

Control Structures + Lists and Loops

Practice 1

Hyung-Sin Kim



Seoul National University
Graduate School of Data Science





1. Finding Sum of Positive Integers in list

- Make a function P1 that takes a list consisting of only integers as input, adds only the positive integers among the elements of the list, and returns the sum.

- Conditions

1. The input list consists only of integers.
2. Return 0 if there are no positive integers in the list.

- **Ex 1)**

```
>>> P1([1, 2, -3])  
-> 3
```

- **Ex 2)**

```
>>> P1([-1, 0])  
-> 0
```



2. Print stars

- Make a function that print stars as below.
 - (1) `star_flag(n)` (`n` is a positive number)
`def star_flag(n: int) -> None:`
 - (2) `star_Z(n)` (`n > 2`)
`def star_Z(n: int) -> None:`

`star_flag(3)`

```
*  
**  
***  
**  
*
```

`star_flag(5)`

```
*  
**  
***  
****  
*****  
****  
**  
*
```

`star_Z(4)`

```
****  
  *  
  *  
****
```

`star_Z(5)`

```
*****  
  *  
  *  
  *  
*****
```



3. Nested List

- Make a function P3 that receives a nested list as an input and returns a list that satisfies the conditions below.

- Conditions

1. The input list is looks like [[word, length]]
2. Words consist only of lower case letters
3. Collect words from the input list and return as a list
4. The list must be alphabetically ordered

- **Ex 1)**

```
>>> P3([[‘apple’, 5],[‘banana’, 6]])  
-> [‘apple’, ‘banana’]
```

- **Ex 2)**

```
>>> P3([[‘cup’, 3], [‘ace’, 3], [‘nice’, 4], [‘good’, 4]])  
-> [‘ace’, ‘cup’, ‘good’, ‘nice’]
```



Thanks!

hyungkim@snu.ac.kr