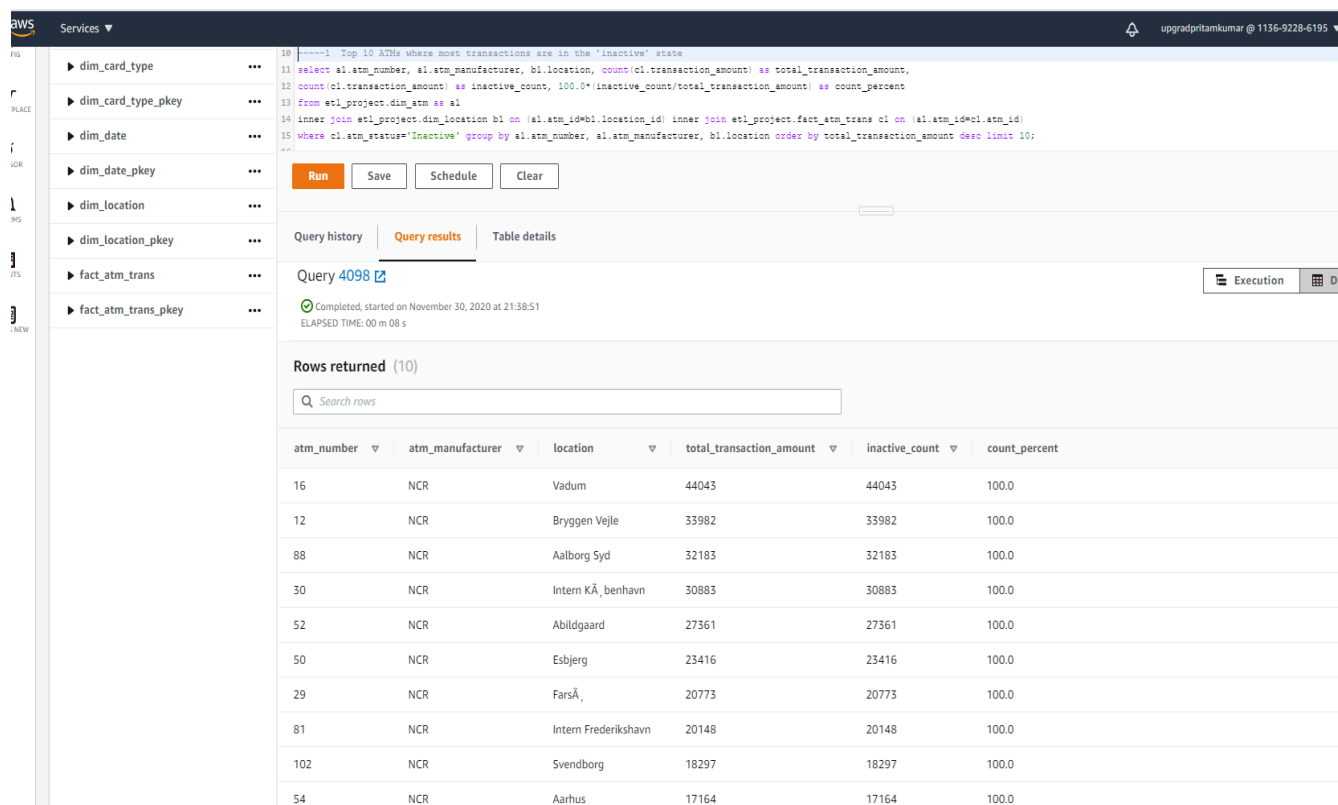


Solving analytical queries on RedShift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS RedShift Query editor UI.

1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

```
select a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location, count(c1.transaction_amount) as
total_transaction_amount,
count(c1.transaction_amount) as inactive_count,
100.0*(inactive_count/total_transaction_amount) as count_percent
from etl_project.dim_atm as a1
inner join etl_project.dim_location b1 on (a1.atm_id=b1.location_id)
inner join etl_project.fact_atm_trans c1 on (a1.atm_id=c1.atm_id)
where c1.atm_status='Inactive'
group by a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location order by total_transaction_amount
desc limit 10;
```

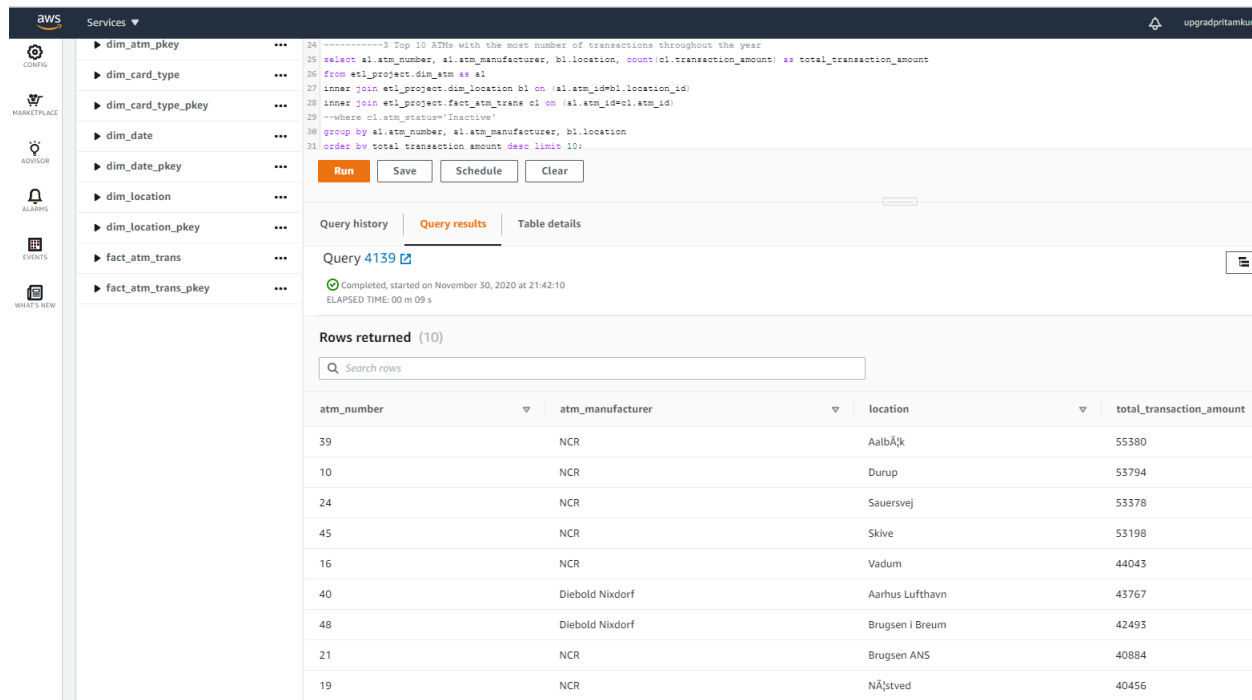


The screenshot shows the AWS RedShift Query Editor interface. The query is executed, and the results are displayed in a table. The table has 6 columns: atm_number, atm_manufacturer, location, total_transaction_amount, inactive_count, and count_percent. The results show the top 10 ATMs with the highest total transaction amounts.

atm_number	atm_manufacturer	location	total_transaction_amount	inactive_count	count_percent
16	NCR	Vadum	44043	44043	100.0
12	NCR	Bryggen Vejle	33982	33982	100.0
88	NCR	Aalborg Syd	32183	32183	100.0
30	NCR	Intern KÅ, benhavn	30883	30883	100.0
52	NCR	Abildgaard	27361	27361	100.0
50	NCR	Esbjerg	23416	23416	100.0
29	NCR	FarsÅ,	20773	20773	100.0
81	NCR	Intern Frederikshavn	20148	20148	100.0
102	NCR	Svendborg	18297	18297	100.0
54	NCR	Aarhus	17164	17164	100.0

2. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

```
select a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location, count(c1.transaction_amount) as
total_transaction_amount
from etl_project.dim_atm as a1
inner join etl_project.dim_location b1 on (a1.atm_id=b1.location_id)
inner join etl_project.fact_atm_trans c1 on (a1.atm_id=c1.atm_id)
--where c1.atm_status='Inactive'
group by a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location
order by total_transaction_amount desc limit 10;
```



Query 4139

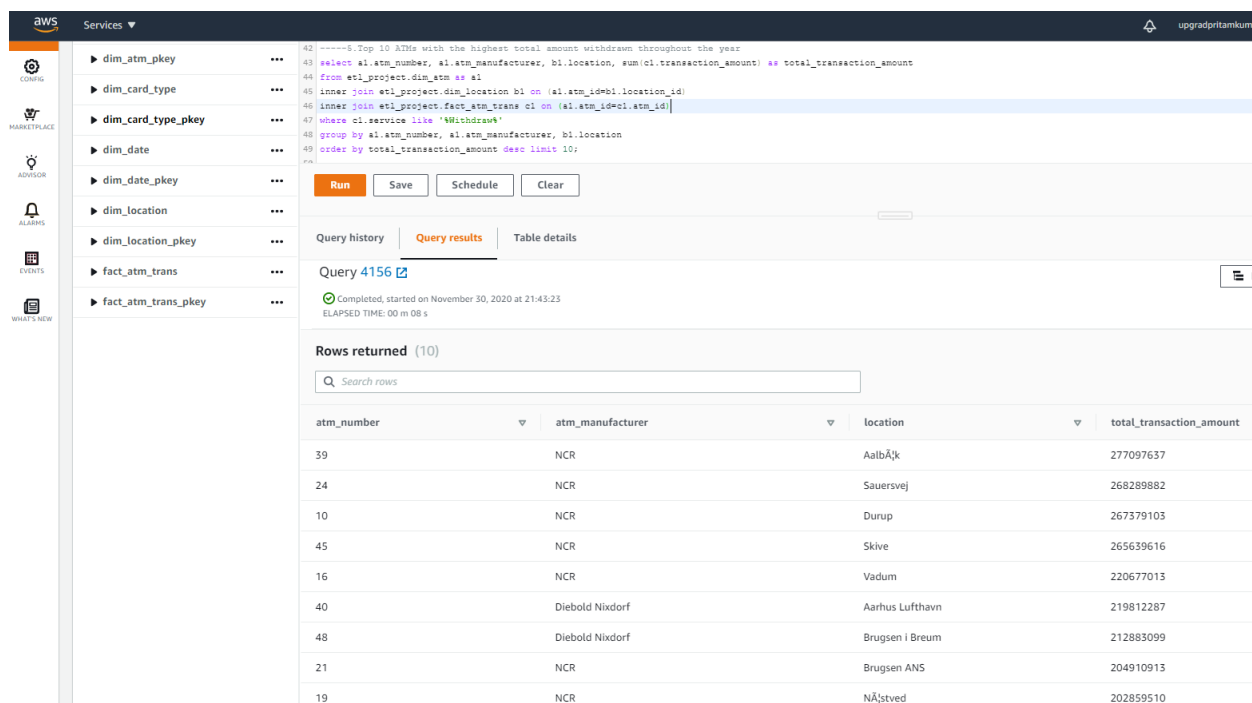
Completed, started on November 30, 2020 at 21:42:10
ELAPSED TIME: 00 m 09 s

Rows returned (10)

atm_number	atm_manufacturer	location	total_transaction_amount
39	NCR	AalbÅjk	55380
10	NCR	Durup	53794
24	NCR	Sauersvej	53378
45	NCR	Skive	53198
16	NCR	Vadum	44043
40	Diebold Nixdorf	Aarhus Lufthavn	43767
48	Diebold Nixdorf	Brugsen i Breum	42493
21	NCR	Brugsen ANS	40884
19	NCR	NÅstved	40456

3. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

```
select a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location, sum(c1.transaction_amount) as
total_transaction_amount
from etl_project.dim_atm as a1
inner join etl_project.dim_location b1 on (a1.atm_id=b1.location_id)
inner join etl_project.fact_atm_trans c1 on (a1.atm_id=c1.atm_id)
where c1.service like '%Withdraw%'
group by a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location
order by total_transaction_amount desc limit 10;
```



The screenshot shows the AWS Glue console interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation options: CHUCKS, MARKETPLACE, ADDRESS, ALARMS, EVENTS, and WHAT'S NEW. The main area displays a query execution result for a query named 'Query 4156'. The query is a SQL statement that selects the top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year. The query is executed on November 30, 2020, at 21:43:23, and the elapsed time is 00 m 08 s.

The query results are displayed in a table with the following columns: atm_number, atm_manufacturer, location, and total_transaction_amount. The results show the top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount.

atm_number	atm_manufacturer	location	total_transaction_amount
39	NCR	AalbÅk	277097637
24	NCR	Sauersvej	268289882
10	NCR	Durup	267379103
45	NCR	Skive	265639616
16	NCR	Vadum	220677013
40	Diebold Nixdorf	Aarhus Lufthavn	219812287
48	Diebold Nixdorf	Brugsen i Breum	212883099
21	NCR	Brugsen ANS	204910913
19	NCR	NÅstved	202859510

4. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

```
select a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location, d1.weekday,  
count(c1.transaction_amount) as total_transaction_amount  
from etl_project.dim_atm as a1  
inner join etl_project.dim_location b1 on (a1.atm_id=b1.location_id)  
inner join etl_project.fact_atm_trans c1 on (a1.atm_id=c1.atm_id)  
inner join etl_project.dim_date d1 on (d1.date_id=c1.date_id)  
where c1.atm_status='Active' and b1.location = 'Vejgaard'  
group by a1.atm_number, a1.atm_manufacturer, b1.location , d1.weekday  
order by total_transaction_amount;
```