

Data, Math and Methods

Week 5, State Machines Project



Today

- State Machines Project
 - What we learned about State Machines into a project

State Machines in code

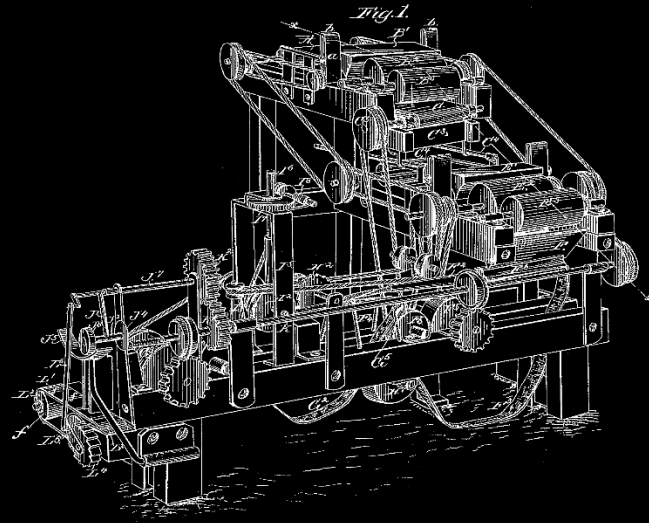
- Let's code up a simple state machine
- State can control an output – for example color / sound sample in the loop / displayed image

Machines

- Repetition from the last class:

Inputs >

*In some form that the machine will understand
= we call that an alphabet*



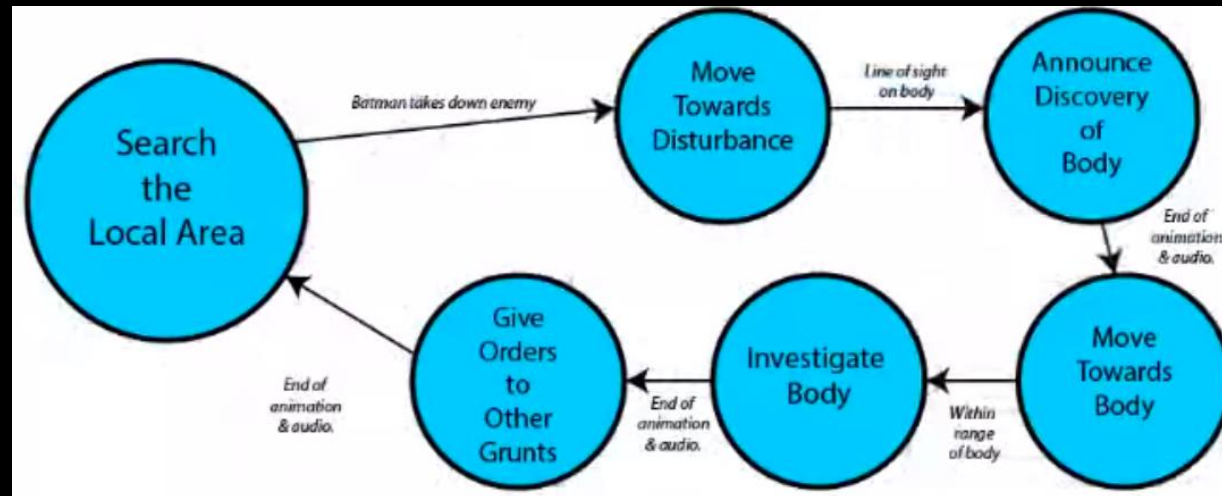
> Outputs

Again some which we are expecting

Machine has a state (turned on / off / waiting for input / etc ...)

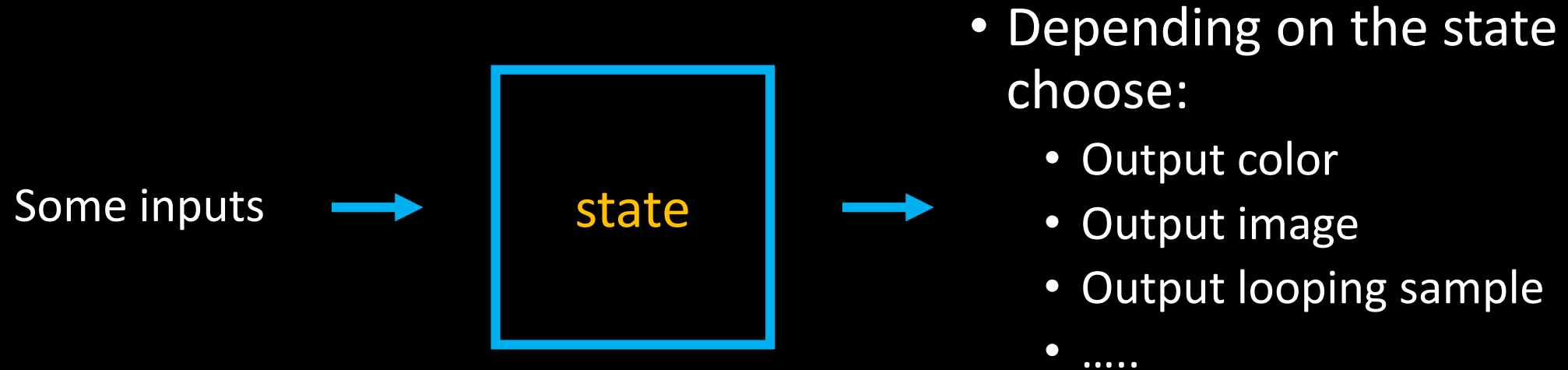
State Machines uses

- So for example as AI in Games:



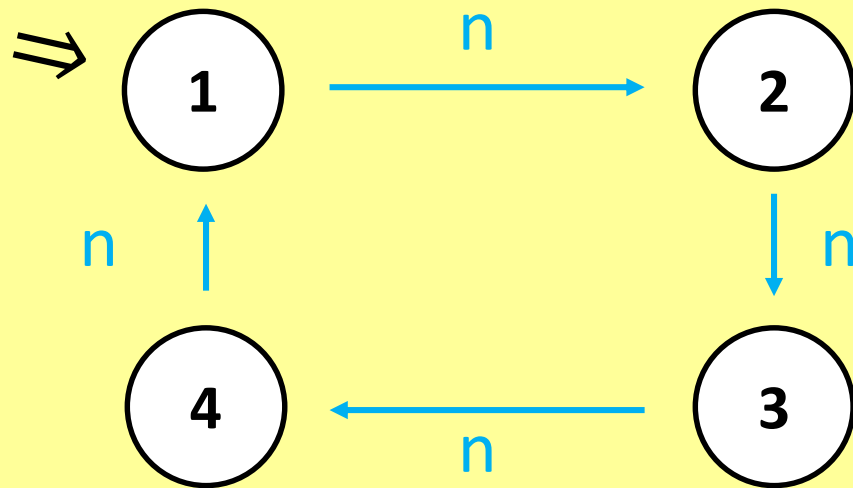
State Machines

- In our coding scenario we want this:



State Machines example

What does this machine do?

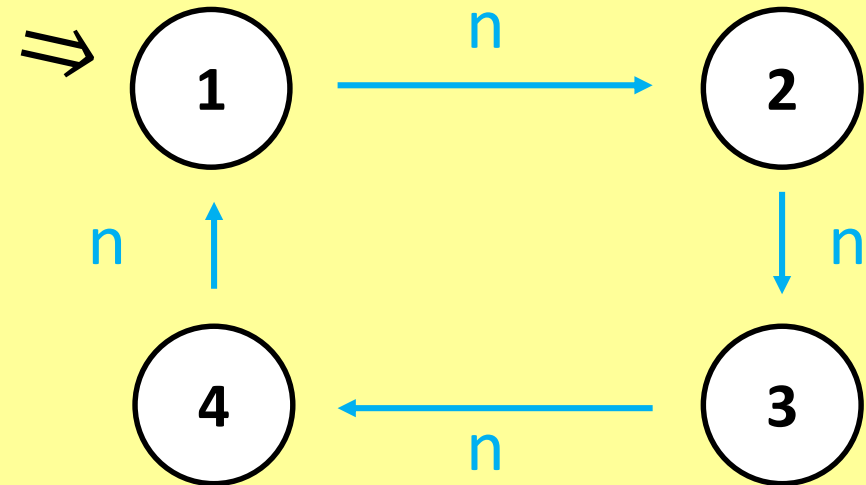


It loops through states (1 to 4) when pressing “n”.

In this case we don't have an “accepting” state, as an output we can read which state we are on

State Machines formalized:

- Set of states (1,2,3,4)
 - Start: starting state (1)
- Accepting alphabet ("n")
- Transitions between states
 - 1 \Rightarrow 2 with "n"
 - 2 \Rightarrow 3 with "n"
 - ... etc
- **Mapping** between the state number and outputted color (for example)
 - 1 \Rightarrow red, 2 \Rightarrow orange, 3 \Rightarrow green, ...



Today's coding task

- Build a state machine inside the rest of the code which controls the behavior
- We get some inputs (for example key presses) and in the end we want to map the machine state onto a output (a color, or a sound sample being played)
- (Important!) Allow your code to work with any state machine – don't hardcode just one behavior, but let me change the control state machine mechanism to (in theory) any possible state machine!