The Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Rules, 1953

UNION OF INDIA India

The Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Rules, 1953

Rule

THE-REQUISITIONING-AND-ACQUISITION-OF-IMMOVABLE-PROPERT of 1953

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The Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Rules, 1953Published vide Notification S.R.O. 948, dated 18.5.1953, published in the Gazette of India 1953, Part 2, Section 3.Last Updated 23rd February, 2019 [21/952]In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (30 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely: -

1. Short title.

- These rules may be called The Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Rules, 1953.

2. Definitions.

- In these rules - unless the context otherwise requires,-(a)"Act" means the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952;(aa)["Court" means a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property requisitioned or acquired is situated] [Inserted by G.S.R. 654, dated 23.7.1958.];(b)"Form" means a form appended to these rules;(c)"section" or "sub-section" means respectively a section or sub-section of the Act.

3. Procedure to be followed by competent authority for purposes of section 3(1)

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.-A notice under clause (a) of sub-section (1) and order under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act shall be in Form "A".

4. Order of requisitioning.

- The order of requisition under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Act and the notice under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act shall be issued in Form "E".

5. Breaking open of locks on requisitioned property.

- Where the possession of a requisitioned property is not handed over in compliance with an order issued under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act and the premises are found locked, the competent authority or any other person authorised by it in writing in this behalf may break open the lock in the presence of two witnesses and take possession of the property:Provided that--(i)before any such action is taken the competent authority shall satisfy itself that the order under sub-section (1) of section 4 has been duly served on the party concerned and that the party is evading compliance with the order;(ii)the powers under this rule shall not be exercised at any time after sunset or before sunrise; and(iii)where possession is taken in pursuance of the powers conferred by this rule, an inventory of the articles found in the premises shall be made in the presence of two witnesses and such articles shall be stored in safe custody.

6. Repairs to requisitioned premises.

- A notice under sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Act shall be in Form "F". The time for execution of repairs to be specified in the notice shall be such as the competent authority may deem reasonable having regard to the nature of repairs and other circumstances of the case.

7. Procedure to be followed in releasing the property.

(1)For the purpose of sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Act the competent authority may, if it considers it necessary so to do, make or cause to be made by an officer empowered in this behalf by it, an enquiry to obtain information in respect of the following matters, namely: -(i)the name and address of the person from whom the property was requisitioned;(ii)the name and address of the person in possession of the property at the time the property was requisitioned;(iii)the name of the person who has been receiving compensation;(iv)whether any alternative accommodation was provided to the occupant when the property was requisitioned or whether any compensation was paid to him for vacating the property or whether the occupants, if any, relinquished their claims for re-occupation of the property;(v)whether the occupant was a bona fide tenant of the property or was an unauthorised occupant or has no claim in law for the restitution of the property;(vi)whether the owner of the property on whom the requisitioning order was first served, had sold the property and if so to whom;(vii)in case the property has been sold whether the owner has sold all rights in respect of the property;(viii)whether there is any objection to the property being de-requisitioned in favour of the owner from whom the property was requisitioned;(ix)the state of repairs of property at the

time of enquiry;(x)whether any structure or articles belonging to Government have been erected or installed in the property and their value;(xi)the condition of the property at the time of requisition and whether the property is in as good a condition as it was when possession thereof was taken subject to change caused by reasonable wear and tear or irresistible force;(xii)the estimated cost of restoration; and(xiii)any other matter that the competent authority may consider necessary for the purpose of specifying the person to whom possession of the property may be given.(2)Before issuing an order of release under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Act, the authority to whom the powers of the Central Government have been delegated for this purpose, shall obtain the approval of the Central Government in the administrative ministry concerned.(3)An order under sub-section (2) of section 6 shall be issued in Form "G".(4)A notice under sub-section (4) of section 6 shall be in Form "H".

8. Acquisition of requisitioned property.

- A notice under [sub-section (1) or (1A)] [Substituted 'sub-section (1)' by Notification No. G.S.R. 133(E), dated 20.2.2019 (w.e.f. 18.5.1953).] of section 7 of the Act calling upon the owner or any other person interested in a requisitioned property to show cause why the property should be acquired, shall be in [Form 'I' or Form 'IA'] [Substituted 'Form 'I' by Notification No. G.S.R. 133(E), dated 20.2.2019 (w.e.f. 18.5.1953).]. A notice of actual acquisition shall be in Form "J".[Form 'IA'] [Inserted by Notification No. G.S.R. 133(E), dated 20.2.2019 (w.e.f. 18.5.1953).](See rule 8) Notice Whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that the property described in the Schedule hereto annexed which is subject to requisition should be acquired for a public purpose, namely; -And Whereas, a notice dated under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (30 of 1952), was issued by the Central Government to Shri / Smt. / Km to show cause within the period specified therein why the said property should not be acquired. And Whereas, after considering the fact that no cause was shown against the said notice / after considering the cause shown against the said notice, the Central Government, in exercise of powers conferred under sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, issued a notice dated for acquisition of the said property. And Whereas, the said notice dated has been quashed by vide order dated on the ground that the owner or any other person interested in the property was not given adequate opportunity to show cause or personal hearing. Now, therefore, in exercise of powers conferred by sub-section (1A) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government do hereby call upon Shri / Smt. / Km being the owner of the said property to show cause within fifteen days of the date of service of this notice upon him / her why the said property should not be acquired.

Schedule

Signature	.Designation		
То,		 	

9. Compensation.

(1)An authority to whom the powers of the Central Government have been delegated shall, as far as may be, associate with itself the local officer of the Central Government concerned with the property in fixing compensation under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 8, and obtain the approval of the Central Government in the administrative ministry concerned [or of any officer authorised by that Government in this behalf.] [Added by S.R.O. 3272, dated 19.10.1954.](2)Compensation for requisitioned property, other than agricultural land, shall be paid by the competent authority quarterly in arrears. In the case of agricultural land, the compensation shall be paid either annually or on release of the land whichever is earlier. The compensation shall be paid either in cash or by cheque at the discretion of the competent authority.(3)[The competent authority shall, as soon as may be practicable after the making of a requisitioning order or the service of a notice of acquisition, communicate to each person interested an offer of what, in the opinion of the competent authority, is a fair amount of compensation payable to such person in respect of the property requisitioned or acquired.(4)If the owner of the property is not readily traceable or if there be no person competent to alienate the property or if the ownership of the property is in dispute or if there be any dispute as to the title to receive the compensation or as to the apportionment of the amount offered as compensation, the competent authority shall deposit in Court the amount of the compensation as determined by him under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 8. The competent authority shall at the same time submit to the Central Government a report setting forth the full facts of the case with all connected papers and apply for the appointment of an arbitrator. Where the compensation is recurring, the competent authority shall, in case covered by this sub-rule, deposit the amount in Court from time to time in arrear as it falls due.(5)(i)Every person interested to whom an offer is made under sub-rule (3) shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of the offer, communicate in writing to the competent authority his acceptance or otherwise of the offer. If he accepts the offer, the competent authority shall enter into an agreement with him on behalf of the Central Government in Form "K".(ii) In the following circumstances the competent authority may, at his discretion, make, to [all eligible claimants] [Substituted by G.S.R. 502, dated 23.4.1960.] ["on account" payment up to 80 per cent. of the amount which, in his opinion, is likely to be assessed as compensation or recurring compensation as the case may be-[Inserted by S.R.O. 3252, dated 30.9.1957.](a)when there is likely to be delay in assessing compensation; (b) where the competent authority has made an assessment but there is delay in reaching an agreement though there is a reasonable prospect of agreement being reached; or(c)where it is clear that an agreement cannot be reached.(iii)If the competent authority makes an "on account" payment under clause (ii), he shall enter into an agreement with the person to whom payment is made on behalf of the Central Government, in Form "L" with such modification as the nature of the case may require. (6) If any person to whom an offer is made under sub-rule (3) does not accept the offer or does not within fifteen days of the receipt of the offer communicate in writing to the competent authority his acceptance or otherwise of the offer, the competent authority shall, as soon as may be, submit to the Central Government a report setting forth the full facts of the case, particularly as regards the nature and extent of disagreement between himself on the one hand and the said person on the other hand and he shall also forward with the report all connected papers. The competent authority shall at the same time deposit in Court the amount offered by him to the said person under sub-rule (3).] [Inserted by S.R.O. 3252, dated 30.9.1957.

10. Arbitration.

- [(1) An arbitrator appointed under clause (b) of sub--section (1) of section 8 shall ordinarily complete the arbitration proceedings and give his award within four months. If for any reason he is unable to give his award within that period,] [Substituted by S.R.O. 3224, dated 4.10.1954.][the Central Government or the authority to which the power of the Central Government under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 8 has been delegated, may, if it thinks fit whether the time for making the award, has expired or not and whether the award has been made or not, enlarge, from time to time, the time for making the award [Substituted by S.R.O. 708, dated 25.3.1955.].(2)An arbitrator shall take down the evidence of each witness, not ordinarily in the form of question and answer, but in that of a narrative and shall sign it.(3)Where before an arbitrator is able to finish the arbitration proceedings and make his award, a new arbitrator is appointed, the new arbitrator may deal with the evidence taken down by his predecessor as if such evidence had been taken down by him and may proceed with the arbitration proceedings from the stage at which his predecessor left it.(4)The costs of arbitration and award shall be in the discretion of the arbitrator who may direct to, and by whom, and in what manner, they or any part thereof shall be paid, and in case an appeal is preferred to the High Court, such costs and the costs of the appeal shall be in the discretion of the High Court, who may direct to, and by whom and in what manner, they or any part thereof shall be paid.(5)[When arbitrator has made his award he shall sign it and shall give notice in writing to the parties to the reference of the making and signing thereof. He shall also send to the competent authority as well as to the person or persons to be compensated a copy of the award with a note appended thereto setting forth the grounds on which the award is based and] [Inserted by S.R.O. 3252, dated 30.9.1957. [[shall also forward the award in original together with the records of the proceedings--(a)to the proper Court if an appeal is preferred against the award within the period of limitation prescribed for preferring such appeal;(b)to the competent authority if no such appeal is preferred within the said period].(6)On receipt of a copy of the award, the competent authority shall pay the amount awarded by the arbitrator to the persons entitled thereto [* * *] [Omitted by G.S.R. 654, dated 23.7.1958.].[10-A. Moneys deposited in Court. [Substituted by S.R.O. 3252, dated 30.9.1957.]- If any money is deposited in Court under rule 9(4) or rule 9(6), the Court shall deal with it in the manner laid down in sections 32 and 33 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894).] [Substituted by G.S.R. 1212, dated 10.12.1958.]

11. Appeals.

(1)Appeals under section 10 shall be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India in the administrative ministry concerned with the requisitioned property. [Where the appeal relates to a property requisitioned in the Union territory, the appeal shall be addressed to the Administrator or if there is no Administrator, to the Chief Secretary of the territory concerned or if there is no Chief Secretary, to the Central Government. If, however, a party addresses an appeal in respect of any such property to the Central Government, the Central Government may, if it thinks fit, hear the appeal itself and dispose it of or may direct the party to file it before the Administrator or the Chief Secretary or may send the appeal to the Administrator or the Chief Secretary, as the case may be, for disposal] [Substituted by G.S.R. 758, dated 15.4.1968.].(2)Every appeal shall contain the grounds of appeal and shall be accompanied by a copy of the order against which the appeal is preferred.

12. Summoning of persons and witnesses and production of documents.

- -An order under section 12 of the Act summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath or requiring the discovery and production of any document shall be issued in Form "B". An order requisitioning public records from any Court or office shall be issued in Form "C", while an order issuing commissions for examination of witnesses shall be in Form "D".

13. Inspection of premises.

- The competent authority or any officer, empowered in this behalf by such authority, by general or special order, shall not, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14, enter upon any property after sunset or before, sunrise. Acquisition and Requisitioning-Requisitioning and Acquisition of
Immovable Property Act, 1952FORM "A"(See rule 3)Notice And OrderWhereas, I,
(name and designation) being the competent authority under the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (30 of 1952), am of opinion that the property described in the Schedule hereto annexed is needed/or likely to be needed for a public purpose, to wit,*[
the said property) to show cause
Competent Authority.Signature/Designation.Seal
1. Here mention the purposes for which the property shall be requisitioned.
2. Strike off the irrelevant words.
ToFORM "B"(See Rule 12)Summons to WitnessCase
No of 20In the officeProposed requisitioning/acquisition-fixation of compensation in respect
ofTo
above case, you are hereby required (personally) to appear before the undersigned on the day of, 19 at O' clock in the forenoon/afternoon and
to bring with you (or to send to this office) the said documents. In case you fail to comply with this order without lawful excuse, you will be subject to the consequence of non-attendance laid down in

Rule 12 of order XVI of the C.P.C.Given under n	ny hand and the seal of this office, this
day of	20Competent
Authority/Arbitrator.FORM "C"(See Rule 12)Re	
20In the officeProposed requisiti	on/acquisition/fixation of compensation
ofTo	Please
arrange to send per bearer/through your clerk o	
mentioned below for my examination in connec	
requisitioning/acquisition/fixation of compensa	ation in respect of
Given ui	nder my hand and seal of this office, this
day of	
•	
1.	
2.	
4.	
Commetent Author	ouity/AuhitustanEODM "D"(Coo Dula 10)Eours of
	ority/ArbitratorFORM "D"(See Rule 12)Form of
-	It is ordered as
follows :-	
1. A commission may issue directed	to of
1. A commission may issue directed	
	xamination upon interrogatories or viva
voce before the aforesaid commission	ner of the following:
(1)(2)(3)	

- 2. In the event of any witness on his examination, cross-examination or re-examination producing any book, document, letter, paper, or writing and refusing for good cause to be stated in his deposition, to part with the original thereof, then a copy thereof or extract therefrom certified by the Commissioner to be a true and correct copy or extract shall be annexed to the witness's deposition.
- 3. Each witness to be examined under the commission shall be examined on oath, affirmation or otherwise in accordance with his religion by or before the said Commissioner.

4. The depositions to be taken under by virtue of the said commission shall be subscribed by the witness or witnesses and by the Commissioner.

any documents referr	ed to therein or c	ertified c	opies thereof or extract	S
	-		rity/arbitrator on or befo	
day or _ ordered by registered		Sucii iui	ther or other day as ma	y De
Dated this	day of	20_	.Competent	
Authority/Arbitrator.FORM to be issued under sub-secti property act, 1952 (30 of 198	"E"(See rule 4)Order on (1) of section 3 of th 52) was called upon to	and Notice\ ne requisitionshow cause	Whereas by a notice issued or coning and acquisition of immover(enter national specified in the Schedule heret	vable ame of
	isitioned;and Whereas	the said pe	eriod has expired and no cause	
considered;Now, Therefore,	in exercise of the pow	ers conferre	ed by sub section (2) of section being a compe	_
authority (name des necessary or expedient so to	ignation)do, do hereby requisit _ to surrender or deliv	under the s tion the said ver possession	said Act having been satisfied t d property and I hereby order t on thereof to	hat it is he said
			within thirt	
			e saide er, it shall be lawful for me to t	
possession of the property a			·	akc
Schedule 3	r r r		y a second y	
Signature Designation.To 6)ORDERWhereas the pren			FORM "F"(See rule
requisitioned under section 1952 (30 of 1953); or are dec provisions of section 24 of the specified in the Schedule he sub-section (2) of section 5 of	3 of the Requisitioning emed to have been req ne said Act.And, where reto appended;Now, the of the said Act, I	g and Acqui uisitioned u eas, the said nerefore, in	isition of Immovable Property Ander that section by virtue of the premises are in need of repair exercise of the powers conferred (enter name) (enter	the rs ed by
said premises to execute the and are usually made by lan of from the date of	repairs, specified in the locality in the locality in the locality in service of this notice. It is period, it shall cause in the period any other many ot	ne schedule, ne which the father said land the same the s	t do hereby order the landlord, , being repairs which are neces premises are situated within a ndlord fails to execute the repa to be executed at his expense a very be deducted from the	sary period irs in

Schedule 4

Signature/DesignationTo		FORM
"G"(See rule 7)ORDERWhereas the property	y specified in the Schedule here	eto annexed was
requisitioned by the order of the	, dated	, with effect
from the;And whereas the	competent authority has now	decided that the said
property shall be released from requisition v	vith effect from	
N	ow, therefore, in exercise of the	e powers conferred by
sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Requisitio	ning and Acquisition of Immov	vable Property Act, 1952
(No. 30 of 1952), I,		
name and designation) specify Mr./Messrs		as
the person/persons to whom possession of t	he said property shall be given.	•
Schedule 5		
Signature/DesignationTo		FORM
"H"(See rule 7(4)]NoticeWhereas the proper	rty specified in the Schedule he	reto annexed was
requisitioned by the order of the	, No	 ,
dated with effect f	from	until further
orders of the Central government; And, Whe	reas, the Central Government l	has decided that the said
property shall be released from requisition;	And, Whereas, in exercise of the	e powers conferred by
sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Requisitio	ning and Acquisition of Immov	vable Property Act, 1952
(30 of 1952), I,		
authorityunder the	ne said Act have specified Shri	
as the person to		
given.And, Whereas, the said Shri		
other person empowered to accept delivery	on his behalf.Now, Therefore, i	n exercise of the powers
conferred by sub-section (4) of section 6 of t		
that the said(n	name designation)	property is
released, from requisition.		
Schedule 6		
Signature/DesignationTo		FORM
"I"(See rule 8)NoticeWhereas Central Gover	nment is of opinion that the pr	operty described in the
Schedule hereto annexed which is subject to	requisition should be acquired	l for a public purpose,
namely,Now Th	nerefore, in exercise of the pow	ers conferred by
sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, C	entral Government do hereby o	call upon Shri
	ng the owner of the said propert	•
fifteen days of the date of service of this noti acquired.	ce upon him why the said prop	erty should not be

Schedule 7

Signature/DesignationTo	FORM
"J"(See rule 8)NoticeWhereas a notice under the proviso to [sub-section (1) or	r (1A)] [Substituted
'sub-section (1)' by Notification No. G.S.R. 133(E), dated 20.2.2019 (w.e.f. 18.	5.1953).] of section 7 of
the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952 (30 of 19	952) was issued by the
Central Government to Shri bei	ng the owner of the
said property calling upon him to show cause within the period specified there	ein why the said
property should not be acquired ;And Whereas the said period has expired an	d no cause has been
shown against the said notice/the cause against the said notice has been const	idered;Now, Therefore,
in exercise of the powers of [sub-section (1) or (1A)] [Substituted 'sub-section	(1)' by Notification No.
G.S.R. 133(E), dated 20.2.2019 (w.e.f. 18.5.1953).] of section 7 of the said Act,	the Central
Government having been satisfied that it is necessary so to do, do hereby acqu	iire the said property.
Cabadula O	

Schedule 8

Signature/DesignationFORM "K" [Inserted by S.R	.O. 3252, dated 30-9-1957][see Rule 9	(5)(i)]Form
of agreement to be made on behalf of the central g	overnment with owners of immovable	property
requisitioned the payment is made in fullMemorar	ndum of agreement made this	day of
one thousand nine hundred and seventy	between	
son of	by occupation	at
present residing at		
owner"/owners (which expression shall unless exc	luded by or repugnant to the context b	e deemed
to include his heirs their respective executors, adm	inistrators and assigns) of the one par	t and the
President of India (hereinafter referred to as `The	Government' which expression shall n	nean and
include his successor-in-office and assigns) of the	other part.Whereas, the immovable pr	operty
particulars whereof are set out in the Schedule her	eunder written (hereinafter called `the	e said
property') has been requisitioned under the Requis	sitioning and Acquisition of Immovabl	e Property
Act, 1952, and the rules framed thereunder and on	the day of	
20taken possession	n of by or on behalf of or under the aut	hority of
the Central Government.And Whereas the said ow	ner has/owners have represented and	stated to
the Government that the owner/owners alone is/a		-
of the said property and no other person has any ri		
Whereas the said property consists, inter alia, or la	and structures and the Government has	S
dismantled the said structures;And Whereas the o	•	•
agreed to settle the amount of compensation payal		
person has any right to such compensation or any	-	operty
consists, inter alia, of the land structures and the G		
structures.And, whereas, the owner/owners and th		
amount of compensation payable by the governme	•	
said requisition in the manner hereinafter appeari	ng;Now it is hereby agreed by and bety	ween the
parties as follows :-		

1. The Government shall	pay and the owner/owners	shall accept an	d receive
a sum of Rs	in full settlement o	of the compensat	tion for
the structures.(Omit if th	e owner had no structures	.)	
2. The Government shall	pay the owner/owners sha	III accept and rec	eive
payment of Rs	per month/quar	terly/year for the	said
property with effect from	the said day of	20	so long
as the Government shall	remain in possession ther	eof and the requ	isition
continues.			

3. The owner/owners shall not claim or be entitled to any other compensation whatsoever in connection with the said requisition.

[Provided that the owner/owners may claim variation of compensation if the rent of the premised considered as on lease to the Government is variable by reason of any statutory provision.] [Inserted by G.S.R. 359, dated 26-3-1960]

- 4. The owner/owners shall meet and pay the revenue, rent, municipal taxes and all other outgoings relating to the said property whether payable by the owner/owners or the occupier thereof.
- 5. If it hereafter transpires that the owner/owners is/are not entitled or exclusively entitled to the compensation payable in respect of the said property or if the Government have to pay any compensation to any other person the owner/owners shall refund to the Government the payments made hereunder and shall otherwise indemnify the Government against any loss or damage suffered by the government by reason of any fault or defect in his/their title as represented by him/them without prejudice to any other remedies for the enforcement of any refund and/or indemnify, the Government may recover any sum payable by way of refund and/or indemnify as arrears of land revenue.
- 6. Should any dispute or difference arise out of or concerning the subject-matter of these presents or any covenant clause or thing herein contained or otherwise arising out of the requisition aforesaid the same shall be referred to an arbitrator to be appointed by the Central government and the decision of such arbitrator shall be conclusive and binding on the parties hereto. The provisions of the Arbitration Act, 1940 shall apply to such

arbitration.

above referred to	
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(Particulars and Descri	iption of Property Requ	iisitioned)In witness	whereof these prese	ents have been
	ear first above written.			
owner/owners in the p of the President in the	resence of	Signe	d and delivered for	and on behalf
of the President in the	presence of	FORM "L'	'[see rule 9(5)(iii)]I	Form of
	on behalf of the central			
requisitioned when the	persons to be compen	sated are known but f	for want of agreem	ents as to the
amount of compensation	on certain sums are pai	d on accountMemora	andum of agreemen	it made this
day of	two thousand	between		son
of	by occupation	ı at p	present residing at	
	hereinafte	er referred to as the ov	wner/owners (whic	h expression
shall unless excluded b	y or repugnant to the c	ontext be deemed to	include his/their re	espective heirs,
executors, administrate	ors and assigns) of the	one part and the Pres	ident of India (her	einafter
referred to as `The Gov	vernment' which expres	ssion shall mean and	include his success	or-in-office
and assigns) of the oth	er part.Whereas the im	movable property par	rticulars whereof a	re set out in
the schedule hereunde	r written (hereinafter c	alled the said propert	y) has been requisi	tioned under
the Requisitioning and	Acquisition of Immova	able Property Act, 195	32 and the rules fra	med
thereunder and on the		day of	20	taken
possession of by or on	behalf of or under the a	uthority of the Centr	al Government.And	d Whereas the
said owner/owners has	s/have represented and	stated to the Govern	ment that the owne	er/owners
alone is/are entitled to	all compensation paya	ble in respect of the s	aid property and n	o other person
has any right to such co		•	· ·	· ·
	parties as to amount of	1 1	•	
	request of the owner/o	_		•
	n agreement between th	-	_	
the final determination	ı of such amount under	the law, Now this Ag	reement witnesses	as follows :-
1. The Governmen	nt shall pay the ov	vner/owners sha	II accept and re	eceive
payment of Rs		per month/quart	erly/year for th	e said
	ct from the said d			
	nt as to or determ		nount payable a	as
compensation to	the owner/owners	-		

2. Upon such agreement or determination of the amount payable as compensation as aforesaid an account shall be prepared crediting the Government with the payments made by the government as aforesaid and debiting the Government with the amount payable as compensation. If on such account being prepared there is a balance in favour of the Government

the amount of such balance shall be forthwith refunded by the owner/owners to the Government. If there is a balance payable to the owner/owners the amount thereof to the owner/owners.

- 3. If it hereafter transpires that the owner/owners is/are not entitled or exclusively entitled to the compensation payable in respect of the said property or if the Government have to pay any compensation to any other person the owner/owners shall refund to the Government the payments made hereunder and shall otherwise indemnify the Government against any loss or damage suffered by the government by reason of any fault or defect in his/their title as represented by him/them without prejudice to any other remedies for the enforcement of any refund and/or indemnify, the Government may recover any sum payable by way of refund and/or indemnify as arrears of land revenue.
- 4. Should any dispute or difference arise out of or concerning the subject-matter of these presents or any covenant clause or thing herein contained or otherwise arising out of the requisition aforesaid the same shall be referred to an arbitrator to be appointed by the Central government and the decision of such arbitrator shall be conclusive and binding on the parties hereto. The provisions of the Arbitration Act, 1940 shall apply to such arbitration.

above referred to