

Final Report

Patient Name	MR. KIRAN BHAGWAN TAWARE	UHID	MGM240017131
Age / Gender	56 Yrs 2 Mth / MALE	Patient Case Type	IPD
Ref. Consultant	DR.PRASHANT ATHALE	Collection Date & Time	08-10-2024 03:56
Sample ID	MGM24150151	Result Entry Date & Time	08-10-2024 12:02
Ward/Bed No	SICU / SICU-010	Reporting Date & Time	08-10-2024 14:29:32
IP No.	MGMIP2406720	Receipt Number	MGMWPR240089968
		MGM240017131	

SEROLOGY REPORT

Test	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample Type: Serum			
CRP Quantitative. [Immunoturbidimetric]	CH 37.60	mg/dL	0-0.9

CRP Interpretation

- 1.CRP is one of the proteins commonly referred to as acute phase reactants. It is distinguished by its rapid response to trauma or infection.
- 2.The rise in CRP occurs much earlier (4-6 hours) than for other acute phase reactants which usually take more than 24 hours to produce a detectable signal in serum.
- 3.CRP levels return to normal quickly at the end of the acute episode. It rises in Inflammatory disorders, tissue injury, infections.
- 4.CRP is used for monitoring recovery from surgery. It is increased in Myocardial infarcation, Transplantation, Inflammatory Bowel disease, Rheumatic disease, Infectious diseases.
- 5.CRP does not indicate the exact location or cause of inflammation.
- 6.CRP is not diagnostic of any condition but it can be used together with clinical findings and other tests as hs-CRP, ESR and platlet counts.

End of the Report


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