XLSTAT 2015.2.01.17315 - ROC Curves - on 5/3/2015 at 20:53:21

Event data: Workbook = ALL_NB / Sheet = ALL_NB / Range = ALL_NB!\$C:\$C / 2168 rows and 1 column Test data: Workbook = ALL_NB / Sheet = ALL_NB / Range = ALL_NB!\$E:\$E / 2168 rows and 1 column

Size (%): 95 / Clopper-Pearson

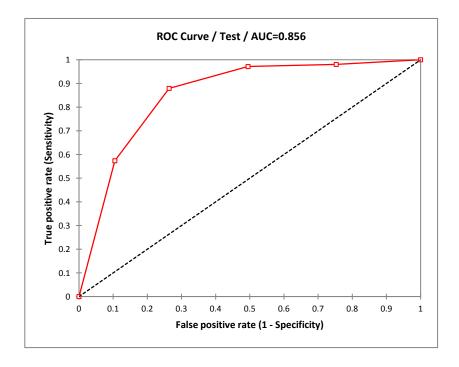
Area under the curve (Variance): Hanley & McNeil

Costs: TP = 1 / TN = 1 / FP = 1 / FN = 1

Summary statistics (Test):

| Variable | Observationwith | missinętho | out missi | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | td. deviation |
|----------|-----------------|------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|
| Test | 2168 | 0 | 2168 | 1.000 | 5.000 | 3.008 | 1.417 |

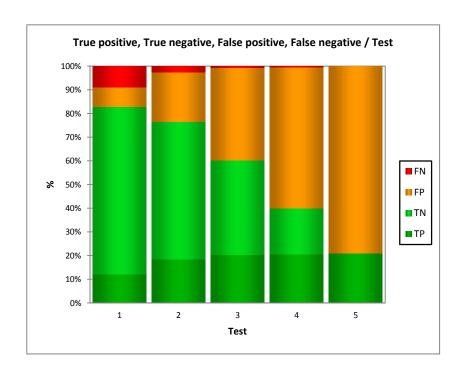
| Event | Frequency | % | |
|------------|-----------|-----|--|
| 1 | 455 | 21% | |
| 2 | 422 | 19% | |
| 3 | 313 | 14% | |
| 4 | 355 | 16% | |
| 5 | 623 | 29% | |
| Prevalence | 0.210 | 21% | |

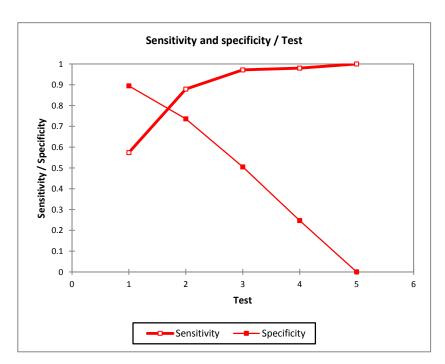


ROC analysis:

| 1.000 | 0.574 | 0.527 | 0.619 | 0.895 | 0.879 | 0.909 | 2168 | 0.592 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| 2.000 | 0.879 | 0.845 | 0.907 | 0.736 | 0.714 | 0.757 | 2168 | 0.469 |
| 3.000 | 0.971 | 0.950 | 0.984 | 0.505 | 0.481 | 0.529 | 2168 | 0.343 |
| 4.000 | 0.980 | 0.961 | 0.990 | 0.247 | 0.227 | 0.268 | 2168 | 0.257 |
| 5.000 | 1.000 | 0.990 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 2168 | 0.210 |

Test is positive if Test <= threshold value





Area under the curve (AUC):

| AUC | tandard errier | bound (Ser | bound (95%) |
|-----------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 0.856 | 0.012 | 0.833 | 0.878 |

Comparison of the AUC to 0.5:

95% confidence interval on the difference between the AUC and 0.5 (Two-tailed test):

] 0.333, 0.378 [

| Difference | 0.356 |
|---------------|----------|
| z (Observec | 30.687 |
| z (Critical v | 1.960 |
| p-value (Tw | < 0.0001 |
| alpha | 0.05 |

Test interpretation:

H0: The AUC is equal to 0.5.

Ha: The AUC is different from 0.5.

As the computed p-value is lower than the significance level alpha=0.05, one should reject the null hypothesis H0, and accept the alternative hypothesis Ha.

The risk to reject the null hypothesis H0 while it is true is lower than 0.01%.

NPV TP TN FP FN tivity+Spec Accuracy LR+ LR-

| 0.888 | 5.459 | 0.476 | 261 | 1533 | 180 | 194 | 1.469 | 0.827 |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|------|------|-----|-------|-------|
| 0.958 | 3.332 | 0.164 | 400 | 1261 | 452 | 55 | 1.615 | 0.766 |
| 0.985 | 1.962 | 0.057 | 442 | 865 | 848 | 13 | 1.476 | 0.603 |
| 0.979 | 1.302 | 0.080 | 446 | 423 | 1290 | 9 | 1.227 | 0.401 |
| | 1.000 | | 455 | 0 | 1713 | 0 | 1.000 | 0.210 |