Branch: master ▼ Copy path

## cs-35I / assignment2 / lab2.log

```
prithvikannan ran script again
d05e243 on Oct 14

1 contributor
```

```
Raw
        Blame
                History
107 lines (91 sloc) 4.51 KB
      Laboratory:
      export LC ALL='C'
  4
          I started by running this command to get to the standard C locale
  6
      sort /usr/share/dict/words > words
          This grabs the words file from the usr folder and makes a sorted version in
  8
          my current directory
  9
 10
      wget https://web.cs.ucla.edu/classes/fall19/cs35L/assign/assign2.html
          This command gets the html of the assign2 page
      tr -c 'A-Za-z' '[\n*]' < assign2.html</pre>
          This command takes everything that is not an alphabetical character (a-z
          or A-Z) and replaces it with the new line character
 16
      tr -cs 'A-Za-z' '[\n*]'< assign2.html
          This command does the same thing as above, but series of new line
          characters are collapsed into one new line. This means that there are no
          longer large spaces.
 20
      tr -cs 'A-Za-z' '[\n*]' < assign2.html | sort
          This command orders the output of the above in alphabetical order.
      tr -cs 'A-Za-z' '[\n*]' < assign2.html | sort -u
          The -u flag means to sort unique, meaning each word will only show up once
          even if it exists multiple times in the assign2 document
      tr -cs 'A-Za-z' '[\n*]' < assign2.html | sort -u | comm - words
          This command compares the unique sorted list of words to the words file.
          The output is in three columns: column 1 is only in assign2.html, column 2
          is those only in words, and column 3 is those in both
      tr -cs 'A-Za-z' '[\n^*]' < assign2.html | sort -u | comm -23 - words
          This command uses the -23 flag of comm, which supress column 2 and 3,
          meaning it only displays the lines that are in assign2.html and not in the
          words file
 34
      wget https://www.mauimapp.com/moolelo/hwnwdshw.htm
          This command gets the html file for the hawaiian words
 36
      touch buildwords
 38
          I created a file called buildwords which I am going to use to hold my
 40
      grep -E '.+' $@
          I use this grep command with extended regex to remove the  tags
 41
 42
      sed 's/<[^>]*>//g'
          I use the sed command to remove everything within html tags (< and >)
 44
      tr [:lower:] [:upper:]
          Then I use tr to make everything lowercase, since we want our dictionary
 46
          to be only lowercase
 47
      sed "s/\`/\'/g"
          Now I replace the grave accent with apostrophe. I needed to use the double
          quotes since the since single quote (apostrophe) is part of my string
      tr ',' '\n'| tr ' '\n'
          This command splices words on the space and comma characters by adding in
```

```
the newline character
      sed "/[^pk/'mnwlhaeiou]/d"
 54
          This command removes all of non-hawaiian letters. As per the piazza post,
          the way for us to tell that a word is hawaiian is if it only contains
          hawaiian characters. Originally I tried to implement a system where I
          removed alternate words, but the piazza post confirmed that this method
 58
          would not work for this file.
 59
      sed "/^$/d"
          This removes the whitespaces introduced in the earlier steps
 60
          This command alphabetizes the list of hawaiian words and removes duplicates
 63
          with the -u flag
 64
      cat hwnwdshw.htm | ./buildwords | less > hwords
 66
          I piped the output to a file hwords which will hold all of my hawaiian
          words
      tr [:upper:] [:lower:] <assign2.html | tr -cs "A-Za-z'" '[\n*]' | sort -u |</pre>
 70
      comm -23 - hwords > hmispelled
          This command finds all of the maximal nonempty sequences of ASCII letters
          or apostrophes and checks if they are not in the hawaiian dictionary
      tr [:upper:] [:lower:] <assign2.html | tr -cs "A-Za-z'" '[\n*]' | sort -u |</pre>
 74
      comm -23 - hwords | wc -w
 76
          The number of non hawaiian words is 554.
 78
      tr [:upper:] [:lower:] <assign2.html | tr -cs "A-Za-z'" '[\n*]' | sort -u |</pre>
 79
      comm -23 - words > emispelled
          This command does the same as above, but checks if they are not in the
 80
          english dictionary
 81
 83
      tr [:upper:] [:lower:] <assign2.html | tr -cs "A-Za-z'" '[\n*]' | sort -u |</pre>
      comm -23 - words | wc -w
 85
          The number of non english words is 65.
 87
      comm emispelled hmispelled
 88
          This command compares the words that are marked mispelled in english with
 89
          those mispelled in hawaiian
 90
 91
      comm -13 emispelled hmispelled
          This command finds all of the words that are exclusively wrong by the
          hawaiian checker
          Two examples are: web and were
      comm -13 emispelled hmispelled | wc -w
          This command counts the output of the above
 98
          There are 492 words exclusively mispelled in hawaiian
      comm -23 emispelled hmispelled
         This command finds all of the words that are exclusively wrong by the
102
          english checker
103
          Two examples are: lau and wiki
104
105
      comm -23 emispelled hmispelled | wc -w
106
          This command counts the output of the above
          There are 3 words exclusively mispelled in english
```