

1. (a) Since $\hat{\mu}_i \pm C \text{sd}(\hat{\mu}_i)$ = the i th C.I., $C \sim N(0,1)$

$$\hat{\mu}_1 = \frac{70+80}{2} = 75 \quad \hat{\mu}_2 = \frac{68+72}{2} = 70 \quad \hat{\mu}_3 = \frac{64+76}{2} = 70$$

$$\text{sd}(\hat{\mu}_1) = \frac{5}{1.96} \quad \text{sd}(\hat{\mu}_2) = \frac{2}{1.96} \quad \text{sd}(\hat{\mu}_3) = \frac{6}{1.96}$$

Since each section has the same number of students

$$w_1 = w_2 = w_3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\hat{\mu} = w_1 \hat{\mu}_1 + w_2 \hat{\mu}_2 + w_3 \hat{\mu}_3 = 70.67$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = \frac{1}{9} \sum_{i=1}^3 \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}_i) = 1.099$$

A 95% C.I. is $\hat{\mu} \pm (C \sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\mu})})$ $C \sim N(0,1)$

$$= 70.67 \pm 1.96 \sqrt{1.099}$$

$$= (68.612, 72.722)$$

$$(b) n_i = \frac{n \sigma_i w_i}{\sum_{j=1}^3 \sigma_j w_j}$$

$$\text{since } w_1 = w_2 = w_3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sigma_1 w_1 = 0.85$$

$$\sigma_2 w_2 = 0.34$$

$$\sigma_3 w_3 = 0.51$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 \sigma_j w_j = 1.7$$

$$\text{Hence } \frac{n_1}{n} = 0.5$$