

Result 6.2. (Independent t-tests)

(1) 표본평균 $\bar{X}_1 \sim N_p(\mu_1, \frac{\Sigma}{n_1})$, $\bar{X}_2 \sim N_p(\mu_2, \frac{\Sigma}{n_2})$ 이다.
 $X_{1i} \perp X_{2i}$ 이므로 $\bar{X}_1 \perp \bar{X}_2$, $\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 \sim N_p(\mu_1 - \mu_2, \Sigma(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}))$.
 한편, $(n_1 - 1)S_1 \sim \text{Wishart}_p(n_1 - 1, \Sigma)$, $(n_2 - 1)S_2 \sim \text{Wishart}_p(n_2 - 1, \Sigma)$.

(2) $(n_1 - 1)S_1 + (n_2 - 1)S_2 \sim \text{Wishart}_p(n_1 + n_2 - 2, \Sigma)$ 이다.

$\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 \sim N_p(\mu_1 - \mu_2, \Sigma(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}))$ 이고, $(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \perp \{(n_1 - 1)S_1 + (n_2 - 1)S_2\}$.

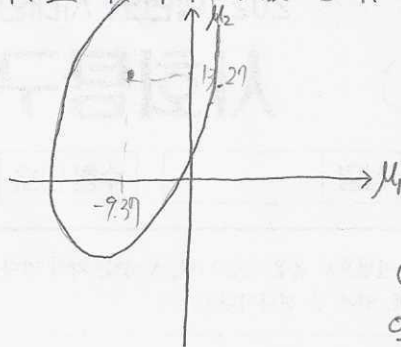
따라서 이를 통해 계산한 Hotelling's T^2 은

$$T^2 = \{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)\}^T \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}\right)^{-1} S_p^{-1} \{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)\},$$

$$S_p = \frac{(n_1 - 1)S_1 + (n_2 - 1)S_2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2} \text{ 이고 } T^2 \sim \frac{(n_1 + n_2 - 2)p}{n_1 + n_2 - p - 1} F_{p, n_1 + n_2 - p - 1} \text{ 이다.}$$

Result 6.3.

6.1. R 코드에 의해 고통받 분해. 타원은 다음과 같다.



데이터 타원이
 $(0,0)$ 을 포함하지
 않으므로 귀무가설을
 기각하며, 이는
 e.g. 6.1의 결과와
 일관된다.

6.2. R 코드 참고

6.3. R 코드 참고

6.4. R 코드 참고

6.5. R 코드 참고

$$6.6. X_2 := \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{X}_2 := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{X}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(a) X_3 := \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{X}_3 := \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{X}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{X}_2^T \tilde{X}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3/2 \\ -3/2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad S_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4/3 \\ -4/3 & 4/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_{\text{pooled}} = \frac{1}{5} (2S_2 + 3S_3) = \begin{pmatrix} 8/5 & -7/5 \\ -7/5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(b) T^2 = (2-3 \ 4-2) \left(\frac{7}{12} S_{\text{pooled}}\right)^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 2-3 \\ 4-2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{120}{31} < 45.$$

R 코드에서의 45보다 작으므로 H_0 기각.

$$(c) \mu_1 - \mu_3 \in (2-3) \pm 6.48094 \approx (-7.48, 5.48)$$

$$\mu_2 - \mu_3 \in (4-2) \pm 7.245688 \approx (-5.76, 9.24)$$

6.7. $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ 의 가설검정 수행시 검정통계량

$16 > 6 =$ 임계값이므로 귀무가설 기각.

$$\text{선택검정법: } S_p^{-1}(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \begin{pmatrix} 0.0017 \\ 0.0026 \end{pmatrix}$$

6.13.

(a) (1st variable)

(b) $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 4 & 8 & 2 \\ 3 & -3 & 4 & -4 \\ -3 & -4 & 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix} = \text{mean} + F1 \text{ eff} + F2 \text{ eff} + \text{err}$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}_{\text{mean}} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 \end{pmatrix}_{F1} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}_{F2}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$SS_{\text{tot}} = 220$ $SS_{F2} = 90$
 $SS_{\text{mean}} = 12$ $SS_{\text{res}} = 14$
 $SS_{F1} = 104$

(2nd variable)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 12 & 6 \\ 8 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & -5 & -3 & -6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}_{\text{mean}} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -6 & -6 & -6 & -6 \end{pmatrix}_{F1}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}_{F2} + \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}_{\text{err}}$$

$SS_{\text{tot}} = 440$ $SS_{F2} = 94$
 $SS_{\text{mean}} = 108$ $SS_{\text{res}} = 30$
 $SS_{F1} = 248$

6.14.

(a) (1st variable)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 14 & 6 & 8 & 16 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$