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## 1 Graph

### 1.1 C129

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3 using namespace std;
4
  char oil[100][100] = {0};
5 int m, n;
7 void dfs( int i, int j )
8 {
9
       oil[i][j] = '*';
       if( oil[i-1][j-1] == '@' )
10
11
           if(i-1 >= 0 && j-1 >= 0)
12
13
           {
                oil[i-1][j-1] = '*';
14
15
                dfs( i-1, j-1 );
16
17
       else if( oil[i-1][j] == '@' )
18
19
           if(i-1 >= 0)
20
21
22
                oil[i-1][j] = '*';
23
                dfs( i-1, j );
24
25
26
       else if( oil[i-1][j+1] == '@' )
27
28
           if(i-1 >= 0 \&\& j+1 <= n)
29
                oil[i-1][j+1] = '*';
30
31
                dfs( i-1, j+1 );
32
33
       else if( oil[i][j-1] == '@' )
34
35
36
           if(j-1 >= 0)
37
           {
38
                oil[i][j-1] = '*';
                dfs( i, j-1 );
39
40
41
       else if( oil[i][j+1] == '@' )
42
43
           if( j+1 <= n )
44
45
                oil[i][j+1] = '*';
46
47
                dfs( i, j+1 );
48
       }
49
50
       else if( oil[i+1][j-1] == '@' )
51
52
           if(i+1 \le m \&\& j-1 \ge 0)
53
                oil[i+1][j-1] = '*';
54
```

```
55
                  dfs( i+1, j-1 );
             }
56
57
        else if( oil[i+1][j] == '@' )
58
59
60
             if( i+1 <= m )
61
62
                  oil[i+1][j] = '*';
63
                  dfs( i+1, j );
64
65
        else if( oil[i+1][j+1] == '@' )
66
67
             if( i+1 <= m && j+1 <= n )</pre>
68
69
                  oil[i+1][j+1] = '*';
70
71
                  dfs( i+1, j+1 );
             }
72
73
        }
74
   }
75
76
   int main(void)
77
   {
78
         while( cin >> m >> n )
79
             int ans = 0;
80
             if(( m == 0 ) && ( n == 0 ))
82
83
                  break:
84
             }
             else
85
86
87
                  for( int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++ )</pre>
88
89
                       for(int j = 0 ; j < n ; j++ )</pre>
90
91
                            cin >> oil[i][j];
92
                  }
93
94
             for( int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++ )</pre>
95
96
97
                  for(int j = 0 ; j < n ; j++ )</pre>
98
                       if( oil[i][j] == '@' )
99
100
                       {
101
                            dfs( i, j);
                            ans++;
102
103
                  }
104
105
             cout << ans <<endl;</pre>
106
107
108
        return 0;
109 }
```

1

#### 1.2 11935

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
3
  using namespace std;
5
  int main()
6
  {
       int num, flag = 1;
       cin >> num;
8
       while( num > 0 )
10
       {
11
           int n, ans = 0;
12
           char map[100][100] = {0};
           cin >> n;
13
           for( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ )</pre>
15
16
                for(int j = 0 ; j < n ; j++ )
17
                    cin >> map[i][j];
18
```

```
}
19
20
21
             for( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ )</pre>
22
23
                 for(int j = 0 ; j < n ; j++ )
24
                      if( map[i][j] == 'x' )
25
26
27
                            ans++;
                      }
28
29
                 }
30
31
            cout << "Case " << flag << ": " << ans <<endl;</pre>
            num - -:
32
33
            flag++;
        }
34
35
        return 0;
36 }
```

## 2 Numbers

## 2.1 CongruenceEquation

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
3 using namespace std;
  long long Mode(long long a, long long n, long long m)
6 {
7
       long long sum = 1;
       for( ; n ; n >>= 1 )
8
9
10
           if( n & 1 )
11
           {
12
                sum = (sum * a) % m;
           }
13
14
           a = (a * a) % m;
15
16
       return sum:
17 }
18
19 int main(void)
20 {
21
       int a, b, p, x, ans = 0;
22
       cin >> a >> b >> p >> x;
       for( int i = 1 ; i < x + 1 ; i++ )</pre>
23
24
25
           int n;
26
           n = i \% p;
27
           n = n * Mode( a, i, p);
           if( n % p == b % p )
28
29
           {
30
                ans++;
           }
31
       }
32
33
       cout << ans <<endl;</pre>
34
       return 0;
35 }
```

# 3 PD practice

## 3.1 practice1

```
package com.company;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scanner.nextInt();
    int m = n-1;
```

```
9
             for( int i = 1 ; i <= 2*n-1 ; i=i+2 ) {
                  for( int j = m ; j > 0 ; j-- ) {
    System.out.print(" ");
10
11
                  }
12
13
                  m - -;
                  for (int t = 0; t < i; t++) {
14
15
                       System.out.print("*");
16
17
                  System.out.println();
18
             }
19
        }
20
```

### 3.2 practice2

```
1 package com.company;
   public class Main {
 4
5
        public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
             for( int i = 1 ; i < 10 ; i++ ) {</pre>
                  for( int j = 1 ; j < 10 ; j++ ) {
    System.out.print( i+ " * "+ j+ " =");</pre>
 7
 8
9
                       if( i * j < 10 ){</pre>
10
                            System.out.print("
                       }
11
12
                       else{
                            System.out.print(" ");
13
                       }
14
                       int ans = i * j;
15
                       if( j == 9 )
16
17
                       {
18
                            System.out.print(ans);
                       }
19
20
                       else
                       {
21
                            System.out.print( ans+ " " );
22
23
24
25
                  System.out.println();
             }
26
27
        }
28
29 }
```

### 3.3 practice3

```
1 package com.company;
  import java.util.Scanner;
3
  public class Main {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
5
           Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7
           int n = scanner.nextInt();
           if( n >= 2 ){
8
9
               System.out.print(2);
           }
10
11
           for (int j = 3; j < n; j++)
12
13
                boolean answer = true;
14
               for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(j); i++)</pre>
15
               {
16
                    if (j % i == 0)
                    {
17
18
                        answer = false;
19
                        break;
20
                    }
21
22
               if (answer)
23
                    System.out.print( " "+ j );
24
25
```

```
26
               }
27
28
           System.out.println();
29
       }
30 }
  3.4 practice4
1 package com.company;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3
  public class Main {
       private static String str;
       public static void main(String[] args) {
5
           Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
           while( scanner.hasNext() ) {
8
                str = scanner.next();
9
                if(str.equals("0")){
10
                    break;
11
               }
12
               int tot1 = 0, tot2 = 0;
                for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i += 2)</pre>
13
14
                    tot1 = tot1 + str.charAt(i) - '0';
15
               }
                for (int j = 1; j < str.length(); j += 2)</pre>
16
                    tot2 = tot2 + str.charAt(j) - '0';
17
18
19
                if( tot1 > tot2 ){
                    judgment( tot1, tot2 );
20
                }
21
22
                else{
23
                    judgment( tot2, tot1 );
24
               }
           }
25
26
27
28
       public static void judgment( int a, int b ){
29
           int judge = a - b;
           if( judge % 11 == 0 ){
30
                System.out.println( str +" is a multiple
31
                    of 11.");
32
           }
           else{
33
               System.out.println( str +" is not a
34
                    multiple of 11.");
35
           }
36
       }
37 }
  3.5 HW1
1 package com.company;
2 import java.math.BigDecimal;
3 import java.util.Scanner;
4 import java.util.StringTokenizer;
```

```
6 public class Main {
7
      public static void main(String[] args) {
8
          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
9
          String str = scanner.next();
10
          BigDecimal ans = new BigDecimal(0);
          String[] num = new String[50];
11
12
          String[] sign = new String[50];
13
14
          int flag = 0, flagg = 0;
15
           StringTokenizer token = new
16
               StringTokenizer(str, "+-*/%,()",true);
17
           while(token.hasMoreTokens()){
18
               String str1 = token.nextToken();
19
               if( Character.isDigit(str1.charAt(0))){
                   num[flag] = str1;
20
```

```
21
                    if( flag > 0 ){
                         System.out.print(" ");
22
23
24
                    System.out.print(num[flag]);
                    flag++;
25
                }
26
27
                else{
28
                    sign[flagg] = str1;
29
                    flagg++;
30
31
32
           System.out.println();
33
           for(int i = 0; i < sign.length; i++){
34
35
                if(sign[i] == null){
36
                    break;
37
38
                else if(i > 0){
39
                    System.out.print(" ");
40
41
                System.out.print(sign[i]);
42
43
           System.out.println();
44
45
           for( int i = 0 ; i < num.length ; i++ ){</pre>
                if( num[i] == null ){
46
                    break;
48
                }
49
                BigDecimal cal = new BigDecimal(num[i]);
50
                ans = ans.add(cal);
51
52
           System.out.printf("%.3f",ans);
53
           System.out.println();
54
       }
55 }
```

### 3.6 primenumber

```
1 package com.company;
  import java.lang.Math;
3
  import java.util.Scanner;
  public class Main {
6
       public static void main(String[] args) {
7
           Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
8
           int num = scanner.nextInt();
           int[] arr = new int[1000];
9
10
           int flag = 0;
           for (int j = 2; j < num ; j++)
11
12
13
                boolean answer = true;
               for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(j); i++)</pre>
14
15
                    if (j % i == 0)
16
17
18
                        answer = false;
                        break;
19
                    }
20
21
22
                if (answer)
23
               {
24
                    arr[flag] = j;
25
                    flag++;
26
27
           for(int i = 0 ; i < flag ; i++){</pre>
28
29
                int temp = i+1;
                System.out.print(arr[i]);
30
31
                if( temp % 10 != 0 && i != flag -1){
32
                    System.out.print(" ");
33
34
35
               if( i == flag -1 && temp % 10 != 0){
36
                    System.out.println();
               }
37
38
```

4

## 3.7 palindromeprime

```
1 package com.company;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 import java.lang.Math;
4 public class Main {
       private static boolean prime ( int number){
6
7
           for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(number); i++)</pre>
8
9
                if (number % i == 0)
10
11
                    return false;
12
                }
13
           }
14
           return true;
15
       private static boolean palindrome ( int number){
16
17
           String numstr = number + "";
18
           int left = 0;
           int right = numstr.length() - 1;
19
20
           while (left < right) {</pre>
                if (numstr.charAt(left) !=
21
                    numstr.charAt(right)) {
22
                    return false;
23
                left++;
24
                right--;
25
26
           }
27
           return true;
28
29
       public static void main(String[] args) {
           Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
30
31
           while (scanner.hasNext()) {
                int num = scanner.nextInt();
32
33
                int flag = 0;
                for (int i = 2; i < 100000; i++) {
34
35
                    if(num == 0){
36
                         System.out.println();
                        break;
37
38
                    }
39
                    if (palindrome(i) && flag < num) {</pre>
40
41
                        if (prime(i)) {
42
                             System.out.print(i);
43
                             flag++;
                             if (flag % 10 == 0) {
44
45
                                 System.out.println();
46
47
                             if (flag % 10 != 0 && flag !=
48
                                 num) {
49
                                 System.out.print(" ");
50
51
                             if (flag == num && flag % 10
52
                                 != 0) {
53
                                 System.out.println();
                             }
54
55
                        }
                  }
56
              }
57
           }
58
       }
59
60 }
```