```
from sympy.physics.units.systems import SI
          from sympy.physics.units import Quantity, length, mass, time
In [ ]:
          # デフォルトで用意されている変数 t, g と
          # 物体 A に紐付く変数 x_A, y_A, v_{Ax}, v_{Ay} を生成
          t = Quantity('t', latex_repr='t')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(t, dimension=time)
          g = Quantity('g', latex_repr='g')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(g, dimension=length/time**2)
          xA = Quantity('xA', latex_repr='x_A')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(xA, dimension=length)
          yA = Quantity('yA', latex_repr='y_A')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(yA, dimension=length)
          vAx = Quantity('vAx', latex_repr='v_{Ax}')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(vAx, dimension=length/time)
          vAy = Quantity('vAy', latex_repr='v_{Ay}')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(vAy, dimension=length/time)
In [ ]:
          # v_{0x} と v_{0y} を生成
          v0x = Quantity('v0x', latex_repr='v_{0x}')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(v0x, dimension=length/time)
          v0y = Quantity('v0y', latex_repr='v_{0y}')
          SI_set_quantity_dimension(v0y, dimension=length/time)
In [ ]:
          # 各変数が満たすべき方程式を作成
          eqs = [Eq(vAx, v0x), Eq(vAy, v0y - g * t), Eq(xA, v0x * t), Eq(yA, v0y * t - g * t / 2)]
          for eq in eqs: display(eq)
         v_{Ax} = v_{0x}
         v_{Ay} = -gt + v_{0y}
         x_A = t v_{0x}
         y_A=-rac{gt}{2}+tv_{0y}
In [ ]:
```

for eq in eqs: display(Math(f'{latex(eq.lhs)} = {latex(eq.rhs.subs(param))}'))

In []:

from IPython.display import display, Math

from sympy import Eq, solve, latex

#初期値を代入

 $v_{Ax}=3$

 $v_{Au}=0$

 $x_A = 6$

 $y_A = 6$

param = $\{t: 2, g: 2, v0x: 3, v0y: 4\}$