### VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



# LAB REPORT on

# MACHINE LEARNING (20CS6PCMAL)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(Autonomous Institution under VTU)
BENGALURU-560019
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## B. M. S. College of Engineering,

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "MACHINE LEARNING" carried out by PRITHVIRAJ T CHAVAN(1BM19CS123), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a Machine Learning - (20CS6PCMAL)work prescribed for the said degree.

Saritha A N Assistant

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#### PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT FIND S ALGORITHM

```
In [28]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np
In [29]: data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')
In [30]: print(data)
              SKY AIRTEMP HUMIDITY

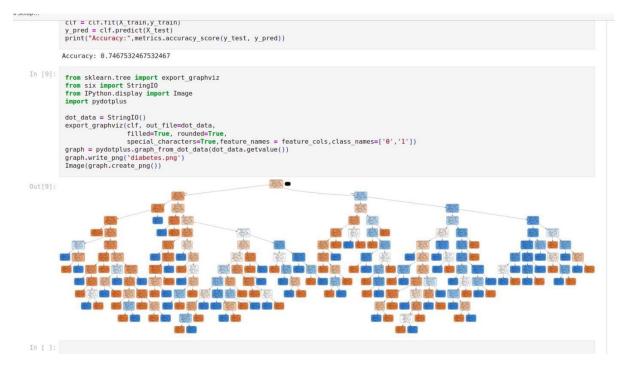
8 Sunny Warm Normal Strong Warm Same Yes
1 Sunny Warm High Strong Warm Same Yes
2 Rainy Cold High Strong Warm Change No
3 Sunny Warm High Strong Cool Change Yes
In [31]: d=np.array(data)[:,:-1]
In [32]: print(d)
              [['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Sunny ' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]
In [33]: target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
In [34]: print(target)
              ['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']
In [35]: h=[]
In [36]: for i in range(len(target)):
    if(target[i]=='Yes'):
    h=d[i]
    break
In [37]: print(h)
              ['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
else:
h[j]='?'
               print(h)
              ['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' 'Strong' '?' '?']
```

#### PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM

```
In [121... import numpy as np
In [122... data=pd.read_csv('file.csv')
In [123... print(data)
                        SKY ATRIEMP HUMIDITY
                                                            WIND WATER FORECAST ENJOYSPORT
                                  Warm Normal Strong Warm
Warm High Strong Warm
               0 Sunny
                                                                                   Same
Same
                                                                                                     Yes
               1 Sunny
               2 Rainy
3 Sunny
                                  Cold
                                                High Strong Warm
High Strong Cool
                                                                                Change
                                                                                Change
                                                                                                      Yes
In [124... d=np.array(data)[:,:-1]
In [125... print(d)
               [['Sunny' 'Warm' 'Normal' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Sunny ' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]
In [126... target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
In [127... print(target)
               ['Yes' 'Yes' 'No' 'Yes']
In [128=
for i in range(len(target)):
    if(target[i].strip()=='Yes'):
        specific_h=d[i].copy();
        break
```

#### PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT ID-3 ALGORITHM

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
             from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import train_test_split function
from sklearn import metrics #Import scikit-learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
             col_names = ['pregnant', 'glucose', 'bp', 'skin', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'pedigree', 'age', 'label']
pima = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/diabetes.csv", header=None, names=col_names)
In [5]: pima.head()
Out[5]: pregnant glucose bp skin insulin bmi pedigree age label
                     6 148 72 35
                                                     0 33.6 0.627 50
            1 1 85 66 29 0 26.6 0.351 31 0
                      8 183 64 0 0 23.3 0.672 32
1 89 66 23 94 28.1 0.167 21
            2
            3
                                                                                        0
                        0
                               137 40 35 168 43.1
                                                                     2.288 33
In [6]:
    feature_cols = ['pregnant', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'age', 'glucose', 'bp', 'pedigree']
    X = pima[feature_cols] # Features
    y = pima.label # Target variable
In [7]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
In [8]:
            clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf = clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```



#### PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT NAIVE BAYES

```
m/shreeharikulkarni90 //MACHINE-LEARNING-SEM-6-/Dlob/main/Naive%20Bayes/Gaussain%20Naive%20Bayes/Naive Bayes.jpynb
                                                                                                                                                                                                             > x > U Error Upd
to Setup...
    In [99]: import csv
                    import random
import math
import pandas as pd
    In [100... def loadcsv(filename):
                         loadcsv(filename):
dataset=pd.read_csv(filename)
n=len(dataset['Pregnancies'].values)
dataframe=[]
for in range (n):
    dataframe.append(dataset.iloc[i].values.tolist())
                         return dataframe
    In [101... def splitdataset(dataset, splitratio):
                               s training size
trainsize = int(len(dataset) * splitratio);
trainset = []
copy = list(dataset);
                   copy = list(dataset);
while len(trainset) < trainsize:
#generate indices for the dataset list randomly to pic!
index = random.randrange(len(copy));
trainset.append(copy.pop(index))
return [trainset, copy]</pre>
    return separated
    In [103... def mean(numbers): return sum(numbers)/float(len(numbers))
                    def stdev(numbers):
                               avg = mean(numbers)
variance = sum[gw(x-avg,2) for x in numbers])/float(len(numbers)-1)
return math.sqrt(variance)
     for classvalue, instances in separated.items():
    summaries[classvalue] = summarize(instances) #summarize is used to cal to mean and std
return summaries
     def calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector):
    probabilities = {} # probabilities contains the all prob of all class of test data
    for classvalue, classsummaries in summaries.items():#class and attribute information as mean and sd
    probabilities(classvalue) = 1
    for i in range(len(classsummaries)):
        mean, stdev = classsummaries[i] #take mean and sd of every attribute for class 0 and 1 seperaely
        x = inputvector[i] #testvector's first attribute
        probabilities[classvalue] *= calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev);#use normal dist
    return probabilities
```

```
w to Setup...
                                                          if bestLabel is None or probability > bestProb:
    bestProb = probability
    bestLabel = classvalue
                                            return bestLabel
         In [109... def getpredictions(summaries, testset):
                                           predictions = []
for i in range(len(testset)):
    result = predict(summaries, testset[i])
    predictions.append(result)
                                                           print(result)
                                           return predictions
         In [110... def getaccuracy(testset, predictions):
                                           correct = v
for i in range(len(testset)):
    if testset[i][-1] == predictions[i]:
        correct += 1
return (correct/float(len(testset))) * 100.0
                            def main():
                                           filename = 'bayes.csv'
splitratio = 0.67
dataset = loadcsv(filename);
                                            training set, \ test set = split dataset (dataset, split ratio) \\ print(`Split \{\theta\} \ rows \ into \ train=\{1\} \ and \ test=\{2\} \ rows'.format(len(dataset), \ len(training set), \ len(test set))) \\ \# \ prepare \ model 
                                            summaries = summarizebyclass(trainingset);
                                    summaries = summarizebyclass(trainingset);
#print(summaries)
# test model
predictions = getpredictions(summaries, testset) #find the predictions of test data with the training data
accuracy = getaccuracy(testset, predictions)
print('Accuracy of the classifier is : {0}%'.format(accuracy))
        In [112... main()
                           Snlit 767 rows into train=513 and test=254 rows
```

```
In [110_
In
```

#### PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT LINEAR REGRESSION

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [28]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv')
        dataset.head()
Out[28]: YearsExperience Salary
                  1.1 39343.0
       1 1.3 46205.0
                 1.5 37731.0
        3 2.0 43525.0
        4 2.2 39891.0
In [19]: X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
        <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
 In [6]: y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
In [10]: dataset.head()
Out[10]: YearsExperience Salary
        1 1.3 46205.0
        2
                  1.5 37731.0
        3 2.0 43525.0
```

```
In [11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [12]: X_{train}, X_{test}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_{test_split}(X, y, test_{size} = 1/3, random_{state} = 0)
In [14]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
              regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
{\tt Out[14]:} \  \  {\tt LinearRegression(copy\_X=True, fit\_intercept=True, n\_jobs=None, normalize=False)}
In [15]:
    y_pred = regressor.prplt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
    plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
    plt.xlabel('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
    plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
    plt.ylabel('Salary')
    plt.show()edict(X_test)
In [16]: pd.DataFrame(data={'Actuals': y_test, 'Predictions': y_pred})
Out[16]: Actuals Predictions
             0 37731.0 40835.105909
            1 122391.0 123079.399408
             2 57081.0 65134.556261
            3 63218.0 63265.367772
            4 116969.0 115602.645454
            5 109431.0 108125.891499
            7 55794.0 64199.962017
             8 83088.0 76349.687193
```

```
7     55794.0     64199.962017
8     83088.0     76349.687193
9     101302.0     100649.137545

In [17]:
    plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
    plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
    plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
    plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
    plt.ylabel('Salary')
    plt.show()
```



In [ ]: