SISTER NIVEDITA UNIVERSITY





School of Engineering

Subject Name:	DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS
Subject Code:	
Department:	B.TECH IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

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ASSIGNMENT 6

Q 1. Implement a stack using linked lists.

CODE:

```
//STACK IMPLEMENTATION USING LINKED LIST
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//user defined datatype Node
typedef struct Node
        int data;
   struct Node *next;
}Node;
//function declaration
void Insertbeg(Node **phead, int data);
void Deletebeg(Node **phead);
int peek(Node **phead);
void Display(Node **phead);
int main()
    int choice;
    system("cls");
    Node *head;
    head = NULL;
    int data;
        printf("\n1. PUSH\n2. POP\n3. DISPLAY TOP\n4. DISPLAY STACK\n5.
STOP\n");
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter the element:" );
                scanf("%d", &data);
                Insertbeg(&head, data);
                break;
            case 2:
                Deletebeg(&head);
                break;
            case 3:
```

```
printf("\nThe Element at top: %d\n",peek(&head));
                break;
            case 4:
                Display(&head);
                break;
                break;
    }while(choice != 5);
//function to insert element
void Insertbeg(Node **phead, int data)
   Node *newnode;
   newnode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
   newnode->data = data;
   newnode->next = NULL;
   if(*phead == NULL)
        *phead = newnode;
        newnode->next = *phead;
        *phead = newnode;
//function to delete element
void Deletebeg(Node **phead)
   if(*phead == NULL)
       printf("\nEmpty Stack\n");
       Node *delnode;
        delnode = *phead;
        *phead = delnode->next;
        printf("\n%d is Popped.\n",delnode->data);
        free(delnode);
```

```
//function to show element at top
int peek(Node **phead)
{
    Node *ptr;
    ptr = *phead;
    return (ptr->data);
}

//function to display all elements
void Display(Node **phead)
{
    Node *ptr;
    ptr = *phead;
    printf("\nThe Elements of Stack: \n");
    while(ptr != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d\n",ptr->data);
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE	TERMINAL
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP	
Enter your choice: 1	
Enter the element:4	
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP	
Enter your choice: 1	
Enter the element:8	
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP	
Enter your choice: 1	
Enter the element:9	
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP	
Enter your choice: 1	
Enter the element:2	

PROBLEMS O	OUTPUT	DEBUG CONSOLE	TERMINAL		
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY T 4. DISPLAY S 5. STOP					
Enter your o	choice: 1	L			
Enter the el	lement:7				
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY T 4. DISPLAY S 5. STOP					
Enter your c	choice: 1	i.			
Enter the el	lement:5				
1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY T 4. DISPLAY S 5. STOP					
Enter your c	choice: 4	1			
The Elements 5 7 2 9 8	of Stac	ck:			

TERMINAL 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 3 The Element at top: 5 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 5 is Popped. 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 7 is Popped. 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 2 is Popped.

TERMINAL 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 9 is Popped. 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 8 is Popped. 1. PUSH 2. POP 3. DISPLAY TOP 4. DISPLAY STACK 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 4 is Popped. 1. PUSH

1. PUSH
2. POP
3. DISPLAY TOP
4. DISPLAY STACK
5. STOP

Enter your choice: 2

Empty Stack

1. PUSH
2. POP
3. DISPLAY TOP
4. DISPLAY TOP
4. DISPLAY STACK
5. STOP

Enter your choice: 5
PS C:\Users\CHANDREYEE SHOME\Desktop\C C++>

Q 2. Implement Circular Linked List, queue using linked lists.

CODE:

```
//QUEUE USING LINKED LIST
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node
    int data;
    struct Node *next;
}Node;
//function declaration
void append(Node** prear, int data);
void deletebeg(Node** prear);
void displayRear(Node** prear);
void displayFront(Node** prear);
int main()
    Node* rear;
    rear = NULL;
    int data, choice;
    system("cls");
        printf("\n1. ENQUEUE\n2. DEQUEUE\n3. DISPLAY FRONT\n4. DISPLAY
REAR\n5. STOP\n");
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch (choice){
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the element: ");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                append(&rear,data);
                break;
            case 2:
                deletebeg(&rear);
                break;
            case 3:
```

```
displayFront(&rear);
                break;
           case 4:
                displayRear(&rear);
                break;
            case 5:
                break;
           default:
                printf("Invalid Case!\n");
    }while(choice != 5);
   return 0;
//function to enter(enqueue) element at end
void append(Node** prear, int data)
   Node* newNode;
   newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
   newNode->data = data;
   newNode->next = NULL;
   if(*prear == NULL)
        *prear = newNode;
       newNode->next = *prear;
        newNode->next = (*prear)->next;
        (*prear)->next = newNode;
        *prear = newNode;
//function to delete(dequeue) element at beginning
void deletebeg(Node** prear)
   if(*prear == NULL)
        printf("Queue Underflow\n");
   else
```

```
Node* ptr = (*prear)->next;
       if(ptr == *prear)
            *prear = NULL;
           printf("\n The Dequeued element: %d\n",ptr->data);
           free(ptr);
       else if(*prear != NULL)
            (*prear)->next = (*prear)->next->next;
           printf("\n The Dequeued element: %d\n",ptr->data);
            free(ptr);
//function to display rear element
void displayRear(Node** prear)
   if(*prear != NULL)
       printf("\nThe element at rear: %d\n",(*prear)->data);
void displayFront(Node** prear)
   if(*prear != NULL)
       printf("\nThe element at front: %d\n",(*prear)->next->data);
```

OUTPUT:

PROBLEMS C	DUTPUT	DEBUG CONSOLE	TERMINAL
1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY F 4. DISPLAY F 5. STOP			
Enter your o			
1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY F 4. DISPLAY F 5. STOP			
Enter your o			
1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY F 4. DISPLAY F 5. STOP			
Enter your o			
1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY F 4. DISPLAY F 5. STOP			
Enter your o			
1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY F 4. DISPLAY F 5. STOP			
Enter your o	choice: lement:	1 2	

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE **TERMINAL** 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 1 Enter the element: 7 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 3 The element at front: 6 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 4 The element at rear: 7 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 6

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE **TERMINAL** 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 9 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 8 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 3 The element at front: 3 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 4 The element at rear: 7

OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE **TERMINAL** 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 3 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 2 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 The Dequeued element: 7 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY FRONT 4. DISPLAY REAR 5. STOP Enter your choice: 2 Queue Underflow