amphetamines are sometimes prescribed by doctors for people who have trouble paying attention, are hyperactive, have ADHD, or have trouble staying awake. They are sometimes called uppers, ups, pep pills, and include drugs like Adderall and Ritalin. Drugstores are not supposed to sell them without a prescription from a doctor. Amphetamines do NOT include any nonprescription drugs, such as over-the-counter diet pills or stay-awake pills.

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and also includes as examples: Benzedrine, Dexedrine, Methedrine, Ritalin, Adderall, Concerta, Methamphetamine, Meth or Crystal Meth (see form 1 codebook).]}

[All forms]: On how many occasions (if any) have you taken amphetamines on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13664	92.0 %	96.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	259	1.7 %	1.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	100	0.7 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	59	0.4 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	42	0.3 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	30	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	22	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	679	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14176 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V130	112B12A:#X ICE/LIFETIME

Location:	89-90 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 24380

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4696	31.6 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	50	0.3 %	1.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	13	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	8	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10066	67.8 %	-

Based upon 4789 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V131	**112B12B:#X ICE/LAST12MO**

Location:	91-92 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 24390

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4738	31.9 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	26	0.2 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10064	67.7 %	-

Based upon 4791 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V132	**112B12C:#X ICE/LAST30DA**

Location:	93-94 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 24400

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4759	32.0 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	13	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10066	67.8 %	-

Based upon 4789 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V133	112B13A:#X SED/BARB/LIFE

Location: 95-96 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 01042

Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital, Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13208	88.9 %	93.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	422	2.8 %	3.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	192	1.3 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	115	0.8 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	95	0.6 %	0.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	52	0.4 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	89	0.6 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	682	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14173 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V134	112B13B:#X SED/BARB/12MO

Location: 97-98 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01052

{Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital, Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13579	91.4 %	95.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	302	2.0 %	2.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	114	0.8 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	68	0.5 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	51	0.3 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	34	0.2 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	26	0.2 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	681	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14174 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V135	**112B13C:#X SED/BARB/30DA**

Location: 99-100 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01062

{Sedatives, including barbiturates, are sometimes prescribed
by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are
sometimes called downs or downers, and include phenobarbital,
Tuinal, Nembutal, and Seconal.} On how many occasions (if any)
have you taken sedatives on your own--that is, without a
doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Worded slightly differently in questionnaire form 1, and
replaced Nembutal with Ambien, Lunesta, and Sonata as
examples; see form 1 codebook.]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13921	93.7 %	98.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	132	0.9 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	54	0.4 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	38	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	679	4.6 %	-

Based upon 14176 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V136	**112B14A:#X TRQL/LIFETIME**

Location: 101-102 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01070

Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm
people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles.
Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers. On how
many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on
your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take
them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12988	87.4 %	91.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	486	3.3 %	3.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	233	1.6 %	1.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	132	0.9 %	0.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	120	0.8 %	0.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	75	0.5 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	119	0.8 %	0.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	702	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14153 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V137	112B14B:#X TRQL/LAST12MO

Location:	103-104 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01080

{Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13399	90.2 %	94.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	356	2.4 %	2.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	151	1.0 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	93	0.6 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	67	0.5 %	0.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	45	0.3 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	47	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	697	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14158 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V138	112B14C:#X TRQL/LAST30DA

Location: 105-106 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01090

{Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Xanax are all tranquilizers.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds Soma, Serax, Ativan, Klonopin to the examples (see form 1 codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13826	93.1 %	97.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	181	1.2 %	1.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	60	0.4 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	44	0.3 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	19	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14152 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V139	112R* :#X H/LIFETIME

Location: 107-108 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01100

On how many occasions (if any) have you used heroin . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13952	93.9 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	94	0.6 %	0.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	24	0.2 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	41	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	708	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14147 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V140	112R* :#X H/LAST12MO

Location: 109-110 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01110

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14043	94.5 %	99.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	35	0.2 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	14	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	714	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14141 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V141	112R* :#X H/LAST30DA

Location:	111-112 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01120

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[For questionnaire forms 2, 5, and 6, item is recoded from separate questions about heroin use with a needle (items 29630-29650) and without a needle (items 29660-29680).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	14080	94.8 %	99.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	21	0.1 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	13	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	715	4.8 %	-

Based upon 14140 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V142	112B17A:#X NARC/LIFETIME

Location:	113-114 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01130

There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such
as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin,
OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by
doctors. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
narcotics other than heroin on your own--that is, without
a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds
"Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12342	83.1 %	87.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	638	4.3 %	4.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	355	2.4 %	2.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	201	1.4 %	1.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	202	1.4 %	1.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	133	0.9 %	0.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	202	1.4 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	782	5.3 %	-

Based upon 14073 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

| **V143** | **112B17B:#X NARC/LAST12MO** |

Location:	115-116 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01140

{There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such
as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin,
OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by
doctors.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
narcotics other than heroin on your own--that is, without
a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds
"Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	12903	86.9 %	91.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	487	3.3 %	3.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	240	1.6 %	1.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	151	1.0 %	1.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	127	0.9 %	0.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	65	0.4 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	90	0.6 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	792	5.3 %	-

Based upon 14063 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V144	112B17C:#X NARC/LAST30DA

Location:	117-118 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01150

{There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such
as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, Demerol, Vicodin,
OxyContin, and Percocet. These are sometimes prescribed by
doctors.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
narcotics other than heroin on your own--that is, without
a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

[Questionnaire form 1 worded somewhat differently and adds
"Percodan, Ultram" (see form 1 Codebook).]

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13579	91.4 %	96.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	246	1.7 %	1.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	119	0.8 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	58	0.4 %	0.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	27	0.2 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	17	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	794	5.3 %	-

Based upon 14061 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V145	112B18A:#X INHL/LIFETIME

Location: 119-120 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 01160

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or
breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled
any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6541	44.0 %	92.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	297	2.0 %	4.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	100	0.7 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	59	0.4 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	50	0.3 %	0.7%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	28	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7756	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7099 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V146	112B18B:#X INHL/LAST12MO

Location: 121-122 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 01170

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or
breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled
any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6888	46.4 %	97.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	98	0.7 %	1.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	54	0.4 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	20	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	23	0.2 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7756	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7099 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V147	112B18C:#X INHL/LAST30DA

Location: 123-124 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 01180

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or
breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled
any other gases or sprays in order to get high . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7021	47.3 %	99.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	46	0.3 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	13	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7760	52.2 %	-

Based upon 7095 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V148	**112C01(R):AGE <>18 DICHOTOMY**

Location: 125-126 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00010-00020

Component questions: 1) "In what year were you born?" (item 00010), 2) "In what month were you born?" (item 00020), and 3) Date of questionnaire administration as recorded by interviewer.

1="under 18 years old" 2="18 years of age and over"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	< 18 YRS:(1)	6178	41.6 %	43.4%
2	18+ YRS:(2)	8050	54.2 %	56.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	627	4.2 %	-

Based upon 14228 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V150	**112C03 :Rs SEX**

Location: 127-128 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00030

What is your sex?

1="Male" 2="Female"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MALE:(1)	6922	46.6 %	50.0%
2	FEMALE:(2)	6922	46.6 %	50.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1011	6.8 %	-

Based upon 13844 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V151	**112C04(R):R'S RACE B/W/H**

Location: 129-130 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00041-00049

How do you describe yourself?

(Select one or more responses.) Black or African American; Mexican American or Chicano; Cuban American; Puerto Rican; Other Hispanic or Latino; Asian American; White (Caucasian); American Indian or Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

Recoded in this dataset so that "Black or African American" = 1, "White (Caucasian)" = 2; Hispanic = 3 ("Mexican..." or "Cuban..." or "Puerto Rican" or "Other Hispanic...").

All other responses, including those of respondents who fell into more than one of the three categories, were deleted.

1="Black or African American" 2="White (Caucasian)" 3="Hispanic [see above]".

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	BLACK:(1)	2015	13.6 %	16.9%
2	WHITE:(2)	7960	53.6 %	66.8%
3	HISPANIC:(3)	1940	13.1 %	16.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	2940	19.8 %	-

Based upon 11915 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V152	112C05 :R SPD >TIM R-URB

Location:	131-132 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00050

Where did you grow up mostly?

1="On a farm" 2="In the country" 3="In a small city or town (under 50,000 people)" 4="In a medium-sized city (50,000-100,000)" 5="In a suburb of a medium-sized city" 6="In a large city (100,000-500,000)" 7="In a suburb of a large city" 8="In a very large city (over 500,000)" 9="In a suburb of a very large city" 0="Can't say; mixed; and nonresponse"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	DK/MIXED:(0)	1810	12.2 %	12.2%
1	A FARM:(1)	575	3.9 %	3.9%
2	COUNTRY:(2)	1400	9.4 %	9.4%
3	SM CITY:(3)	3624	24.4 %	24.4%
4	MED CITY:(4)	1787	12.0 %	12.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	SUB MED:(5)	1642	11.1 %	11.1%
6	LGE CITY:(6)	1479	10.0 %	10.0%
7	SUB LGE:(7)	1126	7.6 %	7.6%
8	V-LGE CITY:(8)	824	5.5 %	5.5%
9	SUB V-LGE:(9)	588	4.0 %	4.0%

Based upon 14855 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V153	**112C06 :R NOT MARRIED**

Location: 133-134 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00060

What is your present marital status?

1="Married" 2="Engaged" 3="Separated/divorced" 4="Single"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MARRIED:(1)	492	3.3 %	3.5%
2	ENGAGED:(2)	601	4.0 %	4.3%
3	SEP/DIV:(3)	206	1.4 %	1.5%
4	SINGLE:(4)	12798	86.2 %	90.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	758	5.1 %	-

Based upon 14097 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V155	**112C07Cb(R):R'S HSHLD FATHER**

Location: 135-136 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00090

Which of the following people live in the same household with you? (Mark all that apply.)

B. Father (or male guardian)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	4109	27.7 %	29.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	MARKED:(1)	10043	67.6 %	71.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14152 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V156	**112C07Cc(R):R'S HSHLD MOTHER**

Location:	137-138 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00100

Which of the following people live in the same household with you? (Mark all that apply.)

C. Mother (or female guardian)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	1641	11.0 %	11.6%
1	MARKED:(1)	12511	84.2 %	88.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14152 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V157	**112C07Cd(R):R'S HSHLD BR/SR**

Location:	139-140 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00110

Which of the following people live in the same household with you? (Mark all that apply.)

D. Brother(s) and/or sister(s)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

[Other alternatives -- "Grandparent(s)," "My husband/wife," "My child(ren)," "Other relative(s)," "Non-relative(s)," "I live alone" -- have been deleted for reasons of confidentiality.]

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	4544	30.6 %	32.1%
1	MARKED:(1)	9608	64.7 %	67.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	703	4.7 %	-

Based upon 14152 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V163	**112C08 :FATHR EDUC LEVEL**

Location:	141-142 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00310

The next three questions ask about your parents. If you were raised mostly by foster parents, stepparents, or others, answer for them. For example, if you have both a stepfather and a natural father, answer for the one that was the most important in raising you. What is the highest level of schooling your father completed?

1="Completed grade school or less" 2="Some high school" 3="Completed high school" 4="Some college" 5="Completed college" 6="Graduate or professional school after college" 7="Don't know, or does not apply"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	GRDE SCH:(1)	576	3.9 %	4.1%
2	SOME HS:(2)	1494	10.1 %	10.6%
3	HS GRAD:(3)	3694	24.9 %	26.1%
4	SOME CLG:(4)	2352	15.8 %	16.6%
5	CLG GRAD:(5)	3072	20.7 %	21.7%
6	GRAD SCH:(6)	1769	11.9 %	12.5%
7	DK:(7)	1174	7.9 %	8.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	724	4.9 %	-

Based upon 14131 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V164	**112C09 :MOTHR EDUC LEVEL**

Location:	143-144 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00320

What is the highest level of schooling your mother completed?

1="Completed grade school or less" 2="Some high school"
3="Completed high school" 4="Some college" 5="Completed
college" 6="Graduate or professional school after college"
7="Don't know, or does not apply"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	GRDE SCH:(1)	528	3.6 %	3.7%
2	SOME HS:(2)	1141	7.7 %	8.1%
3	HS GRAD:(3)	3150	21.2 %	22.3%
4	SOME CLG:(4)	2902	19.5 %	20.5%
5	CLG GRAD:(5)	3991	26.9 %	28.3%
6	GRAD SCH:(6)	1790	12.0 %	12.7%
7	DK:(7)	625	4.2 %	4.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	728	4.9 %	-

Based upon 14127 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V165	112C10 :MOTH PD JB R YNG

Location: 145-146 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00330

Did your mother have a paid job (half-time or more) during
the time you were growing up?

1="No" 2="Yes, some of the time when I was growing up" 3="Yes,
most of the time" 4="Yes, all or nearly all of the time"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	1856	12.5 %	13.2%
2	YES/SOME:(2)	2573	17.3 %	18.3%
3	YES/MOST:(3)	2534	17.1 %	18.0%
4	YES/NRLY ALL:(4)	7111	47.9 %	50.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	781	5.3 %	-

Based upon 14074 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V166	112C11 :Rs POLTL PRFNC

Location: 147-148 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00340

How would you describe your political preference?

1="Strongly Republican" 2="Mildly Republican" 3="Mildly Democrat" 4="Strongly Democrat" 5="Independent" 6="No preference" 7="Other" 8="Don't know, haven't decided"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	STRG GOP:(1)	1251	8.4 %	9.2%
2	MILD GOP:(2)	1729	11.6 %	12.7%
3	MILD DEM:(3)	1776	12.0 %	13.0%
4	STRG DEM:(4)	1273	8.6 %	9.3%
5	INDEPNDT:(5)	1649	11.1 %	12.1%
6	NO PREF:(6)	2270	15.3 %	16.7%
7	OTHER:(7)	287	1.9 %	2.1%
8	DK/HVNT DECID:(8)	3387	22.8 %	24.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1233	8.3 %	-

Based upon 13622 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V167	**112C12 :R POL BLF RADCL**

Location: 149-150 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00350

How would you describe your political beliefs?

1="Very conservative" 2="Conservative" 3="Moderate" 4="Liberal" 5="Very Liberal" 6="Radical" 8="None of the above, or don't know"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	VRY CONS:(1)	666	4.5 %	4.8%
2	CONSERV:(2)	1695	11.4 %	12.1%
3	MODERATE:(3)	3198	21.5 %	22.9%
4	LIBERAL:(4)	1897	12.8 %	13.6%
5	VRY LIB:(5)	630	4.2 %	4.5%
6	RADICAL:(6)	252	1.7 %	1.8%
8	NONE/DK:(8)	5656	38.1 %	40.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	861	5.8 %	-

Based upon 13994 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V169	**112C13B:R ATTND REL SVC**

Location: 151-152 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00370

The next three questions are about religion.

B: How often do you attend religious services?

1="Never" 2="Rarely" 3="Once or twice a month" 4="About once a week or more"

Responses from the western region intentionally obliterated.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	2210	14.9 %	20.6%
2	RARELY:(2)	3694	24.9 %	34.4%
3	1-2X/MO:(3)	1790	12.0 %	16.7%
4	1/WK OR+:(4)	3036	20.4 %	28.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	4125	27.8 %	-

Based upon 10730 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V170	**112C13C:RLGN IMP Rs LF**

Location:	153-154 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00380

C: How important is religion in your life?

1="Not important" 2="A little important" 3="Pretty important" 4="Very important"

Responses from the western region intentionally obliterated.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NOT IMPT:(1)	2308	15.5 %	21.5%
2	LITL IMP:(2)	2703	18.2 %	25.2%
3	PRTY IMP:(3)	2897	19.5 %	27.0%
4	VERY IMP:(4)	2822	19.0 %	26.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	4125	27.8 %	-

Based upon 10730 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V171	**112C14 :WHEN R XPCT GRAD**

Location:	155-156 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00390

When are you most likely to graduate from high school?

1="By this June" 2="July to January" 3="After next January"
6="Don't expect to graduate"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	JUNE:(1)	13762	92.6 %	98.2%
2	JUL-JAN:(2)	157	1.1 %	1.1%
6	DONT EXPCT:(6)	101	0.7 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	835	5.6 %	-

Based upon 14020 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V172   112C15 :Rs HS PROGRAM

Location:	157-158 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00400

Which of the following best describes your present high
school program?

1="Academic or college prep" 2="General" 3="Vocational,
technical, or commercial" 4="Other, or don't know"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	CLG PREP:(1)	7553	50.8 %	54.2%
2	GENERAL:(2)	4542	30.6 %	32.6%
3	VOC-TECH:(3)	669	4.5 %	4.8%
4	OTH/DK:(4)	1184	8.0 %	8.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	907	6.1 %	-

Based upon 13948 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V173   112C16 :RT SF SCH AB>AVG

Location:	159-160 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00410

Compared with others your age throughout the country, how do you rate yourself on school ability?

1="Far Below Average" 2="Below Average" 3="Slightly Below Average" 4="Average" 5="Slightly Above Average" 6="Above Average" 7="Far Above Average"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	FAR BELOW:(1)	196	1.3 %	1.4%
2	BELOW AVG:(2)	261	1.8 %	1.9%
3	SLIGHT BELOW:(3)	683	4.6 %	4.9%
4	AVERAGE:(4)	4386	29.5 %	31.5%
5	SLIGHT ABOVE:(5)	3351	22.6 %	24.1%
6	ABOVE AVG:(6)	4010	27.0 %	28.8%
7	FAR ABOVE:(7)	1045	7.0 %	7.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	923	6.2 %	-

Based upon 13932 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V174	112C17 :RT SF INTELL>AVG

Location:	161-162 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00420

How intelligent do you think you are compared with others your age?

1="Far Below Average" 2="Below Average" 3="Slightly Below Average" 4="Average" 5="Slightly Above Average" 6="Above Average" 7="Far Above Average"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	FAR BELOW:(1)	160	1.1 %	1.1%
2	BELOW AVG:(2)	212	1.4 %	1.5%
3	SLIGHT BELOW:(3)	582	3.9 %	4.2%
4	AVERAGE:(4)	4056	27.3 %	29.1%
5	SLIGHT ABOVE:(5)	3453	23.2 %	24.8%
6	ABOVE AVG:(6)	4197	28.3 %	30.1%
7	FAR ABOVE:(7)	1273	8.6 %	9.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	922	6.2 %	-

Based upon 13933 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V175	112C18A:#DA/4W SC MS ILL

Location:	163-164 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00430

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed . . .

A: . . . Because of illness?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10 Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	8090	54.5 %	59.1%
2	1 DAY:(2)	2361	15.9 %	17.2%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	1473	9.9 %	10.8%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	882	5.9 %	6.4%
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	542	3.6 %	4.0%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	215	1.4 %	1.6%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	125	0.8 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1167	7.9 %	-

Based upon 13688 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V176	**112C18B:#DA/4W SC MS CUT**

Location:	165-166 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00440

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed . . .

B: . . . Because you skipped or "cut"?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10 Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	9372	63.1 %	69.4%
2	1 DAY:(2)	1928	13.0 %	14.3%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	883	5.9 %	6.5%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	561	3.8 %	4.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	410	2.8 %	3.0%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	174	1.2 %	1.3%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	186	1.3 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1341	9.0 %	-

Based upon 13514 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V177   112C18C:#DA/4W SC MS OTH

Location: 167-168 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00450

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed . . .

C: . . . For other reasons?

1="None" 2="1 Day" 3="2 Days" 4="3 Days" 5="4-5 Days" 6="6-10 Days" 7="11 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	7526	50.7 %	55.2%
2	1 DAY:(2)	2683	18.1 %	19.7%
3	2 DAYS:(3)	1545	10.4 %	11.3%
4	3 DAYS:(4)	875	5.9 %	6.4%
5	4-5 DAYS:(5)	580	3.9 %	4.3%
6	6-10 DA:(6)	233	1.6 %	1.7%
7	11+ DAYS:(7)	195	1.3 %	1.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1218	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13637 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V178   112C19 :#DA/4W SKP CLASS

Location: 169-170 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00460

During the last four weeks, how often have you gone to school, but skipped a class when you weren't supposed to?

1="Not at all" 2="1 or 2 times" 3="3-5 times" 4="6-10 times"

5="11-20 times" 6="More than 20 times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	9844	66.3 %	70.7%
2	1-2:(2)	2429	16.4 %	17.4%
3	3-5:(3)	992	6.7 %	7.1%
4	6-10:(4)	391	2.6 %	2.8%
5	11-20:(5)	146	1.0 %	1.0%
6	21+:(6)	130	0.9 %	0.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	923	6.2 %	-

Based upon 13932 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V179	**112C20 :R HS GRADE/D = 1**

Location: 171-172 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00470

Which of the following best describes your average grade
so far in high school?

9="A (93-100)" 8="A- (90-92)" 7="B+ (87-89)" 6="B (83-86)"
5="B- (80-82)" 4="C+ (77-79)" 3="C (73-76)" 2="C- (70-72)"
1="D (69 or below)"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	D:(1)	132	0.9 %	1.0%
2	C-:(2)	282	1.9 %	2.0%
3	C:(3)	674	4.5 %	4.9%
4	C+:(4)	1189	8.0 %	8.6%
5	B-:(5)	1580	10.6 %	11.4%
6	B:(6)	2514	16.9 %	18.1%
7	B+:(7)	2670	18.0 %	19.3%
8	A-:(8)	2559	17.2 %	18.5%
9	A:(9)	2263	15.2 %	16.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	992	6.7 %	-

Based upon 13863 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V180	**112C21A:R WL DO VOC/TEC**

Location: 173-174 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00480

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

A: Attend a technical or vocational school

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will" 4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	7583	51.0 %	56.9%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	3023	20.4 %	22.7%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	1765	11.9 %	13.2%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	950	6.4 %	7.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1534	10.3 %	-

Based upon 13321 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V181	**112C21B:R WL DO ARMD FC**

Location: 175-176 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00490

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

B: Serve in the armed forces

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will" 4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	9013	60.7 %	68.1%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	2504	16.9 %	18.9%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	1035	7.0 %	7.8%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	679	4.6 %	5.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1624	10.9 %	-

Based upon 13231 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V182	**112C21C:R WL DO 2YR CLG**

Location: 177-178 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00500

How likely is it that you will do each of the following
things after high school?

C: Graduate from a two-year college program

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"
4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	5026	33.8 %	37.7%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	2333	15.7 %	17.5%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	3091	20.8 %	23.2%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	2868	19.3 %	21.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1537	10.3 %	-

Based upon 13318 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V183	**112C21D:R WL DO 4YR CLG**

Location: 179-180 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00510

How likely is it that you will do each of the following
things after high school?

D: Graduate from college (four-year program)

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"
4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	961	6.5 %	7.1%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	1155	7.8 %	8.5%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	3071	20.7 %	22.5%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	8436	56.8 %	61.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1232	8.3 %	-

Based upon 13623 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V184	**112C21E:R WL DO GRD/PRF**

Location: 181-182 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00520

How likely is it that you will do each of the following
things after high school?

E: Attend graduate or professional school after college

1="Definitely Won't" 2="Probably Won't" 3="Probably Will"
4="Definitely Will"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	DEF WONT:(1)	2065	13.9 %	15.4%
2	PRB WONT:(2)	3474	23.4 %	26.0%
3	PRB WILL:(3)	4385	29.5 %	32.8%
4	DEF WILL:(4)	3455	23.3 %	25.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1476	9.9 %	-

Based upon 13379 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V185	**112C22A:R WNTDO VOC/TEC**

Location: 183-184 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00530

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing
stood in your way. How many of the following things
would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

A. Attend a technical or vocational school

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	11598	78.1 %	85.0%
1	MARKED:(1)	2041	13.7 %	15.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V186	**112C22B:R WNTDO ARMD FC**

Location: 185-186 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00540

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing
stood in your way. How many of the following things
would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

B. Serve in the armed forces

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	11552	77.8 %	84.7%
1	MARKED:(1)	2087	14.0 %	15.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V187	112C22C:R WNTDO 2YR CLG

Location: 187-188 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00550

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing
stood in your way. How many of the following things
would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

C. Graduate from a two-year college program

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	10001	67.3 %	73.3%
1	MARKED:(1)	3638	24.5 %	26.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V188	112C22D:R WNTDO 4YR CLG

Location: 189-190 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00560

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing
stood in your way. How many of the following things

would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

D. Graduate from college (four-year program)

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	2531	17.0 %	18.6%
1	MARKED:(1)	11108	74.8 %	81.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V189	**112C22E:R WNTDO GRD/PRF**

Location:	191-192 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00570

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

E. Attend graduate or professional school after college

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	5767	38.8 %	42.3%
1	MARKED:(1)	7872	53.0 %	57.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V190	**112C22F:R WNTDO NONE**

Location:	193-194 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00580

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do? (Mark all that apply.)

F. None of the above

0="UNMARKED" 1="MARKED"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NT MARKD:(0)	13007	87.6 %	95.4%
1	MARKED:(1)	632	4.3 %	4.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1216	8.2 %	-

Based upon 13639 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V191	**112C23 :HRS/W WRK SCHYR**

Location:	195-196 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00590

On the average over the school year, how many hours per week do you work in a paid or unpaid job?

1="None" 2="5 or less hours" 3="6 to 10 hours" 4="11 to 15 hours" 5="16 to 20 hours" 6="21 to 25 hours" 7="26 to 30 hours" 8="More than 30 hours"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	5765	38.8 %	42.1%
2	5 OR <:(2)	1459	9.8 %	10.7%
3	6-10 HRS:(3)	1430	9.6 %	10.4%
4	11-15 HR:(4)	1321	8.9 %	9.6%
5	16-20 HR:(5)	1443	9.7 %	10.5%
6	21-25 HR:(6)	1019	6.9 %	7.4%
7	26-30 HR:(7)	587	4.0 %	4.3%
8	30+ HRS:(8)	674	4.5 %	4.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1157	7.8 %	-

Based upon 13698 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V192	**112C24A:R$/AVG WEEK JOB**

Location:	197-199 (width: 3; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00600

During an average week, how much money do you get from . . .

A: . . . A job or other work?

1="None" 2="$1-5" 3="$6-10" 4="$11-20" 5=$21-35" 6="$36-50"
7="$51-75" 8="$76-125" 9="$126-175 10="176+"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	6249	42.1 %	46.5%
2	$1-5:(2)	107	0.7 %	0.8%
3	$6-10:(3)	337	2.3 %	2.5%
4	$11-20:(4)	394	2.7 %	2.9%
5	$21-35:(5)	487	3.3 %	3.6%
6	$36-50:(6)	671	4.5 %	5.0%
7	$51-75:(7)	912	6.1 %	6.8%
8	$76-125:(8)	1862	12.5 %	13.9%
9	$126-175:(9)	1142	7.7 %	8.5%
10	$176+:(10)	1272	8.6 %	9.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1422	9.6 %	-

Based upon 13433 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V193	112C24B:R$/AVG WEEK OTH

Location:	200-202 (width: 3; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00610

During an average week, how much money do you get from . . .

B: . . . Other sources (allowances, etc.)?

1="None" 2="$1-5" 3="$6-10" 4="$11-20" 5=$21-35" 6="$36-50"
7="$51-75" 8="$76-125" 9="$126-175 10="176+"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	5497	37.0 %	41.5%
2	$1-5:(2)	672	4.5 %	5.1%
3	$6-10:(3)	1085	7.3 %	8.2%
4	$11-20:(4)	2205	14.8 %	16.6%
5	$21-35:(5)	1497	10.1 %	11.3%
6	$36-50:(6)	911	6.1 %	6.9%
7	$51-75:(7)	455	3.1 %	3.4%
8	$76-125:(8)	385	2.6 %	2.9%
9	$126-175:(9)	121	0.8 %	0.9%
10	$176+:(10)	431	2.9 %	3.3%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1596	10.7 %	-

Based upon 13259 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

| **V194** | **112C25 :#X/AV WK GO OUT** | | | |

Location: 203-204 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00620

During a typical week, on how many evenings do you go out
for fun and recreation?

1="Less than one" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four or Five"
6="Six or Seven"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	< 1:(1)	1875	12.6 %	13.7%
2	ONE:(2)	2170	14.6 %	15.9%
3	TWO:(3)	3692	24.9 %	27.0%
4	THREE:(4)	3005	20.2 %	22.0%
5	4-5:(5)	1929	13.0 %	14.1%
6	6-7:(6)	985	6.6 %	7.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1199	8.1 %	-

Based upon 13656 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

| **V195** | **112C26 :#X DATE 3+/WK** | | | |

Location: 205-206 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 00630

On the average, how often do you go out with a date (or
your spouse, if you are married)?

1="Never" 2="Once a month or less" 3="2 or 3 times a month"
4="Once a week" 5="2 or 3 times a week" 6="Over 3 times a
week"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	4683	31.5 %	34.6%
2	ONCE/MO:(2)	2464	16.6 %	18.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	2-3X MO:(3)	2033	13.7 %	15.0%
4	ONCE WK:(4)	1903	12.8 %	14.1%
5	2-3X WK:(5)	1674	11.3 %	12.4%
6	3+ WEEK:(6)	762	5.1 %	5.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1336	9.0 %	-

Based upon 13519 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V196	**112C27 :DRIVE>200 MI/WK**

Location:	207-208 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00640

During an average week, how much do you usually drive a car, truck, or motorcycle?

1="Not at all" 2="1 to 10 miles" 3="11 to 50 miles" 4="51 to 100 miles" 5="100 to 200 miles" 6="More than 200 miles"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	3290	22.1 %	24.1%
2	1-10 MI:(2)	1457	9.8 %	10.7%
3	11-50:(3)	3608	24.3 %	26.4%
4	51-100:(4)	2674	18.0 %	19.6%
5	101-200:(5)	1681	11.3 %	12.3%
6	> 200:(6)	943	6.3 %	6.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1202	8.1 %	-

Based upon 13653 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V197	**112C28 :#X/12MO R TCKTD**

Location:	209-210 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00650

Within the LAST 12 MONTHS, how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (OR been stopped and warned) for moving violations, such as speeding, running a stop light, or improper passing?

0="None--GO TO QUESTION 30" 1="Once" 2="Twice" 3="Three times"

4="Four or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	10568	71.1 %	78.6%
1	ONCE:(1)	1787	12.0 %	13.3%
2	TWICE:(2)	682	4.6 %	5.1%
3	3 TIMES:(3)	239	1.6 %	1.8%
4	4+ TIMES:(4)	163	1.1 %	1.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1416	9.5 %	-

Based upon 13439 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V198	**112C29AR:#TCKTS AFT DRNK**

Location: 211-212 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00660

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were . . .

A: . . . Drinking alcoholic beverages?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2708	18.2 %	95.2%
1	ONE:(1)	99	0.7 %	3.5%
2	TWO:(2)	22	0.1 %	0.8%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	16	0.1 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12010	80.8 %	-

Based upon 2845 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V199	**112C29BR:#TCKTS AFT MARJ**

Location: 213-214 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00670

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were . . .

B: . . . Smoking marijuana or hashish?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2691	18.1 %	94.5%
1	ONE:(1)	113	0.8 %	4.0%
2	TWO:(2)	26	0.2 %	0.9%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	18	0.1 %	0.6%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12007	80.8 %	-

Based upon 2848 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V200	**112C29CR:#TCKTS AFT OTDG**
Location:	215-216 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00680

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were . . .

C: . . . Using other illegal drugs?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2788	18.8 %	98.6%
1	ONE:(1)	20	0.1 %	0.7%
2	TWO:(2)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	13	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12026	81.0 %	-

Based upon 2829 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V201	**112C30 :#ACCIDNTS/12 MO**
Location:	217-218 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00690

We are interested in any accidents which occurred while you were driving a car, truck, or motorcycle. ("Accidents" means a collision involving property damage or personal injury--not bumps or scratches in parking lots.) During the LAST 12 MONTHS, how many accidents have you had while you were driving (whether or not you were responsible)?

0="None--GO TO QUESTION 32" 1="Once" 2="Twice" 3="Three times" 4="Four or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	11243	75.7 %	84.3%
1	ONCE:(1)	1655	11.1 %	12.4%
2	TWICE:(2)	319	2.1 %	2.4%
3	3 TIMES:(3)	87	0.6 %	0.7%
4	4+ TIMES:(4)	37	0.2 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1514	10.2 %	-

Based upon 13341 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V202	112C31AR:#ACDTS AFT DRNK

Location:	219-220 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00700

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

A: . . . Drinking alcoholic beverages?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2030	13.7 %	96.8%
1	ONE:(1)	46	0.3 %	2.2%
2	TWO:(2)	12	0.1 %	0.6%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12757	85.9 %	-

Based upon 2098 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V203	112C31BR:#ACDTS AFT MARJ

Location:	221-222 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00710

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

B: . . . Smoking marijuana or hashish?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2024	13.6 %	96.9%
1	ONE:(1)	52	0.4 %	2.5%
2	TWO:(2)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12767	85.9 %	-

Based upon 2088 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V204   112C31CR:#ACDTS AFT OTDG

Location: 223-224 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 00720

How many of these accidents occurred after you were . . .

C: . . . Using other illegal drugs?

0="None" 1="One" 2="Two" 3="Three" 4="Four or more"

Codes 3 and 4 are combined in this dataset.

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	2055	13.8 %	98.6%
1	ONE:(1)	18	0.1 %	0.9%
2	TWO:(2)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
3	THREE+:(3-4)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12771	86.0 %	-

Based upon 2084 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V205   1115C32 :Rs BRANCH SERV

Location: 225-226 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00730

If you have not entered military service, and do not expect to enter, GO TO PART D.

What is, or will be, your branch of service?

1="Army" 2="Navy" 3="Marine Corps" 4="Air Force" 5="Coast Guard" 6="Uncertain"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	ARMY:(1)	154	1.0 %	25.8%
2	NAVY:(2)	78	0.5 %	13.1%
3	MARINES:(3)	134	0.9 %	22.5%
4	AIR FORCE:(4)	114	0.8 %	19.1%
5	COAST GUARD:(5)	25	0.2 %	4.2%
6	UNCERTN:(6)	91	0.6 %	15.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14259	96.0 %	-

Based upon 596 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V206	**1115C33 :R XPCTS B OFFCR**
Location:	227-228 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 00740

Do you expect to be an officer?

1="No" 2="Uncertain" 3="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	105	0.7 %	17.1%
2	UNCERTN:(2)	270	1.8 %	44.0%
3	YES:(3)	239	1.6 %	38.9%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14241	95.9 %	-

Based upon 614 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V207	**1115C34 :R XPCTS MLTR CR**
Location:	229-230 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9

Question:

Item Number: 00750

Do you expect to have a career in the Armed Forces?

1="No" 2="Uncertain" 3="Yes"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NO:(1)	99	0.7 %	16.0%
2	UNCERTN:(2)	281	1.9 %	45.5%
3	YES:(3)	237	1.6 %	38.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	14238	95.8 %	-

Based upon 617 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V208	116B19 :EVR USE SMOKLESS

Location: 231-232 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22230

Have you ever taken or used smokeless tobacco (snuff, plug,
dipping tobacco, chewing tobacco, snus, dissolvable tobacco)?

1="Never--GO TO QUESTION 21" 2="Once or twice" 3="Occasionally
but not regularly" 4="Regularly in the past" 5="Regularly now"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NEVER:(1)	2018	13.6 %	83.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	180	1.2 %	7.5%
3	OCCASNLY:(3)	92	0.6 %	3.8%
4	REG PAST:(4)	50	0.3 %	2.1%
5	REG NOW:(5)	74	0.5 %	3.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12441	83.7 %	-

Based upon 2414 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V209	116B20 :#X SMKLESS/30 DA

Location: 233-234 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22240

How frequently have you taken smokeless tobacco during the
past 30 days?

1="Not at all" 2="Once or twice" 3="Once or twice per week"
4="Three to five times per week" 5="About once a day" 6="More
than once a day"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NOT@ALL:(1)	2228	15.0 %	92.3%
2	1-2 X:(2)	74	0.5 %	3.1%
3	1-2/WK:(3)	21	0.1 %	0.9%
4	3-5/WK:(4)	22	0.1 %	0.9%
5	1/DAY:(5)	20	0.1 %	0.8%
6	>1/DAY:(6)	49	0.3 %	2.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12441	83.7 %	-

Based upon 2414 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V211	116D20C:#X SMK KRETK/12M

Location: 235-236 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 31150

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.
During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . smoked kreteks (clove cigarettes)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2139	14.4 %	97.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	32	0.2 %	1.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12649	85.1 %	-

Based upon 2206 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V212	111B016A:#XDRUNK/LIFETIM

Location: 237-238 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 25020

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2143	14.4 %	48.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	578	3.9 %	13.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	398	2.7 %	9.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	303	2.0 %	6.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	328	2.2 %	7.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	248	1.7 %	5.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	409	2.8 %	9.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10448	70.3 %	-

Based upon 4407 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V213	**111B016B:#XDRUNK/LAST12M**

Location: 239-240 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 25030

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2517	16.9 %	57.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	660	4.4 %	15.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	366	2.5 %	8.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	279	1.9 %	6.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	228	1.5 %	5.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	20-39X:(6)	166	1.1 %	3.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	174	1.2 %	4.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10465	70.4 %	-

Based upon 4390 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V214	111B016C:#XDRUNK/LAST30D

Location:	241-242 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 25040

On how many occasions (if any) have you been drunk or very high from drinking alcoholic beverages . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	3261	22.0 %	74.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	618	4.2 %	14.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	251	1.7 %	5.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	129	0.9 %	2.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	78	0.5 %	1.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	16	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	33	0.2 %	0.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10469	70.5 %	-

Based upon 4386 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V215	114D13A:#X BEER/LIFETIME

Location:	243-244 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11000

The next questions are about alcohol use--this time asking separately about beer, wine, wine coolers, and hard liquor.

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	707	4.8 %	36.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	284	1.9 %	14.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	205	1.4 %	10.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	160	1.1 %	8.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	176	1.2 %	9.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	152	1.0 %	7.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	256	1.7 %	13.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12915	86.9 %	-

Based upon 1940 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V216	114D13B:#X BEER/LAST12MO

Location:	245-246 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11010

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	946	6.4 %	48.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	288	1.9 %	14.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	210	1.4 %	10.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	149	1.0 %	7.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	160	1.1 %	8.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	80	0.5 %	4.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	101	0.7 %	5.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12921	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1934 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V217	114D13C:#X BEER/LAST30DA

Location:	247-248 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11020

On how many occasions (if any) have you had beer to drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1357	9.1 %	70.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	267	1.8 %	13.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	148	1.0 %	7.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	75	0.5 %	3.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	47	0.3 %	2.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	19	0.1 %	1.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12927	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1928 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V218	**114D14 :5+BR/LST2WK,10+X**

Location:	249-250 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11030

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you
had five or more 12-ounce cans of beer (or the equivalent)
in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six
to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1572	10.6 %	83.0%
2	ONCE:(2)	125	0.8 %	6.6%
3	TWICE:(3)	87	0.6 %	4.6%
4	3-5X:(4)	71	0.5 %	3.7%
5	6-9X:(5)	26	0.2 %	1.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
6	10+ TIME:(6)	13	0.1 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12961	87.3 %	-

Based upon 1894 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V219	**114D15A:#X WIN COOL/LIFE**

Location: 251-252 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22620

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to drink . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1081	7.3 %	56.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	289	1.9 %	15.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	196	1.3 %	10.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	134	0.9 %	6.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	106	0.7 %	5.5%
6	20-39X:(6)	61	0.4 %	3.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	65	0.4 %	3.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12923	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1932 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V220	**114D15B:#X WIN COOL/12MO**

Location: 253-254 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22630

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1397	9.4 %	72.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	248	1.7 %	12.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	130	0.9 %	6.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	73	0.5 %	3.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	43	0.3 %	2.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	22	0.1 %	1.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12926	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1929 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V221	114D15C:#X WIN COOL/30DA

Location:	255-256 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22640

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine coolers to drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1731	11.7 %	89.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	122	0.8 %	6.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	41	0.3 %	2.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	16	0.1 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12929	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1926 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V222	114D16 :5+WINCOOL/LST2WK

Location:	257-258 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9

Question:

Item Number: 22650

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you
had five or more 12-ounce bottles of wine cooler (or the
equivalent) in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six
to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1774	11.9 %	94.8%
2	ONCE:(2)	45	0.3 %	2.4%
3	TWICE:(3)	27	0.2 %	1.4%
4	3-5X:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.6%
5	6-9X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.5%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12984	87.4 %	-

Based upon 1871 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V223	114D17A:#X WINE/LIFETIME

Location: 259-260 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 11040

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink,
not counting wine coolers . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1067	7.2 %	55.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	360	2.4 %	18.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	217	1.5 %	11.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	110	0.7 %	5.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	81	0.5 %	4.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	39	0.3 %	2.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	52	0.4 %	2.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12929	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1926 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V224	114D17B:#X WINE/LAST12MO

Location:	261-262 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11050

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink, not counting wine coolers . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1330	9.0 %	69.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	347	2.3 %	18.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	122	0.8 %	6.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	49	0.3 %	2.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	47	0.3 %	2.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	11	0.1 %	0.6%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	15	0.1 %	0.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12934	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1921 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V225	114D17C:#X WINE/LAST30DA

Location:	263-264 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11060

On how many occasions (if any) have you had wine to drink, not counting wine coolers . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1716	11.6 %	89.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	140	0.9 %	7.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	31	0.2 %	1.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	16	0.1 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	7	0.0 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12937	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1918 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V226	114D18 :#X 20OZ+ WN/2 WK

Location: 265-266 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11070

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more 4-ounce glasses of wine in a row (or the equivalent, which is about three-fourths of a bottle)?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="Three to five times" 5="Six to nine times" 6="Ten or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1813	12.2 %	96.0%
2	ONCE:(2)	38	0.3 %	2.0%
3	TWICE:(3)	20	0.1 %	1.1%
4	3-5X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.5%
5	6-9X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12966	87.3 %	-

Based upon 1889 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V227	114D19A:#X LIQR/LIFETIME

Location: 267-268 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 11080

The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc.,

or mixed drinks made with liquor.) On how many occasions
(if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	679	4.6 %	35.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	244	1.6 %	12.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	212	1.4 %	11.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	181	1.2 %	9.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	214	1.4 %	11.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	171	1.2 %	8.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	225	1.5 %	11.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12929	87.0 %	-

Based upon 1926 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V228	114D19B:#X LIQR/LAST12MO

Location:	269-270 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11090

{The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor
includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc.,
or mixed drinks made with liquor.)} On how many occasions
(if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	867	5.8 %	45.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	285	1.9 %	14.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	244	1.6 %	12.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	214	1.4 %	11.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	152	1.0 %	7.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	94	0.6 %	4.9%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	59	0.4 %	3.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12940	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1915 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V229	**114D19C:#X LIQR/LAST30DA**

Location:	271-272 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11100

{The next questions are about hard liquor. (Hard liquor
includes whiskey, Scotch, bourbon, gin, vodka, rum, etc.,
or mixed drinks made with liquor.)} On how many occasions
(if any) have you had liquor to drink . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1317	8.9 %	68.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	345	2.3 %	18.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	126	0.8 %	6.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	77	0.5 %	4.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	31	0.2 %	1.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12943	87.1 %	-

Based upon 1912 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V230	**114D20 :#X 5+LIQ/LST 2WK**

Location:	273-274 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 11110

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you
had five or more mixed drinks or shot glasses of hard liquor
in a row?

1="None" 2="Once" 3="Twice" 4="3 to 5 times" 5="6 to 9 times"

6="10 or more times"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	NONE:(1)	1460	9.8 %	80.3%
2	ONCE:(2)	136	0.9 %	7.5%
3	TWICE:(3)	119	0.8 %	6.5%
4	3-5X:(4)	68	0.5 %	3.7%
5	6-9X:(5)	23	0.2 %	1.3%
6	10+ TIME:(6)	13	0.1 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	13036	87.8 %	-

Based upon 1819 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V231   115E07A:#X FLVRDALC/LIFE

Location:	275-276 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 31360

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored
alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Smirnoff
Ice, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more
than just a few sips . . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	797	5.4 %	37.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	341	2.3 %	16.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	260	1.8 %	12.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	226	1.5 %	10.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	208	1.4 %	9.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	136	0.9 %	6.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	160	1.1 %	7.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12727	85.7 %	-

Based upon 2128 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V232   115E07B:#X FLVRDALC/12MO

Location:	277-278 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 31370

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Smirnoff Ice, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1104	7.4 %	52.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	388	2.6 %	18.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	255	1.7 %	12.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	159	1.1 %	7.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	124	0.8 %	5.8%
6	20-39X:(6)	48	0.3 %	2.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	42	0.3 %	2.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12735	85.7 %	-

Based upon 2120 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V233	**115E07C:#X FLVRDALC/30DA**
Location:	279-280 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 31380

On how many occasions (if any) have you had flavored alcoholic beverages like Mike's Hard Lemonade, Smirnoff Ice, Baccardi Silver, wine coolers, etc. to drink--more than just a few sips . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

(Do not include regular liquor, beer, or wine.)

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"

7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1630	11.0 %	76.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	294	2.0 %	13.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	105	0.7 %	5.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	55	0.4 %	2.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	22	0.1 %	1.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12735	85.7 %	-

Based upon 2120 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V234	112E03A:#X PCP/LIFETIME

Location:	281-282 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 01181

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2132	14.4 %	98.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	17	0.1 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12683	85.4 %	-

Based upon 2172 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V235	112E03B:#X PCP/LAST12MO

Location:	283-284 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9

Question:

Item Number: 01182

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2146	14.4 %	98.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12684	85.4 %	-

Based upon 2171 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V236	112E03C:#X PCP/LAST30DA

Location: 285-286 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01183

On how many occasions (if any) have you used PCP . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2155	14.5 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12683	85.4 %	-

Based upon 2172 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V237	113B18A:#X MDMA/LIFETIME

Location: 287-288 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22660

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA ("ecstasy") . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4338	29.2 %	92.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	169	1.1 %	3.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	59	0.4 %	1.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	43	0.3 %	0.9%
5	10-19X:(5)	45	0.3 %	1.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	34	0.2 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10155	68.4 %	-

Based upon 4700 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V238	113B18B:#X MDMA/LAST12MO

Location: 289-290 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22670

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA ("ecstasy") . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4456	30.0 %	94.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	124	0.8 %	2.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
3	3-5X:(3)	48	0.3 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	33	0.2 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10161	68.4 %	-

Based upon 4694 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V239	**113B18C:#X MDMA/LAST30DA**

Location: 291-292 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22680

On how many occasions (if any) have you used MDMA ("ecstasy") . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4593	30.9 %	97.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	65	0.4 %	1.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	16	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10162	68.4 %	-

Based upon 4693 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V240	**112E02A:#X CRACK/LIFETIM**

Location: 293-294 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 22260

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13455	90.6 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	127	0.9 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	36	0.2 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	24	0.2 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	20	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	42	0.3 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1143	7.7 %	-

Based upon 13712 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V241	112E02B:#X CRACK/LAST12M

Location:	295-296 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22270

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13571	91.4 %	99.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	62	0.4 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	19	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1145	7.7 %	-

Based upon 13710 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V242	112E02C:#X CRACK/LAST30D

Location:	297-298 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22280

[Forms 1, 3, 4, 6:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" (cocaine in chunk or rock form) . . .

[Form 1 has different context and examples: see form 1 codebook.]

[Forms 2, 5:] On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	13628	91.7 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	34	0.2 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	16	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	15	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	1144	7.7 %	-

Based upon 13711 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V243	111B077A:#XOTH COKE/LIFE

Location:	299-300 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22320

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any other form . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	8936	60.2 %	95.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	218	1.5 %	2.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	79	0.5 %	0.8%
4	6-9X:(4)	46	0.3 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	26	0.2 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	17	0.1 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	34	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5499	37.0 %	-

Based upon 9356 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V244   111B077B:#XOTH COKE/12MO

Location:	301-302 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22330

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any other form . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9131	61.5 %	97.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	113	0.8 %	1.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	50	0.3 %	0.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	23	0.2 %	0.2%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	15	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	12	0.1 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5501	37.0 %	-

Based upon 9354 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V245   111B077C:#XOTH COKE/30DA

Location:	303-304 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22340

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine in any other form . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	9265	62.4 %	99.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	51	0.3 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	18	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	5502	37.0 %	-

Based upon 9353 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V249   113D04C:#X RITALIN/12MO

Location:	305-306 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 31180

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.
During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken ritalin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4315	29.0 %	97.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	58	0.4 %	1.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	26	0.2 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10421	70.2 %	-

Based upon 4434 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V250	111B046A:#X DIETPILL/LFT

Location:	307-308 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21220

The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs.
Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants)
can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by
drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter"
drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others. On how
many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription
diet pills . . .

A . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2122	14.3 %	92.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	72	0.5 %	3.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	26	0.2 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	19	0.1 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	20	0.1 %	0.9%
6	20-39X:(6)	18	0.1 %	0.8%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	25	0.2 %	1.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12553	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2302 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V251	**111B046B:#X DIETPILL/12M**

Location:	309-310 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21230

{The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs. Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants) can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter" drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription diet pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2191	14.7 %	95.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	48	0.3 %	2.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	17	0.1 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12553	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2302 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V252	**111B046C:#X DIETPILL/30D**

Location:	311-312 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21240

{The next questions are about some non-prescription drugs. Some types of diet pills (also called appetite suppressants) can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These "over-the-counter" drugs include Dexatrim(R), Dietac(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription diet pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2245	15.1 %	97.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	23	0.2 %	1.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12555	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2300 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V253	**111B047A:#X STA-AWAK/LFT**

Location:	313-314 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21250

Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's
prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These
non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include
No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others.
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such
non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2167	14.6 %	94.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	54	0.4 %	2.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	27	0.2 %	1.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	17	0.1 %	0.7%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.7%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12556	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2299 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V254	**111B047B:#X STA-AWAK/12M**

Location: 315-316 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21260

{Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others.} On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2217	14.9 %	96.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	41	0.3 %	1.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12556	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2299 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V255	**111B047C:#X STA-AWAK/30D**

Location: 317-318 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 21270

{Some stay-awake pills can be sold legally without a doctor's prescription by drugstores, through the mail, etc. These non-prescription or "over-the-counter" drugs include No-Doz(R), Vivarin(R), Wake(R), Caffedrine(R), and others.}

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken such
non-prescription stay-awake pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2256	15.2 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	24	0.2 %	1.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12556	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2299 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V256	111B048A:#X LOOKALIK/LFT

Location:	319-320 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21280

In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills,
there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold
legally in most states without a prescription--usually by
mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation
speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription
amphetamines and sometimes have similar names. Other than diet
pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on
how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-
prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2220	14.9 %	96.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	26	0.2 %	1.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	14	0.1 %	0.6%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.6%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	8	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12556	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2299 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V257	111B048B:#X LOOKALIK/12M

Location:	321-322 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 21290

{In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills, there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold legally in most states without a prescription--usually by mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription amphetamines and sometimes have similar names.} Other than diet pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2249	15.1 %	97.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	18	0.1 %	0.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12558	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2297 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V258	111B048C:#X LOOKALIK/30D

Location:	323-324 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9

Question:

Item Number: 21300

{In addition to non-prescription diet and stay-awake pills, there are other stimulants and pep pills which can be sold legally in most states without a prescription--usually by mail. These are sometimes called "fake pep pills," "imitation speed," or "look-alikes," because they look like prescription amphetamines and sometimes have similar names.} Other than diet pills and stay-awake pills you have already told us about, on how many occasions (if any) have you taken other non-prescription stimulants or pep pills . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2270	15.3 %	98.9%
2	1-2X:(2)	12	0.1 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12559	84.5 %	-

Based upon 2296 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V259	111B060A:#X QUAD/LIFETIM (COPY OF V1377)

Location: 325-326 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type: numeric
Range of Missing Values (M): -9
Question:

Item Number: 01010

The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone). Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2267	15.3 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12575	84.7 %	-

Based upon 2280 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V260	**111B060B:#X QUAD/LAST12M (COPY OF V1378)**

Location: 327-328 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01020

{The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone). Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes.}
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes
on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to
take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2274	15.3 %	99.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12575	84.7 %	-

Based upon 2280 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V261	**111B060C:#X QUAD/LAST30D (COPY OF V1379)**

Location: 329-330 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 01030

{The next questions are about QUAALUDES (Methaqualone).

Quaaludes are sometimes called: Soapers, Quads, Ludes.}
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken quaaludes
on your own--that is, without a doctor telling you to
take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2276	15.3 %	99.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12575	84.7 %	-

Based upon 2280 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V262	116D20J:#X ROHYPNL/12MO

Location:	331-332 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 29785

{Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.}
During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken Rohypnol ("rophies," "roofies")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2158	14.5 %	98.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12667	85.3 %	-

Based upon 2188 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V263	116D20A:#X GHB/LAST12MO

Location: 333-334 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31050

{Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.}
During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken GHB ("liquid G," "grievous bodily
harm")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2173	14.6 %	98.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	15	0.1 %	0.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12649	85.1 %	-

Based upon 2206 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V264	115E11A:#X KETAMINE/12M

Location: 335-336 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31060

[Forms 3, 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid to
certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken ketamine ("special K," "super K")?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4306	29.0 %	98.3%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	38	0.3 %	0.9%
3	3-5X:(3)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10475	70.5 %	-

Based upon 4380 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V265	112B15A:#X H LIF USE NDL

Location: 337-338 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29630

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7119	47.9 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	22	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7675	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7180 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V266	112B15B:#X H 12M USE NDL

Location: 339-340 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 29640

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7146	48.1 %	99.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7673	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7182 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V267	112B15C:#X H 30D USE NDL

Location:	341-342 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 29650

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7154	48.2 %	99.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7673	51.7 %	-

Based upon 7182 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V268   112B16A:#X H LIF W/O NDL

Location:	343-344 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 29660

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin
WITHOUT using a needle . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7083	47.7 %	98.8%
2	1-2X:(2)	42	0.3 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7689	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7166 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V269   112B16B:#X H 12M W/O NDL

Location:	345-346 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 29670

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin
WITHOUT using a needle . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7122	47.9 %	99.4%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
2	1-2X:(2)	15	0.1 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	10	0.1 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7690	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7165 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V270	112B16C:#X H 30D W/O NDL

Location:	347-348 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 29680

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin
WITHOUT using a needle . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	7138	48.1 %	99.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	8	0.1 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	7692	51.8 %	-

Based upon 7163 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V271	116D14A:#X INJECT/LIFE

Location:	349-350 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 25050

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines, or steroids) . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2191	14.7 %	98.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	13	0.1 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	12	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12623	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2232 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V272	116D14B:#X INJECT/LST12M

Location:	351-352 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 25060

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines, or steroids) . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2206	14.9 %	99.0%
2	1-2X:(2)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	3	0.0 %	0.1%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
5	10-19X:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12626	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2229 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V273   116D14C:#X INJECT/LST30D

Location:	353-354 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 25070

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken any drugs by injection with a needle (like heroin, cocaine, amphetamines, or steroids) . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

Do NOT include anything you took under a doctor's orders.

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	2215	14.9 %	99.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12626	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2229 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V274   113D04F:#X OXYCONTN/12MO

Location:	355-356 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 31310

[Forms 3 and 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken OxyContin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6299	42.4 %	95.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	137	0.9 %	2.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	72	0.5 %	1.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	32	0.2 %	0.5%
5	10-19X:(5)	27	0.2 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	15	0.1 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	18	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8255	55.6 %	-

Based upon 6600 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V275	**113D04G:#X VICODIN/12MO**

Location: 357-358 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31320

[Forms 3 and 6: "Lately there has been some attention paid
to certain drugs."]

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken Vicodin (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6088	41.0 %	92.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	254	1.7 %	3.8%
3	3-5X:(3)	110	0.7 %	1.7%
4	6-9X:(4)	67	0.5 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	41	0.3 %	0.6%
6	20-39X:(6)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	30	0.2 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8255	55.6 %	-

Based upon 6600 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V279	112E04A:#X STRD/LIFETIME

Location: 359-360 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 22690

Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes
prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions.
Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to
increase muscle development. On how many occasions
(if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that
is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

A: . . . in your lifetime?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6431	43.3 %	98.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	48	0.3 %	0.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	18	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	17	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	7	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	24	0.2 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8299	55.9 %	-

Based upon 6556 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V280	112E04B:#X STRD/LAST12MO

Location: 361-362 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M):   -9

Question:

Item Number: 22700

{Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes
prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions.
Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to
increase muscle development.} On how many occasions
(if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that
is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

B: . . . during the last 12 months?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"

4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6474	43.6 %	98.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	31	0.2 %	0.5%
3	3-5X:(3)	13	0.1 %	0.2%
4	6-9X:(4)	13	0.1 %	0.2%
5	10-19X:(5)	4	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	19	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8299	55.9 %	-

Based upon 6556 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V281   112E04C:#X STRD/LAST30DA

Location:	363-364 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 22710

{Anabolic steroids are prescription drugs sometimes
prescribed by doctors to treat certain conditions.
Some athletes, and others, have used them to try to
increase muscle development.} On how many occasions
(if any) have you taken steroids on your own--that
is, without a doctor telling you to take them . . .

C: . . . during the last 30 days?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	6500	43.8 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	19	0.1 %	0.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	9	0.1 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	3	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	8302	55.9 %	-

Based upon 6553 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V282	113D04A:#X ANDRO/12MO

Location: 365-366 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31160

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken "andro" (androstenedione, non-prescription steroid)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4408	29.7 %	99.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	5	0.0 %	0.1%
4	6-9X:(4)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10412	70.1 %	-

Based upon 4443 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V283	113D04B:#X CREATINE/12MO

Location: 367-368 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31170

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken creatine (amino acid used to build muscle [form 3: "muscles"])?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions" 4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions" 7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4045	27.2 %	91.2%
2	1-2X:(2)	101	0.7 %	2.3%
3	3-5X:(3)	63	0.4 %	1.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	35	0.2 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	51	0.3 %	1.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	49	0.3 %	1.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	93	0.6 %	2.1%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10418	70.1 %	-

Based upon 4437 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V284	**113D04E:#X COUGHMED/12MO**

Location: 369-370 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 31670

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken a non-prescription cough or cold medicine (robos, DXM, etc.) to get high?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4181	28.1 %	94.3%
2	1-2X:(2)	118	0.8 %	2.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	65	0.4 %	1.5%
4	6-9X:(4)	34	0.2 %	0.8%
5	10-19X:(5)	13	0.1 %	0.3%
6	20-39X:(6)	6	0.0 %	0.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	16	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10422	70.2 %	-

Based upon 4433 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V285	**113D04D:#X ADDERALL/12MO**

Location: 371-372 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32450

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken Adderall (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4147	27.9 %	93.6%
2	1-2X:(2)	142	1.0 %	3.2%
3	3-5X:(3)	45	0.3 %	1.0%
4	6-9X:(4)	45	0.3 %	1.0%
5	10-19X:(5)	17	0.1 %	0.4%
6	20-39X:(6)	12	0.1 %	0.3%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	22	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10425	70.2 %	-

Based upon 4430 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V286	**115E11D:#X SALVIA/12MO**

Location: 373-374 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Item Number: 32500

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any) have you . . . taken Salvia?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4110	27.7 %	94.5%
2	1-2X:(2)	150	1.0 %	3.4%
3	3-5X:(3)	40	0.3 %	0.9%
4	6-9X:(4)	26	0.2 %	0.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	9	0.1 %	0.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	2	0.0 %	0.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	13	0.1 %	0.3%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10505	70.7 %	-

Based upon 4350 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V287	**115E11E:#X PROVIGIL/12MO**

Location:	375-376 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 32510

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . taken Provigil, a prescription stay-awake
drug (without a doctor's orders)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	4289	28.9 %	98.4%
2	1-2X:(2)	25	0.2 %	0.6%
3	3-5X:(3)	15	0.1 %	0.3%
4	6-9X:(4)	14	0.1 %	0.3%
5	10-19X:(5)	3	0.0 %	0.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	1	0.0 %	0.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	10	0.1 %	0.2%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	10498	70.7 %	-

Based upon 4357 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V288	**113D04H:#X HOOKAH/12MO**

Location:	377-378 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 32660

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . smoked tobacco using a hookah (water pipe)?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1812	12.2 %	81.1%
2	1-2X:(2)	180	1.2 %	8.1%
3	3-5X:(3)	98	0.7 %	4.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	35	0.2 %	1.6%
5	10-19X:(5)	48	0.3 %	2.1%
6	20-39X:(6)	23	0.2 %	1.0%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	37	0.2 %	1.7%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12622	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2233 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V289	113D04I:#X SMALL CIGARS/12MO

Location:	379-380 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 32670

Lately there has been some attention paid to certain drugs.

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, on how many occasions (if any)
have you . . . smoked small cigars?

1="0 Occasions" 2="1-2 Occasions" 3="3-5 Occasions"
4="6-9 Occasions" 5="10-19 Occasions" 6="20-39 Occasions"
7="40 or More"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
1	O OCCAS:(1)	1800	12.1 %	80.7%
2	1-2X:(2)	172	1.2 %	7.7%
3	3-5X:(3)	98	0.7 %	4.4%
4	6-9X:(4)	47	0.3 %	2.1%
5	10-19X:(5)	50	0.3 %	2.2%
6	20-39X:(6)	24	0.2 %	1.1%
7	40+OCCAS:(7)	40	0.3 %	1.8%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12624	85.0 %	-

Based upon 2231 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V290	115E01:# ENERGY DRINKS/DAY

Location:	381-382 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 32540

"Energy drinks" are non-alcoholic beverages that usually
contain high amounts of caffeine, including such drinks
as Red Bull, Full Throttle, Monster, and Rockstar. They
are usually sold in 8- or 16-ounce cans or bottles. About
how many (if any) energy drinks do you drink PER DAY, on
average?

0="None" 1="Less than 1" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four"
6="Five or six" 7="7 or more"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	1552	10.4 %	71.1%
1	< 1:(1)	429	2.9 %	19.7%
2	1:(2)	107	0.7 %	4.9%
3	2:(3)	48	0.3 %	2.2%
4	3:(4)	23	0.2 %	1.1%
5	4:(5)	7	0.0 %	0.3%
6	5-6:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
7	7 OR +:(7)	9	0.1 %	0.4%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12672	85.3 %	-

Based upon 2183 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

V291   115E02:# ENERGY SHOTS/DAY

Location:	383-384 (width: 2; decimal: 0)
Variable Type:	numeric
Range of Missing Values (M):	-9
Question:	

Item Number: 32550

Energy drinks are also sold as small "shots", that usually
contain just 2 or 3 ounces. How many (if any) energy drink
shots do you drink PER DAY, on average?

0="None" 1="Less than 1" 2="One" 3="Two" 4="Three" 5="Four"
6="Five or six" 7="7 or more"

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
0	NONE:(0)	1965	13.2 %	89.4%
1	< 1:(1)	141	0.9 %	6.4%
2	1:(2)	37	0.2 %	1.7%
3	2:(3)	21	0.1 %	1.0%

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	Valid %
4	3:(4)	12	0.1 %	0.5%
5	4:(5)	2	0.0 %	0.1%
6	5-6:(6)	8	0.1 %	0.4%
7	7 OR +:(7)	11	0.1 %	0.5%
-9 (M)	MISSING:(-9)	12658	85.2 %	-

Based upon 2197 valid cases out of 14855 total cases.

APPENDIX

Appendix A: Publications

In previous years, Monitoring the Future Publications were listed as Appendix A to this document.

For a current list of publications referencing Monitoring the Future data, please visit the Monitoring the Future <u>Publications</u> web page.

Publications are divided into the following categories:

    Monographs
    Reference Volumes
    Books
    Journal Articles
    Chapters
    Research Reports
    Occasional Papers
    Congressional Testimony
    Publications by Study Staff

Many of the publications may be accessed electronically via the web site, either in their entirety and/or in abstract form.

Appendix B - Sample Size and Student Response Rates

The three-stage sample procedure described in the introduction yielded the following number of participating schools and students.

	Number of Public Schools	Number of Private Schools	Total Number of Schools	Total Number of Students	Student Response Rate*
1975	111	14	125	15,791	78%
1976	108	15	123	16,678	77
1977	108	16	124	18,436	79
1978	111	20	131	18,924	83
1979	111	20	131	16,662	82
1980	107	20	127	16,524	82
1981	109	19	128	18,267	81
1982	116	21	137	18,348	83
1983	112	22	134	16,947	84
1984	117	17	134	16,499	83
1985	115	17	132	16,502	84
1986	113	16	129	15,713	83
1987	117	18	135	16,843	84
1988	113	19	132	16,795	83
1989	111	22	133	17,142	86
1990	114	23	137	15,676	86
1991	117	19	136	15,483	83
1992	120	18	138	16,251	84
1993	121	18	139	16,763	84
1994	119	20	139	15,929	84
1995	120	24	144	15,876	84
1996	118	21	139	14,824	83
1997	125	21	146	15,963	83
1998	124	20	144	15,780	82
1999	124	19	143	14,056	83
2000	116	18	134	13,286	83
2001	117	17	134	13,304	82
2002	102	18	120	13,544	83
2003	103	19	122	15,200	83

	Number of Public Schools	Number of Private Schools	Total Number of Schools	Total Number of Students	Student Response Rate*
2004	109	19	128	15,222	82
2005	108	21	129	15,378	82
2006	116	20	136	14,814	83
2007	111	21	132	15,132	81
2008	103	17	120	14,577	79
2009	106	19	125	14,268	82
2010	104	22	126	15,127	85
2011	110	19	129	14,855	83

* The student response rate is derived by dividing the attained sample by the target sample (both based on weighted numbers of cases). The target sample is based upon listings provided by schools. Since such listings may fail to take account of recent student attrition, the actual response rate may be slightly underestimated.