



# Introduction to Python for Data Science DSECLPFDS

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## Agenda for CS #4,5,6

- 1) Introduction to SciPy Ecosystem
- 2) Basics of NumPy
- 3) Basics of Pandas
- 4) Visualizations using Matplotlib
- 5) Data Exploration for a Bike Dataset
- 6) Visualizations using Seaborn
- 7) Recorded Video for later use: Introduction to Scikit-learn

# Introduction to SciPy Ecosystem

SciPy (pronounced "Sigh Pie") is a Python-based ecosystem of open-source software for mathematics, science, and engineering. In particular, these are some of the core packages:



NumPy Base N-dimensional array package



SciPy library Fundamental library for scientific computing



Matplotlib Comprehensive 2-D plotting



IPython Enhanced interactive console



SymPy Symbolic mathematics



pandas Data structures & analysis

https://www.scipy.org/

https://www.scipy.org/about.html





- NumPy stands for Numerical Python.
- NumPy is a Python library used for working with arrays.
- ➤ It also has functions for working in domain of linear algebra, fourier transform, and matrices.

#### Why use NumPy?

- In Python we have lists that serve the purpose of arrays, but they are slow to process.
- NumPy aims to provide an array object that is up to 50x faster than traditional Python lists.
- The array object in NumPy is called *ndarray*, it provides a lot of supporting functions.







## **Demo on NumPy**

#### Lets have a hands-on session on:

- Creation of NumPy array
- Properties of NumPy array
- Prepopulated arrays
- ➤ 2D arrays
- Ways to access array elements
- Reshaping
- Computations
  - > Arithmetic
  - > Comparison
  - > Aggregation
  - ➤ Boolean
- ➤ Note on Linear Algebra and NumPy arrays





- > Pandas is a Python library used for working with data sets.
- > It has functions for analyzing, cleaning, exploring, and manipulating data.
- The name "Pandas" has a reference to both "Panel Data", and "Python Data Analysis"
- ➤ Pandas allows us to analyze big data and make conclusions based on statistical theories.
- > Pandas can clean messy data sets, and make them readable and relevant.
- > Pandas gives us answers about the data. Like:
  - ➤ Is there a correlation between two or more columns?
  - ➤ What is average value?
  - ➤ Max value?
  - ➤ Min value?
- ➤ Pandas are also able to delete rows that are not relevant, or contains wrong values, like empty or NULL values. This is called *cleaning* the data.





#### DataFrame:

A Dataframe is a two-dimensional data structure, i.e., data is aligned in a tabular fashion in rows and columns. In dataframe datasets arrange in rows and columns, we can store any number of datasets in a dataframe. We can perform many operations on these datasets like arithmetic operation, columns/rows selection, columns/rows addition etc.

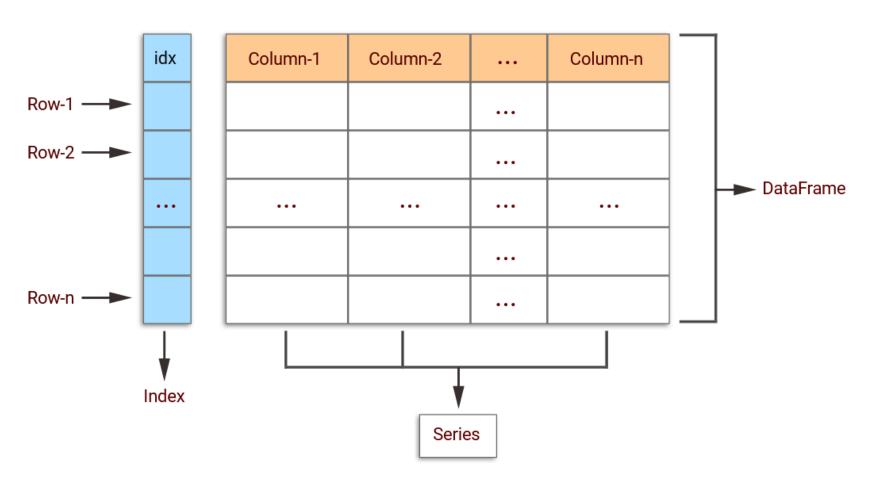
In the real world, a Pandas DataFrame will be created by loading the datasets from existing storage, storage can be SQL Database, CSV file, and Excel file. Pandas DataFrame can be created from the lists, dictionary, and from a list of dictionary etc.

In simple, a dataframe is a collection of Series and a Series is a collection of scalar values.





#### Pandas Data structure





#### **Demo on Basics of Pandas**

- Importing Pandas
- Series Creation
- Data Frame Creation
- Reading Files using Pandas
- Writing to a File using Pandas
- Some functions offered by Pandas



# **Matplotlib Pyplot**

- ➤ Matplotlib is a low level graph plotting library in python that serves as a visualization utility.
- ➤ Most of the Matplotlib utilities lies under the pyplot
- https://matplotlib.org/stable/api/\_as\_gen/matplotlib.pyplot.plot.html
- > Let's try some small plots
- Tomorrow we shall use the bike dataset and plot some more plots ...



## **Data Exploration Activity**

We will consider bike sharing dataset and perform the following tasks:

- > Importing the dataset
- > Clean, format, transform the dataframe
- Grouping / Merging
- Exporting the results / data frames
- ➤ We will use the same data to plot some charts tomorrow using matplotlib.



### **Seaborn**

Seaborn is a Python data visualization library based on <u>matplotlib</u>. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics.

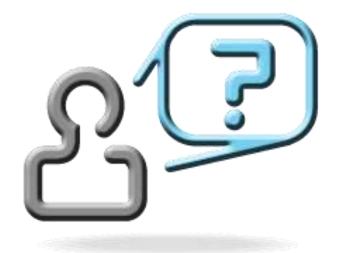
https://seaborn.pydata.org/

Characteristics	Matplotlib	Seaborn
Use Cases	Matplotlib plots various graphs using Pandas and Numpy	Seaborn is the extended version of Matplotlib which uses Matplotlib along with Numpy and Pandas for plotting graphs
Complexity of Syntax	It uses comparatively complex and lengthy syntax.	It uses comparatively simple syntax which is easier to learn and understand.
Multiple figures	Matplotlib has multiple figures can be opened	Seaborn automates the creation of multiple figures which sometimes leads to out of memory issues
Flexibility	Matplotlib is highly customizable and powerful.	Seaborn avoids a ton of boilerplate by providing default themes which are commonly used.



### **Scikit-learn**

- Scikit-learn (Sklearn) is the most useful and robust library for machine learning in Python. It provides a selection of efficient tools for machine learning and statistical modeling including classification, regression, clustering and dimensionality reduction via a consistence interface in Python. This library, which is largely written in Python, is built upon NumPy, SciPy and Matplotlib.
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/



Post your queries in the Discussion Forum!!



## Feedback





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# Thank You for your time & attention!

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