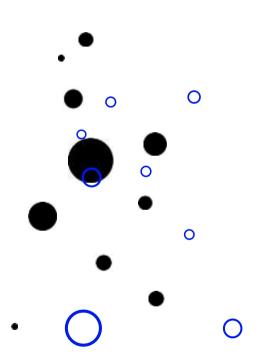
- Redes Neurais
- Aplicadas a Sistemas de Recomendação

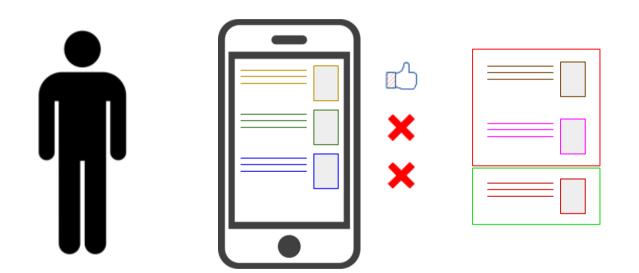


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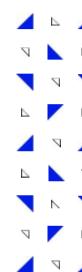


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Explicit Feedback Implicit Feedback



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• **Explicit Feedback:** quando usuário deixa claro, de forma ativa, qual é sua preferência por um item.



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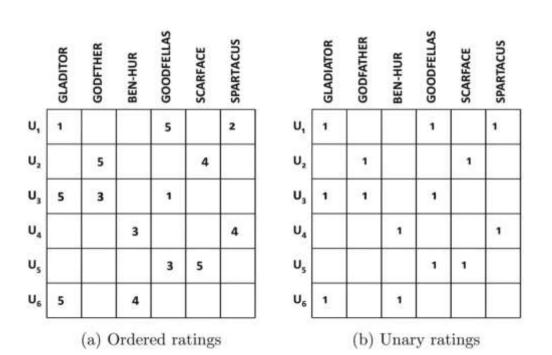
• Implicit Feedback: Quando o usuário não deixa de forma ativa o interesse ou preferência dele para um determinado item.

Exemplos:

- Tempo que o usuário passou em uma determinada categoria do site
- Número de acessos
- Número de cliques







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Collaborative

Filtering

Content

Based

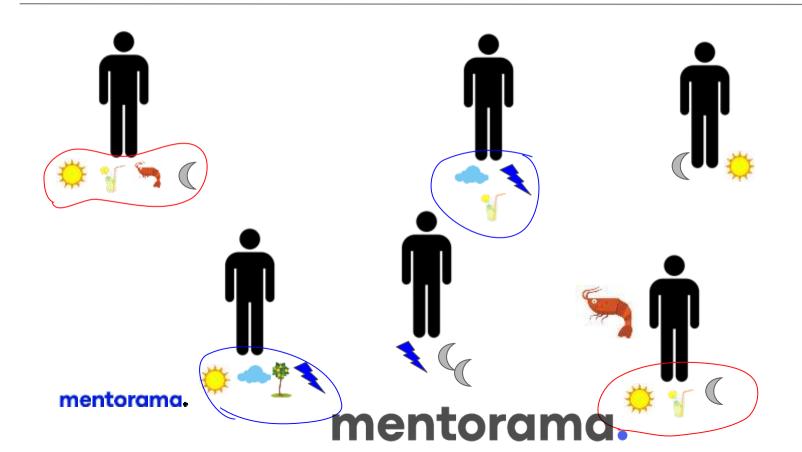


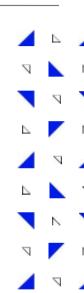
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Collaborative Filtering

The basic idea of collaborative filtering methods is that these unspecified ratings can be imputed because the observed ratings are often highly correlated across various users and items. For example, consider two users named Alice and Bob, who have very similar tastes. If the ratings, which both have specified, are very similar, then their similarity can be identified by the underlying algorithm. In such cases, it is very likely that the ratings in which only one of them has specified a value, are also likely to be similar. This similarity can be used to make inferences about incompletely specified values. Most of the models for collaborative filtering focus on leveraging either inter-item correlations or inter-user correlations for the prediction process. Some models use both types of correlations

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Content Based





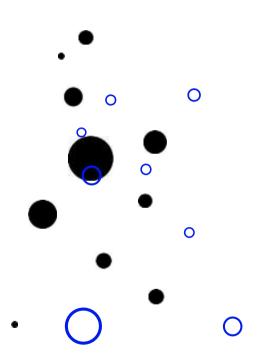




Título Legenda Imagem Vídeo

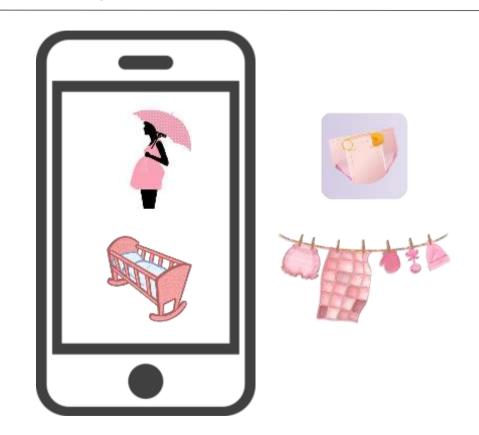
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Abordagens Modernas para Construção de Sistemas de Recomendação



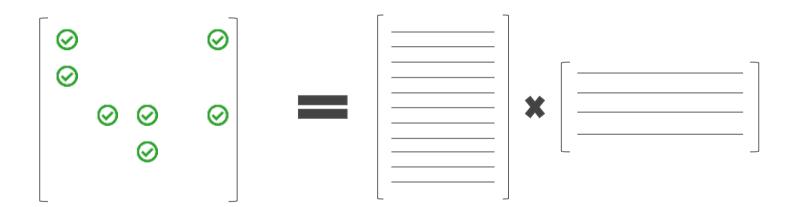
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Rule Based



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Fatoração de matrizes



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Alternating Least Squares

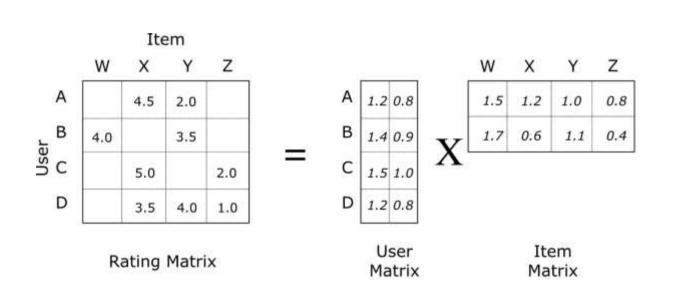
Método de otimização

Alterna entre as matrizes

Possível função para otimizar:

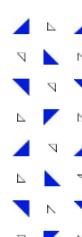
$$\underset{x_{u},y_{i}}{\operatorname{arg\,min}} \sum_{u,i} (r_{ui} - x_{u}^{T} y_{i})^{2} + \lambda \left(\sum_{u} ||x_{u}||^{2} + \sum_{i} ||y_{i}||^{2} \right)$$

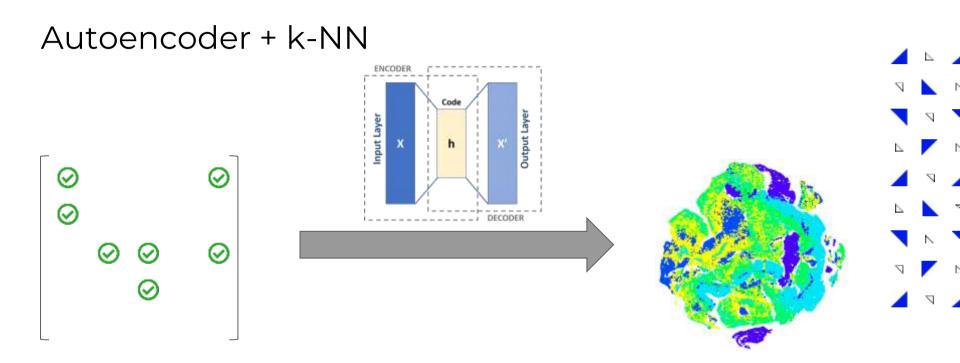
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Neighborhood-based Recommendations mentorama. mentorama.



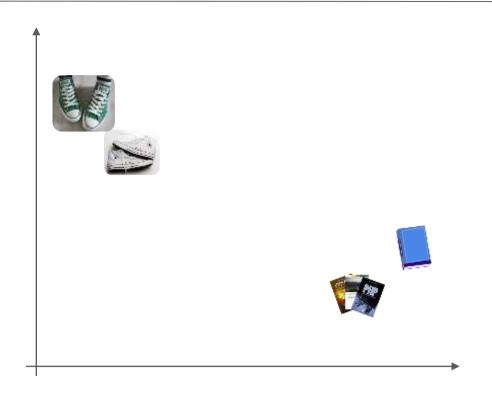


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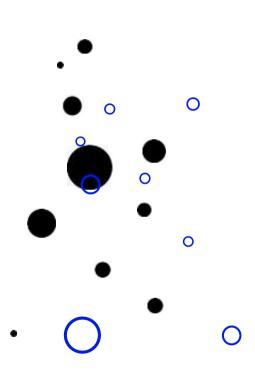


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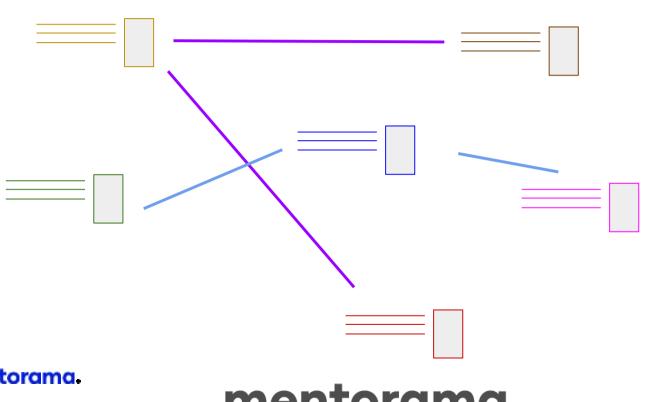
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Sistemas de recomendação com Base de Conhecimento

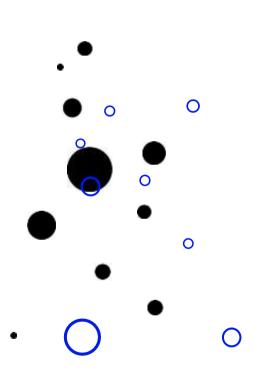


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Sistemas de recomendação com Base de Conhecimento



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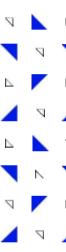


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$$\hat{y}_{ui} = f(u, i | \mathbf{p}_u, \mathbf{q}_i) = \mathbf{p}_u^T \mathbf{q}_i = \sum_{k=1}^K p_{uk} q_{ik}$$



- Generalized Matrix Factorization GMF
- Evolução do GMF com MLP
- Neural Matrix Factorization NeuralMF



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GMF

$$\phi_1(\mathbf{p}_u, \mathbf{q}_i) = \mathbf{p}_u \odot \mathbf{q}_i$$

where \odot denotes the element-wise product of vectors. We then project the vector to the output layer:

$$\hat{y}_{ui} = a_{out}(\mathbf{h}^T(\mathbf{p}_u \odot \mathbf{q}_i))$$

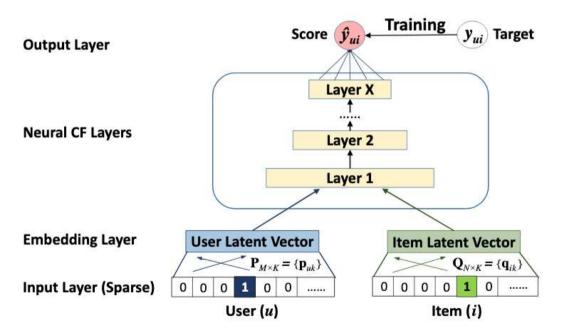


Evolução do GMF com MLP

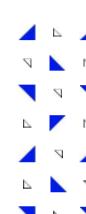
$$egin{align} \mathbf{z}_1 &= \phi_1(\mathbf{p}_u, \mathbf{q}_i) = egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{p}_u \ \mathbf{q}_i \end{bmatrix}, \ \phi_2(\mathbf{z}_1) &= a_2(\mathbf{W}_2^T \mathbf{z}_1 + \mathbf{b}_2), \ &\dots . \ \phi_L(\mathbf{z}_{L-1}) &= a_L(\mathbf{W}_L^T \mathbf{z}_{L-1} + \mathbf{b}_L), \ \hat{y}_{ui} &= \sigma(\mathbf{h}^T \phi_L(\mathbf{z}_{L-1})), \end{aligned}$$

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Evolução do GMF com MLP



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Evolução do GMF com MLP

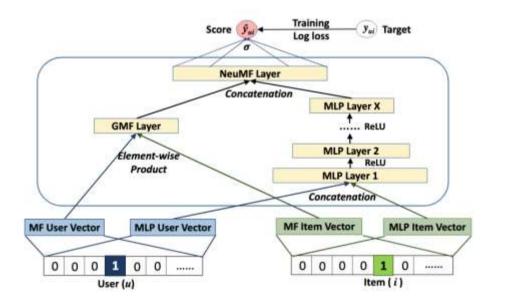
$$\phi^{GMF} = \mathbf{p}_u^G \odot \mathbf{q}_i^G$$

$$\phi^{MLP} = a_L(\mathbf{W}_L^T(a_{L-1}(...a_2(\mathbf{W}_2^T \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{p}_u^M \\ \mathbf{q}_i^M \end{bmatrix} + \mathbf{b}_2)...)) + \mathbf{b}_L)$$

$$\hat{y}_{ui} = \sigma(\mathbf{h}^T \begin{bmatrix} \phi^{GMF} \\ \phi^{MLP} \end{bmatrix})$$

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Evolução do GMF com MLP



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