

## Logarithm Set 02

- 1. If  $x^2+y^2=6xy$  then show that  $2\log_{10}(x+y)=\log_{10}x+\log_{10}y+3\log_{10}2$
- 2. Find 'b' if :  $\log_{e} 2 \times \log_{b} 625 = \log_{10} 16 \times \log_{e} 10$
- 3. Find the value of  $\frac{1+2\log_3 2}{(1+\log_3 2)^2}$  +  $(\log_6 2)^2$
- 4. Find the value of x  $Log_x 2 \times log_{2x} 2 = log_x 2$
- 5. Solve for x:  $6(\log_x 2 \log_4 x) + 7 = 0$
- 6. Simplify:  $\frac{81^{\frac{1}{\log_5 9}} + 3^{\frac{1}{\log_\sqrt{6} 3}}}{409} x \left\{ (\sqrt{7})^{\frac{2}{\log_{25} 7}} (125)^{\log_{25} 6} \right\}$
- 7. Find the value of  $(\log_{10}2)^3 + \log_{10}8 \log_{10}5 + (\log_{10}5)^3$
- 8. Find the value of x:  $log_4(2^x+48) + 1 = x$
- 9. Find x:  $3^{\log_a x} + 3 \times x^{\log_a 3} = 2$
- 10. Solve for x, log(x+3)+log(x-3)=log27
- 11. Prove that  $log_{ab}x = log_ax \times log_bx / log_ax + log_bx$
- 12. Prove that  $\frac{\log_a n}{\log_{ab} n}$ =1+ $\log_a b$
- 13. Prove that  $\frac{1}{\log_a abc} + \frac{1}{\log_b abc} + \frac{1}{\log_c abc} = 1$
- 14. Prove that  $(\log_a n \times \log_b n) + (\log_a n \times \log_c n) + (\log_b n \times \log_c n) = \frac{\log_a n \times \log_b n \times \log_c n}{\log_{abc} n}$
- 15. If  $\frac{\log_a N}{\log_c N} = \frac{\log_a N \log_b N}{\log_b N \log_c N}$  where N>0 then prove that b²=ac
- 16. If in a right angled triangle, a and b are the lengths of sides and c is the length of hypotenuse, then show that

$$log_{c+b}a + log_{c-b}a = 2log_{c+b}a$$
 .  $log_{c-b}a$ 

## Answer

- 2) 5
- 3) 1
- 4) 1
- 5) 8 and  $1/\sqrt{8}$
- 6) 1
- 7) 1
- 8) 4
- 9)  $x = a^{-\log_3 2}$
- 10) 6