Plant Short Question

Fill in the blanks i. _____ is the example of Kharif Crop. ii. Propagation through stem is the example of _____ propagation. iii. The seeds of Lady's Figure can dispose through ______. iv. Begonia can reproduce through _____. v. The process of scattering or spreading of seeds to different plants is called vi. Radish is the example of _____ vegetables. vii. Seeds are found inside the _____. viii. The plants which are grown in summer called _____ crops. ix. _____ can reproduce through roots x. The seed which have only one Cotyledon are called _____ xi. Ferns produce tiny structures on the undersurface of their leaves, called _____ xii. Bean seed is the example of ____ cotyledon seed. xiii. _____ is the example of Summer vegetables. xiv. _____plants can produce new plants from Stem cutting xv. The process by which a living organism produces more of its own kind is called _____. xvi. The seed contains the baby plant which grows into plants are called ______. xvii. The practice of growing crops on a large scale is called _____. xviii. Baby shoot in the Embryo is called _____. xix. Cotton seeds are disposed through _____. xx. Ammonium Sulphate is the example of _____ xxi. _____is the example of Winter Fruits. xxii. Reproduction of plants from their body parts other than seeds is called ______. Plants take the help of external agents such as _____ for dispersing seeds Embryo consists of a baby root called ______. xxiv. xxv. Coconut seeds can dispose through _____. xxvi. ____plants can reproduce through Stems _____ is the example of Summer Fruits. xxvii.

The crops which are grown in winter called _____ crops.

xxviii.

- Rice, Jawar, Maize, Cotton
- ii. Vegetative Propagation
- iii. Explosion
- iv. Their leaves
- v. Dispersal of Seeds
- vi. Winter
- vii. Fruits.
- viii. Kharif
- REAL BRIDGE ix. Radish, Turnips, Sweet Potatoes, Carrots.
- x. Monocotyledons
- xi. Chemical Fertilizers.
- xii. Spores
- xiii. Dicotyledons
- xiv. Brinjals. Pumpkins, Okras.
- xv. Money plants, Rose, Sugar cane.
- xvi. Reproduction
- xvii. **Embryo**
- xviii. Agriculture.
- xix. Plumule.
- xx. Wind
- xxi. Appels, Oranges.
- xxii. Vegetative Propagation
- xxiii. Wind
- Radicle xxiv.
- Water XXV.
- xxvi. Potatoes and Gingers.
- Mangoes, Watermelons xxvii.
- Rabi Crops. xxviii.