Ansible

Yi Kuo @ HPC-I

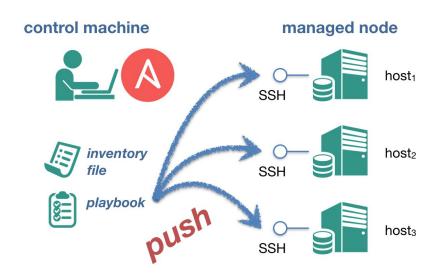


We want to setup 100+ servers

- How can we install OS?
 - PXE Boot
 - BMC OS Deployment
 - Disk cloning
- How can we install & configure software?
 - Ansible
 - Puppet
 - Chef

Ansible

- 自動化部署、操作工具
- 最大特點:Agentless
 - 被控制的機器不需要安裝其他程式,只要有SSH Server 和 Python 就好



Installation

```
$ sudo apt install ansible
  or
$ python3 -m pip install --user ansible
```

● 只要裝在 Control node 上!

Ansible Inventory

● 控制的機器列表

```
# /etc/ansible/hosts
comp1
comp2
```

```
# /etc/hosts
10.18.18.1 comp1
10.18.18.2 comp2
```

● 使用方式

- 放在 /etc/ansible/hosts
- 使用 -i 選項指定
- 在 ansible.cfg 指定

```
# A more complicated example

[apollo]
10.88.88.31 head=True
10.88.88.[32:55] head=False

[hades]
10.11.11.1 head=True
10.11.11.2 head=False has_gpu=True
10.11.11.[3:4] head=False has_gpu=True
```

Ad-hoc Commands

● 手動下的簡單指令

```
$ ansible [host/group] -m [module] -a [parameters]
$ ansible all -m ping
$ ansible comp1 -m command -a 'uname -a'
$ ansible comp2 -m copy -a 'src=a.txt dest=/tmp/a.txt'
```

\$ ansible comp2 -b -K -m command -a 'id'

-b: Become (sudo), -K: Ask for sudo password



常用的 Modules

- https://sweworld.net/cheatsheets/ansible/#commonly-used-modules
- command
 - 執行指令
- shell
 - 使用 shell 執行指令
- apt
 - 使用 apt 安裝/移除程式
- copy
 - 從 control node 複製檔案
- file
 - 建立/刪除/移動檔案/變更權限
- lineinfile
 - 在檔案中新增/移除一行
- template
 - 複製檔案模版,並填入變數



Ansible Playbook

```
# hello_world.yml
- name: Hello World!
  hosts: all
 tasks:
    - name: Print 'Hello World'
      command: echo 'Hello World'
      register: res
    - name: Print stdout
      debug:
        msg: "{{ res.stdout }}"
```

\$ ansible-playbook hello_world.yml

Ansible Playbook

```
# enable_ssh_gatewayports.yml
- name: Enable SSH GatewayPorts
hosts: all
   - name: Add the line to enable GatewayPorts
     lineinfile:
       path: /etc/ssh/sshd_config
       line: GatewayPorts yes
     become: true
   - name: Reload sshd
     service:
       name: ssh
       state: reloaded
     become: true
```

- become: true
 - Run as root (sudo)
- -K
 - Ask for sudo password

\$ ansible-playbook -K enable_ssh_gatewayports.yml



Tasks

- Use Ansible ad-hoc command to install docker on both nodes
 - curl https://get.docker.com | sh
 - Use the <u>shell</u> module
 - Enable & start the docker systemd service
 - Use the service module
- Use Ansible Playbook to install singularity on both nodes
 - Download from <u>https://github.com/sylabs/singularity/releases/download/v4.1.3/singularity-ce_4.1.3</u>
 -jammy_amd64.deb
 - Use the <u>get_url</u> module
 - Install the deb file
 - Use the <u>apt</u> module



Solution

```
$ ansible all -b -K -m shell -a 'curl https://get.docker.com | sh'
$ ansible all -b -K -m service -a 'name=docker state=started enabled=yes'
```

```
- name: Install Singularity
 hosts: all
 tasks:
   - name: Download deb
     get_url:
       url:
"https://github.com/sylabs/singularity/releases/download/v4.1.3/singularity-ce_4.1.3-jammy_a
md64.deb"
       dest: /tmp/singularityce_4.1.3-jammy_amd64.deb
   - name: Install deb
     apt:
       deb: /tmp/singularityce_4.1.3-jammy_amd64.deb
     become: true
```



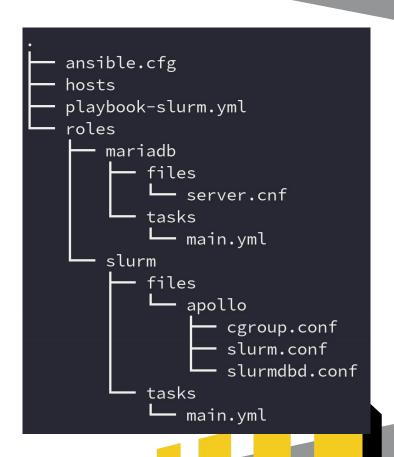
進階用法 - Ansible Roles

- 撰寫第一個Ansible Role
- Apollo Slurm Example

```
[apollo]
10.88.88.31 head=True
10.88.88.[32:55] head=False

[apollo:vars]
cluster_name=apollo
ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python
hosts
```

```
- hosts: apollo
  roles:
    - role: mariadb
      when: head
    - slurm
      playbook-slurm.yml
```



Ansible Galaxy

- Ansible Galaxy Roles
- 可以直接下載使用別人上傳的 Roles
- 也可以分享自己寫的 Roles

更多教學

- <u>學習 Ansible</u>
- Ansible 文件 ansible中文權威指南1.0.1 documentation
- 現代 IT 人一定要知道的Ansible 自動化組態技巧