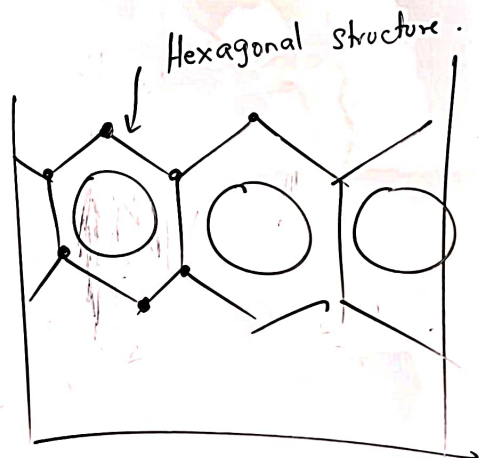


$4^{\circ}C$
(Liquid state)
(Water)

$0^{\circ}C$ to $4^{\circ}C$

Cool down.
(Expands)

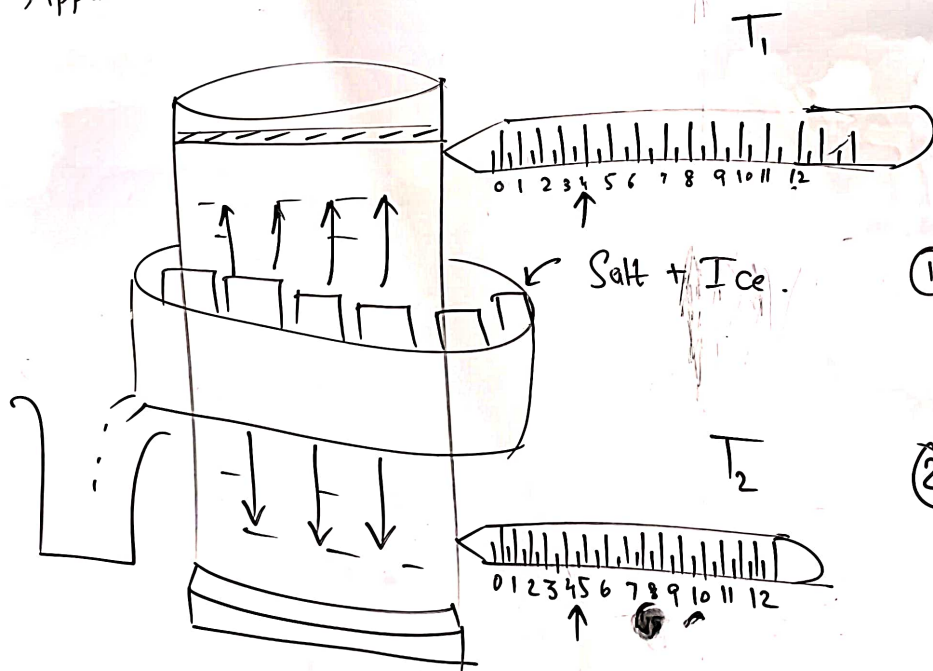
Heat up
(Contraction)



$0^{\circ}C$
(Solid state)
(Ice)

$0^{\circ}C$ - $4^{\circ}C$

Hope's Apparatus.



Density.

$$\rho = \frac{M}{V}$$

$$\rho \propto \frac{1}{V}$$

①

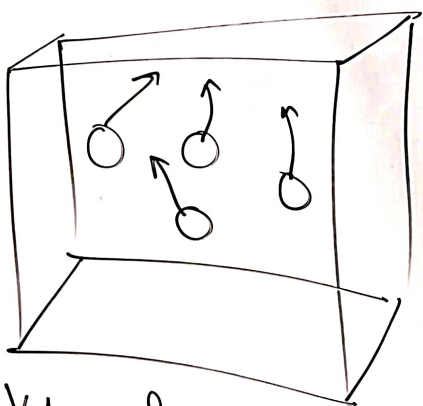
$V \uparrow$	$\rho \downarrow$
$V \downarrow$	$\rho \uparrow$

②

$\rho \propto M$
$M \uparrow \quad \rho \uparrow$
$M \downarrow \quad \rho \downarrow$

Humidity.

Absolute Humidity



Volume of cube = 1 cu. m.

Mass of vapour = ?

SI Unit of absolute humidity = kg/m^3

Relative Humidity.

Mass of vapour = 80 g

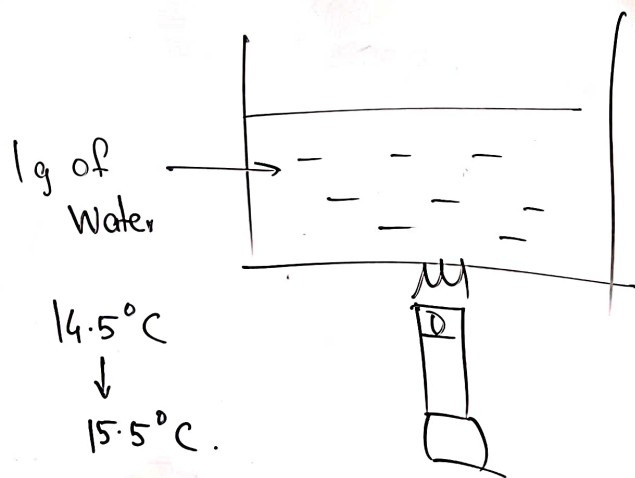
Mass of vapour needed to saturate the air = 100 g

$$= \frac{80 \text{ g}}{100 \text{ g}} \times 100$$

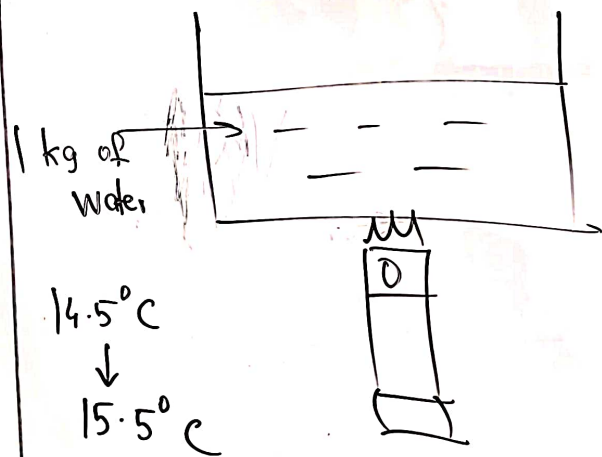
Relative = 80% humidity.

Unit of Heat.

One calorie of heat

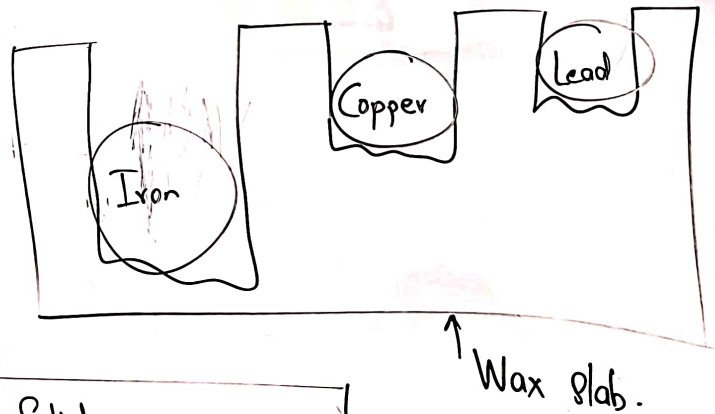
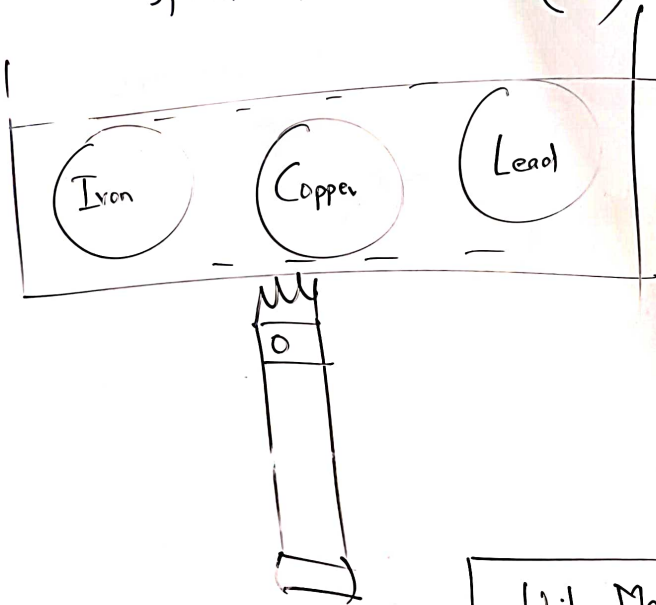


One kcal of heat.



$$1 \text{ cal} = 4.18 \text{ J}$$

Specific Heat Capacity (c)



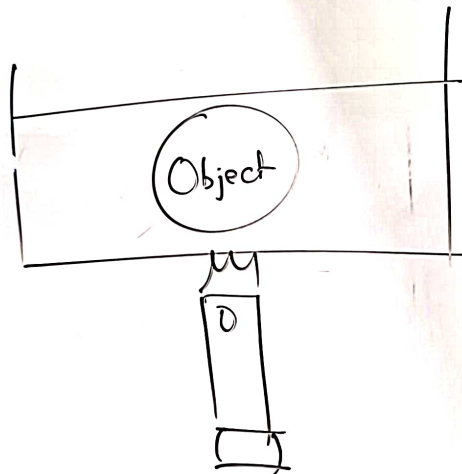
Unit Mass of Solid.

→ 1 g or 1 kg.

Raise the temperature by 1°C .

SI unit: J/kg K .

Specific Heat Capacity (c),



m = Mass of object

c = Specific heat capacity of object.

ΔT = Change in Temperature.
 \uparrow
delta

$$\text{Heat absorbed} \\ (Q) = m \times c \times \Delta T$$