

## Q1 : Implement String Sort

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### Solution :

- The approach opted to tackle the problem is to use two **Arrays of Link Lists** each of size **27**.
- Say, length of the longest string is **L**. Hence, we will pad the rest of the strings with length less than **L** with '\$' (smallest ascii value, let's say).
- Now iteratively, we will be considering one character at a time of each string from the end and storing the strings in the DSs alternately, according to the characters.
- We will stop after the strings will be arranged on the basis of their first character.

### Input Demo :

7 (No. of strings)

abb

Abd

sd

Sdffgr

erew

w

er

### Output Demo :

abb

Abd

er

erew

sd

Sdffgr

w

### Time Complexity :

**L** : length of longest string

**N** : No. of strings

**Time Complexity** :  $O(NL)$

### Space Complexity :

**L** : length of longest string

**N** : No. of strings

**Space Complexity** :  $O(NL)$

## Q2 : Given a string find the consecutive triples that have occurred most number of times

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#### Solution :

- We are using **Trie** Data Structure to store all the triplets (consisting of 'a', 'g', 't', and 'c').
- During this process, every time we reach to depth three of any triplet, we increase the counter corresponding to that branch.
- Finally, we return the triplet(s) with the highest counter value.

#### Input Demo :

accaacctaccgggggaccggg (Given String)

#### Output Demo :

acc  
ggg  
(Both have frequency of 3)

#### Time Complexity:

**N** : Length of given string

**Time Complexity** :  $O(N)$

#### Space Complexity :

As, there can be at most 64 different triplets. So, maximum space required is in the order of  $(3 \times 64)$ .  
So, Space Complexity is **constant**.

### Q3 : Given three strings, Determine their longest common substring

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#### Solution :

- Firstly, we have extracted all the suffixes of all the three strings and sorted them.
- Then, we traverse over the suffix array and find all the ranges  $i..j$  where there is at least one suffix from each given string, and find out the **longest common prefix** of the first and last suffix in that range.
- The prefix having the maximum length is our solution.

#### Input Demo :

abababccabbba  
aababcabbba  
aaababcaabbba

#### Output Demo :

ababc  
abbba  
(Both are of length 5)

**Time Complexity:**

**N1** : Length of 1st string

**N2** : Length of 2nd string

**N3** : Length of 3rd string

**N** :  $N1 + N2 + N3$

**M** :  $\text{MAX}(N1, N2, N3)$

**Time Complexity** :  $O(N \log N + MN)$

**Space Complexity :**

$O(MN)$  (To store all the strings)