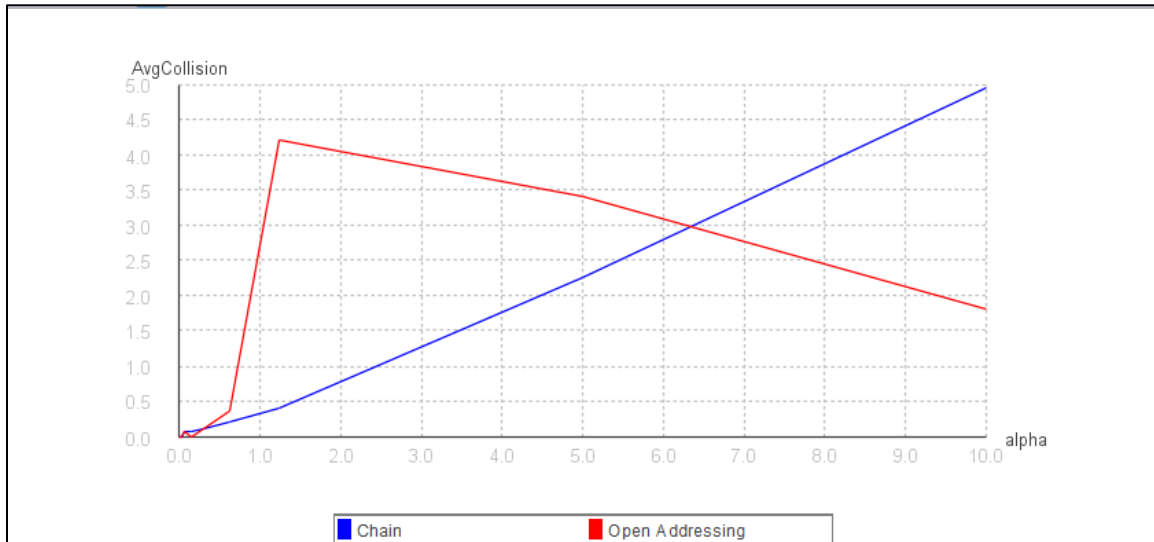


Comp 251: Assignment 1

Task 3



For chaining

We can see that the average number of collisions decreases linearly as the value of w increases and the value of α decreases.

At the beginning, when w is small, and α is big, the hash table is small. So collisions happen often. As the w increases and the α decreases, the hash table gets bigger and bigger, so the collisions are rarer. (Since the number of keys inserted n is constant throughout the experiment).

For open Addressing

We can see that the average number of collisions increases and then suddenly decreases at around $\alpha=1$.

At the beginning, when w is small, and α is big, the hash table is small so the number of possible collisions is quite small (since i is limited by m the number of slots in the hash table). As w increases and α gets smaller, the number of possible collisions increases (i increases since m increases).

At some point (closer to 1), the table is so big that there is a lot of space so there is a lot less collision.

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