

CORONARY STENTS

KIHT Technical Compendium

Version 1.0

Acknowledgment:

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Acronym	Definition
AIMD	Active Implantable Medical Device
AIMDD	Active Implantable Medical Device Directive
BES	Biolimus Eluting Stents
BMS	Bare metal stent
BP	Blood presure
BRS	Bioresorbable stent
BVS	Bioresorbable Vascular Scaffold
CA	Coronary artery
CABG	Coronary artery bypass graft surgery
CAD	Coronary artery disease
CAGR	Compound annual growth rate
CDRH	Center for Devices and Radiological Health
CE	Conformity European
CFDA	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CR	Crore
CT	Computed tomography
CTA	Computed tomography angiography
CVA	Cerebrovascular accident
CVD	Cardiovascular disease
CXR	Chest x-ray
DES	Drug-eluting stent
DTS	Dual Therapy Stent
EC	European Commission
ECG	Electrocardiogram
EEC	European Economic Community
EES	Everolimus Eluting Stents
EPC	Endothelial progenitor cell
EU	European Union
EXIM	Export-Import
FD	Federal food, drug
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FEA	Finite element analysis

FFR Fractional Flow Reserve

FIM First in Man

GMP Good Manufacturing Practice

GRII Gianturco Roubin II

HGMS High gradient magnetic separation
HIT Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia
HITU High-intensity therapeutic ultrasound

HS Harmonized System

ICA Invasive coronary angiography

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission

IIT Indian Institutes of Technology

IMPRINT Impacting Research Innovation and Technology

INR Indian rupee

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ISR In-stent restenosis

IV Intravenous

IVDMDD In Vitro Diagnostic medical devices directive

IVUS Intravascular ultrasound

JIS Japanese Industrial Standard

JMDN Japanese Medical Device Nomenclature

KG Kilogram

LV Large vessel

LST Late stent thrombosis

LTD Limited

LVEF Left ventricular ejection fraction

MACE Major adverse cardiac event

MAH Marketing Authorization Holder

MDCP Magnetic drug carrier particle

MDD Medical Device Directive
MDT Magnetic drug targeting

ME Medical Electrical

MHLW Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare

MI Myocardial infarction

MIS Magnetizable intravascular stents

MN Million

MP Multiphase

MPI Myocardial perfusion imaging

MR Magnetic resonance

MRI Magnetic resonance imaging

MV Medium vessel

NIC National Interventional Council

NIRS Near Infrared Spectroscopy

NMPA National Medical Products Administration

NOAEL No-observed-adverse-effect-level

NPPA National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority

OCT Optical Coherence Tomography

PBMA Poly(n-butyl methacrylate)

PC Polycarbonate

PCI Percutaneous coronary intervention

PCL Poly-ε-caprolactone
PDLA Poly-D- lactic acid

PDLGA Poly-DL-lactide-co-glycolide

PDLLA Poly (D,L-lactic acid)

PES Paclitaxel-eluting stent

PEVA Poly(ethylene-co-vinylacetate)

PGA Polyglycolic acid
PLA Polylactide Acid

PLGA Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)

PLLA Poly-L-lactic acid

PMA Premarket approval

PMD Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Act

PMDA Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Agency

PMS Post Market Surveillance

POLA Poly-D- lactic acid

PTCA Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty

PTFE Polytetrafluoroethylene

PTP Pre-test probability

PU Polyurethane

PVDFHFP Poly (vinylidene fluoride)-hexafluoropropylene

RCB Registered Certification Body

SAR Specific absorption rate

SCAD Stable coronary artery disease

SCS Small cell-sized stent

SES Sirolimus-Eluting Stents

SIBS Poly(styrene-b-isobutylene-b-styrene)

SMC Smooth muscle cell

SPECT Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography

SS Stainless steel

ST Stent thrombosis

STEMI ST elevated myocardial infarction

SV Small vessel

TGA Therapeutic Goods Administration

TIA Transient ischemic attack

TVR Target-vessel revascularization

UAE United Arab Emirates

UK United Kingdom

UPS Uninterruptible Power Supply

US United States

USA United States of America

USD United States Dollar

YAG Yttrium Aluminum Garnet

ZES Zotarolimus-Eluting Stent

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Coronary artery disease (CAD) is a vascular disorder caused by stenosis of coronary arteries due to atheromatous plaque accumulation formed by calcium, fatty deposits, abnormal inflammatory cells within the artery walls, narrowing the lumen of the artery, causing partial or total obstruction and limiting the oxygen-carrying blood flow to the heart. CAD is currently the most common non-communicable disease resulting in serious circumstances frequently caused by partially blocked coronary arteries accounting for 35% fatality globally. In India, over 65 million people are affected by the year 2015. Cardiovascular diseases (CVD) account for nearly 25% of deaths between the ages of 25 and 70 years. Large prospective studies have shown age-standardized CVD mortality rates of up to 225-500 per 100,000 in men and 225-399 per 100,000 in women. These figures appear to be an underestimation given that a large number remain undetected. Along with the current conservative treatment strategies for CAD with medical therapies, invasive management with mechanical revascularization by percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) followed by stent implantation is often employed to successfully restore the coronary blood flow. The number of interventional cardiologists in India is estimated to be 3 to 5 per million population, in contrast to 50 to 70 per million population in the USA. The number of cardiac catheterization laboratories in India was estimated to be around 960 in 2016. Keeping the burden of disease in mind, the facilities and infrastructure for invasive treatment modalities in India are inadequate. Despite these shortcomings, the number of PCIs performed is increasing steadily at an annual growth rate of 6%. The total number of PCI procedures carried out in 2016 was 495,000 with an estimated number of 594,000 stents used (1.20 per procedure). Of the stents implanted, 80% were DES.

The Global Drug Eluting Stents Market is poised to grow at a CAGR of around 3.8% over the next decade to reach approximately \$9.45 billion by 2025.

The main objective of this product dossier is to cover the entire spectrum pertaining to coronary stents. This dossier explains the clinical need, requirements, working principle, detailed technical aspects to enlighten the criticality of the product at the component level and provide a glimpse on relevant standards and regulations to ensure the safety, integrity, and function. The report highlights the market figures and EXIM analysis information which will provide insight into the commercial aspects and demand of the product in the Indian scenario.

ABOUT:

Andhra Pradesh MedTech Zone (AMTZ) is an enterprise under the Government of Andhra Pradesh, a 270 Acre zone dedicated for medical device manufacturing with 200-250 manufacturing units. AMTZ provides the one-stop solution for all the manufacturers by providing, common scientific testing facilitates (EMI/EMC, Electrical Safety, Radiation, Biomaterials Testing, 3D printing facilities), commercial facilities such as expo halls and warehouse.

Kalam Institute of Health Technology (KIHT) in the premises of AMTZ facilitates focused research on critical components pertaining to medical devices, technology transfer of innovative technologies through e-auction, market innovation, and access. These end to end solutions help to reduce the cost of manufacturing up to 40% and make health care products more affordable and accessible.

For Orders:

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