CIRCLE

1. In the given figure 1, the quadrilateral PQRS circumscribes a circle. Here PA+CS is equal to : (see table 1)

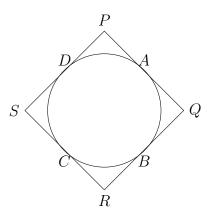


Figure 1

a)QR	b)PR
c)PS	d)PQ

Table 1

2. In the given figure $2,\vec{O}$ is the center of the circle.AB and AC are tangents drawn to the circle from point \vec{A} . If $\angle BAC = 65^{\circ}$, then find the measure of $\angle BOC$.

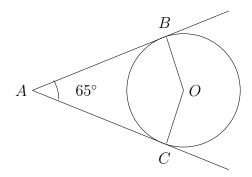


Figure 2

3. In the given figure $3,\vec{O}$ is the centre of the circle and QPR is a tangent to it at \vec{P} . Prove that $\angle QAP + \angle APR = 90^{\circ}$.

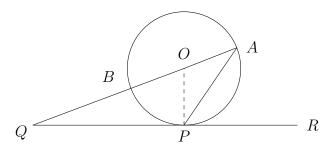


Figure 3

4. In the given figure 4,PQ is tangent to the circle centred at \vec{O} .If $\angle AOB = 95^{\circ}$, then the measure of $\angle ABQ$ will be (see table 2)

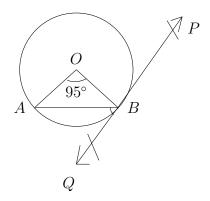


Figure 4



Table 2

5. (a) Two tangents TP and TQ are drawn between to a circle with centre \vec{O} from an external point \vec{T} (figure 5). Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2\angle OPQ$.

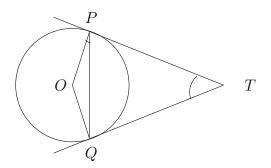


Figure 5

(b) In the given figure 6,a circle is inscribed in a quadrilateral ABCD in which $\angle B=90^{\circ}.$ If AD=17cm, AB=20cm and DS=3cm, then find the radius of the circle.

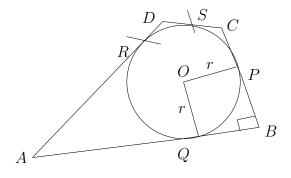


Figure 6

6. The discus throw is an event in which an athlete attempts to throw a discus (as shown in the given figure 7). The athlete spins anti-clockwise around one and a half times through a circle, then releases the throw. When released, the discus travels along tangent to the circular spin orbit.

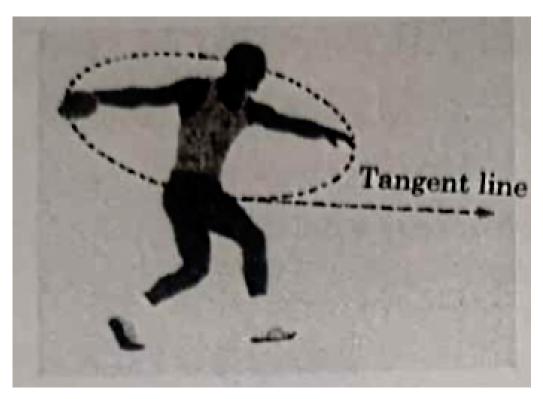


Figure 7

In the given figure 8, AB is one such tangent to a circle of radius 75 cm.Point \vec{O} is centre of the circle and $\angle ABO = 30^{\circ}.PQ$ is parallel to OA.

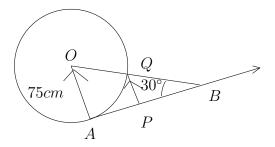


Figure 8

Based on above information:

- (a) find the length of AB.
- (b) find the length of OB.
- (c) find the length of AP.

find the length of PQ.

- 7. In the given figure 9,TA is a tangent to the circle with centre \vec{O} such that OT = 4cm, $\angle OTA = 30^{\circ}$, then length of TA is:
 - (a) $2\sqrt{3}cm$
 - (b) 2 cm
 - (c) $2\sqrt{2}$ cm
 - (d) $\sqrt{3}$ cm

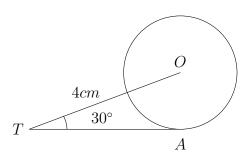


Figure 9

- 8. In the given figure 10,PT is a tangent at \vec{T} to the circle with centre \vec{O} . If $\angle TPO=25^{\circ}$, then x is equal to:
 - (a) 25°
 - (b) 65°
 - (c) 90°
 - (d) 115°

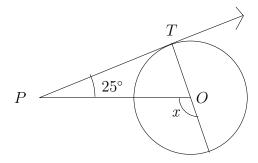


Figure 10

9. Two concentric circles are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the length of the cord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle.