Intro

In the past few years talking about energy policy became more normal, however in the past was not that frequent to talk about climate change, renewable energy, fossil fuels, natural gas, among others. Now with climate change being something really pushy and worry, energy security has become a topic. However, many people are against energy policy, some do not believe in global warming, and many think there are many other major problems such as poverty, inequality, economic crises, geopolitical crises, etc, that we should be focusing and not in innovation for energy security. So, it is interesting to analyze whether there has been any shift in the discourse about energy in the last few years. In this sense, media reports can be a good proxy for the sentiment of the society about these issues. Media are an important variable in the policy-making process, interrelating politicians and the public. Specifically, I want to understand whether there have been any significant shift in the media discourse around energy topics since the Russia-Ukraine War. In particular I will use New York Times data as this newspaper is a big actor in the agenda setting in the world, is 0ne of the biggest newspapers in the world, people from all over the wordl follow their news and they can really be agenda setting, and how they talk about issues could represent how people’s perspective and what relevance they give around these issues have changed along the years.

Data y methods