XLSTAT 2015.2.01.17315 - ROC Curves - on 5/3/2015 at 18:01:43

Event data: Workbook = LV_DT / Sheet = LV_DT / Range = LV_DT!\$C:\$C / 6681 rows and 1 column Test data: Workbook = LV_DT / Sheet = LV_DT / Range = LV_DT!\$E:\$E / 6681 rows and 1 column

Size (%): 95 / Clopper-Pearson

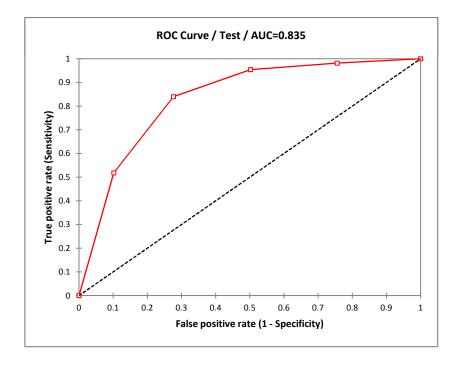
Area under the curve (Variance): Hanley & McNeil

Costs: TP = 1 / TN = 1 / FP = 1 / FN = 1

Summary statistics (Test):

| Variable | Observation with | missingtho | ut missi | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | td. deviation |
|----------|------------------|------------|----------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|
| Test | 6681 | 0 | 6681 | 1.000 | 5.000 | 3.026 | 1.397 |

| Event | Frequency | % |
|------------|-----------|-----|
| 1 | 1362 | 20% |
| 2 | 1231 | 18% |
| 3 | 1310 | 20% |
| 4 | 1041 | 16% |
| 5 | 1737 | 26% |
| Prevalence | 0.204 | 20% |

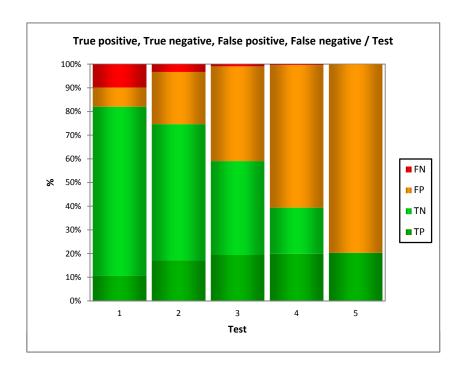


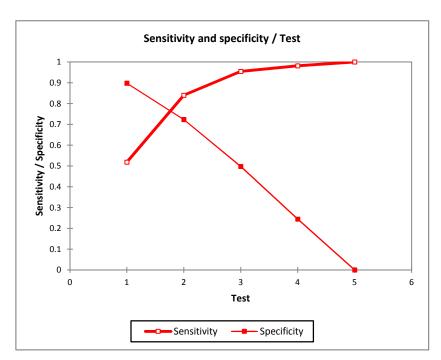
ROC analysis:

Cost

| 1.000 | 0.518 | 0.491 | 0.545 | 0.898 | 0.890 | 0.906 | 6681 | 0.566 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| 2.000 | 0.840 | 0.819 | 0.859 | 0.723 | 0.711 | 0.735 | 6681 | 0.437 |
| 3.000 | 0.954 | 0.942 | 0.965 | 0.498 | 0.484 | 0.511 | 6681 | 0.327 |
| 4.000 | 0.982 | 0.973 | 0.988 | 0.244 | 0.233 | 0.256 | 6681 | 0.250 |
| 5.000 | 1.000 | 0.996 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 6681 | 0.204 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Test is positive if Test <= threshold value





Area under the curve (AUC):

| AUC | tandard erre | er bound (9e | r bound (95 | %) |
|------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----|
| 0.83 | 5 0.007 | 0.821 | 0.849 | |

Comparison of the AUC to 0.5:

95% confidence interval on the difference between the AUC and 0.5 (Two-tailed test):

] 0.321, 0.349 [

| Difference | 0.335 |
|---------------|----------|
| z (Observec | 47.499 |
| z (Critical v | 1.960 |
| p-value (Tw | < 0.0001 |
| alpha | 0.05 |

Test interpretation:

H0: The AUC is equal to 0.5.

Ha: The AUC is different from 0.5.

As the computed p-value is lower than the significance level alpha=0.05, one should reject the null hypothesis H0, and accept the alternative hypothesis Ha.

The risk to reject the null hypothesis H0 while it is true is lower than 0.01%.

LR+ LR-TP TN FP FN tivity+Spec Accuracy NPV

| 0.879 | 5.087 | 0.536 | 706 | 4777 | 542 | 656 | 1.416 | 0.821 |
|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-----|-------|-------|
| 0.946 | 3.037 | 0.221 | 1144 | 3848 | 1471 | 218 | 1.563 | 0.747 |
| 0.977 | 1.900 | 0.091 | 1300 | 2647 | 2672 | 62 | 1.452 | 0.591 |
| 0.981 | 1.299 | 0.075 | 1337 | 1300 | 4019 | 25 | 1.226 | 0.395 |
| | 1.000 | | 1362 | 0 | 5319 | 0 | 1.000 | 0.204 |