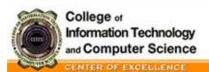
BASICS OF TEHCNOPRENEURSHIP



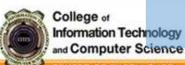
Importance of Technopreneurship

- Employment creation
- Local resources
- Decentralization and diversification of business
- Promotion of technology
- Capital formation
- Promotion of an entrepreneurial culture



What is Technopreneurship?





Technopreneurship Defined

- High tech ventures in ICT, electronics, internet, life sciences and biotech.
- Service firms where technology is critical to their mission, such as: e-Bay, FEDEX, SMART money transfer, elearning
- Technopreneurship is entrepreneurship in the field of technology.

Entrepreneur & Entrepreneurship Defined

Entrepreneurs - people who enter into new and pioneering ventures.

- is whole-brained, meaning he/she uses both the left brain (logical) and right brain (creative).

Entrepreneurship – Starting up a new business

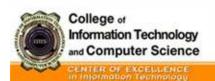


Source: Federico Gonzalez, President PESO Inc.

Course Model - SEED Self Mastery Environment Mastery Development of Business Plan **Enterprise** Mastery College of Information Technology and Computer Science

Self-Mastery

- Self-mastery passion comes from knowing yourself.
- Self-mastery brings passion. When you know yourself, you know what you want and do not want.



What is a self-mastered person?

A self-mastered person

- does not need high IQ
- does need high EQ and AQ
- is naturally a/an:
 - performer competitive and efficient
 - epicure sensual and cheery
 - boss takes charge and lovés a good fight
- **4** is whole-brained
- has a personal vision and knows strengths
- and weaknesses



Environment Mastery

- ♣ Environment mastery is about generating business ideas and seeking opportunities out from his or her environment through
 - serendipity walks
 - crises
 - trends
 - etc.



Source: Jay Bernardo III

What is an environmentmastered person?

An environment-mastered person

- understands the industry he/she is in
- sees the opportunities, not the problems
- is on top of the situation instead of being under the situation
- is the organization/industry innovator and strategist

Enterprise Mastery

- **↓** Enterprise Mastery is how to run a business
- **4** This pertains to the knowledge of the different enterprise disciplines such as:
 - Creating the Business
 - Marketing Management
 - Operations Management
 - Financial Management
 - Risk Management

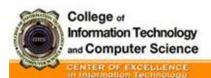


Source: Jay Bernardo III

What is an enterprisemastered person?

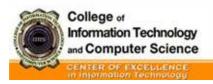
An ENTERPRISE-MASTERED person

- understands and integrates the functions of management (marketing, human resource, operations, and finance)
- understands and integrates the process of management (planning, organizing, directing, and controlling)
- leads and inspires rather than manage



Development of Business Plan

- Development of a business plan covers:
 - writing the business plan
 - presenting and defending the business plan
 - adding refinements to the presented business plan





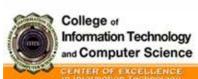
4 Types of Entrepreneurship

1. Incremental

• Routine business, modest novelty (new coffee shop, new BPO)

2. Imitative

- Imitation of venture, same business model and template
- Ex. new regional branch, franchised operations



3. Rent-seeking

 Business that utilizes standards, regulations and laws to share in value of enterprise
 Ex. Coca Cola Export

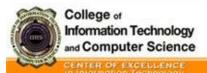
4. Innovative

Business based on innovation Ex. new memory chip



Characteristics of an Entrepreneur

- 1. Hard Working
- 2. Self-Confident
- 3. Builds for the Future
- 4. Profit-Oriented
- 5. Goal-Oriented
- 6. Persistent
- 7. Goal-Oriented
- 8. Responds to feedback



Characteristics of Technopreneurship cont.

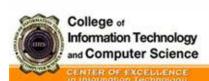
- 9. Demonstrates Initiative
- 10. Willing to Listen
- 11. Sets Own Standards
- 12. Copes with Uncertainty
- 13. Committed
- 14. Builds on Strengths
- 15. Reliable and Has Integrity
- 16. Risk-Taker



What makes an Entrepreneur a Technopreneur

A technology idea owner who ventures to make his idea a commercial reality

 An entrepreneur who gets a technology idea, finds an opportunity to make it a commercial reality.



Some Technology Ventures LOCAL

- SMART LINK (Computer shop)
 Dealing with computer hardware
 and software, Repairs, Networking
 and Computer ad LCD Rentals.
 (OCW)
- LANE SYSTEM Software Integration Developer

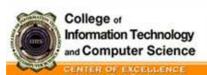


NATIONAL

- NETOPIA Internet Café
- YEHEY.COM Internet Portal

INTERNATIONAL

YOUTUBE - a video sharing website



Some Basic Facts

- Businesses start from ideas, but ideas alone do not make a business
- Customers do not buy ideas, they buy products/services;
- Customers pay the price; value is what they get



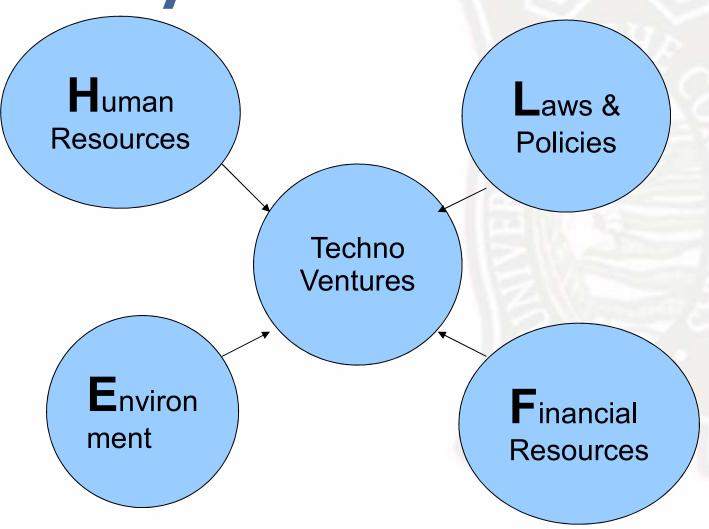
Source: Federico C. Gonzalez, President PESO Inc.

Some Basic Facts cont.

A marketable product may not result in a viable business

A studied approach to planning the business is needed.

Entrepreneurship is calculated risk-taking, not foolhardiness.





Human Resources Component

- Research Thinker, Idea generator, Innovator
- Developer Implementor, technical people
- Scanner and marketing people
- Financers

 Information Technology



d Computer Science

Environment Component

- Science parks, Incubation centers
- Academic Institutions, R & D Centers
- Internet access, Communication
- Communication and Other Support Services
- Geographic accessibility

Laws and Policies

- Intellectual Property Rights Office
- Technology Licensing Office facilitates commercialization of inventions
- Legal Services



Financial Component

- VC and Investors
- Business Sector
- Funding Agencies
- Financial Services (i. e. Accounting)



Financial Resources

VC, Investors, Business Sector, Funding Agencies

Environment

Science Parks,
Incubation Centers,
Infrastructure, Comm
and other Support
Services

Technology Venture

Human Resources

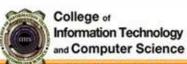
Academe, R & D Centers, technical personnel

Information Technology and Computer Science Laws and Policies

Technology Licensing Office, IPR Office

CENTER OF EXCELLENCE

Why Technopreneurship?



CENTER OF EXCELLENCE In Injernation Technology

Philippine Economy

- Population 90+M
- Population of working age?
 - Approx 50% of popn = 16 years old and below
- Employment
- GNP from large companies > 100 employees
- GNP from small companies, < 100
- Number of large companies 5%?
- 95% are small companies?







Start the Ball Rolling

- Innovation
 - Person gets an idea, active search, by chance, present employment or experience
- Triggering Event
 - Career prospects
 - Deliberate choice
- Implementation
- Growth



Common Components

- Three crucial components for business:
 - Excellent market opportunity
 - Superb entrepreneur (and management team)
 - Resources needed to start the company and make it grow



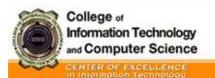
1. Excellent market opportunity

- Customer Need
- "Can you give me the names of prospective customers?"
- If you cannot give any names, you only have an idea, not a market.
- Would-be entrepreneurs who are unable to name customers are not ready to start a business. They have only found an idea and have not yet identified a market need.

1. Excellent market opportunity

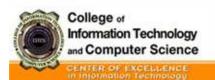
Timing

- -Will the idea or window of opportunity look brief, it could just be a fad?
- -If the window is brief, the entrepreneur will rush to open the business, usually with inadequate planning.
- -Can lead to costly mistakes.



2. The Technopreneur and the Management Team

- Even with the right opportunity, the business will be successful if led by a person with strong entrepreneurial and management skills.
 - Entrepreneurs should have experience in the same industry or a similar one. Cannot go on OJT at the same time.
 - Ideal entrepreneur is one who has been a successful entrepreneur in the same industry
 - Have management experience, preferably with responsibility for budgets, profit and loss, sales.



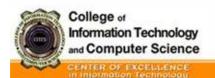
3. Resources

- Entrepreneural frugality means:
 - Low overhead
 - High productivity
 - Minimal ownership of capital assets



Sources of seed capital

Personal savings	78.5%
Bank loans	14.4
Family	12.9
Employees/partners	12.4
Friends	9
Venture Capital	6.3
Mortgaged property	4.0
Gov't guaranteed loan	1.1
Other	3.3



The 9 Fs

- Founders first class entrepreneur
- Focused focus on niche markets, specialize
- Fast decision making, implementation
- Flexible open mind, respond to change
- Forever innovating
- Flat organizations
- Frugal low overhead, productivity high
- Friendly to their customers, suppliers, workers
- Fun to be associated with an entrepreneur company

